

Digitized by the Internet Archive in 2009 with funding from Boston Library Consortium Member Libraries
'


TITLE A Survey orhisiory: or Anursery for gentry..

AUTHOR $\qquad$ Brathwat, Richard DATE 1638 [say $37 / 8$ ]
LIBRARY $\qquad$ University library Chybridée $\qquad$
DATE MICROFILMED $\qquad$ JULY 195 ORDER No. 3542
S.T.C. No. $35830=$ $\qquad$ MICROFILMED FOR

PERMISSION TO REPRODUCE OR EDIT THIS FILM MUST BE SECURED IN ADVANCE FROM $\qquad$


Syon.7.63.66
"fre to befold by Ja/per Emery at the Eagle und Child in Pholles Chosich youdd noer wathing. 111

$$
\begin{aligned}
& D \\
& 16 \\
& B 8 \\
& 1638 a
\end{aligned}
$$



## Contrived and Comprized in an Intermixt Difcourfeupon Historicalland: Poeticall Relations.

A Subject of it felfe well Meriting the Approbation of the Judicious, whobeft know how to confirme their knowledge, by this briefe Survay, or generall Table of mixed Difiourfes.

And xo leffe profitable to wuch as defire to betier their immatrucity of knoweredgc cos Morall Readivgs.
Diftinguifhed into feveral Heads for the Direction of the Reader, to all fuch $\mathrm{H}_{1} \mathrm{~s}$ тoricai Mixtures, as be Comprehendedin this Trea $\begin{aligned} & \text { ese. }\end{aligned}$
The like whercof for Variety of Difcourfe, mixed with profit, and modef Delight (in the opinion of the clearelt and refined'fl judsements) hath notheretofore bin Publihad.

By Richard Braishwait Efquire, Oxon.
Hor. Quod verum arque decens suro er rogo evo omnis in hor sum.
Imprinted at Londom by I. Okes, for Iafper Emery at the Eagle and Childja Paule Church yard next Watlin Arcet. $86_{3} 8$.

$$
258 j 08
$$



## I be Epifle Dedicatory.

felfe. Hinc ferrea Tempery Sur(thofe Heroicke Patrons) whofe countenance in former times made the Studies of the Learned more pleafant (having their Labours by fuch approbation, feconded.) Yet in thefe times (my Hanourable Lord) we may find fome royall Seedes of priftine Nobility (wherin we may glory) referved, as it were, from lo great ruines, for the prefervation of Learning, and the continuance of all vertuous Studies; amongft $w^{\text {ch }}$ your NobleSelfe, as generally reputed learned, fo a profeft friend to Such as be ftudious of Learning: a character which ever held beft correfpondency rwith honour, being a favorite to them who can belt de-
fachonour: expreffing torthelife, what proprieties beft concord whis Co exquifitea Maifer-piece.
It is oblerved, that all the Romen Emperours were fingular in fome peculiar Art,Soicuce,or en y ysery: and fuch of the Patricious as could not derive their native defcent ( $\mathrm{w}^{\text {th }}$ the particular relation of their $A n^{-}$ ceftours mof noble eActions) were thought unworthy to arrogate any thing to themfelves by their Verthes. Thele Romanes were truely Noble, bearing their owne Annals ever with them, eyther to caution them of what was to be done, or excite them to profecute what was by them commendably done: nor knew they Honour better limned, or more exactly proportioned, then
then when it was beautified by the internallOrnaments of the: Mind. Many I know(iny good Lord) whofe greatnefle is derivative from their cAncefours unto themfelves, but much Eclypfed by their owne defeats: and Plants which had a No-ble-Grafter, ufe now and then todegenerate. But fo apparant is Your $^{\text {out }}$ Luftre, it borroweth nolight but from your-Selfe; no eminence but from the Lampe of Your Honowr; which is ever ready to excite the Vertuous to the undertaking of labours wel-meriting of their Countrey, and generally profitable to all Estates. In Subjects of this nature (my Honourable Lord) I cannot find any more exact then thefeSurveies of Histories ; many we have depraved:

## Tbe Epifle Dedicatory.

ved: and every lafcivious: Meifure now becomes an Hifforian. No ftudy in his owne nature more deferving, yet more corrupted none is there. O then, if thofe ancient Romans (Mirrours of true Refolutioir) : kept their Armitujfra withfuch folemnity, fealts celebrated at the Surveyes of tbeirmeapons: We that enjoy thefe Halcyon dayes of Peace and Tranquillity, have reafon to referve fome Time for the folemnizing this peaceable Armour of Hi fories; where we may fee in what bonds of Duty and Affection we are tyed to the Almighty, not only in having preferved us from many hoftile incurfions, but in his continuing of his love towards us. We cannot well dijudicate of comforts

## The Epifle Dedicatory.

but in relation of difcomforts: Nor is Peace with fo generall acceptance entertained by any, as by them who have fuftained the extreamities of Warre. Many precedent experiments have we had, and this Ille hath tafted of mifery with the greatelt; and now revived in her felfe, fhould acknowledge her miraculous prefervation, as not proceeding from her ownepower, but derived from the Supreame. influence of Heaven; whofe pomer is ableto Erect, Support, Demolijlo, and laymaft, as he pleafeth : Hinc Iimor, Hinc Amor! Hence wee have arguments of Feare \& Love! Feare from us to God; Love from God to ws: Caufe we have to Feare, that fubject not our underfandings

## Tbe Epifte Dedicatory.

dings to the direct Line and Square of Keafon, but in our flourifhing Eftate(imitating that once renowned Sparta) who was --Nunquam minus felix, quam cum folix vifa ---; Abule thofeexcellent gifts we have received, contemning the menaces of Heaven, and drawing upon our felves the viols of Gods wrath, heavier diffufed, becaufe longer delayed. We fhould re-collect our felves, and benefit our ungratefull minds with thefe confiderations: that our prefent felicity be not buried in the ruines of a Succeeding Calamity.

There Hitories (my noble Lord) be the beft reprefentments of thele motives. And in perufing Difcourfes of this nature (next to the

$$
\text { A } 2 \quad \text { Sacred }
$$

## Tha Epifle Dedicatary.

Sacred Whord of $G o d$ )we are Atrangely tranfported atove humane ape prehenfion, feetng the admirable Foundations of Common-meales plated (tomans thinking) in the Port of lecurity, wonderfully ruinated: grounding their diffolution upon fome precedent crying fime, whichlayd their bonour in the Duft, aud Trantlated their Empire to fome (perchance) more deferving people. Here Civill Wars, the Originall caufes: of the Realnes fubverfion: There cAmbition bred by too long fucceffe : here Emulation in Vertue, the firf Erectreffe of a flourifhing Empire : There Parafites, the Sa, rabees of Honour, the comrepters of Royally difpofed. affections, and the chiefeft Engi-

## The Epistle Dedicatory.

neres of wrack and confufon, buzzing Arrange motions in a Princes Bare, occafioning his flame, and their onone ruine. Here States happy; before they rail themfelves to the highest type and diftance of apijefe. And generally oblerve we may in our Humane Compositions, nothing fo forme as to promife to it felfe Constancy, fo continuate as to affure it felfe perpetuity, or under the Cope of Hearer, any thing fo folid as not fubject to Mutabilaity.

This Survey (my Lord) have I prefumed ta Dedicate to your Honor, ( (prang from a zealous and. affectionate tender) not for any meriting Difcourfe which it comprehends, but for the generality A 3

## - Tk: Epifle Dedicatory.

of the Subject : and Native harmony wherein Tour Noble difpofition fo fweetely clofeth with it.

Your Protection will raife it above it Selfe, and make me proud to have an Ifue fo highly Patronized: It prefents it Selfe with Feare, may it be admitted with $F$ avour: So Chall my Labours be in all duty to Your $^{\text {Honour devoted, my }}$ Prayers exhibited, and my felfe confirmed

> Your LordJbips wobolly,

## Ri. Brathwait.

# HONOUR ABLE, 

 Elizabeth, Dowager, Countefle Of S ○VTHAMTON; The fruition of Her Divinelt Willies.

## The Second Epistle Dedicatory.

of Him. Nor can it expect ought leffe from $\Upsilon_{\text {out then a }}$ New Life, robs fo conftantly retaines in You the me- $^{\text {on }}$ mory of bis Love. Fenvels are valied by their Luftre: Labours of this nature by the Tefl, and approvement of the Reader. Deagne, Madam, to accept it, for bis Sake, mobodid jo bighly prize it : So bal $\Upsilon_{\text {our }}$

Honour ever oblige bim, robofe vowed zeale bath really confirmed bim

## Your Ladifhips in all humble obfervance,

## Ri.Bratbroait.

\% SHE SHO



To the Undertanding Reader.


O many idle Pamphleters Write to Thee now a dayes, as thy underftanding (in my Judgment) feemes much difparaged. I have ever refolved to have this Motto : Catoni folus dormio: But where that Cato is, there's the difficulty. Hee is too heavy for the Court, too Wile forthe City, and too precire for the Countrey. If my Bookechance to finde him, I know my Subject Chall be entertained, and my Petition flall be heard, for ${ }_{g}$ Auriculos Afini non habet Togive my Labour but impartiall cenfure.

How fudioully, copioufly and ufefully this laft Edition hath beene Enlarged, may appeare by Digits or Signateres in the Margent every where exprefled. Underftand thy felfe, Reader, and thou underitands me: If thou battle at Ordinaries, thou art not for me, thou haft thy Wit in the Platter: for I never knew him wife, that only delighted to

Farc well.

## R.B.

An Exact Table or Compendiarys no leffe plainly then briefly directing to all fuch Subjects, Storics, Hiftoricalland Poeeticall Relation ons; with all other intermixe Difocurfes materially and Methodically contained and continued in this SuRVEYOFHTstory, or Nursery for Gentry.
HE Aurbor Mchodically branchech thefc his Hiforicall Relations into a chree? fold Divifion.

1. Scope of ilifturice.
:. Iruis of Hillorici.
2. The profie redounding R.4.p. 2 to private Familics by $\mathrm{H}_{1}-$ Sotics.

What the scepe of all Hiftoricall Dilcourfe niould be.
A foll turvey of what has becre done, wirh a comperable Relation of what as now dons; by conicang pext lons and 八告tons prececdurg, with there now in preleat enjoying, becomes an excelione benetie redounding from Hiffory to recured Spiriss.
pag.4.
Ignormace in wrating, (and conie. quently, deficiency :a the Relation of : ny momorableaction) became a greativa to that Impertall Seate of corpc.
lhillogy dinctas.
hilloty defined and delivilue N p.t.
Thome mod tit togoverne deratio ons, who have porves to $\mathrm{mol}^{2} \mathrm{c}$

A Citics rinmplasitlinaramery
How amongit other memolable Monumenes; itatucs, Imperia! Coins, and Alectalls; an Vine preportioned to che Ancicht Orall Fowne if twas l.acly found neare to the Borough: Towne of kerdall: And, which is nore remarkable, in a Dale, anciently called Por-ficld.
page $14{ }^{\circ}$
Ladics much addicted both to peruling and conupiling of liftories; illuiftated by fundry:Inftancer, to their fuccoedung memoyy. pag,16,17.\&c.

The Office of an Hitorian. p.21.
Vfe of Tranferiptories. p.2\%.
A memorable Caveat for all corrupers of Juftice. pagib.

Whitt honour the Worlds Monarch did to Honcr.

Tice Mcthod Pö̈ts receined in their Hiftori:all Mcafurcs, Hifloricall Relations.
p. 28.

Siverall Frines of Hiftory. pib A more felect analpeculiar Fruic of Hall ry.

## The Table, it:

HiRory.
Hiforians improred by incelliq gense and peryuall of others Labourn. P. 3 l. An errour in ite folio.
The prople of $C$ bina rectenced a cestaine forme of Cyphering long Lefore our invention of Printing. P. 33 .
Divers memerable Works among the ancient bave perified, through want of Tranfrribing to poferi-「
P. 3 3-

As we have the benefie of Print, fo are thole Workes to produce fome bencfit, whicla wee intend to Prine.

Vfe of Travell and Example. P.34. Imitation in Vertue.
P. 38.

Excellent Emblemes for deblazoning corrupt Juftice.
P. $39^{\circ}$

True Fortitude deferibed.
p.42.

The Great mans Motro.
P. $44^{\circ}$

W
Hat Style bent ferves an Hifory. P.fc. Diverfiry of affedions in PrinCS.

Breach of promife held a great dithonour amonglt. the Ancients.p. 53

Memorable: Examples. in reven: ging Dilloyalt:- :

Deferving men punifhed by the fuggeftions of ill Oifices. : . P. 540

Nuend of popular hate. Po ith:
Security the ruine of Soveraigaty.
p. 56

Civill Warres learein a difraged State the deepeft wounds.... po the

How itudious the Romans were of Hiftoriss.,

The Excellency of a compoled ound. ... $\therefore$ : ... $\therefore$ Pos 8. A princely Embleme of Mortali: ty.
p. 61. Mans Lifecontratiod to 2 Harrow epanne.
p. $0_{2}$.

Divifion of Hiftories; $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { 1. Divine. } \\ \text { 2. Difcurfive. } \\ \text { 3. Morall. }\end{array}\right\}\left\{\begin{array}{c}4, \text { Phyrick: } \\ \text { or } \\ 5, \text { Mixp. }\end{array}\right.$
Such defervingly axed as corrupt the Text, and racke the Sacied Senfe with their enforced Allegories. P. 650

Not to mixe faced with prophane.

Corrupters of Scriptare.
Difcuilive Hattories. p. 66.
Divifion of Difcurfive Hiftories, p.ib.

An imployment of efpeciall conSequence recommended to our Gertry, to whom he addreficth this Survey of Hiflory.
P. 67.

The Satyricall $H_{1} f$ arian, and the Sycophant Hiftorian.
P. 70.

ARulchow to rectifie imitation of Errours ; by Hiftoricall Directions.
" P 73.
States, when reeming mof fecure from shear Bnemies; ought tobe leaft fecure in cheir owne cornifence: "? 4

An apt refomblante of the hinitor's in the body, to the gualitics of the minde: or a Relacion of the ourward humour, to the invard remper. $8.75^{\circ}$.

Ample Penfions allowed in former times to Hiftorians.
P. 77.

A modelt Caution for all Hiltorio 2ns.

The Commeridation of a fincere Hiflorian. $\quad \therefore \cdots$ p. $99^{\prime}$ ?

A frec diceurting and difearding of fruitleffe Labourt, eomparing them' to the Mindian Buildings. P. 80.

A Reproofe of Licentious $L_{1-}$ bells.
: A-pretty paliage berwixt a Scriviner and' a riminine Aúchor:
?aA Defeription of the Satyricalf Hiforian,

## The Table.

An ufefull Oblervation of the humusur of feditious an!'fatious Writers of our Time.
$A$ reme Aphorifme oceafinned from thern.
rrajap, that l'refident of Princes for Morall Pisey and Royall Clerren. cy, had factious and Riering Spists bothin Campe and Courr. p.92.

A Alemotable, Cheilian and Royall Expedition.
P. 94.

A mifchievous plot to crofle that Expeditiun.
liactious Hiflorians amonght the Ancient.
d N excellent Meane for an Hillorian to utfirue berwixt thofe Two I xercames, Affentation and Stare-in. - 小elar.

The Defcription of a flatiering Hillarian.

Learning of too precious a Memo. iy, to become Mercenary, P.97. -chollers ase to lcave chis deferving Motto of Solons 10 their Countreys and if the reward them not, let it redound to her gnominy: " $O$ my deste "coun:rg', boonty word ard died bave "I afiafeci sibe!

Milofophy, and poery the fluwer of yhlolophy, are Recelpes againd all adversiry.
p.16.

Moving Hiftorians.
p.100

How to move Paffion, and by what circumfances.
f.ib.

Ancrcelleut Art in inoring foafis on, inflanced in Appiar. Alexandriпия.
p. 101.

A memorable Story of an unnaturall sonne, and his miferable cod.
p. 102.

Anexcellene Difcourfe of Imperiall fraily; illuffrated by Jonances of deferving fl meanory.
p. log.

No Empire can confine the heart of her Emperour.

Lively Impreffions of remorfe, drawne from the joane to the $\mathrm{Fa}_{2}$ ther.

Comparing of Hiflories very necefliary.
A difference among she Pagans in their Computation of yeeres. p.ib.

Tranferiptions oft.times uncertaine and defective. P. 112.

Plutarch flyled the Fatber of Hifto rians, and prisse Founder of Hifto. rics.

The variety of Difcourfe in Laërn tiau.
p.il.

F Eigned Relations or Poëticall Hiflories: Comprizing their Worthin this Impreffe: "Divina Poëfis, generofa Phronefis.
P. 114.

Homer an Excellent and Heroick Poët ; oncly thadow'd at, becaule the Autbor underftood that his Judicious Friend Mr. T. H. had long agoe raken in hand (by his great indultry) to make a Gencrall (though Summa1y) Defcription of all the Poc̈ts Lives; with the Portratures of their I'cifuns: 10 which He wimeth farre more feliciry than accrued to his Myflerious Difcourle of Angels. p.ib. marg.

Labours difparaged by Tranflators.
P. 188.

Many illiserate of the exafteft Judgment.

The free palfage of iwaysen Works, the maine Source of corruptiog Youth.

Vnlefle Occafions be preveated, the moft integrious may be impeached.
$\therefore$ nt reproofe of indifcreet P. ib. flations.
P. 118.

The

## The Table.

The frequency and beaucy of the Letine Tongue.
P. 121.

A Relatiou of Herculcs Labours.
P. 123.

How Invention may fand with the contexrure of an Hiftory. p. ins. Escellent Emblemes Inadowed under Poc̈ncall Fictions.

A witty Confutation of Pagan Su. perfition.

Feigued Hiftories approved, tending to Inftruction. P. 128 .

Such Hiftories onely merit thar name, which yeeld profit with delight.

He falle th нpon a juft reproofe of wfeleffe Readers of Hintoriss: with fuch as cull onely grounds for them. felves, to comply with their owne defires, And thefe He diftenguiniethin. to three forts:


The Ambitious mans Object in his Reading. P. ib.

The Voluptuous mans Object in his Reading. P .13 B The Covetous mans Objectin his Reading.
 ufeleffe Travellers, who talke notice of fuch things as are mof frivalous, or which is woric, visious.
p. 235.
$H^{2}$ delceads to the fecond Branch of his Hiftoricall Divifion: trea. ting of 3 forall Hiffories.
P. $13^{6}$.

Morall HiQories, or Narrations in fuith Hiftories, highly commended; with their Effects.
The praife of Monll Hifory.p.142 A Caution for our Silken Gal. lant.
Plato's Definition of Man Piaver-
ted:
The fruit of Morall Reading op. 148. Acknowledgment of our Errowts. whether it be in our Dialect end forme of fpeaking, or manuer of living: with aningenuous fubmitting of our Labours to the free Cenfure of others, argues a geear meafure of Sobricty and Diferesion in us.p. i46.

Sclfe-conceit a bleminit to the ex. actert Labours: Neither fhall fuch Autbors free the!nfelves frommalicious Cenfures.

Thefe Timesold in Yeeres, but yousg in Hourcs.
p. $85 \%$

A Reproofe of the Age, in hier difcflecming Authors: and Acighting their Labours,

The Caute why Learniag is contemned.
p. 193.

Towhom Death is not terrible.
An excellent Obfervation by a Tyrant.
p.1ss. Agaibocles Embleme reaued ;ib. is as it is portrai'd to Life. P. 68 . Morality, Mans Anatomy. p. 15 s.

## THE feverall kinds of PhyGcall Ob. Servations. <br> The crocedite and Icbseuso.

 though two Beafts, in Na' ure diffe: rent, are by orie peculiar Nation (eEgypr) equally reverenced.Heeconsinues the Defeription of the Natures of divers Serpents 3 excracted from the Historicall Detcription of Affick.

The Region of Congo, by the TeAimouy of Signor Odedrde, (2 man priacipally confequenc'd in thore parts) as is is in Vipers numerous fo $_{0}$ are chey fo venemnus, thas fuch as are bitten by them doe dye within the fpace of 24 . troures: Bur the Ne.
groes are acquainted with cereshise Hearbs that will heale their wounds. pib.
The various venemous qualities of Spiders cured by Mulick. Puse.
Excellent Morails upon thofe Her lations.

The meaned Creatures receinc in them many fecret qualities. $\quad$. 159.

What l'rinces beft affected cliole Studics of difcovering the Natues of Beafts, Bards, Scipents, \&ic. P. Iso.

Conragions Dugges prefenied by the King of Albany, to Alexiander the Great.
p. 161.

An exquifite Defcription of the Natures ol Bealts.

Of the Nacures of Plants. p. 16:2. Of lie Natuics of Mincs. p.ile. The Kinnwledge of thefe e pedient, thouph not neceliary. P. P63.

A juft comphant ayaint fuch,who confume the Oyl: of their Life, in freyuentan: Locfe places: how to re citfic this, thut then owne Fanalies may become privite Academics.p. 165 .

The Emphour ostarian would not (uffer his Daughers to he withlous fome Art, Scicnce, or Myllety; Tayn: "He mughe beconc poose,
" thear honest labour relieve both "themfelves and shere liather. p. 166.

A se whelluous Progeny in a calme thac.
p.il.

L:mblemes of Birds.
I he Contemplation of the Cres. curc, miniflers admuration in us soward our Creator. pib.

The very Atheif condemacal by bir. 'ts oth Ayre: and how their Mclody is crer monnting with äciy wands to :hat supreme Mijefty.p. 170.

Hluw midabuleatr,for man to be filent in Ciods praife, when Bbids be. ronchenenly Dumaters miencims
fortb fweet Ayser, rat 171.
Creatures ordained to Sobriety and Morality. P. 173.

The diftinct Natures of Beafts expreflicd.
P. 175.

Thore Times wherein the Romin Warres rag'd fierceft, and rung farthent, were not knowne to that שי-frier-like Invention of murding Did"nulec.
P. 1.76.

He procceds in applying the $\mathrm{N}_{2}$. rutes of Severall other Birds to the Cundry different qualities, or corruptoons, rather, in Mian. p. 178.

Mensant Pociticall FiAtions of the Lianity of Birds.
p. 180.

A fwcet-lented Courtier properly refembled.
p. 182.

What the Poïts intended by their Transfurmations. P. 883.

A Countrey-feated Citizen properly refembled. P. ib.

The conftant Love, and amicable League of Birds amongit themfelves. p. 184.

Why Bidds of Rapine are moft hared.

Why Night-Birds are had in pur! Cuit.

Refemblances in Beafts.
Severall proprietics refembling feverall perfons.
p. $18 \%$

Hec recounts fundry other Birds, which reteine in them naturally, in. fallible Notions of the change and various dippofition of Weathers: alluItrated by ceverall Infances. Po 188.

A Divine Cuncemplation upon Survey had to the lowct of Gods Creatures.
P. 120.

Natures of Serpents, and of Pigan Adorations: wherein Hee referreth the Reader to that Difcourfe of afin, and Afjrick, encituled : The F'ardell of 1ah ons.
p. 192.

Of the difierest Natuie,
Forme,
Feeding,

## .Theriable.

feeding and fearurecorsorpents, erpociallyitponthe Rivtr Nitwo. poth. f.The Worme a motive of Thankfulneffel; and the beft. Cliatatier of: humane frailty; inflanced in a Medj. ration of wonderfull 「icig. p.sy3. Diverfity of natures in tirthes. pith. Whatrare propertiesare in the ando brizimature or the fifh of The Rorke.p. il. Contention amonglt Finies. .124.9. 1. The difierent nartures of Fimes; and wherein properly they allude to Man. ste a $\because$ : - The ftudy of kings in Plines,


To what efpeciall Refemblances there Trees be accuminodate. y. 109.

Teare-hhedding Trecs." pio.
A 'refemblance of UJours; Flow. ers; anil other iscautes to the inityard - Grates and Ormamente of the Mind.
-He ainplifies this difcourfe of 1 P/ants, Mearbes, and Frurs.
p.ib.

- The bedt Lecture any manean read;
 , Tho wonderfult various fiuites of the Patme-tric in Corgo.
The proper ends and actominoda.

 ، $\because$ Thu vertues of gtomes deforibed.
 The patient mincompared to the Stonc' Galifot's Diknond; of Amicinrus.

Strange effetg io' Stones. p. p.
Allulions of certaintytoties'to $\mathrm{fm}^{13}$ etrmiltgraces. Are.e in cifi,il. 1. Refemblane of Precious Stbones so thole choife vertues whith thould appare in man - Trich chacif difunct propertics or cficets.

How Mabuthit the firn" deludid his credulous pollepity, with añopinion of marastews sandity, in
: hat'veny monument which hee had
 memory:

Of Mincrils' : Mines the lower laid, elie better when difcovesed : the - deepergiounded, the purce when re-- fined:

The North part famous for $\begin{array}{r}\text { P. } 21 \text { ? } \\ \text { Cop- }\end{array}$ per-workes; a great-iniprovement to - He state and Countrey: with the re--vivill of thote Workes; by Sir Bafil Eroukes and Captainc Wbitwoonc, ment of incomparable induary and ingenuity.

A pictiy Caution for a Mifer. p.ib.

MIxt Hiftorics.
p.21s. Mixt Hillorics compold of all kind: s .

The Commendation of Mixt Hi foo ics ; with inftances of lundry Hi ftntians both Ancicar and Moderne, who have beone uf lilly vers'd thercin.?
A fingularbbervation recommen p. ded to of Hittory.
Plutarchs paralcling of Drinces, laichly commended.

Mixe Hittoriestequire a generali knowletge, and extend fatherthan atl the reit.

A 8.220.
A judacious dininguming of wit:.
P.:21.

Example of mixt lliftorics p. 221 .
Mixe lintorics nielt fimiful p. 2222
Oecifions of enferbling the greierf and flourinanght Staies, tatic breath from thele three particulars?
 Hintr.

Government:
pil.
j.b.
manners.
Haeit.
Jninovation in Governmicni, Man
$M A R Z$
prolium, Minc
K 10 pric
luse, ulru
tue sine
tuIn.
ners, $\mathrm{H}_{3}$ bit, oscafions of enferbling a Sezte, and laying her honour in duh. .

Caufe preceedent, direftors to, the evicas. Dultinat profrieciesin all kiftorice. p.286.

Inclinationsdif:erent ia l'rinces. p.ib.
Anobfervstion worthy our note; Subsile Councellsever produce unprofperous cads: And to their Councellours popular hate. Contrariwife, Vertue ever attended with a profperous end.
P. 287.

Policy her owne ruine, exemplificd.
p.ib.

The mifery of Ambition. p. $22 \%$.
Greatnclie can be no Subterfuge


Vnconfciomable prollers in 2 id be made sponger of, for example of o:he:s.
p.ib.

What Subject bett concords with mixt H.Itorlic.
p.23r.

Three thangs ne.eflarily required in Hatturics of this nature:

1. Truch in relating.
2. Fxplanation in difcovering.
3. Judgenent in diftin. guithng.
Hittories fiould be crue, or reecine 2 refermblance of eruth.
poib.
Peobabilutics in all Hiltoricall paniges highly commended. P. 233 .

Improbabilities in all rifloricall palliages highly difcommended. p.ib:

Not Crefus Treafure, but 2 prescedent Ditpleafire caufed viftorious efrus to invade Lydia.
p. 234.

Abfurdisics in Hiftorians of nur time.
p. 239. Explanation in difcevery of cauics.
p. 241 .
a concord in circumandecs among f Hiltoriass.
p. 341

The harmony of Hiforiansin cheir Relateons: though writ in feverall Ages.

The svent gathered by foregoing caules.

The Armies Arength ballanced by che Generalls worth. p.ib.
The indifcretion of Commanders, the utter fubverfion of their defignes. p.ib.

The rare expreffion of a compar. Gionate difpofition.
p. 249.

Contempt of Religion, the caufe of Realmes Subverfion. p. 250 .

This,even she very Heathen have obferved : "If rifing Temples were facred, what could beeholden facrilegious?
p.ib.

Such things as be above us, be not to be aigued of us. Po:251.

Kingdomes broughe to actrowledgment, by the talte of mileries.
p. 258.
$S_{\text {an }}$ turarics never well frequeused, but when dangers approached. $\mathrm{P} .253^{\circ}$

Fease williupple the moft infenGble Achoilt, and inforce him to prayer.
P. 254.

- Caufes,DireAtories of erents.p. 2 ss

A difpoftion (refleding upon the Divine ()rdinance) yee not limited; an Order, yet not coacted 3 a meanes, yet not enforced.
Many Kingdomes much renown. by that meanes, which makes them moft debafed: Selfe- conceir. p.ib.

Honour the beft, whea it is derived frow our felves.
P. 257.

Degeneration.
P. 258.

The praife of fuch whe saife a $\mathrm{Fa}_{2}$ mily by their owne demerits: And this procured by threc.macanes: p. 259

1. Gowne.
2. Sword.
p. ib.
3. Mechanick Art, $\}$

Imulation

Emulation'amongft mien of Note. P 16.
Some of our beft rhilofophers, 0 . rators, Rhetoricians and Hiftortans, thuugh they were not Coërancans with shofe Princes in living with them: yet were their Woikes, after their deceale, highly eadeared and honoured by them.

An Excmplary Leffon for all Ambidexters.
p.il.

The wonderfull eftablifing of the rurkifl Empire.
p. 266.

Arguments of the approaching Subverfion of the Turki/h stare.p.267.

Concealed Realons not to be fearched.
We are not to pry too curiounly into the fealed Cabinet of Gods Counfell.

That Sacred-fecret Confiftory is not to be fearched (becaufe realed) wish too much Curiolity. p. 268.

Anexcellent Receipe for allfuch as Labour of too much Singularity.p. 270.

Dijudication of Hiftories. p.ib.
Two forts of Difcourfes eclypfing the glory of an Hiftoraan:

1. Senfuality.
2. Impertinency. $\}$ p.271.

Light and wanton Workes are to be exiled in every Civill State. p.273.

Learning never but then deferves the Laurell, when it is vertuoully fruitfull.

Chymick Opinionifts. p. $274^{\circ}$ P. 275. P. 276.

Factious Queftionifts. p.ib.

Menippos his free reproofe of rigid Cenfurers ; whole judgment onely conlifts in razing Labours, and difheartning Authors : while their innocent'ft Lines are oft mif.conftued 3 their Sence corrupted.
P. 280.

Two forts of finifter Readers of Hiflory:

1. Curious.
2. Calunnious. $\square$ P. 286.

An opinionate Reader;an incomperible lenfor of annthers Labuur. p.ib.

Delsberation anedfull in Hifiories of maine confe juence.

Difcovery of Vices abroad, many times inflruit us in the very fame at home.
f.ib.

Many men of matureft Experience, have and doe give way to fen!uall obedience.

He holds hum for fupid,' who for feare of Death, dyes all his life-Inng: And him for wicked, who lives wullout feare of it, as if. there wete none atall.

P 289.
Forraiune vices become nat'rallized, and made ours by imitation.
P. 298.

Strange Novelties diaw attention, move approbation, if probability be mixedin the Difcourfe.
p. 294.

Opiniuns drawne from diyers Authors fhould be reconciled. P. 295 . A double
defeat : $\left\{\begin{array}{ll}1 . & \text { Obltinate. } \\ 2 \text { Ignorant. }\end{array}\right\} \begin{gathered}\text { p. ib. }\end{gathered}$

Words hould he accommodate to the Matter, not the Matter to the Words.

What drefle both for choire of Words, and difpolition of Phraze, bcft becomes an Hiftory. P.296.

Whatfoever taftes of Affectation, digreffeth from this Difpolition. p. ib.

Tragicall Acts breathing woughs but panfionate Ayres, amply illutheated by thole inhumane cruelties lately committed by the Groats and Curlings in Germany.
P. 300.

Benzo's Sad Relations in the land -f. Hifpaniola. Bent. in Hift. Ind. ib.

The Worlds Anatomy. P. 302.
A witty conceit of a bold Artizan.

A mode f difcovery of the abafes of the tume; how cliey are to be fearched; how carcd.

A thice-fold Difiourfe branched intoa three fold Obfervance; fiewing huw : 1 , Some Bookis are :o be balled. 3 , so le to be fwallowed. 3. liew to be chewed and digelted.

Three Obfervaners worthy our Confideration in Reading:

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { R. Willingnelfe. } \\ & \left.\begin{array}{l} \text { 2. Dinesuce. } \\ \text { 3. Inteligence. } \end{array}\right\} \quad \text { P.308. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Vfe of thofe chree Obfervances.pib.

This stithotpreficured. p.309.
$V^{\text {fe }}$ of Hiftory.
p. ib.

The ericic Charalaterall Portrasure of a Afifir. p. 310. His infletase defire of incresting his State ; has ufcerfie ends in dilpofing his Store. Some whereof whiluve here lisely had; who, as they abuidcod Niture of her due, and dyed an her l'ele ; fo they could not performe the Office of Nature lengbefore that beath.

$$
\text { P. } 312 \text {, }
$$

The $M_{1}$ fors profit by Hiltory.p. 314
A mifer caninat be rach. p.ib.
A Mifer his owne Exccitioncr.

$$
\text { P. } 315 .
$$

A Connariety in two diferema difpofirions.
p. il.

The Liberall mans Aphorifme. p. 3.16.

The Charafer of + Libesall man. p.ib. Examples of Liberalicy. p. ith.
The bounceuus difpofitions of maz ny nuble l'crionges Hinonally amphifide.

F3.
kxamples of opportunate buanty,
extrated from the Store-houtf of Hifury.
p. ib.

It clureth with more Majefty to make Kings,than to be "King.p. 320
An Viurer never, found his Couneracs friend.
An Viuscr bounsifull againft his will.

Examples of bounty amons. ib. syracufans.
A Defeription of the City Agrigen ium, phinted on that flowry Mautsainc ifgrogas in Sicilya $: 1$ P. 125 .
A nacimorable lattance of Horpitality.
poib.
Miferable ends of Mifers.
P. 326

The i'sodigalls humour difplayed. P. 327.

His Faunes ar Followers, his Spunges.
P. $3^{ \pm 8}$

His Fathe: sinjurious doings, has undoing : his rasting, his rmat. p. 330.
The Young mans Maze. p. ib.
Our Iredeciflos Verancs, Motives of ionsamon, , ! ., ib. Hiftories, beft difcoverers of Errours.
P. 33 s .
listances of famous Delinpuents. -p. ib.
Hiftory che beft Toush- fone to dijudicate 'iwixt what as good and ill.
P. $33^{2}$.

How to be Mifters over ollt awne aftictiuns.
P. 43.
ddinisable elfects drawn:foin $\mathrm{H}_{1-}$ nory in ubduin; sur affections.p. th. Nomalady bus mav Gate a Recujpr to uce her, or allay ber diftemper by she helpe of Hiftury.
pagions procecaing from braise. fick Luvers, \&c.
pois\%.
A. Lovers Ecplancfis: cloling with Loves Astamurphofis. p.ib. What honour is to be alcribedro Contimence.
P. 339.

The Hiftory of the sybarice cnatbis.

## this.

How foone a precious name is loft; with what difficuley regaın'd. 'p.3+3The pleafure of semfe hort 3 the purchafe fiame.
pisb. The fall of Parafites.
P. 345

PArciculas profit drawne from Hillory, to particular perfons: being the ahird Branch mechodically:arifing from this survcy. A.....: :nv.ib.

Whats fabulons Hiftorice mare fuftered thin approved. $\therefore \therefore$ poilo The History of Don Raixorte, ${ }^{3}$ witty inventron, but full of diftrattio on.
p.346.

HIs Judgment of divers approved Hifturians; extraited from she beft Authors.
p. 347.

Jof cpbas commicnded.
P. 3550

Carcumfances in the iewifio Warre give anexcellent beaury to the Difsourfe.
$v^{\prime}$ fpatian is faid to have his Tents fint puched on Mount Oliver, where pur saviour wastales.
The judgmenc of God in thay Hi. fory moft remarkable: $\quad$ P. 356. A commemoration of Divine $\mathrm{Hi}-$ Aorics. Infolency pummed. Anexcellent Example; P.357. Punithment alluding to the condition of the fxit. Blafphemy punified The like exemplary punithments inflisted on other Delinjuents.

$$
\text { p. } 3.58
$$

The corruption of Maximinus body fecanded the Tyranis arucley: difpatching fuch with his itinch, whom he had referved for that death in his healchfull eftate.
P. 3 ร9.

An ufuall meanes ufed by the Ethnicks of reclaiming drunkards fiom thesrbeftall filthuefle.
p. 361.

Every. Vice-biclly decyfbeied.
p. $3^{62}$

Oetonomicall Hillories, teachu: private Familics how to be difpored.

Necefliary influctions for all privateceftates. p.ib.\&p. $3^{6} 3,3^{6}+3,3^{3}$ s.

Hiftorians moft profitable to the Commón-wale $\therefore \quad$ ip 36 s.

Ermityoniongt Hiftorians them felves.
p. 366.

A compendious difcourfe of the generall protit ot HiAory, p. $3^{6} 7$.

An apt timiliture comparing Hiflory to a Banguet. P. 368.

A review of thofer former collections, applying them to ow prafent occalions.

1. Hiftory compared to a Basquer. p.ib.
2. Toa Field.
P. $3^{8} 3$
3. To Builders.
p. 385.

Hiftoryto adicrecte Eates the delightfullt hirmony.
p.381.

Ancxact hintorian: a relect com. panion. p. $3^{82}$. $A_{i}-$ Inftruation the !ight of underitian. ding. $\quad$ p. 388.

Hiforics, Mirsors of all States.
P. $3^{89}$

Hiftorics muft not parrialize.
p.389.

Hiftory the bea Heratd for deblazoning Vertue of Vice. p.3yo.

Three elpeciall qtalitics fuiting well with the cundition of any Emid aene desfon.

Rome in hir decay, co:nparab: the Plachix.
p. 3
A. Chriftian confideration of of flwer and Majefty of God.

## The Table.

in former times subjects to their Pri:ces, became Slaves" to sheir Errors. $p$ ibe
Mashiaucls Poficion: P. 483. $^{8}$ No Eftate fecure without the

## Imprimatur Tho. WYkes R. P. Epifo. Lond. Capell. Domert. March 26.163 .8.

protction of 2 Suprems. J'ow cr. protation of 2 Supreib.

Examples, beft motives to pictty, confirmed by the Orator Demoftbenes.
No Image fo meare to life, as the Hiftory of mans life. : $\quad$ p. 410 . Hiftory of mans life, , p. $4.10^{\circ}$
Hintory dircas man in the progrefie of hislife.

Hiltory prepares man in his paflage from life. $p .44^{\circ}$
The conclufion of this Survey clored in this ferious approvement: "Hiftoricall Relations, become Re"cords of Pablick and l'rivate Ex"periments.
P.419.

All Aus may be reduced to noble
netcmpts an.t condigne fortuncs by
hcir owne frofflions.
P.402,
The dificorery ofRoyal Errorsjwhere,


p. 395.

The defription of a Mallners d:recr. P. 396. The Souldiess difcipline by Hifto rics. A . P . l .

A Motive of thankfulinefle, desivad from 2 commemoration of mans inreparable mifery, withous Tods ineffable merey. P-397. "oure feverall Philofophers afcrid Deitics to the foure Elements. p.it.
 Private Famalics.
p. 413.

Profir derived from hiforics to

 N the Survey Of: HisTORiEs, s: the true Relatorsrif things done $s$ : with a probable Collection of things to come, by precedent events: J thought good compendicufly to contrait fome efpeciall Caveats, as well for oblervance in Hiftoricall Difcourfes, as for prevention of fuchincon- A three.fold veniences (or exorbitances rather) as happily Diviono might eccurre in fuch Narrations. Firft therefore I have propounded to my felfe this Method, r. Scopo of Hiforice (by way of inference) to Defrribe the true foope
at which all Hiftories ought to ayme, and to
3. Fruis of Hiforici. which, they fhould principally be directed. Serendly, to diftinguifh of Ceverall nfes and Fruites of Hiftorics: The end whereof being exactly fet downe, a dijudicating power may eafily collect 3. The profis from what Subject the choiceft and felected!t acdounding to Fruitsmay be deduced. Thirdly, the profit hes by hasto. sies. which redounds to every State, cirther Arifocraticke, Democraticke, or Monarchicke, by the true and undertanding ufe of Hiftories.
HE true ufe and ciope of all Hiffories ought to tend to no other purpofe, than a true Narration of what is done, or hath toene atchieved either in Forraigne or Domefticke affaires; witha modeft Application (for prefent ufe) to caution us in things Ofenfive, ind excite us to the management of imployments in themfelves genercus, and worthy imitation. os. For the true definption of Hiftory, as ithath everbeene hald $t$ e Treafury of Time, in which were laid up and dy phited the Actions and glorious Exploits of frioding Whorthies:- As wee would be very lont, that any Evidence importing our privatceftats, fhould be cither diminifhed or darkencd: fo mach more, in what might conle quently tend to the prudent mannagement of publicke Eftates, to fuffer the leaft ob farity, wculdargue in us either an apparant difefteeme of oar Predeceffiors actions, or a temifncfé in our felve's, to ncgleit fo foreading er propagating
a Seminary; which, as former times recommended to our care, fo fhould it be our care by a difo : $16: \%$, id ereet circumipection, to preferve.

Letus then reflect alittle upon the $V$ tility of $\mathrm{it}_{3}$ befides thofe incomparable delights, which to 2 modeft and rerious judgemeni, "are highly reputed.

Firft, fhould theef Ammals perifh, what more could the merit or approvement of Vertue gaine to ther felfe, but what the injury of Times ufually throws upon deferving perfonages, oblioles ? Nodifference betwixt the defperate attempts of animpioully-audacious, and odioully-perfidious Catelime, and a noble State-affecting Vticam. Na.y, we fhould lofe thore Eminent Types and Copies of all imitable Morality, fhould wee in rubbilh bury the Surviving Records of EIjfory. We fhall heere fee, what even Morall Naturall men obferved, and how conftantly they frood in defence of what theirglorions lives have propofed. No danger fo apparant, no threat fo truculent, no Opponent fo over-awing or violent, which could weaken their Refolves, ormake themRecreants to their juft Defignes. The whole progreffe of their Lives, asit was a continued Line, whofe period ever clofed with Honour: fo wers their Deaths no leffe memorable, and in their jetring fent forth the beft luftre.

How fweetly then relifh thefe Difcourfes to a retired Spirit? who, withdrawne fromimployment either through infirmity of Age, weaknefle of Health, or dif-refpect of Time, may take a
full Surrey of what ha's beene done; with a As ercellent comparable Relation of what is now done: and benefit ree
dounding fis
foly conferring Perfons and Actions preceding, Hfluy to re- with thofe now in prefent enjoying 5 maycoltyred firits. leat the vicititude of times, and become an Agent by reading, what they could not afpire to by perfonall action.

And with what ealie fweetneffe may this be acquired? With what a pleafing privacy purchafed? They need not expofe themielves to the perills of a feare-fiuprized Campe, nor the furging billows of a raging Ocean: Their private Arbour may be their Centinell; no Alarmes to difurhe them, no feares within, nor fees without to diltomper them. And having taken a fotl and free perufall of former States; with the Atrance grcurdoof their rifing, "and their unexpeited Catafloophes in their dedining: what fingular ufes may they propound to thenifelves', by conlideration had ro the mutable and anxicus Cenditions of all times: fecing how even thole Fupuilitks, which promifed to themfelves moft Pecurity, were enferced to runne into other chanells, and tolawe their nemoriestrowned in them, when they had mounted to the higheat pirneand pitch of Feisity: And thele to difchare of witha confident judgement, as it they had beone Aitors perfi nally in thefe Srenes; what wefull knowledge may it begee to themfelves, what delight to thcir Hearers?

Sconudly, thould the ie memorable Records be loft, which have onely power to kecpe nien aiive,
aive, when fecming deadi, and by the; Revivall This hat Im of their Actions to produce in Atirring foitios a perill State defire cf cmulating their Vertucs; the very forme the becme binand Mecthed of ancient governments, whofe fible of her
 purg matha
 be utterly razed and extinguhhed. kecet no thifourcs uf ihesr
What excellent Law-giyers havo former Ag-s ancicill $h$ :nys, yeelded? what ufefull Lawes heve they engeted? tor an ricHow Arongly thefe labourgd, to preferyes what A cs p it , b:
 ly moderatehecamemany Sutes, whichedicice Sobriety evor redupinded to their leceedine glory?

Nor did hey, though ohordarher, tuder ments could never reach to a trius and insellible conceit of Eternity; , Wew the for of notentation in theccurfe or purfuite of their A wis, or Sote the re, hat but

 merize them toafter ratso tophar they fought buppered. nut, being conferred onthem unf lici;ed; and difvalued hay them, whenfreely ofiered. onikere Hiforics compento aritrenter them todurobfervation ${ }_{p}$ as Aloprall Prefidents deferving our imitaticn.

Can we then eye thefe, and conceivg no dcfire of reftifying aurderves. Shid Mowall menowho confined thoirhopes, to Elitian Chymeras gitoutArip'us, whoretaine in us higher liops, and make Eternity our Spheare? Shal! we perule tice withcut g gowing hyinf whentwe cqulifer what

# A Survey of HISTORY, or 

beanlings of a divine Intellect dareed themfelves on thefe, incomparifon of that pure Diaphanicall light which fo glorioully thines upon us:

He defribed Hiftory in a juft modell and pro-

Mclara. in E. piff. ad rerr. Leb.Chron.Carist.
rid. $B$ ir.Oris. portion, who tearm'dirshevery Picture, Ensbleme, or Mirror of Mankisd: wherein are to bee Cecne the perplexities and perills of Empires, and of the Church it felfe : upon Survey whereof, and an equall reflexe to our felves, we may learne how to demeane usina modeft way, both in refeect of a civill Sociery, and politick government, as likewife in the Church Militant; efpecially, by taking notice of cur owne and others infirmities, bethinking alwayes of this, how that Divilions from what Origen or Source focver they fpring, are not fo foone quenched; and how for the moft part, leng continued Warres, and mutations of States are fucceffively derived from one breach. Thefe, former times have cver oblerved; and by their Obfervations happily fucceeded. They made ufe of Hifories, as principall directions for State-government. They collected what was imitable, and they reduced them to ufc. They found no State fo fecure from foes abroad, or feares within, as it felt not many times the hoftile incurfion of the one, as well as the private intrufion of the other. This made them more fecurd, becaufe others mifhaps kept them from holding themfelves too fecure. They obferved the orcafions of rifing States, with the probable reafons of their decline. They found a period tothe moft flourihing, Enmires, "and gath'red thence,
thence, (with a free and ingenuous acknowledg-: ment, theirdependance upon another more abi folute independent power) no policy nor humane providence could divert, what tliat D ivine. Soveraignty had decreed.
This the prudent't and powerfullof have feene inftanced, and in this Worlds Theatre prefentted, and in the difcovery of them have trembled. Foolifh wifdome they found in whatfocver was humane : when many times, their owne frength became the ruine of their State; by converting their owne powers, and turning the edge of their owne Swords upon their owne blecding Intralls; as if they had ayıned at nothing more; than to lay their owte Provinciall honour in the Duft, and to raife a new fabricke of Eitate to fome other furreptitious Nation. What variety of Examples, Stories will afford us of this nature, I appeale to the Candid and impartiall Judgement of any pure or uncerrupted Cenfor.

Againe, to take a view of the mutable conditichof all States; and how Victorious Princes, whofe Mlotto's feemed to vie with the Herculean Non wltra; became eyther perfonall Actors of their owne Tragedies, or vifible Spectators of their unexpected miferies: And therein more unhappy, becaufe once happy, would afford no leffe matter of admiration, then motives of compaffion. akizbridates that invincible Prince and incomparable Artift, even Hee, who had difcomfitted in divers fet battailes, Lacius Crsfins, oppime 2uintus, and Manius acilious, being at
laft overcome by Scylla; Lucullas, and utterly by Pompey, for all his Infinite Treafure in Talay: ris ; thofe many Coinfederate Princes whlch: admired his Valour, interpofing themfelves to prevenchis danger, and the ample boundiers of his Kingdome folargely extended; had for all this, his body (the poore remainder of fo great glory, buried at the charge of the Romans, being fent by Ploarmaces in Galliss to Pompery.

Nor fhall we have onely here prelented as in a Chryltalline Mirror, thefe Tragicke Difafters of eminent Princes, whofe falls, as they were feps to others rifing, fos were they excellent Lectures of Infruction to all ambitiourly afpiring; but likewic' the infelicity of fuch who adheered to them: yct, behold the mifery of Greatnefie! Neither could others inferies informe them, nor thei. precipitious fallscaution them, nor thofe nurnerous Infanes of mutability recall them. Diaden.s were more atmadive Objeits chan tobe loft through feare, or rejected for a powerfull Competitor. Soveraignty is a taking baite; yer is it ever accompanied with hopes and feares. This caufed dutonies Angel to be affraid of Oetmwius Angel.

Albeit, fome, whofe folid Judgments or bitter Experieice had wrought deeper "impreflions intheir compofed tempers, were fo farre alieucd fromi this conceit of admiring Greatneffe, or rimular Srate, as they conceived nothing more mitirable than to be fofurcharged. seleaches being King, and one of an extenfive power, wats
wont to fay, that if a man knew with what cares 2. Diadem wasclogged; , he would not take it up though it lay in the Streete.

When the Romans had defpoiled Antiochus of all A/ia, he gave them grear thanks, faying, they hadrid him of many infupportable cares.
This princely compriture ( faffections wrought no lefle effects up: $n$ Dioclefian, who vi luntari'y relinquifhed the flcuriflinglt Enpire in the world.
Norcan we eftecme any perfen more truely deferving Honour, than he, who call with a compored minde and cheerefull affection, as ifhe were ingaged to no fuch glorious yoake, fuffer himıfelfe to forgo it, and retainc fill the fame firit, when in the eye of the World he feemes moft dejected. A Philofopher perceiving Dionyfius to fit merrily in the Theater, after hee was expulfed his Realme, condemned the people who banifhed him: Holding there more fit to governe States, who cculd moderate their affections, attemper their paffions, and difiover a cheerefull countenance in troubled waters.

Ncither we e many of thofe ancient Heroës, fornuch tranfpored with an ambitious defire of Soveraignty, as they were with the apprehenfion of a gloricus Victory. This made that floent, but affective Orator, fo much enlarge himfelfe, in the recitall of thofe noble and memoral le actions doncby themifocles and Epaminondes : which he continues in this ample Memoriall to their fucceeding glory. "The Sea fhall fooner over-
" whelme the llle it felfe of Salamine, than it " fhall drench the remembrance of the Salamine "T ryumph; and the Towne of Leultrs in Boatia "flall fooner be razed, than the remembrance "Of the Field there fought, forgotten ; exempli"fide in the prowefle of Themifooles and Epa"minondas.

Their aymes were confin'd to their owne Fame, or Countries Renowne : their ambition was not to goveme, but to conquer; as others of more remific and retardate fpirits, rather to governe than conquer : which diverfity of difpofitions may he found portrayed to life upon the Sarvey of Hifory.

Soas, it pleafed the Orator to call Hifpory the Glaffe, or Mirror of mans life; charatering the whole comjufle of this Iniverfe; the ftates of Princes, events of Warres, conquefts of renowned Captaincs, evell all Defignes, cither publick or private, bya fuccinct Defeription, or Map rather, expreffing cvery particular Affire : and what (as a worthy Hifterian hath obferved) can te imagined more worthyadmiration, then in a fateand retired Port, in the Harbour of fecure Reft, in cur private Repofes, to fee there a Prince belcagured with many Hoftile Opponents, frraight hy miraculous meane; defearing them, and hy his ewne policy, (the fupreme purpofe of the Almighty) to phanthimfelfe in tranquility, where (isfirre as humane Appretienfion conld wh ) ncug! thut imminent ruine could be expecticd: there a City by wife and difcreet government
ment, wonderfully preferved: here amidft concealing or fladowing rather of the Conquerours expli its by his moderation in conquiering, implies how he could beare his fortunes, if he were conquered. We may read noState in her felfe fo fecure, but may be Chaken; exemplified well in Romse, the Governeffe of ample'Territuri's, and noiv made fubject to thofe which were her fubjects: No Prince of fo profperous imployments, fo fucceeffive proccedings, or gencrall forces, but either vanquilhed at home or abread: abroad by forraigne powers, or athome by his owne illimited affections; inftanced in thar great and potent Prince of Macedon, who (though Prince of the whole world) could not play Prince of his little world, being flaved to diftempered paffio ons. No City but fore harafed, ifner razed. Nor couldthat Italian Tryacala' which taking ber denominate from the Greek, comprehends all beartty ) ftand againft the injury of Time, cr withftand the battry of all affaults s which makes me taxe that City of Arrcgance, (wherenf Hyppolitus fpeaketh in his Booke of the Increafe of Citties) upon the gates whereof was this Impreffic ingraven, Intalta manet. To fee thefe States fo well

The Cirties Motto s.yumand lively decnloured, cannot conferre leffe delight ( being grrunded on Vertue, where all true and perfect delights bee feated) than the Relation of the Troian Affaires (being made by fo excellent and experimented an Hiftorian as Ithacus; delighted that chafte Grecke Penelope: I hefers. Travels Ariadne, or Alcides La-
brurs omphale. But to the ufe of Hiftory? Hifory becing a Mint of profit and delight, the feafoning of more ferious ftudies; the Reporter of cales adjudged by event, the enterlude of our haps, the image offortune; the compendiary directer of aftuires, the reprefenter of humane fucceffic, the infullible charater (by colation hadd with things paft, and things tocome) offucceedingevents : n:ould not aime at lafcivious forics, amorous fubjects (unlefie by way of digreffion to timocha ferions difourfe with a mox deft infertion of mirth) but toprofecute the arguncnt of the Hiftory withour frivolons Amhages, or imperrincur circumfances. Affectation :ll befeemes an Hittorian : For be hould tinderfland what office he fripporss ; not any thing drain'd from his owre invention, butto perfirme the cliarge of a fincere relation. I ap. prove of his r pinion thathought, Invention'ó be leaff ncedfull to an Hiftorian, but Difpofitionmorcthantoany. It is fufficient for an HiItorian to ceprofic what he hath reador feene, truIs, withoutconcaling any thing, in partiall refect to any perfon, making truth the pericd of his di:courle. The Philofopher thought a poore man was not to be an Hiftorian : for neceflity would inferch him to tenyerifeand obferve hrmors : Norarich man, for he had his cye fixed up whiseftate, and durfnot tn-ripgreat mens crreses, elt he thou'd lofe by his labours: Bua I difapprove hisconfure, and refell it with anothers lepinienofihe fame fect : Sidives, de fortunis
infortunìs foribat, ic enimiutrin que fortune ortenj aquines ferat. sipaiker's de forswinis conbiatyiticums ens attigerit.melions ess regat \& teneät. The error of judgement fhould not be appropriated either to want, or emincucc of firtune: for fo fhould we find ject the invard to the outward, the inteloituall power to the externall varníh; 'preferring the eye of the body betore the light of the minde. Yet to intermeddle ineftates, to much astodifable them(hy extenuating their powers)leffening their revencwes, or eclypling their priffine he nop andeminence, by mentioning fome infuccelliveevents they have had by warre, or other occurrents, I wholly difallow $\mathrm{ir}_{\text {; }}$ preceeding cither from private envy to the Stare, or from malcvolent nature(umlitting for fogood a profeffior) ape to fting all, becaure an enemy to hinifelfe and all. States fhould not belayd too open : but when occafion ferves to defribe the feates of Countries, Regions, \&xci. or to touch the manizers and conditicns of inhabitants, hew they live, and to what trades moft inclined, with whom they have commerce, or the like, will not derogate any thing from.the Scope of an Hifory; or any way imply a digreffion. It is thought (and that by the Anthentick'ft Hiftorians): that Cafar, by the defcription of $\boldsymbol{V}$ - lateransus, which he madc of $\operatorname{Brim}$ taine, declaring how the people were favage, and unapt for military difciptinc; the places of defence unprovided : and then fhewing how fruitfull the whole If and was, replenithed with a!l neceflaries; was induced to take his expedition iuto

Brisaime, and toconquerit, though prevented by a Brusur, . who, to pid Romesiof his tyraing, refored poore Britaine to her liberty, for his journey was flayed by Death.

Albeit, what foveraignty the Romans had in this Illand, may appeare by thofe numerous Cohorts, Colonies, and Regiments difpofed and difperfed throughout moft places of confequence in this Kingdome. Befides thofe many different Coines, Monumentall incriptions, ancient Sculptures and Imprefliures, all which confirme their long refide,commind and plantation with us.

Antiquities of this kinde are very frequent, $c$ fecially in the Northerne parts; where fundry forts of Metalls, Stones, with much Art and Curiofity ingraven, are nft-times found in the ruincs offome demolifhed Fort, or turn'dup with the plough-fhare; as an Urne, proportioned to the ancient Ovall forme, was lately found neare to the Borough-Towne of Kendall : wherein werebones; fome folid, others turn'd to ahhes; all whice imply what neare focicty, and continued corrof pondence they held withus.

Nor fhould I with more free election or affectionate devotion, recommend any Stories to the Survey of our Gentry, than thefe, which informe them in the knowledge of their owne Soile: whercin they fhall finde many memorable Relatid ons, worthy their obfervance and retention. For, albeit we efteme him no manof Travaile, inlefic he hath travers'd forraigne Countries, and converfed with them both in their Language and Manners:

Manners ; yet thall I eyer hold this for an undoubted pofitive Doctrine; that fhould weefinde a man who had enterd commere with the whole World, could difcourfe of the : diverfity of all Tongues, and returne their proper diftindt Idioms: yea, fuch an one, as had ingratiated himr folfe by his Gentile gablecin the afferition of all $E$ frates; and in a poliflid formall difcoure could tell you how hee had feene Iudaßes Lanterne at St. Denmifes, the Ephefian Dianain the Lobure, thegreat Veffell at Heidelberg, the Amphi-The:atreatrlifmos, the Pyramids of $E$ Eypt, with the incredible manner of their Obits, the Stable of the great Mogob, or the Solenunitics of Mecha: yet were all thele gencrall Notions of torragne States ufoleffe, being efranged from the know. ledge of his ewne Native Soile. Yea, fhould bee mlarge his difcourfe in all thefe, by expreffing himfelfe in fuch a Dialect, as might defervingly beget an Admiration, in the Hearer. yer defocht ding ro his owne, and fhewing himfelfe moftionnorant, wherein hee flould bebeftexperiencid', he coald merit no leffe than juft reproofe : in fo undervalying his owne, ass aco publifh himfelfe fufficiently read in all places butat tome. An Englifh faule I mufe confefle; whofe condition it is to admire nothing more; nor with an eagenaffetation to purfucoughtmpre, than the fancies and madows of Stranyers: Where fathicns befe they never fo unbefeening, they cannot: want our imitation, becaufe introduced by a frange Nation. Theferefemble Painters, whofe Art
plouat esibrol hand bostablac.

c. $1:$ ' (1:! ! 1
it is to make faces, but to forget their owne.
Nor is it my purpore in this, to taxe the cornmendable $T$ ravailes of fuch, who with much danger and hazard have improved their owne knowjedge, and benefited others by their unidertakings in aflayes of this nature. Travaile 1 kncw to be the moft accomplifhed ornament of a Gentleman : enabiling him both for bufineffe and difcourfe : but to travaile fo farre from our owne,
f ais to make our felves ftrangers to what nearelieft concernes us, argues a negleit in our felves. : bry a contempt or difecteeme of our owne.

Wee flall read in all Records of antiquity, with what heate and height of defire, all fuch perfons as intereffed themfelves in compiling any Hiftoricall relations, ever pitcht upon defcription of thicir owne Countreys: with a continuation of fuch Heroick acts, exployts, and defignes, as might conferre a deferving luftre upon her. Meane time, it was not the leaft of their care to beftow an impartiall penne in the deblazon ofevery perfon or action. Their greatelt ambition was, to magnifie truch : to cloath vertue with her owne native habit, and difcover the deformity of vice, were the fubject never fo eminent, whereof they wrote.

Neither were thefe Tafks onely for mafculine addicted boil fo perufing \& compilang of Hiftorics. spirits: for many eminent Ladies were ufually vers'd in thefe fudies, to their honours, and the admirationn of their Succeiffors. Zenobia after the death of odonatus her deare fpoufe, though a Barbarian

Barbarian Queene, yet by her reading of both Romane and Greeke Hiftories, To mannaged the State after the deceafe of her huaband, as thee retained thofe fierce and intractable people in her obedience : andima Princely privacy referving feme felect houres for perufall of Hiftory, which held good cotrefpondence with her Majefty, fhe abridged the Alesamarian, and all the orientall Hiftories : a taske of no leffe difficulty thanutility, whereby flae attained the highelt pitch of wifedome and authority. The like inward beauty might be inftanced in many other eminent Perfonages of that Sexe; whofe excellent compofures in this kinde furvive the vading period of time; as that vertuous Corwelia, mocher to the victorious Gracchas; who, as the was an Exemplar or Mirrour of goodneffie and chaftity, fo by the improvement of her Education to her children, the expreft her felfe a noble Mother, in feafoning their unriperyeares in the fladies of Hiftory, Poefy, and Philorophy. Nexther, Porsia, Brusus his wife ${ }^{\text {C Cleobula, }}$, daughter to Cleobuluis one of the feaven Sages of Greece. The danghter of Pythagoras, who afo ter his death governed his Schoole; excelling in all Hiftoricall difourfes, which wee here fo much commend; and afterwards crecting a Colledge of Virgins, fle became governeflic or guardineffe over it. What ftall I fay of Theane daughter to Metapontus, a difciple of the fame Sect? What of Phemone, who firft gave life to an Heroïcke Verfe : and in exquifite compo-
fures recounted the memorable actions and occurrents of her time? what of Sulpitia, Calernas his wife, whe lefobehind her moft foveraigne precepts touching wedlocke, with the relations of that age, in a moft proper and elegant ftile? And Hortenfia daughter to that moft famous Orator Hortenfius, who for copioufneffe of fpeech, gravity or weight of fentence, gave a living lufter to her lines, a fucceeding fame to her workes? And Edefis borne at Alexandria, one of fuch learning, fiveenceffe otdifpofition, as the was highly admired by thofe thar lived inher time : and amonger other excelf nees, fingularly read in HiItorics; then held a ftudy worthy the entertainment of nobleft Ladies? And Corinnathia, who is reporred to have forpatifed the Poct Pindarus in artfiul and exact compofures:contending with him five feverall times, as may be probably gathored by the teltimonies of the ancient, for the Garhand or Coroner, afiually beftowed tupon fich glonions followers and favomites of the Mluk's? And Paula Seneca's: wife, a Matron not oncly improved by his inftructions, but highly cariched hy the hancfic of her owne properftudies: ever referving fome choyce houres for the prrufill of fuch relations as cither in thofe or pre-coding times had occurred. So as, we maxivery wellicollet, whence the ground of her huskands fortow proceded, in bewailing the ignorance of his mother, nor fufficiently feafoned in the preieprs of his Father:by reflecting upon the abiliticis ofhis Paula, whofedifourfe cither for Hi -
ftory
ftory or Morall Philofophy, appeared fogenuine and proper,as her very name conferred on her family a fucceeding honour. Laftly. (that I may not infift too long on thefe feminine Mirrors, left they fhould taxe fome of our Moderne Ladies of ignorance with other temporary errors ) Argentaria Pollia, wife to the Heroicke Lucan, is faid to have affifted him in the apt compofure of his Verfes: being nolefferich in fancy, than he himfelfe when mof enlivened by a Poëticall fury. Nor did the reftraine her more profperous ftudies onely to dimenfions, being no leffe converfant in Hiftaricall relations, than Poëticall raptures.

There, as they excelled not onely the moft of their Sex, bnt the eminent't perfonages of their thac in a judicious and ferious difcullion of the fruits and benefits of Hifory: fo they deferve to fucceeding times a juft renuall of their memory: yea, fome of their workes wrought fingular effect in the moft remiffe and pufillanimous fpirits of that time. …For as in a Table we cye his feature, whom we doe here honour ; whofereprefentation conveighes to our heart a vehement defire of imitation, of whatioever we know imitable in him : So Hiffory, the exact mappe or difcovery of humane affaires; perfonates to us in lively colours, the modell of preceding times, with the dippofitions of fuch perfons as flourifhed in thore times: which Survey begets in a manly firit, an eager purfuit of their actions: confidering, how fame is the conftanft guardon
of relolation. For as Themifocles walked in the nighe time in the open treet, becaufe he could not teepe: the caule whercof when fome men did inquire, he andivered chat the fame-difperfed triCis.rufl.lition unuph ot Miltindes would not fuffer him to take his relt : So the rclation of others actions begets a glorious emulation in every noble spirit.

And (doubtleffe) there is nothing which inthames the minde of man more anto valour and refolution, than the report of the acts of their Anceftors, whofe monuments remaining of record with this imprefic: Non norunt bac monumenta mord, muft needs fierre up in them adefire ofimitation.

Many examples I could produce herein, as the Trophies of $\mathcal{H}$ Hiltiades, indicements of immtation to Casar : the alts of Achylles to Alexander, of $r$ lyg.es to Telamon, of the Greckifh Heroís to Prymalion, of Danaus to Linceus, exigeus. wThefews. Manytimes (weeread) where a maturall defectand want of courage was fated, cven:a retrograde from rhe fiphare of valor, there (though a barren feed-plot to worke on) by Hiforicall difoourfe hath magnanimity fhewne her Telfe in more perfect and reall colours, than ifnaturcher felfe had miplanted in that man a Native defire totight; 在 powerfull is Hiftory in her felfe, where mature in her felfe expreficth frall power. This difourfe thercfore thould not bee imployed in any thing fave in excitements to Glory, morives ro warlite defignes; fince by it va-
lour is quickned, a defire of honour inflaned, Countries tame difuerfed, arid mơnunients ofnc-ver-dying glory cre'ted: O then', who fhould for difallow the precious treafire of a relined clifcourfe, 15 to mixe it with impudent \&e fcurrillous. inventions; fuch fictions as are not onely in themfelves fabulous, bute to the unftaid Reader (of which fort we have too many) mortally dangerous? Which fables in my opinion fall among the impertinent \& feigned Fables called Milefie ; only:iming at the depravition of manners," and the effeminating belf-refolved Spirits. The ripencfle whereof (by firch infeafoned difoourfes) beconie blafted before their time: O that the depravednes of thefe times thould taine fogencrally approved ftudy:making Hiftories meere Panyginick's'(Po: ems of adulation) to infinuate \& wind themfelves into the aftection of the Great, leaving the Scope of an Hiftorian to gaine by their ftudious trafick.

Bur locus returne to the office of agood Hiftod rian : He will not write but upon fingellar Office of an Grounds, reafons impregnable; conferring with the beft to make his narrations confirmed of the beftis. Hee writes the fories of Princes trucly, without conceding their crrours' (by way of filencing them) or comment uponan Hi ftory, amexing to it an umacellaty glofe. He will not be foengaged to any, as that he will bee refrayned of hiss'S Sopes or fo counternanded, as that he muft of necelfity illuntate viec; vertuid cannot paffe without her cliarafer: A good Hiftorian will alwayes expreffe the actions of
good men with an Emphafis; to folicite the Reader to the affecting the like meanes, whereby he may ataine the like end. This was the caufe, all the noble Heroies inancient time did leave to pofterity their atts, to imitate : nor fo much for recording their owne memorable lives, as for the propagating their Countries eternall honour by fueceeding Worthics. As thofe eltablifhers of good and wholefome Lawes made themfelves with their Countric renowned : Bymos and Radamanth among the Cresenfians; Orpheus among the Thracians; Draco and Solon in Athens; Lycurgus in Lacedemon; Zamolxis among the Scythians : Nor be Hiftorians (iffo the profeffors merit that file) ofleffe efteeme than the prudentoftand inoft experienced Statifts. For theere direat every Senator in politicke affaires, by producing fich as cxcelled in adminiftration of juftice; defribing the very natures of fuch Lawes, and the caules why fuch Lawes were anacted to prefent times.

True it is ${ }_{2}$ that experience: bath begot wife, dome, and memory as a Mother hath brought it forth. This might be inftanced in nothing more tolife than in thefe Heroicke 1 Clors, and Hiforicall Relators of what is acted. The former by an experienc'd hand and refolute heart not onely contrives butatchieves what may moft conduce to the honour of his Countrey, and the fucceeding renowne of his owne family. : The latter becomes a ferious, conftant and comperible Record to the former : by commending to
writing whatfocver merited either approovement, or might jufty lay anafperfion of difhonour upon the undertaker. Eor as the definiti+ on of Hifory is to bee circumferibed by no ftraiter bounds, than thefe proper extenfive attributes :" The witneffe of times, the light of truth; "the life of menorys and, the meffenger of "antiquitys fo areall memorable actions of preceding times by her to pofterity recommended: and thefe with the light of verity and perfpecuity to becloathed ithat the life of thofe astions may bee better preferved; and anciquity in her owne native, though naked habite, prefented It is moft certaine, that many cxcellent Patriors, whofe folc honour it was toadvane their Countries glory, though by their owne ruine; preferring her 'quarrell before their owne lives, have utterly refufed to have any, Statues erented in their mempry: holding kerfacin ber owne pure unblenifhed effence, to bea monument of andre perpetuity, than all materiall fructures, lyable to the period of time : yes didnever any of them withdratw thenfelyes, from being recorded in there bogk 9 s of fianeor cipurang them Eathly. Elifums, , for memorizing the ir - agtions after death, which crowned their mames with riiumphallhonours during life: Hetice it was that Gicaro mov'd Luseius (oucof a dextrous pennely and confirmed fame ) to reford his asts in thia writings:and Plinius Iunior withed nothing'niore than to be mentioned inthaHiltorics of Corne.
 ding nicmory.

## 24

Now, to infifto little upon that rich and unvatuablo Trafficke, wlith'thefe our late-declining times have had with their predecefiors: we fhall funde, that as formon States reccived much improvement by the relation and recollection of forrane lawes, which being made, by a difereet ule and reduction of them, more proper and peculiar, highly advanced thofe Municipall States where they became efkablithed: So even our own timies, though refined, and by collection and collation of many Lawes; with elcétion of the beft, breathing nothing clle than an abfolute ftate of government, neede not to be afhamed to make ufe of fome e fpeciall Lawes enacted and duely cxcated by Ethnicks, both in meat, driake; and attire.

For the firft, the Spartans held it no derogation nor dilhonour to them, to conforme thenfelves to the Laconian Order, frrict, but healthfillh proportioninig fluch a meafure both for meat and drinke, as Leflushimfelfe, had hce lived in thote times, mighit have feene his owne phyficall dircitionsfopunctually obferved, that nothing sould be'tolife better portrayed, than to behold to remperate-abltemious a courfe generally prax itifid. And to deterre others frem too loofe and luxurious feeding; it was their care to ered fundry statucs or Images, to peprefent the futilh fearofull ends of futh, who expof d themelyes toriot.

As the feature of Heliogabalius, the effeminate Sardanapalue, the unbounded Ericthous, the in-

## $A \mathcal{N}$ (urfery for $G B \mathcal{X} C R R$.

fatiat Cambletes, whofe infamous life clos'd itelfe |, with as ignominious a death:for this gluttonous Lydian King having in a Dreame devouredhis wife, while hhe lay neeping with him together in the ame bed; and finding her hand betweene his teeth, when he awaked, he flew himfelfe, fearing dilhonour. Which Modells portrayed not onely to life, but explained by proper Impreffes, wrought wonderfull effects in the taking Spectator. For as that Rhetoricall Improver of his Countrey, and Reviver of her Language, was wont to fay; There is nought that can bee taught without example: whence it came to be a cuftome amongft the ancient Lacedemonian Fathers, to prefent their Eliotes, or flaves in folemne Feftivalls before their children, toabt all their Obfenities by action, gefture, and every unfeemely or undecent pofture, to deterre them from Drunkenneffe, and other beftiall qualities incident to that vice.

For the fecond, focautious were former times of their Honour, and fofearefull left they fhould darken that divine luftre of the intellect with that broad-fpreading Tetter or Deluge of liquor: Plato reports, that Kinfwomen ufed to kiffe their Kinfwomen, to know whether they drunke Wine or no, and if they had, they were to be punifhed by death, or banifhed into fome Inand. Plutarch faith, that if the Matrons had any neceffity to drinke Wine, cither becaufe they were ficke or weake, the Senate was to give themlicence, and that priviledge might not be admit-

- Cisero. "Eanarues.
red in Rome neither, but out of the City , : SARcrobius affirmes, that there were two Senators in Rome chiding; and the one called the others Wife an Adulterefie, and the other his Wife a Drunkard; and it was judged that to be a Drunkard was nore infany.

Such ftrong imprefion had their Lawes, and the life of thofe Lawes; which is Execution, wrought upen them, as nothing became more

- Eprive ui cor dpín, శ刀Nidous \% a $\pi$ wher 'irr. Eicles' 38. difhonourable than this odious vice; and Heavensgrant, that it may be no leffe difrelifhed by us, who wcare a far more glorious and honorable Cogntance than thefe Etbricks ever atrain'd to

For the third, they hated nothing more than light-phantafticke habits: They were conftant in dheir attire; their Trafficke was not to ingage their Countrey to forraine fafhions, nor foole the State with Fowles feathers. It was not one of their leaft cares to prevent all occafions of too fimptuous apparell in perfons of all conditions: but by all nicancs, to rcteine a feemely diftinction or difference betwixt men of quality, and thofe of obfcurerranke. Yea, Hiftories will deliver to us what efpeciallobfervances were ufed in all thefe, with the penalties inflicted upon fuch delinquents as were refractory in any of thefe.

Now, a reflexe upon thefe, fhould indure us not onely to concerve all gorgeous aitire to be the ature of finne, but to obferve that decent forme, or ruie of diftinction in our habis, that we may become exemplarie unto others, by making ufe of what we have read : never holding it any derogation

THere Ages have beene, and are to this day, much indebted to Tranfcriptions. Invent $i$ on are oft-times flow, where the application of things invented to the prefent State feemes more facile and eafie: Herero then fhould the Scope of Hiffories tend; not only to perforate the Acts of men upon the Theater of this world, but likewife to cull out fuck Lawes, Orders, and Precepts, as well Coral as Divine, which may bencfit their prefenteftate. Sysambrls skin was a good caveate for fucceeding Judges: Juftice before went on crutches, and more were troubled with Denorlbenes difeafe than with Pboycions bluntneffe. The Hiftorian mut not ow pillows to the elbowes of Magiftrates, nor foot corruption with an humour of fhadowing vice: He hows what was done: and commends the one to reprehend the other. Vertue never wants her Character, nor vice her reproofe : For fuch Hiftotical Relations as induce to vertus, and deterre from vice, comprehend in them the true ufe of foch fubjects, being Apologeticall and Morall to reforme, not Mylefian or prophane, to deforms or diffigure the exact Symmetric of a vertuous Idome. No marvell if Alexander laid the F 2 works

A memorable Careacfur all corrupters of Justice.

USe of Tran. Ceriptaxies.
$\square$
$\qquad$

$\qquad$

## 


#### Abstract

derogation to receive any life of Infraction from others direction, 'though their Tranfcripts were onely Ethick, and thew ${ }^{\text {d }}$ not in them that fulneffe of beauty, which now fo clearly hines uponus.


 . .workes of Hower under his head, being fuch as dirested him to be a Head, how togoverne Provinces, how to fway his inordinateaffections 3ro as Cleanthes Table (Vertues beft elucidary) had her Liberall Sciences never better portrayed, than the differences 'rwixt true Fortitude, and a foolehardy boldneffe were by Homer deblazoned. Here a $H$ edior, badge ef true valour; there an $A x-$ tenor, whofe gravity purchas'd him honour; The Method therea Diemedes, no leffe wife than refolved; Poersicecined hace a Troilus, ftout enough, but unadvifed; incheir Heroisall mentures, Hiftoricall sel.astous. here warres well managed abroad, bur leffe fucceflive at heme, cxemplified in Cgamemasan: there a fubtile foonfe, no leffe fraighted with policy than fucceffe, in Synom. All thefe are expreffed by that Hervick Hiltorian

> 2wiquidfis pulehrum, quid turpe, quid wutile, quid non, Plenius ac melias Chryippo o Crantore dicit.

Thefe acts conld not but nuinifter fufficient matter ofadmiration to fuch Judicious Readers, as apprehended each circumftance in the fubject; making that apt connexion of all, that the body might fecme wrore exiellent, by the proportioning of every member.

Severall fruits of Hiftory.

HIftories in themfelves are diverfe, producing feverall fruits to the perufers, according to cvery mans affection : which made that Moderne Hiftorian compare them to a Banquet, wherein
were to bee ferved feverall diffos: f fome to provoke appetite, others to fatiate is more delightfull fubjects penned for relifhing more ferious fudies; graver difoourfes to ripen the underftanding, by applying the inftructions of formigne States to our owne judgements:where we may make ufe of the belt part of man (in his reafonable power) and that is Elections: approving of what is good, or may in it felfe be beneficiall to the State: and lightly obferving difcourfes of indiferency, as accomplements, ceremonies, circumftances, and the like, refembling faire frontifices which are maderather for orna. ment than ufe.

IT is neceffary for a good Hiftorian to have maturity of judgement, to apprehend what is fitteft for his difcourfe, and to be as little complementall as may be, left the virnih marre the worke; for the words of an Hiftorie in my epinion jumpe with chirandilla:--Vt non fint beeta, ite nee negledta : the one implies a kind of dejection, the other a minde too curious to proProfit of Hi Aory. fit any, defiring onely to pleafe himfelfe. Cafar in his Commentaries, fheweth no leffe dilcipline in the Arr of Hiftory, than in the difcipline of Armes:ufing a ftile as wel fitting a Souldier, as curiofity the fmooth tongue of an Orator. It is trtie which was obferved of him:Si a Cra eius penitus ig. Hfimestremcenorafes.per lingäa tamsen militem effe diceres. Ha- farem, dicerces ving neither his phrafes too felceted (as to the wa ${ }^{\text {te milurm. }}$ nefle in his writing.

Now, ropropofe a forme of style, and wbat may beft fuite with the quality of an Hiftorian; I will not arrogate fo much to my felfe: onely let me in a word explode that which in the opinion of all fuch as have writ touching the Style, carriage, or office of an Hiftorian, deferves repronfc.

For an Hiftorian than to ufe too polifh'd or terieastyle, or to play the Orator, when he thould pertorme the office of a Relasor, would notrelifh of diferetion. Or to fpinne out the webhe of his difcourfe in fruitleffe diverfions, which rather perplexe the immazed Reader, than enlighten his underftanding, implies either want of matter, or want of order. Togoe onina free and unaffected style; befeemes his perfon : propofing things done, as if they were ocularly prefented : and albeit, it be not the happy fate of all Hiftorians with the Princely' Cafar and fincere Comines, to bee perfonally prefent at thofe Conquefts or Difomfits whereof they writes yet hy collections or intelligence many have compofed, at leaft compiled excellent workes meriting no leffe improvement than if they had beene there in perfon prefent. And nodoubt, though information cannot be fo firme a ground to build upon, as a perfonall prefentation of what is done : yer, being ferioully intentive and follicitous from whofe relations they reccive intelligence ; ufing likewife a feafonable deliberation

## $A \mathcal{X}$ urfery for $G E N T R X$.

totry the iffue or event thereof, before hee commit to publicke, what was delivered unto him in private : he may by his owne diligence, with other accommodations, perfect what hee intends, and incurre few obliquities.

1 haveknowncindeed, divers, who onely breat thed their owne Countrey ayre : and never walked farther than their owne Paftures; ro have writ with much confidence of forraigne Seats, the government of their State, the barrenneffe or fertility of their ground; the difpofition of their inhabitants; their commerce with other nations. Their Lawes, Edicts, and Conftitutions : all which by their induftricus collection they have fo laborioufly reduced, fo properlycompiled, and and methodically digefted, as nor only the maine Bafis, or foundation whereon the whole Frame or Fabricke of their Hifory fubfifted, but the very circumftances inferences, and ilhuftrations confirm'd them Travellers in thofe Countries whereof they difcourfed.

This I confefle is a great felicity in an 1 uthor, and deferves a juftguerdon for his labour. Albeit, Chould any one unawaresconverfe with any of thefe touching the Site; Degrees, or Temperature of any fuch Province they have defcribed: how miferably would they wander', and conmit moreerrours in oue houres fpace with their tongue, than a whole yeare could rectifie with their penne? Relations of this nature are fo got by th' Booke, as their Remembrancer failes, when he is removed from his book. Never-
iNevertheleffe, it is not to be doubted, but that moft of our ancient Hiftorians whether Greck or Latine, have received their beft helpes from o thers Labours: which may appeare by this, in that they wrote of fuch Perfons and memorable actionsas were many ages before their times. So as, not onely this diftinct fudy of Hiftory, but generally all lcarning hath beene highly beholden to Tranfriptions (as I formerly obferved) for otherwife had the mofteminent'ft Labours in all ages perifhed.

It is tobee admired, by what Divine proviThe laz chap dence the ancient Records of long-preceding ter of the Hi . flory of the King dome of Cbins, punted in Macce, the firt Latime Booke thateverwas prinsed in china, makeih men-' tion of the Iland St.Lawretice undus she nime of Matuga/cir: esprellingin : pronper phrale Ciha more. to beadmired in io illicerate thwie) ithe Siteg D) lt ance, and Cummodisies, of thaiplact. timies have beenc preferved; efpecially, wanting thofe improving helpes of Printing ; which, with what facility of Art, and felicity of Invention, have beene of late yeares to all Chriftendome recommended, Ileave to the judicious toconceive, and conceiving to admire that peculiar benefit.

The people of cibina, indeed retained as a memorable appropriate to their antiquity, a certaine forme of Cyphering, whereof their impolilhid Art expreffed fome notions by ftamps and imprellions : but thefe were onely of ufe unto themfelves, being to intricate and obfoure, as it had becne a fruitleffe labour to have communicited them to any other, fave onely to their owne Natives, without a knowing Interpreter.

Nodoubt, but many excellent workes formerly compofed by ancient Authors, with no
leffe induftry than feliciry, both for Invention and style, have perifhed: which might be no leffe probably than authentically collected by divers memorable pieces loft both amongt the, Grecimemorable pieces lof both amongt the, Greci- perithed,
ans and Romans. We niake no queftion of Hor- of Trung T . mancri tenfus Eloquerice, and thatdivers workes of his bing to polteby the injury of time, have received that too common fate to Learning, extinction.

Cordus, an impartiall and uncorrupt Hiftorian; one who fuffered for the Integrity he profeffed: reteining ever that honeft refolution, that though the generall corruption of that time might truely conclude with Martial:

## Qui velit ingenio cedere, rarus erit.

He ever fcorned to comply with Time, or feed the humour of an imperiall Libertine, or licentious Governor. This man, I fay, or man ofmen, expreffed his courage moft, when thofe vitious and depraved times appeared worff. Yet, no doubt, many of thofe felect and approved Labours which he had fo ferioully compiled, and to an Hiftoricall Method reduced, remaine now obfcured. Many inimitable workes not onely in their Embrio, but brought to their full height and accretion, were written by that matchleffe Cafar, whereot wee have now fearce any femblanceremaining. And whence proceeded this Tester to Learning, but from the want of that which we in fo accurate manner enjoy, the benefit of Printing? The tedioufneffe of Iranfri-

Divers memorable workcs amongtt the Ancient have perithed, rity.
bing accafoned this injury; whereas, if the knowlad atof the Preffe had arrived theres, all thefe inconveniences had beene prevented, thofe. ancient Monuments of Learning, Martiall Exprience, hyy, of all Liberall Sciences had beene beteer prelerved. Thole'poore Arcadian Shepheards, when they had no other meanes to continuc the memory of theiractions, or perpetuate their Loves, or recommend to pofterity their Kurall Rapfodies, ufed to indorfe their paffiomare Expreflions in Rindes of Trees; which feemes plealantly fladowed at by the Poet:

Nomina parpo. ces $1 \times$ Goiliunt carticc Iagi; curtice quiple. fis nom porithIa merei, t .

Asirec have the benefit of Phate, fo ale chofe wuikes to produce lone benefit, which weemtend to l'rin:.
ding. Mo.dsit

In barks of Trces Shepbeards sbeir loves ingravid; whiclsins otiobole remain $d$, when th rinde wo m fosv"d. So follicirons were poore Swainlins to have the momory of their Paltoralls continued, as they uned the belt meanes thicy could to have them preferved.

Now, tous is a farre greater priviledge granted :our workes maybe kept to pofterity withm out anv fare of fo menacing an injury. Stampt they may be with a firmer Impreflion, tocontinuc their names to a fucceeding generation. It reft's, that as this benefir is conferred on us; we beftow our Oyle on fich I abours as may conduce to the publick : reteining ever a vertunus fiorne, to clote in oushe that may detract from gondneffe, or to fmother vice in the vifage of wramedle.

It was a religions Fathers continuate occalion afuriefe, which hee expreffed in many devout afpintionsand pionsteares, to recall to minde thore
thofe lighterand leffeconfequent Studies, which his youth had affected, concluding with this paffionate confeffion: "Thofe pudies which ionce lo"ved, now condemneme; tbofe which I fometimes "praifed; "oon di/parrayesoe: w..... !......
Let us reflecton this : iand become, difcrectly cantious what we write what peculiar fudy we addrefle our felves to; that our yeeres of age may not blulh when they perufe thofe Follies in Folio which our youth publifhed.!.i',

True is that conftant Maxinhe: yuventus inventioni, Senctlus caffigationi aptior.: How pregnant foever our wits be to invent; how rich foever our fancies be to conceit; how elegant focver our ftyle to illuftrate our difcourfe; if the Subied tend not to the practice of Piety; but oncly fuire with the quality of the time, expofinig cur Laimps tolucre, or to procure unmerited honour jour riper houres will bring us toa cenfire, and difco ver our follies in their owre naked and native feature. As then, we value our honour, or fhall labour to preferve our memory to a fucceeding age: let nothing paffe under our Pen, nor receive life fromour Conceit, but what with a dilcreet confidence we are affured of, that it may afford much benefit to that private brpublick fate to which it is addreffed: and by a propagating power beger mach profit in a conceiving Reader."

It is an obfervable note, which one experienc'd in affayes of this kind, fometimes faid, and to our prefent purpofe properly applycd: "It is "hard when the world shall fhew mine infirmi-
"tics under mine ownehand, faid that knowing Roman. The wiy to free us from occafionall cenfure, is to conceale our felves from the world, whois many times; $L$ ynceus to the lighteft errour. Lateat bacuma falue, was wife Ithacers his counfell roperplexed Andromache; and mine thal be the fame to every Author, in this cenforious Maze of opinionate phrenfie. Now to the election ofour Style.

The Records of things done, commended to polecrity, (hould not be enrolled, as the Chaldees did their Hieroglyphicks in Cyphers and inericare conclufi nis but in words moft fignificant, parifes modeftly elogant, and difcoure moft pertinent. Here, by way of digreffion, let me touch the ridiculous labours, and unfruitfull travailes of fuch who paffe the Alpes; trace uncoth places, Defarts, Promontories; for what end Heaven knows, fave enely to wreft out a phantafick behaviour of fuperfluous wit, or to comment on others Travailes by way of dirifien: Thefe are fuh as upon their returne, publifh what they have feene; fome more that they have feene, which I tearme Commenting Travellers: others Lefe than they have feenc, (or at leaft the moft im:pertinent) which I tearme phantaftick Travailers. Such as lyc on their Travaile, cirther doe it foriadmiratiom, or having mon up the adverse fhelvs of a deplored forture are enforced to invear ftrange things for the reliefe of their dejefted eftate. Such as publift Lefie than they have feene, (omitting things of the ertateflecnfequence, ro fatisfie our humors

## A Narfery for GENTR 1.

homors with trifles)doe it to gaine pregnancy, or fingularity rather of conceir : they talke not of the Acts of Princes, nor the Sites of Regions, the temperature offuch Clymates, or any materiall difcourfe, but to thew an exquifite ftraine of wit; purchafed by a little fruitleffe travell:they infert frivol ous occurrents, borrowed, or (it may be) invented by their owne phantafticke braines. Thele miffe the marke a good Traveller fhould aime at: thcy fhould obferve Lawes in forraigne places, like a good zycurgus, to tranfpore fo glorious a freight to their owne Countrey.They flould not (like our fafhion-inventers, our Italianated Albionacts) fo much obferve what is worne on the body, as what habir beft befeemes the nature and condition of their minde. Since flourilhingCommon-weales are then the highert, when in externall habilliments the loweft : for Sparta never flourifhed more, than when the conformed her State to the imitation of the Lasonians.Many Realmes have we knowne to be miraculoully protected, by meanes of experienced men: which experience they either received by Travell or Example :' yea; many Empires (and thofe of anipleft circumference) have beene reduced from a kinde of fervitude within themfelves, by experiments derived from a farre." For Travell, the excellent defignes of Seriforisus, Eumae: nes, Marius, and Antonius, may fufficiently confirme the profit to bee reaped therebywis For Example : We fhall reade in all the Roman Annals, acertaine vehement defirc inall the worthy

Vfe of travell and example.

Imitation in Patricians of imitating whatfoever they perceived versus. to bee worthy imitation in their predeceffours; marking the events of their intendments, and collecting the goodneffe of the means by the profperous fucceffe in the end. There were worthy monumentall honours, that could nor only imitate the vertus fotranfparant in others, but even exemplifie their memorable actions in themiclues.
Wee are placed in the following Ages, bur we forme to follow the precedent times in their viertues, though expert enough in contriving politicke delignes : the fabricke of our invention and difpofe or tranfpofe it isle to any flare, any imprellion, for private paine or advantage : bur publicke affaires may be Advocates for themelves; they are a Mcrchandife too farce estranged fromouraffections; none will travaile to parchafe their Countries peace : Solons we have few, that gee mad for their Country ; but Tarpecs's we have too many, that are made with define to betray their Country : Few Lawinkters, many Law-infringers: making wholeforme Lawes, like $T_{\text {arandalas webs }}$ wickers for great ones to come through, but fares for little ones to hold.
: Thole ancient Emblems flood profeft antiof duffing. pades'to the e fe injurious Spiders; whole define is, that suffice may fill hold her comparifon with the Celedonie tone, which retaineth her vertus nolonger, than it is rubbed with gold. There were certaine Images of Judges, by report con-
firmed, and to their full proportions, with proper Motto's annexed, anciently rendred; which were fet up at $\mathcal{A}$ thens; (at that time the feldet Seat of the Mufes) having neither hands nor cyes: implying, that Rulers and Magiftrates, to whom the civill fword of juftice was recommended, fhould neither be infected with bribes, nor any other way drawne from that which was lawfull and right.

Lafrea, the goddeffe of Juftice, was portrayed before them ${ }_{3}$ her ballance hanging inan equall falle. The leaft deviation from what was juft, ingaged the purple delinquent to an heavy cenfure. And this confirmed by the juft and irrevocable decree of higheft Empercuirs. Severus would have fmoak'd fuch fellers of fmooke. zerxes would have pulled their skinne over their cares. This brought that flourifhing-glorious eftate to that fpreading Empire in thofe happy dayes wherein $\mathrm{BA} A \mathrm{fl}$. the Emperour of Coxjfansimoplelived; af whom it is reported, that whenfoever he came to his Judgement feat, he found neither party coaccufe, nor defefidant to anfwer. I remembera certaine Modell of antick forme, wherein were prefented in Punick 'Kabits' Yixe grave perfonages, perfonating the offic of Fxellieni Emblemes for doblazoning corIudges s each of them portrayed to the full body, and difoovered by their diftinct Pofture and Impreffe : The firft,as one made up of impertinences, intending more the houre how it paffed; than how bufineffe were difpatched, fate winding up his Watch; and above him thefe words writ
ingolden Letters: Quota eff hors: The next to him, as one rocked aliecpe, fate a grave Endymion, careleffe how the world went, or how canfes proceeded : his onely refide on a bench, was to take a nappe, and with all indifferency torecommend the carriage of all bufineffes unto another, fohe might withour difturbance, enjoy his flumber; his Imprefle, to anfwer the former: omaibus dormio. The third, animperious furly Saturnif, whofe will washis Law ; one, who feorned to veile to anothers judgement, though his epinion were more juft: preferring his owne voyce before the equity of the cuufe : which hee makes sood with as confident an impreffe: Sig volo, fic iubeo. The fourth, a conceiving Sage, who heares all, but fayes nothing: appearing as one wome byaffection; or over-aw'd by command : or as one conitantly refolv'd to comply with time, he approves with filence, what his owne knowledge dictates to him for unjurt; and this he feconds in thefe words: $V$ ideo, /ed taseo. The fifth, one of a ftrong working pulfe, more apt to receive than a common Shore. His Nerves were defcribed ever extended ; his Eyes fixt upona vifible object of approaching profit; and his Lungs nearely confumed with a clofe infatigable whifpering of, gaiddabis? The laft, in a fornfull eying and dif-etteeming of their irregular courfes; as one declining from their injuricus carringe, which he conceipts unworthy the combrace of any fincere profeflant, who thould make his life the line, by which
others actions are to bee directed, others affections meafured, concludes, vides be rideo. Truth is Emblenes of this fort are held a kinde of reprefentative Hiftories : and by fo much more moving, in regard their features imply a mot native and frce expreffion, than if they were difcovered onely by the penne without any othes. liniment.

With pieces of this quality, many eminent and illuftrious perfonages have been infinitely taken : inftancesticre of are each-where to be found without feeking; and incomparably uefull in their applying. Protgenes his Table, wherein Bacches was painted, (and with no leffe excellence was the Embleme contrived) ruoved King Demetrius lying fiedge at the Gity'Rbodes; to a!e fuch intermiffions and prejudiciall delayes in the pnrfuit of his defigne,' that where he might have confumed she City with fire, IPparod it for the precioufneffe and accurate workmanhhipiof: that Table:foas, ftaying to bide them battaile, tie won not the Cityat all.

We fhall fee in the draught of ancient Hiftories, not onely the actions and events of warres fet downe; but likewife the Purprife of Forts, the Site of Cities; the manner of their. defeats; in Pistures and other impreffive Sculptures';' which adde a great beauty and living refemblance to the Hifory. This we may fec in thofe time-furviving Commentarics of $C$ a/ar, and other Moderine Annals exprefed, to which thefe digreflive obfervations may be properly referred.

Shis 69?
BUItrórcurnerio orr former argument aby the righe ufe bifHiftory we fee vertue revived whenter defonder is dead: and to fay the truth, "l may ute Tbales fentence in' this difs courfe :witbout Hifrory, Nildertern'a misâdif? ferre : Since the life of the dead depends upori the mentry of the living : For without fome inemoriall of astions profecuted, what difference botnvixt the valiant acts of 1thares, and: the thancefinl returednefle of exgyfar? betwist eutur neas picry, and pigtnalions cruelty: thoy are dead, and their peore Vrne can fpeake no more for

The gieas ulans Morte. thew, than Pompey:'s Sepulchre (pake for hiuntic fatus aft magninthere he jyes tliat tvas phoe great powerfill in popular vommand, genemily-füdefr full, before his Pharfolian difcomfite:here hellyes that wasftiled his Cummeries Patron, Rowes beft Centinoll: yet filing in theclof of his formines. dronpitse in the upthot afthis vietories: Time dan crett no other merment in his rememhrance: vixi, ef vici: onely unce llived, and was once Conquerrur. it is irecorded; that "hen alexander came to the Tombe of 准byl. les and beheld the Mirrour of Ereece.s. Shat up in io fimall a famting of earth; (a parcell of that whide whichconddhardly!containe him lising) hewept biecely, adding: Heccine fust Trophata? Ectlcic all the Momments, atl the Trophies this world could afioord thee? Is greatizefle fo foone - winguifle and the lamne of hemour to fonne
put ourl? Aigood motive forsed lexander to cautionłtinjoftris morralioy fandmighe make up this conclufion aflesaredar thousare not mido. but midap, nis quias: not the fonneoof Iapiter, but the fonne of earths
in Tbe like wee read ratated by amintise curyius. that whenthis great Prince of ziaredon mme into Ferfor, an object of nade fle piteyjthin example ot humane frailty ${ }_{12}$, reprefented it itelfo untohin: to wit, the poore Sepulchre of that victorious Gyrus, on whishbeffoundno dher Itcriptioni than this: 0 owdin hephoferuer thouber, or from what place foesker thou Bualtcense (for Li know thess pilt comee) knopwthat I am Cyrus, whatranflated the Empirefroin the Medes to the Rerfains is: pray theie
 doth covernic. This: Epitaphicuuld niot choofe but fixe an impreffionofremorfe and comnufe-ration (as indeed it did) sin thar great Conquerours heart: feemg wheneno illihis wictories temded : Sons Nero's afferting command and foveraignty was well anfwered by Seneca: Pulchrums effregnare, (faid Nero:) Nibil eft, finibil quaras, replyed seneca: Certainly (aflboenot blinided $k$ with the love of Hiftoricall difcotrere) there is no mednes better to deterre from vice, nor more effectuall inducements unto vertue, than thefe morall relations. By them wee fee che lives of Primt çs, and their imploymenss (Prima Specie leta) in their firftentrance or paffage pleafant, and dclighefutl, promifing no leffe than fucceffe, and in fucceffe, continuance:and afterwards( Tractudura)
H 2 more Fortime were temoyed to a place fubjefted: to more ccurrents; yet not fodangerons," as to be attended by ruine:nor forecure, as to promife an undoubrediffie. Eventu triffic; a ftrange CataAtropho of fafaire beginnings!' where, in the firt, there was feurity grounded upon niore than Hopo : in the fecond; hoper, though not fectre: in the third, neitherhope nor fecurity, but deprivall lof both. Yet even in thete converfins, if -it pleafe the Reader to afthiscye upon the add mirable moderarion of fome Princes affetions, the fhath feverrily a Chriftian refolution in a Pas

Triue fortisude. Fin. Furias Camillus conld not be daunted; (rhough winufly yeufired) his exile neither nimde him dejected, nor his Dickator-fhip prowd Phocion, that honett Senator (to fatisfie an unfatiate apperite ofrevenge)renders up his life willingly, and whenhe could not dye without paying for hisdesth, frindifferene was life to him, as hee confrmed his refolution by this Epiphonema: itaque nife emptanece nori mibi abbenis norilicutt?

To reconnt the verumets lives and refolute deat's of the Canny, Senece, Sruntï, Sorani, $\begin{gathered}\text { ofe. }\end{gathered}$ men of admirable rempers in fo corrupt a go. vernment : what excellent divine preceprs they propofed: whar indifterency not onely towards Fortune hur Life it felte they; thewed'; how integricu'ly they bare themfelves in place of homur; with what conftancy they fuffered themRelves to be derrived of it-; would Itrikeamaze-
ment

## A Nurfery for GENTR

ment in any underftanding man. Efpecially, having had no other helps but the light of Nature to guide themis nothing but an imagmary Conceit of fame to etcrnize thiem. Light veiles for fo high defignes.

In thofe blind times;' wheri States and Empires grounded their fucceffe on Oracles; giving more ciredit to their doubtfull Delphian Refolves than any other prafage : with what preparedneffe would their Generalls and Leaders grapple with the extreameft oppofitions of dearh and danger? "No fafery, norhripe of Victory either to State " or Army, conclides ihe Oracle, if the Generall "iive: and rather than the State fhould fuffer prejudice by hislife, with open breaft and checrefullembrace he meetes death. Curtius leapes into the Lake ; Cocles into the Sea. This fuffers exile, and rejoycethin his misfortune; that degraded, beares the fame count mance in his difgrace.

Againe, obrerve thofe conftant amicable contracts of friendfhip one made with another : how no perill could divide their affections : 115 interpofed Clotid darken thofe rayes of Amity murually reflecting: Hiftorics are ftered with inftances (fthis kind, which deferve cur menory, with an admiration of iheir immutability. Two efpeciall exan:ples, amongft many others, Stories afford us, which are here inferted by us, briefly related, but to perpetuity memorifed. The former is of Pelopidas that noble Grecian, who fkirmifhing with the Lacedemonians againft the

Arcadians, untill fuch time asbeing hurt in reveniplaces, he felldowne at lagt for dead. Then prefently Epaminondari (a nuirror of confant $A_{r}$ mity, in anhazard of fuch extremity) out of a princely refolution, ftepping forth beltrid him, and fought to defend his body, he alone, againft many, till being fore cut on his arme with a Sword, and thruft into the breaft with a Pike, he was even ready to give over. But at that very inftant, Agefipolis, King of the Lacedensonians,

Phatarcis.in Peinpida. initio. came with the other point of the Battell, in an happy houre, and faved both their lives, when they werc paft all hope.

Charcus Scrvilius, a valiant Roman, may fupply the place of the latter; whohad fought three and rwenty Combates of life and deathinhis owne perfon, and had alwayes flaine as many of his Encmies as chaleng'd him manto man; when as the poople of Rome, upon fome private difontent, refifted Pawlus ef miline tryumph, food up and made an Oration in his behalfe. In the midtt whercof he caft open his gowne, and thewed before them the infinite fkarres and cuts hee hadreceived upon his breaft. The fight whereof
Plut. in Pidulo IEmillo, finc. fe prevailed with the people, that they all agreed in one, and granted ex miliwe Tryumph.

Should we obferve likewife what inteftine and invercrate hate one Nation bare to anothers; where a tew ficcellion ever reteined that propofed revenge of their Anceftor, it would give us no little uccafion of wonder : that fmall beginninges rifing togreatcr heates, neither byicontinuance
nuante of time, which weares out greateft difpleafures, nor mediation of intercceding States, could pombly berttolied. Variety of theef, Hifory will likewife afford ins:

When Annibal was a Child, and at his Fathers commandment, hee was brought into the place, where he made facrifice ; thd laying his hand upon the'Altar, fware that fo foo:se as hec brire any fway in the Commion-weald, hee would be a profefle d enemy to the Romans. And that this grounded Nationall hate was not to be extinguifhd by death, niny appeare by many cminent and pregnant Inftances; not oncly anciently but even of later times occurring.

Seipio appointed his Sepulthre to be ro placed, as liis Imageftanding upor it, hight looke directly towards Africus that being dead, he might trill be a terror to the Carthaginiass.
Zijon that viliant Gapraine ofthe Bohemians Wo thad borie hinifelfe fo victoriolily lucecfo five in many fee Batrelfs of fincomparable confoquence, commanded that afterns"deceare his frin fhould be flayd from his body to make a Dinmine, which they thould ure jin their battellso: affirming that as foonc as the Afungarians, or any other their cnemies, flould hate the fond of that Drumme, they would not abide, but take their flight. This was the reifon that the body of Cadwallo, an ancient King of eritaines, (to draw nearer our owia liorder:) being embalmed and dreffed with fiweet confections, was put into a brazen Image: and fer ugon a brazcin Hollinfleal.

Horfe over Ludgate fora terror to the Saxons. Theic in a private Arbour, fecluded from the cares or turmoyles of the world, to perufe; cannot but beget a delight and admiration in the Readcr. While hee collects the rare temper of fome, whofealteration of fortune could not fo much as occafion one figh, or produce a teare. The Reafon might be this, they were not fo much cnamoured on what they cnjoy'd, and confequently could forgoe whatfocver they enjoy'd with leffer griefe. Servile teares become flavifh mindes: whereas a truely ennobled difpofition feornes to be reftrained by fuch gyves. This bencfit of Nature they enjoyed, and infuch freedome, as loffe of fortunes could not amate them, being feated on an higher Mount than the brives of folight a Soveraigneffe could afecend to.

Thefe rightly conceived, and uefully applyed that Philofophicall Axiome: "As the Moone "doth nevereclypere, but whem fiecis at the full: :so ': the Minders never fomuch ob $f$ cured, as it is with "the fuperfluity of Riches. And againe, as the "Aloose is the furtheft off from the Sunne, which " giveth it light, when it is at the full, foa Man; "when bee is fulleft of Riches, is furtheft off from "that Equity and Iuftice whichought to give hims " light. Hercin therefore ( to free them from a more danger us fhelfe ) they thought to imitate the Flic, which puttech not her fecte into the wate mantio of Honcy, but onely takech or tafich with her rengue fo murn thereof as ferveth her turne and no more, left by doing otherwife,
thee might remaine taken and drowned therein. For truc is that fentence in every worldlings experience: 2ui mundum ampleतtunsur fimiles funt illis, qui fubmerguntur in aquis. This, through a contennt moderation of their defires, moved Anacharfes to refufe the Treafure fent him by Crafus: A nacreon the Treafure fent him by Policrates: And ©lbionus the Treafure fent him by Antigomas.

That Zeno provd himfelfe a Philofopher indeed by his contempr of the World; who hearing that all his citate was expofed to thipwracke, with a plealing frile, and a compofed temper, farre above the braves of fortune, concluded: "c Fortune bids mee now the fooner play the sen. de trams. Philofopher. And as their Spirits were elevated above the Orbe of Fortune; fo could they with no leffe noble refolution fuffer the mifery of Exile, ever clofing with that divine Morall: Si fapiens eft, nonperegrinatur; $/$ iffultus eft, exuldat. Sex. de romed. Howfoever then the State, upon fome immerited ground might pronounce their Profriptions againft them : their Countrey was wifedome; their crue repofe, a quiet, compofed mind, ready to fuffer in defence of honcur, and to hold it aprerogative of honour fo to fulfer.

What fhould I feake of Publius V alcrius. Publicola, whofe moderation in the chbe of fortune, and furplifage of miferies, made him more admired, than hated. The equall temper of Rutilliss, the exceeding modefty of L. Quintius, the grave and ferious refgect of Fabius cMaximus,
the temperatedeliberation of cMarcellus; and the ad:nirable government of Tiberius Gracchass ; the wife fraidneffe of aretellus, and the diferect patience of cerarcus sibulus. We ute to be more excited to gondneffe by Ex. mompes than Precepts; and fuch inftances in Hiftorics are not a litele perfwalive, reprefenting to our cyes the divers objects of Piety in Coriolanns, of Jultice in Ariftides, of Prudence in Cleobulus: and tobebriefe, of all vermes fo well practifed by Prans, as they may well deferve an imitation by Chiflians.

TO proceede now to the Difoourfe is felfe i I alliw of a copious phrafe in Hiltory : For contration of fentences dod oft-times contract the fence, or at lealt makes the Subject leffe intelligible: :Cornelins Tacitus feemed to affect an intricate kinde of writing, yet his Argument in is filfe for copious might madefly Apologize his fuccintanefo, approving 7 wllies opinion, where he propominds, what errours are moft fubject to Taxing in fuch Difcourfes: visiofum eriam of fo nimium apparatis verbis compofisum, aut nimiam longumeft: Taxing in the onc Singularity, commending in the other Brevity: Yet he fecmes to oppofe himfelfe in it by plancecentradioicon, mak ing relarion of the fame Difirurfé: Noxparum fructus babet in Se copia
llhit Seile hill ferves an Billory. dicendi, $<$ commodisas orationis : But thefe tend ratlertuRhutericall Narratiens, than Hiftori-
call
call Defrriptions. Tacitus is to be preferred before the moft, being a dilated compendiary of many declined States, dif-united Provinces: fhewing the vices of the time, where it was dangerous to be Vertucu;, and where Innocence tafted the fharpeft cenfare: what garbe beft fuited with the ftate of that tine, defribing the O rators Tongue-Facundam isimacity js, morepartiall than Time-oblervers. Where Amici Cwria, were Parafiti Curia: The Courts friends, the Courts Popingayes. Here he fhewes a great Man rifing, and his fall as fuddaine as his erection: the immeritorious, in election for greateft honours s and the vertuous depreffed, becaufe they will not mount by finifter meanes. There a Prince that fhewed great teftimonies of his approved vertues, folong as he was lubject, but raifed to an unexpected heighthee feconded this Conclufion:" An ill Prince fpoyled a good "Subje.': fo was Galba: Omnium confenfu capax Imperÿ, wif imperafet: O what lingular fruits may begathered out of that one Hiftory, to teach men in high eftates how to moderate their Grearneffe sand others of inferiour ranke, rather to live retired, than to purchafe eminence in place by fervile meanes? But of all, the divers af- Diverfitv of fections of Princes, either well or ill difpofed, affections. minifter no little delight to the Judicious Reader: Here one fo popularly affected, as he had the tricke to bindehis Subjefis to allegeance by a native infinuation; fuch was Auguftus, entoninus Pius, Septimus Severws ; one whereoffeemed
rather to affeit popular farisfaction than' his owne,fubiecting (as he himfelfe profeffed) his cutireft thoughts to propagate his Countries glory: Antanius Clemency, was the chaine ithat united and combined (in a knot inviolable) the hearts of the Romans to him, publickly protefing: Hee bad rather faie one Citizen, thas deProy a thoufandenemsies. But Severms was loved (which fecmes no lefle admirable) for that which enyenders, for moft part, greateft occafion of offonce, and that was Severity; Being no lefle exfort in punilhing his friends than enemies. But t) rad over the life of Sylla, we hall fee an oppofitioniahis nature. None that eredid more good to his friends, or more harme to his encs mies: Nay, even in Brothers (derived from Hinc siffitan. Wone Stemme) dif(crepant natures ${ }_{3}$ Titws, the love fi, (lanios, prr ind darling of Man-kinde, Domitian a profeffed iepide refpoo- foe to all Man-kinde; the one banithing Parafumfuir, Ne fites his Palace; the othor a pertection of Mulca yu den $/$ thics.

Thofe different difiofitions of Rowalus and Remus, Numisor and Asulius, how from one ard the fame ftemme, branches of varicus natares proceeded. Againe; toobfervewith what a Religious Fthick care, manyemineut Priaces eresied Fermes for their geds; how ferions they were in obferving thofe Ceremod nies, which were Nationally wfed by them. How fuperfitious they ware in their of cines and Algenices; what comfant performer of thacir words, were it either in private Contracts,
eracts, or publick Conditions of Pence. What a lafting brand, or furviving blemilh was it to any Nation, that fhould be found guilty in this kind? What a Theta it was to the Carthaginians, ro be ftamped with that inglorious Title of Fedifragi How devoted and affectionately ingaged, thofe honeft-morall Pagans were to Loyalty? Norhing more hatefull to them than Treachery. This caufed Mitbridates to take Maniws Acilius, one of the chicfelt Embaffadours of the Romans, and fet him contcmptuoully upoir an"Affe, till he was come to Pergamo, wherehe put molten Gold in his mouth: reproving the Romans for taking gifts th to betray the confidence of their Countrey for sewards.
-The like is reported of Tarpeia, that difloyall Maid, whobetraying the gates of the Capitol to the Encmy, oncly upon promife, that they thould throw her the Bracelets which they wore on their leftarme, ' which they aceo-dingly performed, but with other proper gages to recompenceher difloyaloy,' "thowing alro their Targets; with which hhe was preffed to death.
Neither waro arseylefe Itrict in panithing fuch, who in private and Oeconomick affaires's hewed themfelves dilloyall. This appeared inthat notsly difpofed Enemy of Scaures Domitius, who, when accrainé fervant reta;ning to Domitius; came beforc the Jadiciall feate to accure his Mafter, hee fent him home to his Mafter with the Tenure of his accufation. Thefe ancient Sages and Heroick Spirits clos'd not altogether with that

Breach of pre: mife held a great difionor amonglt the Antrents.

Mermorable Examples in reveaging of Difloyalry.

Maxime of loving the Treafon, but hating she Traytor: For they hated to ftoope to fuch bafenefle, as to perfect what they intended, or difpatch ought that they defigned by fach odious and indireat meanes. Nor was a loyall-noble firit ever feeneunrewarded : perchance, indeed, the iniquity of time might be fuch, as thofe who merited a gracious afpect from their Countrey, might fometimes fall into difgrace by undeferving Offices, fuggefting to the State what foufefull an Agent never thought : but this proceeded not fo nuch from the ingratitude as the eafie crciulity of the State, 1 in inclining to fuch groundlcffe fuggeftions.

Deferving mea pumblied by the luyeftions of all off. ces.

Nocad of $p$ pularhate.

7 his might be inftanced in that unhappy $A f-$ drubal, who to prevent the fury and malice of the people, incenfed againft him by unjuft Offices, fled to his Fathers Sepulchre, and difpatched himfelfe with poifon: nor found their fury here a period : for from that valt. ftructure of mortality, they dragged out his Carcaffe, and cutting off his Head, put it upona Speares point, and bare it about the City. But this inhumanity mult be imputed to that Democrasick Government or headleffic Monlter, where all things are ufually acted by a blind precipitate will, without deliberation or advice. Whereas a knowing Prince, who meafures the value of mens actions by the promptneffe or alacrity of thofe fpirits with which they are done; eyes both the quality of the perfon and action : Nor can any defigne proceeding from a loyall fpirit, who ftands ready
toingage his ftate, fame, and all for the honour of his Prince or Countrey, loofe his deferving Guerdon; befides thathigh opinion or eftimate of the Prince, whofe Count nance is his honour; whofe Smile the reward of his labour.

King Darius upona time, by chance opening a great Porregranate, and being demanded of what hee would wifh to have, as many as there werc graines in that Pomegranate? anfwered in one word, of Zopyrufes. Now this Zopyrus wat a right noble and valiant Knight, who, to reduce Babylonto the fubjection of his Lord and Mafter, and defeate the trayterous 1 dyrians, fuffer'd his body ta be rent and mangled: and being thus diffigured, fled ftraight-wayes to Babylon, where the Ajyrians were intrenched: whom hee made beleeve that Dariss':ad mifufed him in this fort, becaufehe had fonken in their behalfe, counflling him to breake uphis Siege, and remove his Army from affaulting their City: They hearing this Tale, and the rather induced to thinke it true, becaufe they fawhim fo thamefully disfigured in his body, were perfwaded to make him theirchiefe Captaine. By which meanes he betrayed themall, and furrendred both then and their City into his Mafters hands. Such an Adamantine tye to his Princes heart was a loyall Subject, who little car'd how hee were brought to the frake, fo hee mightadvance the honour of the publick State.

What more delightfull Suhieet can be imagined, than to converfe (and that without perill)

Sccurity the ruine of Sore. raignty.
Civill Wares leavein a do Arakted Stase the deepeft wounds.

Howr Rudicus the Romans were of Hi Atories.
of the dingerous cuents of Warre ? of the divers rdifuolitions of Princes - raifings and razings of Empires : Some thaken by the vitioufneffe of the people which inhabite them, being folong fecure, till rume impole a period to their lecurity: Someby (civill and inteltine Factions) making their dearcft Countrey the fad Spectator of their Funcralls, their entirelt friends, their profeffed foes; and the argument of love and amity, the ground of civill diffentions: The caufe whereof ( for the moft part ) proceeds from a continued pase ; for retiredneffe from formigne affaires, make us bent to profecute Managen ents domefrick; and the over-How of fucceffe (purchafed by peace) makes men more capable of injuries, evento their beft friends. This was the reafon noved Athers to erect places of Martiall Exercifes, (cven in peace) that to the Youths being dayly inured to luch Exercifes, might imploy their ftrengths in them, and not in civill Commotions. This wee have by relation of Hiftories, which to manageth affaires of State, as I am of that Sages opinion, who averred: That no man could he an experionc't Statift, that was not initiated to the reading of Hiftories ; which hee confirmes with reafons no leffe Authentick, calling thom the apteft and exquifitert directions thatcan attend man, either inpublick or private aftares, at home or abroad. Divers therefore of our famous Senators in Rome have employed their times in there Studies; as Saluf. whofe wel-couchidstyle, fuccinet Sentences, and pure-
neffe of Writing, may arrogate, if not the chiefeft place; yet to be inferted amongft the chiefeft: Varro one of repured efteeme, and of ample poffeflions, tooke in hand the like taske, to illuftratehis Native Tongue, not onely with apt and accommodate phrafes, but likewife to compile the memorable acts of the Romans, and toreduce them into an exact order; to excite his Countrymen, by perufing the valiant attempts of their Anceftors: Eorum gloriâ infammariad candem virtutis exercitationems fufcipsendam: Tobe inflamed and provoked, by iheir renowne and glory atchieved, to imitate them in the like. And there is nothing certainly that ${ }^{-}$ leaveth more deepe impreffion in a refolved minde, than the report of former exploits; Hearing this man by his induftry and vigilant refpect, to contemne all difficulties, oppofe himfelfe to all dangers, whereby hee might performe fomething worthy memory: Another (fuftaining Herculean Labours) to purchafehimfelfe but a littleglory. This man fubjected to Sea-wracks, expofed to the mercy of the Winds, environed and hemmed in by imminent dangers; yet moderating his paflions, armes himfelfe againft the perils of Sea, adverfe Windes, the menaces of ruine, with refolution to endure the wort of Fates, ever meditating of that motive to patience:

> Nofcerc hoc primmon decet,
> 2uidfacerevictor debet, Virfus pati. K

It was the anfwer of an unamased Captive, who llighting the infulting braves of him who tooke him: "Thou hold'it thy conqueft great "in over-comming me; but mine is farre greater "in over-comning my felfe:Here was a conqueft indeed, and fith as deferve trophies of glory, to crownc him with perpetuity.

The Scythes ufed to erect Obelisks or Squareit nes upon the hearle of the deceafed, anfivering in number fo many as he had flaine of his enenies: Where ss, he that had not flaine aneneany, was not onely deprived of thofe Monuments of glery, bue not fo much as admitted to dinke of that gobler (ipiced with his Anceforrs Ahei) and uled for an Health cuppe in folemue Feats and banquets. O whatinemorable Signals of true fortitudedeferves that undaunted Spirit, who can triumph in his owne difermfir :and fortifichimfilfe with a prepared mind agrinitall oppofitions!
The $v$ nicornes Hornc heing dipt in water, is faid t. .ck...remal purific it. This will patience do in all

The ixcellen cy of a com. pofed iminds. thote roubled Waters which inclofe a compofidminde. Theféndenogricfo of foexrenlive I a quility, which eithertime will not allay, or Beathemal. Though they be led in triumph, and exproied on all the miferics which a domiucomer focemput upon rhem; they can Right I! C bases and contemprible flavey of a preud Coroliserone, ardwithacheorerwil finile enter. tome le emmabilive formane. Suchasthefe,

applaufe in their inabracing ofadverity. Befides this, they reflect with a difcreete eye, upon what they formerly read : now their confinement affords them leafure to perufe what they have obferv'd in the circuit of their time : and now in their new change or ebbe of fortune they firide nonew thing happened. Thofe, whole ViAłorics were numerous ; Soveraiqnty boundleffe; could not fo cut the wings of ridzoria, as to make her their permanent Guefo: They heare Antiochus at one time faluted bothempirns, and Emajous, a glorious Prince, and a furions Tyrant. Theyheare rompey combred with honour, exclaime to fee Sylla's cruelty; and being ignorant after what fort to hehave himfelfe in the dignity he had then attained, they heare him cry out: "O perill and danger never like "to baveead!

They fee 3 Philotas afpiring, and falling; a Perenrius confpiring, and perifhing. They note Dionyfies that Syracufan Tyrant to be fo fufpicious if his fall, fo jealous of his Fare, as hee will not truft any Barberto fhave him, but injoynes his owne daughters to learne that Trade, purpofely to bee imployed abour him. They heare the very fame Dionyfus asking the Wife men of his Court, which Copper they held the beft; and they heare Antiphons ready anfwer to his queftion, that inhisopinion, that was the moft excellent, whercof Armodises and cerriflogiton made the Picture of Pififtratus. Hodding that Mettall the bert, which kept a Tyrant K 2
at relt. Thefe beare the Lydias King exclaimimg againft himfelfe, and difclaiming of his owne Opinion; that felicity flould poffibly retaine any fubfiftence from mortality. The ie have found the beft and principallit blefling confirmed by the authority of Herodotws in Cleobulus and Biton, Trophonias and sgamedes, and that pithyconclution of silenus, whobeing taken prifoner by King Midas, prid this rinfome; reaching the King, "The Tufe. Rucf. "beft thing that might chance any man, was lil.I. "never tobeborne, the next to dyeas foone as "mightie.

A rich ranrome, furcly! had that worldly deluded King made right ufe it ; for fo had hee prevented mifery before it fellupon him : and made that an ociafion of his happineffe, which unthought of, brought him to a more fenfible conceite of his owne ruine. "Thofe whom the "Gods doc love ( (faith Menander) dye ycung: yea, thofe they efreeme of moft, whon they take from herce the firft.

To prefent thefe more impreflive Motives of W' orldly contempt, dif-efteenie of Life, Henour, or whatfever this Sabble Thea: re of humane vanity could afford, findry Imperiall Princes endowed with firits no leffe imperious, havecontrived many Emblemes, with other Remembranre, purpofely, nodoubt, to avert their affections from fo nuch idolatrifing Farthly Majefty. Amongft which, you thall finde in thefe rich Treafures of Time, Hiftoricall Records, an agathorles, though.
though a Tyrant, Emblematizing his owne fraile and mutable condition in the invention of his owne Statuc : commanding the Head to be made of pure Gold, implying his Regall Dignity; the Armes of Ivory, fignilying how Isflice from $E x$ ecution receives her beauty; the orher liniments of $B r a l f e$, inferring their ftrenuity; but the Fest of Earth, difplaying their frailty.

An excellcnt Menioriall, and well deferving to be ingraven in pureft and perpetuallit Mertalls. This Simorides fung to Paufanias; this a Page cvery Moming to Pbilip of Macedon : Reppice poffte, homineranmemento te. Cineas, that excellent Orator, and folid Phitofoper, difivading Pyrrbus from his expedition againft the Romans, demanded of him," what he would doe, "when he had corquered them? To whom the "King anfwer'd;l wil over-run all $I$ taly, Grecee. \& "Barbary; and what hall we doe inext :I will for"ragc Cicilia. And what remains to be done then? " O then, faith the covetous Prince, we will live "at eare, Eate, drinke, and be ioviall together e"very day. And why, ( faid Cineas) may we not "eate, drink, and be merry with leffe, enjoy what "we have with comfort; and efchue thofe inevi"table labours and perills, wherero our ambition "and infatiable defire of honour ingage us?

But chis was too hard a queftion; Ambition canadmit ofno Reafin. He onely h'as abfolute power to confine his defires, who feeth nothing withour him, which he conceives worthy of him. Such an one h'as meafur'd Vians life, and hee of it ; not the breadrh of the fmalleft haire, or + Atome; no, not the rare-fpun Giathfimere; the
'Oxuías örseos
 tbildu. fubrileft linke of the Spider; or any other exrenuated or imaginary thinneffe whatfoever. He calls Death and sleepe two Sifters; and Night the Mother of them both. Hee holds the Loowft or the Crabopper (though Creatures of emptineffend fatre) no greater flaves of the winde than Man: yea, to fer him out in his colours, and difover to the world, that his vanity ranks him with the lighteft of Cods Creatures: Hee findes him toffed to and froas the Grahopper, and driven away as the Locuft. Hec oblerves, how the Sume, whon it is in the meridian, and the beams of it perpendicular to our bodies, fladows change not fiddenly :but when it begins to dedivie to the fall, every moment, almoft, they viry. And fuch hee concludes, is Man; who, thengh in! is ftrength and maturity of Nature, he find no fuch changes or alterations in the ftate of hii: hody, as may feeme to menace to his declining houfe an approaching ruine : yet, that curious and delicious itructure, that earthly contexturc of man, when it hall begin once to decay, and loof his former frength, every day brings forthachange. One infirmity or other heurely invodes him! ; and at haft, fo weakens his poore iplitted veffell, as no truce will be admitted, no refitimated, hee mult of neceffity returne to thofe firft materialls, from whence hee firlt proceeded.

## Wee fee the Crome of Honour fet with great

 folemnity upon the head, bur wee feele nor the weight of it; which makes him fweat and fhake hands with Reft that weares it. Wee behold the golden Pantofle, but fecle not how gricvoufly it pincheth the foote. We eye and admire the'reflesting beauty of maffie-guile Target, or imbofled Armour, but partake not of his burden, who is the wearer.The greatef Worldling ever carries the heavieff weight; the ambitious-afpiring n:iedeever harbours the molt care: the enjoyer of ionour, the moft feare. The fourge of envy foom below, and Ambition fromabove, doc burit Honour to death. He enjoyes fufficicntly, that h'a learn'd to be a Suveraigne over his cowne palfions: and to reftrine the furging billows of an o-ver-flowing will, to the command of Reafon. No Principality like this: for it brings man to an higher Imperiall State, than all the deluding promifes of this lpongic world can pullily afford him.

Thefe Obfervationsare Receipts, or Cordials againft the maladies of Fortune: A man thus refolved, cannot beleffe than a Prince; forheegevernes a Dominic n more domineering, an Empire more imperious, a Diarchy, or Monarchy rather: having difoonforting affictions, cver laying Siege and Battery to the Palice rethe Soule, which noved plutirch i: his Morals definicively toconclude: $T$ bat be who moderated his affe:lions, was balfe vertuous, but hee that never paft the bonn:s
boumds and limits of iemperate motives, nor felts the deluding enforcements of vanuty idaulting bim, was wholly vertuows. But the Morals propolition was betcer than his conclufion. For no mortall (fince the ftaine of his Originall Parity) c uldever fubfift fo fecure, or remaine fo unmoveable, as never tobe engaged to perturbation;, thenaturall atrendants of Mertality.

Divifon of Hintories; Di. vtue, Difcurlive, Morall, pliyfleke, or mile.

25 7 N this firftentrance to my difcourfe, having fpoken fome-thing in generall, of the ule and fruit of Hiftory: having by an (equall Diameter) determined the proper place and Centre at which fuch Hiftoricall Relations ought to tend: I will defcend to the divifion of Hiftories, which may properly branch themfelves into Divine, Difcurfive, .Morall, Phylick, or Mixt.

FTOr Divine, I will not comprehend them in my Difcourfe; being fuch as depend on their owne Arches, drained frem the pure Spring of Colctiall Wilcdome, and therefore imponible toerrecither in Action or Relation: yer ncceffarily (now and then) immixed with Morall Hi fories, hecaufe their weight may better peife in the Scal: of every Judicious Reader, when he fecth Morall Difcourfe fo well fortified, as by the Pillar of Truth. Albcit I approve of Hcgiods InNoft ovici words: Fabulour Relations fhowld not, nor aught

## $\mathcal{A}$ (urferyfor $G E \mathcal{X} T R T$.

they to be authorized by Holy Writings: It was ap Such 20 coror Pagans obfervation, and worthy ours: So fhould rupt the Text, our prophane Pamphlerers, reftraine their libi- Sacred senfe dinous writings nore, and cither write that which fhould propigate themfelves a generall re- rics, putation; without derogation to the facred Writings of the Almighry, or filence their works; left they fhould deprave inany, for a private reward, or pedling gaine. More I infift upon this, becaufe too many have I knowne fteeped in this promifcuous Subject, well read in Scripture, to wreft them, otherwife Babes and Sucklings; for they could not reach to the depth of fuch Myfteries, but onely touch them to corrupt them. But their Cimmerian Cloud, when it fall be difperfed, and the Raies of a reafonable underftanding to them exhibited: They will repent them, I feare it not, (and heavens grant that repentance be not like the after raine, out of feafon) of their prophaner mixtures. O let them curne their eye of confideration(whofoever they be)to the miferable end of Lucian, Cleasder, Metrodorus, whofe difaftrous falls anfwered their blafphemous rifings ; contemning the Sacred Writ of Heaven, and proftituting their labours to the merited cenfure of confufion : But too much of them. Times are not foeafie to be wained from their habit of errour, or induced to a courfe of more Sanctimony : Lampes and Oyly Studies were made fruitlefe at Epictetus death; his Lanthorne hung up (as a monument of his vertues)made a decperimpreffion inhisSchollers,

Corrupters of Scripture. doe in ours: that Age was more apprehenfive of Good, this of Ill.

Difcurfive Hiflorics.

Divilion of Diliurlive Hiflurics.

NOw to our Difurfive Hiftories. Many difcourfe without matter, onely defcanting uponidle Theames : more obferved for their idlenefle, than for any fubject wherenn they entreate: Such be foolifi Phantafticks that fpend their Oyle upon unneceffary Subjects. I have apprecicind d many of this vaine, but they fhall bo nameceffe, talking offrange Horie-races, fuch as Wheirburen Mufe never conceived : others of Fabulcus Hiftorics, never found our by that Arch-Aruift Nature, whence they derived their foundation ; for fuch, I paffe untonched, being fuch as they hardly conceive their owne writings.

Difcurfine Hiftorics are either truc or feigned: If true, they comptehend in them a certaine ground, not onely fortified by a rafonable produ:tion, but alfo by the :athority offuch, whofe Authentiquift Labours chame to themelves, a kinde of Authority without further proofe: Such wee read to be the Labcurs of Cornelius Tacitus, 7 itus Livius, Troras Pompeias, and many others, whofe Subiectsimplime their anthority: bein? furch as reprefent the divers events of ehings dome by Hiforicall Relation, and Ocular Prefenmeicin. Fordivers of thofe worthy Hiftoriographers have beencinterrefted even in fuch pro-
bable, and generally-allowed difcourfes by perfonall prefence; in the management of fuch affaires : as Commines, of all Hiftorics (amongft our Moderne) molt approveable, being an eye-witneffe of what he writ.

And herein, me thinkes, I Thould take occafion, roteconmend an imployment no leffe delightfull than conequently urefull to fuch ofour Gentry as are adideted to Travaile, or Martiall Difcipline; to have ever with them a Diary or Epbemerides of whatfoever they have at any time feene prefented worthy memory, or acted in the time of their fervice or agency there. I hould hold it convenient likewife for them to become their owne Amanimenfes: by compiling and methedically difpofing fuch memorable Obfervances, as occurre either at home or abroad. This courfe will recompence theirfew houres labour, to their great improvement; and in arguments of Difourrfe minifter no fmall delight toan underftanding Hearer. For admit the memory were never foretentive syea, that it mighevye with that of Cyrus, who could call cvery Souldier in his Army by name yet to make it a Store-bouse or Repofitory of whatfoever we have feene orheard, would argue too much confidence in fuch a frailedecaying ornament : for of all faculties in man, Memory is the weakeft, firft waxcth old, and decaics fooncr than ftreng,th or heauty. Prima fumus obliti, pofrema non intelleximus, quia primanon meminimus.An excellent MoralCaveat, and well-deferving our learning in thefe times.

I could intance divers noble Perfonages even in this Kingdome, who have rifen to an extraordiary pirch of Wifedome, Knowledge, and Elegancy of Difcour fe by this meanes. There in their $t$ rraignc intereffes, would admit no day withcut a line. Privately they recorded whatfoever they had feene publickly atchieved. They fifted the difpofitions of nien; and reduced the benefit hereof, by complying with them, unto themfelves. Thefe Notions fit and enable them for State affaires; and in imployments of Embaffic. An office of efpcciall improvement to the State, boing difreetly and wifely managed : For the Perfon fo imployed, prefents in his owne, the very Face or Image of the Commonweale. For the better difcharge whereof, that he may come offfaire, and returne his Prince a gratefullaccount of what he ha's done, it is necefliry for him to retcine ever in memory thofe Speches of a grave and judicious Staters man, by way of direction in his muderation of Spuech.
"He that knoweth how to feake well, know"eth alfo where he muft hold his peace. Wifelycencluding: "Thinke an he ure before yon "Speake, and a day befere you promife.
Miny, and peculiarte hofe prerogatives granted him; which, as they are exercifed by him to the honour of the State from whence he came, fo ishe to veglect no opportunity for difpatch of there aftaires $f$ er which he came. To reteine a feemely-modelt State without affectation, will infinite-
infnitely become him, for that fuirs worft with his perfon of all others: He is priviledg'd from fuffering abule or difhonour; in the fame line of relation is he to bearc himfelfe towards another. For in this is the Law of Nations exhibited, thar he neither harme, nor receive harme from others. Albeit, hee may fill enjoy the benefit of this priviledge, till fuch time as thee recede from hisplace or Office; that hee may ufe in his owne family the Sword of Juftice to any fuch as thall utter words of difgrace againft the Prince, or Chall defile any mans Wife : neithier is the Legat himfelfe exempted from like punifhment, being found in any of thefe a perfonall delinquout. For howfoever that Maxince of Satebe, That none is to handle the Sword, but he who holds the Sceptre; yeta Deputative power hath beene ever granted, which rather improves than detracts from his Majefty by whom it is granted. Now, to infitt a little more upon their Dignity; they are neither properly fent bv Subjects, nor to Subjects. Their Commiffon is from the Prince or State directed; not by any lower Power addreffed: where, though the Common-weale feeme abfent, yet is the Common-weales caufe argued in prefence. And that a more abfolute power or Soveraignty may appeare in hin by whom thefe Agents are fent, than in the perfons herein intereffed and fent, to fpeake in one word what duely and properly concernes them; They are upon Returne home, to

A Law of the Digells.
render anaccompt of their whole paffage : wherin thould they complaine, that the Prince or Static to whom they were lent, had rejected; abufed, or any way injured them, by the Imlian Lan, fich an oue was accufed to have done contrary to the Law of A rmes.

Thefe, by helpe of Hifory, finde likervife what refolution is required in one fo interefled ; and in what manner he is to behave himfelfe upon affrouts done either upon himfelfe, or to him whom he doth perfonate. Amongh many other Inftances, he conceives no firit more appropriate to one inthat place, than of that Ambaffador of Alhens, who anfwered King Philip of Macedon, threatning that hee would caule his Head to be cut off : "If thoul takeft this Head sinfualil pro Cepite, pro Morse liminor talisatom.

Satyricall Hi forran, and the Sycophant Hiltorian. "from me, my Countrey will give me another "that fhall be immortall: for my Head, a Statue; "for Death, Immortality.

Memorable Examples of this kind are every, where to be found, in this unvaluable Storehoule or Treafury of Time, Hiffory.

But in ample tearmes to explaine what the condition of an Hiftorian is, let me in briefe, yet materiall words, expreffe what hee meanes: Not fuch as inveigh againft States, or peliticke Governments, for fuch are rather Satyrifts, than Hifonians; nor fuch as perfonate the entire acts ofa Martiality, by affentative tearmes; which are fichas infinuare themfelves by a glofing Style to wine the aficition of their Patron. Leffe to be borne withle thele, than the echer, fubjecting
the free ufe of Hiftory to, a Parafite and oylie tergue: which moved illexander fo exceedingly againf Ariffobalus;', as that on a time hearing his owne Acts deblazoned farre above truth, he commanded his Labours ftould be throwne over Boord : faying, He was almoft indwced so ibrow Ariftobulus affer: A caveat very neceffary for all clawing Parafites that make their Pen Mercendry, and therefore, as may be inferred upon their workes, dare not unrip the vitioufneffe of times; left by unbofoming Truth; they fhould incurre the offence of foric perfen, to whom their labours are ingared, their fortures fubjected, and their endeavours partially devored.

Plato banilhed all Poets Athens : but a favcurable Gloffe would reftraine that oftracifme onely to pecaliar wits, (petulant I mieane) fuch as the Prince of Sparta profcribed his well-governed City, for prefenting fome obfcone Verfes to his Queene. But I wonder why Plato éxcluded not thefe Hiftorians, fince their Labours were proftitute ( like the publick Strumpet) for gaine, making their Writings to the opinion and imitation of thatScarabee of Hiftery, who being demanded why he wrote not muth of fuch a Princes, replyed: vivit, quis wera dicet: His life kept him inawe, he durft not exprefe his vices to the quicke, lefthefhould bite ron muich'.

This that experienc ${ }^{2} d$, hut unfortunate Knight well obferved, as may appeare by his owne words : "Whofocver in writing a Moderne "Hiftory, fhall follow Twith too neare the
" heeles, it may happily ftrike our his teeth. Wherein I commend the incomparable Theano, who is focautious in his Hiftoricall Norions of what he writes, as hee will commit nothing to publick, which hath not beene firft coufirun'd boith by ftrong Intelligence and Subfignation under the hands of the eminentit perfons there refiding, where any fuch action paft. Nor is he fpare in the relation of what he heares; fo it import the Subject whercof hee writes: Though Princes fhould follicir him by rewards, hope ot higher preferment; he cannot endure to have his Penfold, nor tocomply with the hunour or current of Time for any unworthy $2 y^{2} 1 \mathrm{~L}$.

It was the excellent faying of an impartiall Hi foriak, whobeing demanded by One who had reluced his Empire to a mecre Tyranny; why he rcraenbred nothim inhis Writings? "Becaufe "(quoth he) I rad nothing in you worth remem"bring. Why doeft thou not then (replyed he) "record my Vices? Left others (faid he) fhould "erre by your Example, and fo imitate them. It is the higheft honour of an Hiftorian, to be accounteilfincere. A shope of Honour fhould not tranfore him, hope of Reward corrupt him, nor ayme to any outward comply divert him from fpeaking Truth: fo fhould no commanding power over-aw him, to betray his knowledge, or to fow pillows to the Elbowes of Greatnefle. This endangers his credir for ever, and throws 2 contempt on his Labour.

Many

Mariy there are, who deforibe things rather as they mould be done, than as they were done. This is not to make a difcovery of truth, but to propofe a forme or Method of what hould bee denie according to truth. The lives of Princes, and their actions were ever held Modells of imitation for Inferiours. Their very behaviour, were ic in fome gefture ' never fo uncomely, h'as ever begot Followers in perfons of meaner quality. To rectifie thefe, nothing more powerfull, than toprodice more cleare and imitable Examples ; that in them, as inliving Mirrors, they might difoover their owne Errors.

It was the faying ouelntifbenes, that thofe that would live free from vice, had need either of moftanfeigned friends, or of nooft bitterenemies ; becaufe, the one byhis admonition, or the other by his reproach might withdraw him from vice. Whence Diogenes being afked, how one fhould be revenged ot his enemy? anfwered, by being a vertuous and honeft man; for his integrity would beget him fuch a common conceit of extrsordinary vertue; as hee who maligned him, would hardly cudure to frequent any place, where he fearedto heare his E nemies praife.

Nafica, when the Roman Common-weale was fuppofed to be in mof fecure eftate, becaure freed of their enemies, affirmed, that though the Actiaians and Carthagixians were both brought under the yoak of bondage, yer they were in moft danger,becaufe none were left whom thicy mightei-

A rule ham to reatife imiation of Etrortisby Hifloricall direAtions.
$\qquad$ 1
.
$\qquad$

Stace,
feeming mon feare fur danger, or whonnould keeperthern in
 their ensmies? ought to be? sheir owne contidencs: the Ille of Chios to counfell his fellows, that they nould not expulle all their Enemies, but Ptill Leavc fome in the Citys! ${ }^{〔}$ Left (qusth he) being "frced of all our Enemies', we fhould begin to "q quarell with our friends.

Mofterraincit is, that very few in all our preceding Ages, unlefle they were fuch Philofophicall Kings, as Plata wilh'd them to bee;could in the height of their fortunes, endure reproofe ${ }_{3}$ effecially in fuch publicte manner, as to be recorded by an Hiftoricall penne. For one Alexander, whocould noterilure edrifobulus praifing himabove truth, wee might produce, tend: vilcibjades, whocould nor abide Eupoliss for taxing him according to truth But to deliver our Opinion freely of difcourfes in this kind: Acti, ons atc fo to be laid open, as the Agent mayel ther rcceive honour, or fuffer in them. : For ifin our private Accompts, wec will be cautious enough, left any thing: be ounitted or inferted more than thouldie : mown zoore in thefe Acrompts or Reaifters of Time. They then, that intereffe themfelves in Labours of this nature, are not in their Compilations, to cye any mans Ausy Epis. perfon : Mere incomparably-beautifull is the 9. ad Hicion. Trusto of chriftions, than that iniparatel'dHelein of the Grecians. Thofe that write leffe than the Atate of their Hifters requires, may heproperly called the Moasths of Epitones, as Epitomes of Hifiories. Thofe that write more, mane dicir

## ANurfaryfar GENTRT:

fictitious Comments, rather Gloffes than Glafles of Time ; containing in themian Ocean of words, but drop of Truthin Norare precious Houres to be fo miffpended, their Oyle fo wafted, when every Line fhould furvive the vading period of Life, and referve to pofferity a continuate Storie of their Predeceffors Acions.
Maus life may be moft properly compared to a Lampe : for as a Lampe nlay be three wayes extinguifhed, Firft, hy outward violence, as when it is blowne out: Secondly, by potiringin mudir water, whereby the goodlignor of the Oyle is drowned and corrupted: and thirdly, by the watt and fpending of the Oyle it felfe: Solikewife a Manslife ( which in truth refembles much the nature of a Lampe) is extinguifhed by three wayes and meanes s to fecond her refermblance both in the appearing and extinguithing; firft, by externall force, to wir, of the Sword, fire, ftrangling, prefling, poyfoning, and the like : Secondly, through the aboundance of ill humours, or the malignant quality of them, whereby the Radicall bemour is oppreftand overthrowne:Thirdly, when the Radicall hamour is in long face of Time quite confumed by the Naturall heate, and blowne out into the Ayre; which is done after the fame manner, that boyling water or Oyle is wafted by the heate of the firc.

Now, as Redicalis huneor is in Corpore, fois Veritatis ansar in Corde: Which divine vigourt, when it is corrupted or impaired by any vitious or malignant humour, it looferh her light. Now,
scJiuw in Hygt afticon.

An ape refemblance of the humours in the body, to the qualities af the minde.
what is this humour which fo darkens this divine vigour or truth of an Hiftorian; but partiality? which freames either from the weake and fhatlow Channcls of PNfillanimity; or the muddy InIcturbafe commodity. For the former fort, their Spirits are too weake for fuch a Tafke : for fuch as will fuppreffe Truth, or obfare the lighrof their Hiftory, by foffering themfelves to be over-awed by Authority, are fitter to be imploy'd in difeourfing of the Pigmeis w.artes, or of the battell of the Frogs and mace, than any eminent ation. For the latter, their difpofitions are founworthy, as they are never to be admited within the Lift of an $\mathrm{Hi}-$ ftory: fir the fe preferre tranh before truth, and fo far under-value that ufefull imployment wherero they ftand ingaged, as they lole thenifelves by deriving gainetrom that, which thould be from all fervile fetcers freed. I.er the firf confider, how unfit they are te converfe withPrinces precedont, whi h int eir readings they daily doe; who are to over-awed bs the Comernance of times prefent, as overconcwith fiare, they filcnce that which thould have hin the aci iveft Scene in all their Subjef. This many cimes nakes a lame difourfe: when to fupply actions of higher confequence, they imipe in needlefie trifles: fach as neither réquire in Hi Rorians Labour, nor recompence the loft timic of the Kicader. That conceited Treatile cópofed thy an Italian; entitled 1 Supplication so Cardle laghe; difeovering the abues comitted \& curtained by the tilnt \& fecret thade of night, deforv'd high approvement in comparifon of thefe.

## A Nurfery for GIE NTRN: I

Hee lighted hisLamp purporely tódifcover vice; thefe put out their lights, left they foululd fuffer for theitdifoverg of viece Q! that tliefe would bui apply that divine fentence fonitimes urtered with no leffe courage than confort by a devour father: "Infucha cailfe, whercin my defire is toplease God'; "I little feite the jobler of itan. So they In a bufiti nes of fach conéquence as imports the betnefir of State, the advancement of triath; ate hot to be pufillanimous; but diferectly refolute ; that neither too mich boldnes tway deretvingly raxe them of indiferetions nor remiffiefle, of teo much want of firit no rirrefolation." Let the latery likewife, privatelyconverfe with his owne thoughts: and weigli with himfelfe, what abafe orfordid gaine it tisto purchate to himfelfehodnour orpónefment by untruths. 'A Lye is held a word of dilliondur; onely fooke by the' mouth : what a decpe taint or imprefion willit reteine,ftanding oniccord?Now ro preventhe meaties of publifhing Subjects of this kind, for profle fake, atmany of our unatho rized Novells have of late times beene publiflied! thofe fore-running ages allowed ample Penfiotis for their Authors frch as mightina good meafure, withoui a necentated beroldingnes to andy,

Ample penfions allowed in former tinns to Hifocians. maintaine thë : left want of means might corript their pensby making that mercenary, which food ever priviledg'd, and rctein'd in it felfe a native liberty: Forflioukt ptivat rewards foile the parity? of an Hifory, what mightibecome free? Thie Acts of his Benefation, were they never fo obfrure or ignoble, thould receive a gracefall
immeritcal expreflion : Meanatime, the Aftions of whomfogver he maligned, were fure io have thoir hand; were they inever (o defervingly approved os minent.
1)This is no fquare dealing: and in all cimes mushthated; yea, 'and highly cenfured, as may impare hy fandry Ancient-Hiforicallifecords; which for brevity fake I here omits xeforring them to the Roman Anaals, where they may be Itored with varicty of Inftances in this kind.

Now, as Plato in his Dialogue entitled Sympo, fium, by way of Fictiondefcribeth the difference betwixt two kinds of Venws : whereof, the firt was more ancient, brought, forth by the Heavens, whomvertions men doe follow: the econd mach younger, begotten betweene zapiter and Dione whompicked men dee ferve. So fay I of thefe, whom wicked mendoe ferye, or rather fetve wieked men, by complying with their humours, cither for feare of cenfures iot subbim tighns hope of honour ; le then withdmw is they ate not to be enter'd here in Checkroule, y while with a free and afiectionate embrace, there onely are tobe entertained, who forne; to humour time, cither for hope of immerited hon,our, or fervile profit.
Indeed, I mult acknowledge there Chould be a reverend and modeft concealing of fuch Perfonages incriminall caufes, fo the bounds of the Hj fory can admit it. And fomerimes a Native puLillanimity reftraines us fo fueake that which wee know, becaufe filence (as the wife Sage fiid)

 ceo probable; too, well idtrhorifeds wherefifines: gas 'with inlyunity adomiug their growth Withonfirebutwadeartoifecind that thyrant iot
 det proderestif atimensizuidiais? Sue lacto tyrinti
 needs beterrible qo de pooreHiftrimibHe ent
 Tyrahny: Hating by a mionder holvered pant per:
 rould : redegme with nothing Rive life!? Such!


 Serve'the counfes and nevblusidnision thes ${ }_{2}$ the

 Hiftorian (and no leffec defévetally' ' whod: eniployeth his Tine, waftechhis Oyle, and mat catrates himfelfe in the ferutinte of tule Redarions si by couferriag Hintorics toye the dyide with a'Judichousmpabation or efienting piover, ex tract whatsoeser thay fomic mof predable and authentrick.

- Many worabyituruiftshave defirds that in
 fomelitule farkerot varieo glory may feeme to appareingtheth) ta have theirméndrable'Acts




## The Com-

 mendation of a fincere Hi Itorian.vidi incidiffe peccatum $10^{\circ}$ quendo, vix luremquengua tacerdo. Amhrof. in lib. de Offic.
and Dempob benes his Pbilip:cheir adts recounted; and committed tea memory, induce others'to the like attempts : and tike a coole Arbour to a wearied paffenger, yeelds no leffedelight to themfelves; ;: Which Perfrus feemes coveruly to madow
 ri $\&$ dicier bicef. This finger is Hiftory, which truely demonitrates the life of the perfon, charecters his vertues, or vices; difpofing every particular member and branctu of his difoourle in fuch exact methad; thiat it refembles a faire bealltifill building, which yer deferves more commendations for the contrivement, than the outward and garifh Gamifhmentieledes opera funt
 two i . True; Bookes Hiftoricall have no better heauty (nor indeed can they) than an apt and methodicall difpofition : other accomplementsare fupcrflupus, refembling fome of ourworkes now and then publifhed, with faire' and beautifull Frontifpieces; as iffome worthy conveyances (rare buildings of Art and Nature) were within to comely portalls. Butalas ! looke inward, nought but rubbifh and refure of fone old building, unhandfomely repaired; or fome frothy invention, not worth halfe fo much coft: Thefe fhould feare (as the Philofopher told the Laindians) Jeft their whole Labours fhould flye out at their gate, having their gate fo promifing, their Labour foimmeriting. Bur fuch as goe ad pralum tanquams ad praliums(for fo indeed they doc) furnifh themflves aforehand with exacteft

## $A \mathcal{X}$ (urfery for GENCTRT.

Labours, to ftand in defiance againft the fpirit of detraction : for we cannot fortifie our workes againft all Affailants : fome being addicted to carpe, becaufe long cuftomehath confirmed in them a defire of reprehenfion.

E Lianus in his Naturall Hiftory reports, how the Vipers iffue is the bane and death of the Parent : Certainly, as Libriare our Liberi, our children, which wee fhould be as carefull and provident in bringing up, as the Father over his child : fo ofrentimes they play the Vipers with us, they murder us in our name and reputation, much difparraging their Parents, being prizeleffe, and therefore unfit for preffe: nay, they doe more, they oftentimes afperfe an imputation uponHer that fhould be no leffe deare (if not more) unto us, than our felves, our counzrey: making her flowery bofome a nourifher of fruitleffe labours, a ftale to licentious Libells, or Brothell rather of lafcivious meafures. And how fhall we make anfwer for fo many motives to luft, fo divers inforcements to inordinate affections, and fotemporizing fubjects in humouring great ones, and foothing Vice in her Majefty: Debemur morti nos noftrag; : where our workes muft abide fcanning, and that by a Judicious cenfurer; one that can unrip the fecretef of imagination, and knows the Bent ofour purpofes.
It was an excellent faying of Judicious Cafme- ar ress: Parwime ef legere aut colligere', Sed intelligere, do in formams redigere; hoc artis, boc laboris eft. Would Authors make ufe of this, they would
not in fo impolifh'd nor uncompos'd a forme fend forth their Cubbs before they be lick't : nor fet their fruitleffe braines a worke in publifhing fuch ufeleffe Labours, $2 s$ have no proper Object wheretn they may feeme toayme, butan itching defire ofbeing in Print: to havea Name amonght Authors ;albcit, many tinues that N ame redound to their difhonour. Thefe may be compared to thofe umelesne beafts, who never chew their Cud. It is a Divine Polition: "He that goes to meditate, "before be be prepared, that maniakes in bayd to "build as boufe before fiones be gast"red. What

A calamo matg is quim ceribro, forinio quim zinio $18 \times$ clici. cida funi ticle. ib. nall we judge of hin, who without fudy or premeditation fecs hand to paper: as if Works of that mature were onely Manall, and no brainelabour? How miferably are their juidements darkined, or rather loow piecifully are fuch delur ded, who hope to receive life, or reteine eficeme from fuch Spider-caules? Wherein our pregnant't and refinedit Wits are many times meftomfions.

Wce obferve, how fome of our Women are fo taken with their frcight and well-fhap't bodies, as they would net for a world have Children, left they fhould fooyle their feature : nor will the fe Nuflirame wits, who are ever teeming, never fuffiring, betake themfelves to any paines, loft that burdcucus labour might detract from the hezury of Nature. it The fehold Study an unnciefliry accoutsmems forgaod wits 幺 prefenf and preguant nuf be the ir Fancy, out of fime Poexticull rapture or fury: wherein by that individuall

## ANurfery for $\bar{G} \bar{N} \bar{T} \overline{N_{0}}$ :

viduall (pirit of Sacke, they ftretch and ftraine, theirenforced Gessims to fuch high lines, as if Prometheus-like, they had ftolne Fire from Hea:ven, drunk मippocrene dry, or broke open the muses Cabbinet, and foakt thofe poore Girles of all their influence. Where, fome in perufall of thefe Ebrious Lines, will ufually be fo farre tranfported with them, or more properly, befotted by them; as they will vow, nothing could be compos'd by any Wit, were it never fo fluent, upon a fafting or abftemious fomack, like thofe Conceipts. Nay, that no premeditation could mend them: being fo enlivened and full ofSpirit, as they were farre more eafily admired than imitated.

This I muft confeffe, is a great happineffe of Wit ; but it confirmes withall that Maxim of the wife Stagyrian; "Theremas never any great with"withowt fome nixture of folly: which may appeare by their difefteeme of ftudy or premeditation, as if it were a rubbe or Remora to invention.

It was Eucherias faying; Nibile el magnums re, qued breverempors : But thefe fritely Wits are of another Opinion. They hold no worke nor compofure worth approvement: which, like an unnaturall Birth, appeares not in his full fhape upon the inftant: And of thofe, mone deferving more admiration than, their owne, It was the faying of a famous Orator: "I never knewe eny "Poët (yet was I well acquainted with Aquiniu;, "and ssany ot bers ) who did not thoizke bid dewnedo. "ings batter shapallothers. Nor is this fpeech
ofhis to be onely reftrained to fuch as profeffe Poetry, but ceven generally to every diftinct fudy: which he quickly difoovered, who concluded: Defyrant plerwngé Scriptores in libris /wis.

Now, to contract iny Sayles in the proferrion ofthis Argument; I mould hold it no leffe convenient than mainely neceffary; that fuch, who addrefie themfelves to imployments of this fort, doc uef a caurions delibcration both in the clection of their Subjet, as alfoin their Style and Me-

A recery pasCapebeswixt 3 scriviner and a tritag iushos. thod of handing it. Icft, what fometimes the Seriviner by way of deriion fpoke unto an mperinent Author, be applvad unto them. This Scrivince being on a time in company with a Scholler, who profeth himfelfe to have Writ much; and having heard a large Catalogue of his obfurred Lahours : the Scriviner feem'd to challenge all:ffinity to his profeffion. "No, that were "abliurd, antivered the Scholler; why, replycd "the Seriviner? Iam a Writer. Yea, but faid "the Scholler, I anian Author. No, excufeme, "quoth the Seriviner, I mateno doubr of that; "Therearemore Writers, than ©authors; and "the Catalogne of your Labours enroule you in "that number.

In one word; thofe workes onely deferve Approvement, who derive their lite and light from Juidyment. Such onctyimerit the Title of Records; hecaufe they live to potterity : and reprefent to the Sticeffor whatfoever was imitable or derpicable in their Ancefor.

Thefe are Workes tobe ingriven in Cedar, and

## ANurfery for GEN I'RT.

and well-deferving their Cafar. So that; as $\mathcal{U}^{\mathcal{A}}$ lexander had his Honser in Reverence for his Poc̈fie; his arifotle for fpeculation and Philofophy; Alcibiades the Inftructions of Socrates to ground him in Piety; Cafar the continuall practice of his owne Commentaries to improve his glory; and Affricas the workes of Zesopbors to cnable him for occafions Domeftick or Military: So thefe memorable Labours, which are thus penned by judicious and induftrious Auchors, merit no leffe honour, in what State or Province foever thcy fhall receive harbour.

For others, as corruption of manners is their Scope, or vaine glory their ayme, or fome' 0 ther by-refpect the object of their Pen, they deferve a due cenfure from the State, for feeking fo odioufly to poifon that breft, which nurfed them.

Thus much I have writ briefly (by way of inference) to caution fuch as by their Labours erect a Throne for Impiety to fit in : there Hu-mour-mongers, that can with Cafor the Dictator, Atros dies albos facere, make blacke white, and mafke Vice with a vaile better fuiting with Vertue : Now will I difend to their Oppofire, and that is, the Satyricall Writer, or Hiforiomafix.

Some of thefeare very dangerous to a State, laying it opentoo mirch : and though acts fhould he relared, as they were done: yet, if the circumftances may feeme amy way derractive to fome perfon, or ftate, they are better filenced (ifit may ftand with the body of the Hiftory) than dif-
$\qquad$

## 1 Survey of HISTORY, or

covered. I have knowne fome too precife in this veine : and one e(pecially I remember; who fpeaking of the great sultas, could not be content to deferibe his Palace, managements domefticke and publicke, perfon, and the like; but of his piked Beard, the colour of his ftockings: and in the cnd comming neere him, (faid he) and indecd nearer than need was, his breath was noyfome. There, and fich like impertinent circumfances are fo frivolous, that they inply a defect of Judgment in the Author, to infert fuch idle, and immateriall Ambages in an Hiftory of confequence. But the fe are farre from thofe Hiforio-

Obferve this humour in she rediliowinad ractiour Wis cers of our bune. maftixes of our Time; fome whereof perfonate the wrongs of a Noble Anceftor to his lineall Succeffor, moving him to revenge. This is one of the Furies Brands: for you flall never fee one of this kind, hut itergo Nemefis, hee hath vengeance at his backe ; a fulcenefull difpofition difgorged upon the beft of deferts. And thus he inferts the injuries: "Such a family (well meriting "of Prince and Countrey, and ever found loyall "to the State) was undefervedly cenfured by the "malevolent liuggettions of fuch, and fuch; whofe "fuggeftions are (as yet) unrevenged, but theHea"vens are juft. What Motives more enforcing to civillcommotion? Iujuries ript up, have oftentimes hazarded States: and there was never any A ccue Aphot rifore. from time to time had one of thefe. Therfites, as deformed in mincic as body, ( for fo Hower. charaters him) was ever kindling the flame of civill

## AXurfery for GENTRI.

civill combuftion betwixt Achylles and Agamemwon at the Siege of Tray, about the rape of Brifeis; ever harping upon that ftring to fet them together by the eares:

Why Achylles, fhould you fuftaine fo great ret proach, that bave engaged your felfe for Agamemnon, and bis Brotbers glory? BC all your hopefull Services, your valiant Exploit', your incoomparable Aichievementsforemarded! Hath Agamemnon no place for valour? no regard to honowr? WHy tbende fift Achylles e : embarke your fe if e for Greece, and leave this brave Champion to himSolfe and bis fortunes; your merits (being gone) will bebetter effecmet. Yom bad but one prize, (and lhat prixe unworthy too of your valour) and muft that prixe, got with much fiveate, maxy difficulties, imminent dangers: multisude of occurrents, now be rakenfrom you ? But one Brifeis, one dearc one, and yet Achylles maft toofe her. Alas poore refolition! Why, it is bettertobe figyftils, a Coward, a Reoreant, one that ratires himfelfe from Armes:figh. tiog clofe under Clytenneftri's Target. 'Such a Garpet-Knighs is better than a Martia'l-Knigho. Then would bee prefently move Agameanion in like fort, in no cafe tomoderate his defites: Why Fauld Ackylles bavefoffoinc a Paramour, and the Prince of Greece wans one?

SuchAgents of mifehiefe as there, are ever of a neutrall Faction: they hover Jike the eate, nacertaine in adhering to any they more admire the Sunns when it is rifing than festing. They mealure the warth or wenit of everyation
by the fucceffe of it. And when the day is clofed; the actions of that day finifhed; they admire nothing more than thofe Booties which the Conquerour has gained. Their Hiftoricall Relation mult become a Panegyrick Oration. NoCompofitions too elaborate; no Lines too Elegant, togive life to his conqueft. Meane time,though the worler caule fared the belt, as it was wich unfortunate Pompey: whofe memory had, no doubr, many Ages lurvived Cefars, had his fortune beene paralel with Crefars; they have the Art to magnific the equity of the Conquerours fide: and with palpable affentation to infinuate into the affection of fo commanding a firit. Many glorious Attribures of greatneffe are thefe ready todevife, tohonour him that h'as wonne the day. But bitter are their Pens in difvaluing the Actions of the conquered : in lying afperfions uponhis perfon; difgracing his Alies :and inventing hy all meanes how to advance the Fame of the one, by derogating from the other. This it was (as I formerly obferved) that induced $\Delta$ lexander to conceive fuch great diftafte againft $A$ rifrobulus, as he was almoft ready to fend both him and his Workes together into the River Hyda/pis. For there is no noble nor princely difpolition, who can endure to heare his conquered Foe difhonoured : or to fee any one lead him in Twiumph burhimfelfe.

Whell Cafar had commanded thofe demolill:cd Monuments of Pompey (Statues reared in his former affluence of Fortune) to be
fer up againe, Cicero told him, that in erecting Pompeys Trophies, he eftablifhed his owne. So praife-worthy is the compaffion of a Conqueror, that in this hee deferves more praife, than his vitorious prize. Nor is ir leffe noble in him to contemne thofe fervile earthy Spirits, who mold their Pens to the inclination of the day : holding him onely worthy honour who got it; and the vanquifh'd all difhonour, becaufe his Fortune was more finifter. Whercas the goodneffe or equity of the Caure is not to be meafured by the Cloze : Many preft quarrells have produc'd ftrange effects: yea, fuch incroaching powcrs, whofe onely ground of Hoftility, was inlarging of their owne Dominions, or enriching their coffers by others fortunes, have received wonderfull fuccefle; albeit, forne Cloud or other in the end eclypfod their greatneffe, and return'd them a juft and proportionable revenge according to the meafure of thofe injuries, which by invalion, oppreffion, or ufurpation they had done unto othets; as the Lyrick fometimes fung:

## 2ericguid a vobis minor extimef cet, Maior boc vobis Dominues minatur.

Astbe Great deales with the lon, Gedwill ufe the Great ones $\rho 0$.
But to returne to our Difcourfe : As thofe who are intereffed in thefe Military affaires, are to ayme at nothing more than the juft: nefic
nefle of their quarrells which reteines ftill in it felfe a quickning power to the moft dedining fpirits: foare thofe who undertake the recommending of thofeactions done, with a comper tible Pen, to relare the grcunds and orcalions of their comming on ; of paffages during the warre; with the cvent or iffiue thereof; withcut fiding or complying with either part ${ }_{3}$ either for Country, or any other private ingagement. As for thofe, who (as optatw fpeakes in another fence) areall for Time, nothing, for Truth: or, as Themifisus fonctimes fooke of the Acacians, who by complying swith the Emperour, and applying themrelves to his pleafure, juftly gained the name of Lovinians, aleribe more reverence to the Purple than Perfon, Their workes may receive breads foratime, but cannot promife any continued fame.

It was a Spect worthy the Mourh of I'raian: Hoc prome itere, $\mathfrak{f}$ inffa impetravero, contranse. fornjufa. Hi delire was no longer to reigne than he scigued well. The heares of his people hee furche not to winne by any foveraignizing way: for he found thofe paths full of perill. Nor by pretending goodneffe, or ftrowding clundy defignes with faire protences, for thote the thenned, becaufe mufowidly grounded. And as the Fifh Sepia is hewrayed ly a blanke colour, which the calficth out in cover her: fo this dufky vapcur of diffenibling being once difperfed, would bring himutoa difervery; and ty degrees bornine. This had le read in the Tragicall Cataftroptie of $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}} \mathrm{j}$ -

Afferiatorss non Dinm fad Pu. puramgolu. iffs, 06
beriut, whogloried in nothing fo much as in cun ningly cloaking his private purpofes with guilded glozes, taire pretences, going invifible, and deluding his Subjects refolutions with a feeming geod.

Faire femblances poized with their incommodities, prove oftentimes fruitleffe, redious, or noxious, as the ytalias Proverbe implyeth :

Chi babiance cavallo, et bella moglie
No vive mai Sanfa doglie.
Thishe difcovered in others mifery, which fufficiently inform'd him to thun fuch Prefidents of impiety. Nor fought this brave Prince to ingratiare himfelfe in the affections of his people, by an indifcreete bounty: for the fatall effects of fuch indifpofed Sowers of their Fortunes, he read deepely charactred in the loore and lavih reignes of Vitellises, Corminodas, doc. For thefe, howfocver they might feeme to have free hearts, they had weake and fhallow Conceits : in diftinguiming the merit of the perfon to whom they fhow'd, or rather fhowr'd downe theirbounty. He , who could time ir moft, was ever fure robe rewarded beft : which begot in perfons of defert and quality fuch difcontent, to fee others of bafe condition advane'd; themfelves contemn'd : as this their inconfiderate bounty became the onely pulley to hale them to calamity.

Nor could this abfolute Prince (for hee was Soveraigne'nverhimfelfe) indure to force anobedience in his Subjects, by a tyrannick feare: for though Nervis Pofition was this: Forsuna $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ nofira

Yethad this noflea cundsa permitrit mibis: Hice held that
Precicent of Prefident of
Pruaces, faciPruaces, facie-
our \& firring sior, patientixis mala ferat:. Either to plant in ouns firingsior, pasientixs mala ferat. Eicher to plant in
Spiriss both in blood, orbeger a nore awfull command and Campe ad Cou's.
rimatas. Sovcraignty by pratiling in himfelfe or Officers, effinfion of blood, he found that courfe no means to fecure him, nor to fette him in an Imperiall Snate: Hee had received from that Learned Morall, how, in the minde or confecience of a Murtherer, there flall alwayes remaine a plague of Blond; his Eyes thall behold no other colour but fanguine, as if the Aire were dycd into it ; the Vilions of his Head in the Night-time hall caft a Bowle of blood in his face.

Howfoever, moft certaine it is, "that divers factious Incendiaries have fhowne themfelves in moft Pavillions; where, by private fuggeItions they ever fought to fow differences amongit Eminentit perfons : purpofely by a paralfiticall 'way, to crecpe into favour with one or other. Which ever redounded to the Authers dithonour ; as might be inftaned in frundry Examples borh Ancient and Moderne. For whence came thofe fatall-fraternall difords berwixt Polywices and Etcocles: Thofe continucd Warres betwixt the Romans and Caribagi. nians; Sabines and sampites; bur from there $x$ Spirits in the vault, who were impatient of nothing nore than peace : nor Fautors of onght more than Divifion? In troubted wa-
( ters is their beft filhing : Halcyon dayes are their

## ANurfery for G $A N$ IRP.

their Canicular:dayes. A calamitous Camne, or fatall Pharfalie, Campst where they hang their Trophies of glory In whitch, they hold it inmponible but to finde fome, on whon they may pratife.

Hecuba's Dreame of bringing forth a Burning.Torch, may be in thefe verified : Their ftirrings would bring all to cinders, were they not reafonably quenched. Publick fafety, private Amity, all correfpondence necting muthally, would by there bee foone diffolved, were they left alone to att their owne parts: which would in Itort time burft our intofuch combution, as the Stage where they acted; fhould prefent nothing but Enmity and Divifion.

Some of this Stampe; our late Gracious Soveraigne of famous Memory, King James, tooke efpeciall notice of : who, howfoever they were for other humane Learning defervingly approved, yet for their indifcreet paffages in this kind', (as may appeare more fully in their Hiftoricall Relations) they utterly loft his efteeme.

Thefe are poyfonous and virulent heads, that fuggeft interthe cares of Princes, Argumenes of revenge, caufes of diftrift, morives of fufpicion and jealoufie : nor to profit themfelves, but to fatisfie the depravedneffe of their owne natures, intended to nothing but the fubvertion of States,' the fetting at' difcord united Primces: En pallor! ©ran It was thought, that

[^0]Enpallor Benrid, generiostпіумय poren tis
Has ira ffims londo graves, infire fiuper-

A memorable in thatglorious and Chriftian-like expedition of Chrifinan, and royall expedision. thofe memorable Heroës, Princes reccrded in the eternall booke of fame, againft the Turkes, whore hoftility had laine wafte thore bleffed and fruitfull coafts, where the remnant of 1 frael was once planted: that the greateftcaufe of the ill facceffe of that Warre proceeded from fome factious heads, ferting (that unfortunate, yet never fufficiently praifed $B$ erse) the Duke of Norman. $d y$, and the King of France, at variance : an impious and dififerous enmity, being a maine impediment for the hindering a warre, no leffe glorious to Heaven, than generally beneficiall to all the world. Some have imputed the caufe to certaine expoftulations betwixt the two Princes, which grew afterwards to words of publick reproach and infamy ; uphraiding each other with divers infolencies offered by their Countries, one to another. Whatere the Motive of this diffen-

A milchicrous plot.

FaAious Ill.
Sorians a. mongat the Ancient: tion was, (how varied foever the opinions of Writers be herein) the braine that contrived it, was fire the forge of greatimpiety, and an irreparable detriment to the Chriftians, expofing them to ruine, flaughter, and delolation.

The like we may read of thofe two renowned Cities, sparta and Cibens : which two flourinhing Common-weales long time lived in unity, without the leaft motion of warre : but in fise, reading the workes of a mutinous Hiftorian: mutinous indeed; for his factions betore; had beene fitfixient, without further inducements by writing : fuch bloody and cruell warres enfued,

## $A \mathcal{X}$ urfery for GEATRX.

as the firciof th of innerfinerombuations was not extinguithed with leffe than an univerfall effivion ofblood. Many more I could produce, even neare at home, bur 1 muft not infift upon one Argument too long, fince i have entred a facious andintricacomaze, that promifech entriance enough, if Imn(with whiadnas etheed) finde a paflage to my precipicate adventure.

Thus much have I poken of Stute-fnarling Hilkorians, that nake their Workcs like pricks or goads to the publick Stare I witl now procead widh my formet diyifion of Hiftery $y_{2}$ and finde in the ef two extreames (hedfentation, and Srate-invertion a meane to direatus in the perfect andeact pe of Hiftoricall Narrations: Me-
 thy Laboumsemprelt theirMafters poverty : nor too creited, to iotimate thy: itares fecurity. Thou art too depreffod, when with lagging wings thou formeftegevery bofelure, or object of if? featin, making thy Invention a fale to ochers pleafure, writing nothingleffe than truth, becalfe truth cannor teach the how tol live. Thou art tow exectod, when like an eumene Cenfor, ther tavof the acts of Prinies; with tich anau. Aerebrow, as if thouhad ft forgot the difipline of Hiftery, and wer's eransformed to a profilt Satyrift; mixing , why Inke with farre nomed gall thandifiretion: yerextan(porved with imaginary

fo thou (with Ctefiphom) kicke againft the Moiles hceles. For the latter, there's no profeffion more eafie, nor fubject more frequent, norA rgument more generall: and as Iuvenal faith:

Lib. s.fatyr.s Difficile eft Satyram now fcrilere: nam quis iniquia Tam patiens urbic, tam ferreus ut teneat fo?

For the firt, I never knew any Difcourfe

A flatering Hintorian, worth reading, proceed from fo bare and ignoble Merchunts: They fell their Workes by retaile ; and hope of a gainefull Dedicatory, makes them contemine Merhod, Truth, Subject, and all. Ires Inrippe is open; relieve but the needy Artift, he will imitate the Bohemian Curre, fawne on a good fuite : fhew the project of his intendments to him; deague but thy protection, and he will fecond it with an indeared proteftation; toinfert Monumentall Characters of Honour to grace thee; onely beftow thy bounty, and fhew not thy felfe unworthy of fo fabulous an Attendant. His Invention is tyed to his Benefactors: then dryes the fource of his fancy, when they reftraine the Spring of their Bounty.

It is the mifery indeed, of the Age, not alwaies to fixe upon Merit: feeing many rare and exquifite Witts, and thofe fingularly improved by continuate fudy, and conference, fleepe many times in filence, unregarded, ac leart unrewarded : while more fterile Conceipts receive advaucement. Yet fhould not thele refpects make a Scholler forgeifull of fo gencrous a Title, as
the beft-diferning Heralds of Antiquity have beftowed onhim. For if wee will credit Authority, or the teftimony of fuch, whofe pre. cious-Ipent. Oyle hath defervingly purchas'd them a memorable eftecme, we thall finde the style of a scholler deepely ftamped with the Print ot honour. Whence it is, that citrews writeth, Gn, stineidrio that in Prage, an Univerfity of Bobemia, where pas.444. Tobn Hus and Hierom of Prage proteffed, that they that have continned Protefors for the fpace of Twenty yeeres together, by a conftant refidence, are created Earles and Dukes both together. And therefore to dignific their perfons the more, their Style is to be called Illusfres; whereas they which are lingly and fimply but onely either Earles or Dukes, a recalled Spectsbiles. Neither maketh it any matter, that they have no revenues to maintaine Earlcdomes or Dukedomes: for they have the Title notwithfranding: 5 even as Suffragans have of Bi hiops.

Reflect on thefe, yee fric-bred Children of the Mufes; and you will fcorne to expofe your deferving Labours to the Mercenary Trade of our impertinent Pamphletters: who write before they read; and difoover their follies to the world, not to gaine praife but price.

Obferve but what furviving Fame the laborious Workes of knowing Authors have formerly acquired: 2uorum effigies fiverè fcire cupiar,, now faxafed (criptalegas. Admit, they received not that acceptance, while they lived, which their P
clabo-

## d.SatDey, 啊HISTOR"Y, o

Ler Schollery elaborate compofures deferved : yet though a leave shis de. Cerving Alutio of Soions to diesiscomnery; and if the ic. ward them not, les at tedound to her ignominy:
"O Pairia liLi didics $\mathcal{O}$ faLets ifitulatus Joura!

Tidinifis $\mathrm{P}_{\text {iti- }}$ B/uptasma, or Piadrlipi a flo - emin, nompe Po "̈en; er non lam /provi/h is sircmein Mlandi, nempe lortunsm?
micentr ileepe, the whole Judgmentr of an Age cantor. There will be ever forme, who can both read and indge. Su preciouts are thefe Monuments of Learning, and have beene ever, that fhould Fortane play ltill her blind part, and referve the fimalleft portion for chinerva's Followers: They fhall live more honourd in the cye of fudgment, bocauf had indifgrace by a painted portrell of foot-cloath Sate, which never yet afriredto a diferning knowledge of Merit.

For tell ne, yec happy delpitable ones, are you any thing the worfe, becunfe defifed, where only Faihion, Complement, or affected ignoranceisinctueft ? No; as it is the gond mans ghtery t e be difvalued by the evill : To it is your inappindite to receive a difefteme from theff, who pride themelves in nothing bur lilkenig normice.

Niobe, in the afturnce of her Föttunte, milt fiy : "Greater ain I than Fortune can fibibiute. Much moreyon, who are enriched with farre mone precions fubfance: you have in you that may trucly fortific erou: No matter, though your outward hovife decline, fo your inward houfe rereine her beauty. Let your Workes therticonfirme your worth: Let them hot palliat an untrith : inor for any hope of an immerited reward, inlimute your felves into the favour of vicidis Grearitte. Makechoice officti $\mathfrak{i}$ Patron, whom youmay juftly commend : let his bortwes rathet thaphis Fortwes binde you to him.

## ANurfory for GENTRT.

Many have perifhed inopinion of the world; by addreffing their Latours to undeerving PerConages: or by writing in way of Commendation, upon unworthy Subijefts. Good Wits fhould of subjectar. beberter imployed ; and if wake, the Better bave writ engugh for them to adrinite.

Thele tweforts. ('as net worthy an Hiforicall Title ) have I profcribed the bounds of my difcourfe: if betswixt fuch two dangerous fhelves, I can finde a retired harbour for the truely named Niforian to breath himfelfe in, I have attained my wifhed expectance. The meane betwixt there two, gives us obferyation of noting caufes and effects, how produced, and how ended: Counfells and fucceffes, how intended, how adminittred. Thenhee proceeds further, making refemblance betwist Nature and Nature, State and State, the government of this Province and of that: then differences of Actions and Events: fome wifely carried, bearing themfelves faire, and promifing a compleat fatisfaction to the indertaker: yet what oppofition betwixt the end and beginning, ruine being the period, or cxtreme, of hishopes? Many fuch oppofite Converfions, or Catafiropbes rather, may we dayly fee in the managements of Warres. Who more happy in his Countries protection, and who more fucceffive in his profecution, than Pompey the great in his firftentrance to Martiall exploits? Yea, (as Cafaracknowledged himfelfe) he had conquered, if he had knowne when he had conquered: rici/cs . jite
vicifge soguo
vidfor. yet in event, whofe defignes more unhappy? Not $P_{2}$ onely
onely deprived of the bent of his hopes; proferibed (as it werc) his native Countrey, and enforced to begge a pocre Sepulchre in a forraine Countrey : but even moft oppreffed by their cruelty, whofe fervice under his owne Banner, had becue rewarded royally. Such difcourfes often

Moriag Hiffo riage.

How to move paffion and by what circuntllauces. move in men a commiferation, in feeing Vertue fo ill guerdoned, and Vice (undera counterfeit garbe ) of Innecence, receive an immerited reward. And this certainly have mont Hiftorians ever obferved in their Writings: fo lively to expreffe the dififters of deferving men, that their Relaticns might move a kinde of fenfible pitty and remore in the perufer, which is beft exemplificd by circumfances: for the time, place, caufe, and perfon, with other neceffary Adjuncts, doe (for the moft part) lay a more open and froocth Tract to the inforcement of paffion. Lw. can, that Heroick Hiftorian, brings forth Corselis fitting upin the fhore, where her Hufband took chis laft farewell of her: where (like another Niobe) the males a Limbeck of her eyes, and defants her owne calamity, oft wifhing his returne ; and whendeprived of his fight yet the eye of her imagination reprefents a new object of forrow. Herc, in fach royall cempofitions, and funerall conclufions, he deferibes the diverfity of Nature, in two contrary fubjects: a fervant faithfull, fitting ore the headlefle trunke of his unhappy Mafter :a flave as ungratefull, haling his once well-eftecined Lord and Generall to the fatall thoare : where (without rafte of remorfe,

## $A$ Nurfery for: GENTRT.

fetnorfe, remembrance of former merits, or regard of Countries love') Hee deprives him of life.

When Learg. Ansonic was to prefent the cruelty committed upon Ca/ar in that fatall furprize he received in the Capitol : that he might move more compaflion in his Hearers; who, as they were for moft part Plebeizans; fo ccular Prefentments ufually worke deepeft impreffion with them: fhewed in his Funerall Oration the thirty three wounds wherewith Cafar was deprived of life by his Confpirators. Which baring of his body, and difcovery of his wounds, with an aggravation of the odioufneffe of the fact, being acted by his owne pretended friends, begot in them an univerfall forrow. Nothing but revenge could relifh well with them, after this fo dolefull a Spectacle.

This that excellent Hiftorian, (Lsppian. Ls lexand.) expreffeth in fuch a paffionate manner, as his Lines can hardly produce any leffe effeit froman attentive Reader. For you fhall ever ob-

An excellent Art in moving paltion, inIt anced in $A P$ plan. Alexandrinw. ferve, that the lmagination workes more to life than the Line : 'So as, when fuch a Difiourfe is laid open to us, we begin to recollect the Circumftances: as the place where fuch a Tragicke Sceane was acted; the perfons intereffed, the quality of the perfon fuffering: all which are fo enlivened by the imagination, as iomakes the Render a spectator. fo ftrong and finewy is che conceipr of him who undertands what he reads.

Choranius, who had beene Praior, being condem-

A memorable Alory of an unnaturall Sum, and his milerable ead.
condemned and now aftached by the Sauldiens during thofe Factions of the F rjump viris invreared them to forbeare from offering violence, till he might fend his fonne to fpeake with dutomie; imagining, good Old man, that his fonne out of a naturall affection and reverncie to his gray haires, would interceed forthion , but they hughcd at his fuite, anfwering him, that his fonne had fpoken, but it was to the contrary: When thic old man heard this, he defired them to tarry till hee had feene his Danghter; whom when he faw, he commanded "fhec jhould abfaine from his goods, "left ber Brotber hould fue for her Death usto An's tonic. But obferve the fatall iffue of Difobediencel This unnaturall Some, having confumed prodigally all his goods, the unhappy remainder of his Fathers fortunes, became afterwards attached of Felony, and faved himfelfe by Alight: where livine ina tedious Exile, heeclofid his daycs as miferably, as his former courfe was unnaturall.

A plentoous Store-houle of Examples for all conditions is Hiftery in it felfe. Which conduce nuch to the regulating of our life; and preparing our felves for death. For if wee thall but confider the refolution of fuch, who for popularhonour, Countries efteeme, or fafety of State, have with all readineffe encountred Death : yea, who rather than, they would endure to fee any Tyrannick Scveraignty introduced; or the ancient Lawes and Cuftomes of their Nation difannuallcd, woudd fuffer the worft of all extrcames:
muth more we; who fight for a better Countrey; and whofe hopes extend the period of time, in the purfuite of dir Viddory.

There is an Epigramme of Callimachas upon cleombrosus the Ambrocian, whom he fayes (to expreffe the force of humanie reading) after that he had perufed platio's booke of the Immortality of the Soale, forthwith, withour any other apparant caufe, caft himfelfe headlong downe from a Wal!.
Whatemiats Hiftoricall Readings have begor, all Tintes can beare fufficient Record : where fome, whofe remiffe firits durft never enter lifts with any commondanger, by being frequently wers'd ini Relationsof this kinde, berame valiant Commanders.": Others, in the Survey of A.ts done in défenter of Ladies honours, as if thofe Hiftoricall Natrations folely aymed at them, betooke them tothe fant Enterphize.' No Taike
 getr, which with a cheetefull ?mile they would not encomter ; fo they might windicate any wronged Ladieshònotr. Others, trearing thole aicient Uftractions berwaxt thetr envice pative Foile, with fome othdr Narioh: and the injhries their Countrey fuffered; have revived thore wounds alteady cicatris'd, and vowed a revenge for Indignities neatelytitoric out by time. Such lively Prefentments are Hiftories, is they have power to beget ifpirit in the pufillamimous, confrancy in the couragious, modelty in the magnanimous, writh a fweere artemperature of all in the Vittorious.

Such as defiled their native purity with impiety, by giving themfelves over unto pleafare; and had ftayned the Nobility and fplendour of their Soulcs through wil'owing in Vice, or otherwife traudulently by ularpation or bate infinuation, hadcrept intoSoveraignty, or un. juftly governing the Common-wealth; fuch thought Socrates, that they went a by-path feparated from the councell of the Gods: But fuch as, while they lived in their bodies, imitated the life

Tysc. Quefi. Lib. 1. of the Gods, fach the thought had an eafie returne to the place from whence they firlt came.

Of which Subjert Egefias the Cyresian refolved fo amply, and difcourfed fo powerfully, thar he was forbidden of King Psolomseus to teach the rame in Schooles, for that manyafter his Doatrine willingly killed themfelves.

Thefe Difputations in thofe times free from the fheck of warre; and inconveniences ever attonding Hoftility, were ufually profeffed and praAifed. But when the Cowne and Lawrel gave way to the Laubse, fuch arguments ceafed: Philotophy became out of requeft : Martiall Difcir pline the fole determiner of caufes. Fields became Theaters, where fuch Sceanes of forrow were Acted; as the Conquerour could not fay that thore booties were cleare gaynes which hee had purchafed. This moved that princely compallionate Cadar, fometimes to compare bis own Imperiall gaine witha Democraticall loffe. To

## $A \mathcal{X}$ urfery for $G E \mathcal{X} C R T$.

comfort that difconfolate Cornelia, whofe eies wher were ever flowing in the remembrance of her in- Inperiall juried Lord. To recall to minde thofe many e-ffrally. minent Starifts, whofe glory it was to imbrace Death willingly, rather than beceme Subjeits of his Viftory. Torecount (if Figurcs conld finde place for fuch a number) thofe many beds made Widows; thofe many Infunt-orphans by his pharfalia. Hee findes the Senate diffolved; all thofe Orders and Ofticialls conducing to a Politicall State (while popular command bore fway) rooted. The tongue of Eloquance he findes charmed: and to his innovated State folely chained. He findes sanu Temple open, and hee is confious to himfelfe, whyit was opened: and now he fhuts it, but not without a figh, for he knows not how foone it may be opened. Hee viewes with a ferious Ceremony the Statues of his once living, but now interred friends: and in a more pallionate recollection of his owne affiaires, hee confiders, how his ambition brought many of them to ruine. Hee lookes when thofe liveleffe Shrines of his loving Allies fhould tender him a re-greer, at leaft an inforced frime, as a congratulating teftimony of his Vietory. But he findes them Emblemes of himfelfe; meere fhadows of empty greatneffe; a place they hold, and that is all.

Having now taken a full view of his Princely Pratorian, his fatall Capitoll, and all thofe memorable Beauties which either Art or State could bring to their full height; hee

No. inppice cin cunfure he heart of hei Eirperes.
takes meafure of himelfe : and hee findes his heart as unconfined as it was bcfore. Triangular it is, which, liculd it poffefe the world, can no more by the Circumference of the world be coiffined, than a Triangle by a Circle is to be filled. He cyes his owne Compefition ; and hee neither findes his body more frongthened, nor the line of his life probably lengthned; nor the ftayes of his Empire better fetled. And nowhe fectes in his owne breaft, what hee never felt before; numerous cares, nocturnall feares: So as, thouldhe tic io focured from all onerward foes, as nothing coukicanfonally trouble him withour, Le findes fuha Batralion within, as he ingenucully acknowledecth Liberty to be farre more precious th.un Soveraignty; all which hee findes the experimentall fruits of his Victory. And now he would converfe a litele with Mortality, which that it may take more imprelive Prints upon the face of Maicfly, hee goes to the Monument of his vanquitid Foe; One fomerimes equill to himbife for greanctic; and trindendent (if the !encra!! V(ttand Voize of Rome deferve credit) twhim ingocdnefle. And what findes he ingravenon that mouldredinrine, hur the Effigies of auheadicfic Trumke, diffinguifhed by chis improff: "Hicfitus eft Magnus! Every where hee finedes Fortunchis pre fetied foe: and the wane ofknow!dge how to manage a Victory, the occalle nof fhis owne fall.

Hee fecs the dithughter'd Corps beth of his Friends and Focs cqually bleeding : for his Tri-
umph, he conceives it frort in meafure of thofe numerous wounds by him occafioned; thofe profure Riv olets of blood his hand h'as effufed; thofe Oceans ofdiftreaming teares his Conquefts have procured.

Such Tragick occurrents require their Empha. fos, and a kind of un-uluall working pathon: that the Hiftory may prefent to our cyes, the very acts how they were done; making her Difcourfe (as it is) a Theater of humane Actions. I know pittifull ftories have frange effects, if amply defrribed: For Warriers themfelves in the report of their owne misfortuncs (of all men moft pittilefic) have hardly contained themelves from teares. eEmeas wept to fee the ruines of his Countrey folively depictured in Dido's Hall : But when he beheld his poore Father Auchifes hanging on his owne thoulders, (having no other refuge in fo imminent difafters ) Sufpiria mittit, he could weepe no longer : for teares mitigate griefe; but with a paffionate filencing of his miferies, treafured his un-utterable woes in the balefull Centre of his heart.

Xerxes, when of a populous Army, as ever paffed out of 1 fia, hee had hut fo many left as might attend him in a poore Cock-boat, to accompany him in his diffreffed expedition, the Hiftory mentions, that hee wept bitterly ; enttiling himfelfe, The ruine of bis Countrey, the faughter of many refolute Souldiers. Nay, Titus himfelfe, the Flower of all the Roman Emperours, in the facke and fubverfion of that once glorions

Livelyimprefo Gions of remorfe, drawne fro the Sonne towatds the Father.

City Ieru/alem, is faid to weepe exceedingly, beholding fo many lamentable Objects of pitty (dead carkaffes lying in open ditches) fo as not able to containe himeclfe, he cryed out, I call Heaven to witneffe, I am not the caufe of this peoples Raughter. Many fuch reprefentments wee have |very ufuall in Hiftorics, motive for their palfion, and memorable for their end; procceding from the juft Judgment of God, to caution others by their miferable falls.

Comparing of
There is another propriety in a Fifrory, which Hiftories rery fheuld be e berved : and that is a Judicious collation, orcomparing of Hiftories one with another. The defectand want hereof, is the principall caufe why fo maine difordancies \& meere oppofitions in Hiftorics arife : and that not in circumutances alone, bur in materiall points, as originall foundations of Cities, fucceffion of Princes mifcited, the fites of Countries (an obfervance more (icogriphicall) ill-difonfed; with many other errors, which are grounded upon no other reasn, than the want of conferring fuch Hiftories together, as tend to the prefent Subjeit wee have in hand. Nay, were it not much thinke you, now to prove directly, that the very ComputatiA diference : on of yeeres which they derived from their ancimong the Pa-
pans in the
tit Computation of yecics.

0 ent Kalendar; and which they obrerved as Cercmonially and Religiontly (in theirkind) as wee the yecres from Christs Incarnation, was very defective among themfelvas? ?

Yea, to flew you, how Chmnologers differ concerning thofe yecres from the Worlds Creations.
tion, to Cbrifs Birch : fome affirming, there be 3929 , as Beroaldwo : fome 3952, as Hierome and Bede: fome 3960 , as Luther and Iohannes Lúciduw: fome 3963 ,as cMelanothon in his Chronicle, and Functime fome 3970, as Bullinger and Tremellius: fome towards 4000 , as Bunting ws.

Sundry probable opinions every one of thefe alledged; yet in Computation conftantly different. No doubt, but Tranfcriptions thefe men had to confirme their Opinions : how then came thefe to be fo defective, or different one from another? Divers have no leffe diverfly laboured to refolve this Objection; then they have with impertinency of Reafons intangled the underftanding with new doubts. Much was propofed by thern Argumentatively, nothing Pofitively concluded; being by Opponents no leffe probable in their Arguments, than confident of their Judgments, oppoicd. Howbeit, touching this bur Computation, wee reff fufficiently grounded. This onely is the occafion of our inference in this particular: purpofely to deliver unto you the diverfity, and confequently the maine deficiency offuch Tranfripts, as former times have recommended to Polterity.

Neither need wee wonder that in our owne Kingdome, thofe who have for many yeeres preceeded us, fhould afford no great light or direEtion to their Succeffours; fecing, Saint Hierome in the end of his Dialogue againft the Pelagianr,

Higron in 20 lalog. cuyt. De ( 2 booke of excellent Learning and divine Difcourfe) writeth thus: "The Province of Eritaine, "ned (note the deplorable eftate of this lland "inthof daies) by Tyrants and other Holtile "people; Nations bounding or bordering upon "the Ocean Sea, were utterly ignorane of MoJes "and the Prophets:So that then, by he teitiniony of Saint Hierome, all our Religic n was Heathenith fuperfition : all our Clurch- Crvice was Idohatry : all our Pricits were Panims : all our Gods were Idols. And to appropriate to every Nation their poculiar God, there was then in Scotland, the Temple of Mars: in Cornwall, the Tumple of Nerecury: in Bangor in Wales, the

2 slow in Annal. in vit. Morgani. b Cambrieni Brubtho in Ef. Sesia. c Srow Arnal "1" vita Bladud © Lcire Resum, 代 Seve. rlaperalo is. d fuchius in Triali. de fia aris Scripturis. pla.129. Adt. 5.48. Tcmple of Minerva: in a Malden in Effex, the Temple of bVicloria: in Bath, the Temple of $A$ pollo : in Leicefter, the Temple of Ianus: in rork, where St. Peters is now, the Temple of $\subset$ Eellona: in Lonion, where Pauls is now, (and now to more than her priftine beaury reftored) the Temple ofd Diana: Thercfore it is verylikely, by comparing thofe Times with preceeding Antiquity, that they eftecmed as highly then of the Guddelie Diana inLondow, as they did in Ephefus: and that as they cryed there, Great is Diana of the Fphicians; fo they! cryed here, being delucied with the fame fpirir, and tranfported with the lame purluit of profit, Great is Diana of the Londeners. Nay, evenno mure than 53 . jecres before the Inearnation of Cbrift, when Julime Cafarcimcout of France inco England, foabfurd, finlelutio, and flupid were the people of this Land, that inftead of the true and ever-living

Lord, they ferved thore Hearhenifh and abhominable Idols, Nars, Mercury, Minerva, Villoria, Apollo, Lanse, Bellosia, Diana, and fuch like. No great marvell then, that people fo wholly illiterate and ignorant in the Law of Mofes, floculd be unknowne to the Computationofyeeres defiending from Mofes. But for the Pagans themfelves to be ignorant in their Annuall Accompts with fuch fuperftitious folemnity obferved; with fuch conttant Feafts folemnized: and cvery yeere, in their perfonall vifits (efpecially for their 0 !ympick and Ifthmian Ganics ) memorized : it may fecue frange to affirme, but a tanke chmore difficulty to contirme.

And yet this is eafily done; for their cpinions about their olympiads in Greece, for the time of their Erection are divers : The foundation of zome as uncertaine, fince the Founder himfelfe. o Laërt. is not as yet qeneralty agreed of; for the divers Relations of Numsitor and Amulius, Romulus and Remus, with their Mother Rhea, or Ilia, (as fome will have ir.) make up a Labyrinth of themfelves without farther confulfor. But to inferre the ftranige conveyance (or expotheofis) of Romulus, fuddenly vanifhed forth of their light, and by the teftimony of Iulius Proculus, tranfilanted to fome other place of more eminence; hardIy deferves the credir of an Hiftorian: Yet fone $e$ there be which fhew more favour to this famous Founder of Rome, daigning to heftow a Monuinent of him, which is erected for him in the Temple Quirinus. Indeed it were little enongh
to memorize fo renowned an Eftablifher with a Tombe, and toconlecrate the place of his Buriall ;as Achylles Tombe; or Mo:ument in Sygeum, Thefeus in Athens, 1 jax in the Rbetias fhore, and Alcides Reliques in Oëta : Rend but over the Romas Amals, and you thall finde the difordancies of Hiftorians in thefe Compunations of times to be great : As efpecially the defruction of Troy, confounding the feverall times of Troyes facking, mifling their Accompe from Laomedon to the fuccelion of Priam. But I have touched the errour enough, let us now defend to the picvention of it.

Tranfcriptions of etimes uncertaine \& defearre.

Before we take in hand any Difcourfe, wee mult alwaycs meditate of the meanes, ere we can attaine the end: Which end is fooneftatchieved, when we addreffe our felves for fuch Subjects (as hare beene in our time) wherein we may receive Infruction, by fome that have beene inter-refted in thofe Affaires, of farre more certainty thanany Traufription. But intending our Studies to any Forraine Relation (whereofit may be wee have fome one Record ) I would not depend upon the Antiquity of the Record (for wee have many ancient Fables) but recollect my felfe and examine the probability, whether fuch particuLarsare like to beare refemblance of truth or no. And herein wee imitate the Ancienteft and beft Authorized Hiftorians thatever wrote.

Valerius Naximw had recourfe, not onely to Roman Ainals, (which were kept with great care) but heculed to conferre with fuch as had
any Breviats of the Romane Lives in their hands: Comparing them rogether, that hee might cull and chufe out from the beft Authors (as himfelfe witneffert) fuch documents, as not oncly propagated the glory and priftine height of his Countrey; but might move fucceeding ages to emulate their Ulertues.
The like of that truc Moral Hiftorian Plutarct, whofe Style fo modertly garnifhed, and fo fententioully concluding, hath (and not withour caufe) purchafed him the name of the Father of Hiftories.

Laërtius, a worthy recorder of thofe famons Sages of Greece; defcribes his Countries happineffe with great modefty: Whofe Sentences may befecme the graveft Underftanding to extract, and upon oorafion to accommodate to his owne purpofe. Here he fhewes Spirit in a Phylofophers Pen ${ }_{2}^{\prime 2}$ one oppofing himfelfe agaynft a Tyrant; Therea Moralift, making young men fit Sociates for the matureft times: Here a Cynicke, contemning the glory of the World, though offered him, There a merry Greeke, laughing at the Vanities of men wholly beforted and fubjected to mundane flavery. O what Chriftian-like Maxims, what Divine conclufions, what folid Arguments, what enforcing reafons be there included, onely to move men to the embrace of vertue? With Difcourfe plentifull enough in oppofitions berwixt Ethnicke and Ethnicke; outftripping Nature (it it were poffible) in reafoning, and drawing an argument, necre to Divine

The variety of
difcourfe in Laërius.
probation, and ready tnconfirme it, if the generallblindues of the Time, and their want of further Revelation would admit of their affertion.

Thus much for the former branch of my Divifion, of Hifories True and Authenticke: Now I will entreate of Relations Feigned; yet fuch as Moralizad include an excellent meaning,drained from the uncorrupted Springs of Helicon.
icigraed Rela. llons or loc̈ricall Hilto. rics.

Homer an Excellent \& Heroicke Poer; madow'd onely at, becaufe my lulacious Iriend Mattey rio. inesioad. hatheaten in hand (by his greatincufry) to make a Ge. nerall(ehough ᄂumamary)deferiptionot all she !'octslives; and withfure more fillicity, 1 hope, chan his neviterious - icounfe of A.gets.

A LL Relations feigned are not to be cexcluded : for many Poëticall Narrations there be which comprehend in them a w o nderfull fharpnefle of judgement, pregmancy of Invention, and agreat mealure of Difcretion; of which fort, nu ne more excellent then the Workes of Homer, weaving many pretty conccites in the web of his Hiftory, to make the Subjectiofeffe more plex. fant. The more I comnrend him to the reading of the judicioufly Genercus, becaufe I coukd never fucd inhis Wori sany ferrrulous Affeftation, but profeuting his Difourfe wish a modeltgrivity, as if Nature, that had deprived him of his corporalllight, had done ir, to make the eie of his underfanding more percing. For who fo reads the Majefty of his Stile, the wel-coucht Fables immixt inh is War hetwixt the Greeks \& Trojans, mavas ina Store-houfe, imagine the Treafures of all Wits to tic lockedup in him. Many excellent Hiftories havebeene derived from him, as well in Prote as contraited Meafures; for his pleafing. variety relifherh more then others, becaufe through all his Workes, hee uferh leffe digrellion

## ANurfery for G BNTRT.

then others: and pitry it is, that every impolifh'd hand flrruld have to doe with the Tranfeription of his Labours: grieving the poore Blind-man with their hlindneffe:For who fa blind as Bajard? And if Stefycores was worthily ftrucke blind for Conmenting on Venus beanty, and di'commending Hellens forme: Mach more deferve they an exacter punifhment, that dare with an unprepa. red fleightneffe, Comment onhis eterniz'd Labours, whodetected venus luft, and portraied Hellens Inconftancy.

To prefcribe in what Tongue Hifories are to be read, I know their owne garment is mof native. But fuch have bin the difparraging Labours of our Englifh Tranflators, that Romes Tongue, and Greeces Characters, grow as vulgar and common with us, as the stalian Garbe: fo as wee feeme beholding to others, both for Speech and Raiment. I doe know fome Workes are neceffary tobe Tranflated: being fuch as expreffe the politicke ftates of Realmes; which imparted to theilliterate, oftentimes conferre no little benefit to Our Countrey. But other Works there be, which Moderty would have concealed, being Records of the Vitioufnefle of former times; as the Obfeene and fenfuall convents, or proftitutions rather, of thofe mirrors of Impiety, the Roman Emperours; the Relation whercof acquaints the depraved too well with fuch Impudence.

To admit of fitch Workes, ' or to give PatroLaboura dic.
paraged
trand
randers.

Maxy illiterat of the exates Ladgment. nage to fuch, not' ©nly fruitlefle bur difhoneft Labours, hath beene inall times a great occafien of

The free paf. corrupting youth, nourifining Vice, and intro$\mathrm{f}_{2}$ ge of $\operatorname{manfon}$ ducing a tenfuall liberty amonglt fuch, who in indine iource regard of their eminence of place, flould thave of corrypting bin Patrons and patternes of piety. For if anciently all eccafions of loofeneffe were to much prevented, as even cutward Habits or other ex. ternall geftures made them enfured: How much more fiould Authors, whore oyle fhould be fo imployed, as a bencfit to fome, a prejudiçe to none enght to be occafioned; labour to compofe fich Works, or fuithfully Tranflare fuch Labours, as may conferre a fucceeding profit to the State, to which they ftand more particur larly interefled. Lacivious lines produce vicious lives: feeing men for moft part, are more Apiltly addicted to the imitation of any vice, then iericul? affected to the attention of Vertile. Sundill is a dangerous thelfe: neyther is there any Teter more noxionlly fpreading o're the fice, then froments and occalionall metives of imordimate lightencfic is to cur life.

Lacides, that Argive King, was accounted Lefivious cnly for histleck lookes, and mincing Valeffe occitigate. So sompey a profect Champion of valour
tions he piet hions he piet and he nour, becaule he ufed to ferarch his head
vared, the wol? inecgi- withone finger; albeic very continent and , moous may be
mipeachicd. deft. So Crafies, onely hecaufe hee would have bought a Farme of a vefall virgin, for which intont only, he ufed to converfe with her, was fuf: pected to have abrifed her. Pofhumia, hecau'c cut of a naturall indination, given to laughter, and fomething forward to talke with men, was fufpeited
pected of her honenc; whereof being openly acculed, flie was acquitted by Spurius Minasius. with this Cavcat, renfe sords futcable so ber life.

Now, if Habir, Gefture, or Difcourfe begot fuch a fufpition amonglt Pagans; what thould publicke Wcrkes, wherero Authority gives improvement, do amongtt Chriftians : In our readivigs, as wee fhould be Bees and no Spiders: brouzing and fiching the fragrant't and wholefom'lt hearbs, and no leffe fafonably convercing them to the beff fubftance: So the uld tho 'e, who intendro publith oughr; nolafie fincerdy then ferioully ponder thus with themfives, before they impart themfelves to the World: "whereto "tends this paffage? will not the ambiguity of it "prob:bly beget a mif-conftructicu, andeon"fequenty fome occafion of corruption? Have "our lines their full weight? do they beare that "proportion, which may fort with the quality of "that Subject wherof they treate? do they neither " fall fiort of the Time, by contrabting crinju"rioufly concealing, what hould be difcovered: "Or above the time, by dilating too amply, and "annexing a Comment, where the Text it felfe "would have ferved? Is there nonghe that may "oficnd a modeft care, or deprave an unfetled "rhcught? May the State receive it, and be not "prejudic'd by it : Or the moft cenforious Cr "ticke perufe it, and without juft ground dif"rellifh it?

Princely eangufius, who ever retayned in him a Morall piety, afwell as an Imperiall Majeft; ; R 3

## Plato.

for leffer had the latter befceind him, had not the former accomparied him; would not permit his Livia to read light works : no queftion, light labours make many of our Livia's light. For as the Lover is everblinded with affection towards his beloved: fo ir farech with thefe, who affeeted tolight paffages, in the end io fixe their deluded conceites upon them, as they admire nothing with more conitancy, then fuch Subjects as wrought thofe love-ficke paffions on their beforred fincy.

But to recede to our Difourfe of Hifories of A juft reproofe of indifcreces Travalations. the Trmbation of our Hifories which the dif the Tranfation of our Hiffories; which the difcretion of a temperate and well-compofed Interpreter might have well omitted : neither fhould he in this have prejudiced his Author, but acquir'd morehonour to himfelfe by his Labour. I could inftance many paffages in fundry Roman Hi forians, which might difercetly have beene omitred without any defeit or maime at all to their Hiffory: and by omitting thofe lighter digreflions, miniftred loffe offence to a modeft Reader.

Truth is, we are apt encugh to become deprav'd by cur owne illimited affections; and little need to have a plat-forme drawne tous, to beget inus a new brood of vicious inventions. Many particulars, no doubt, might fuit well the $\mathrm{Hi}-$ ftory in his Originall, in refpect of the time, place, andperfons, wherein and to whom it was addrefiod: which, attired in another Dialect, and publithed in thefe our latter times, would not rellifh
relifh to well to a cleare Judgement.
That confpicuous Light of the Eafternc Aug. Church, whole Devorion and Learning have contracted themfelves in fo unanimous a man. ncr, as no fuccceding Age but fhall reape benefit by the perulall of his holy Labours; faith, that anciently the Romans worfliped vertue and Ho. nour for Gods. Whence it was, that they built two Temples, which were fo feated, as none coald enter the Temple of $H O$ NOVR, unleffic he firt paffed through the Temple of V ERTVE: to fignitie, that none was to be honoured, unleffe by fome $V$ ertache had firft deferved it. The Morall admits no other ingenuous Expofition, than its owne genuine cxpreffion: For Honour, nonefhould be fo daring-bold, or prefumptucully confident upona credulous conceit of their owne worth, as to wooe her, much leffe to winne her, till by paffing through $V$ ertues Temple, he get free admittance unto her.
Now tell me, what Honour fhall accrue to thofe goodly Labours, beautified with glorious Frontifpieces, garnifhed with all the Ornaments and Embellifhments of Art, courtenanc'd by a powerfull Pa :ron, and accommodated with all thofe Helps which the extenfive Labours of an Sathor can require : when it thall appcare to the World, that thofe Lines of his never received approvement from the Temple of Vertue? Oh, how many fickly Judgments have I knowne of this fort, who byneglecting their choice of Arguments tending to the advancement of good-
gocdueffe, and beftowing their Oyle on fuch as leaft deferved theirimployment, have perifhed in the efteeme of honelt Wits, and difparraged themfelves moft, where they expected to have beenehonourd moft! But as this may be properly conftrued an crrour of life, where the affeAtion of an Author, either in refpect of the generall inordinacy of the Time, chureth rather to fir his Pen to the corruption of the Age, by delivering to her what the moftaffects:or out of a werincfic and deficiency of Judgment, preferres a lisht or lafivious Subject, folely apt to deprave many, improve none; before fuch as are fericus, and might tend to the benefit of the Publique, being methedically difpofed, and fiithtiully rendred, as Tranferipts of that nature, are to be publif ed. So there is another errour commonly arifing from ignorance of the Langunge, whercin fuch a Subiect was writ. As the Greeke, fo is the Latime copious and fluent : in both which it is very ealie to offend, either by ton childifh rendring, or crroneous miftaking of the Originall exprefion.

But the Latine Tonguc being of moft ufe, becaufe of gencrall'ft Notion through the World; as alfo for that moft of the Greeke Hifteries were rendred by faithfull Interpretors in that Tongue, received moftacceptance: and that not onely in the Latianconfines, but in more remote places where r ther Tongues were in requeft.

We readin Dion Caffius, of a principall man in Grecee, that by Clandius was put from the Order

## $A \mathcal{X}$ urfery for $G E \mathcal{X} T R r_{\text {. }}$

order of Judges, for being ignorant of the Latin Tongue.
That in all the regions of Pannonia it was known: Velleins will afford youfufficient autherity.

Secondly, that it was fooken in a frec and na- Veltrabab. iv. 3. tive Idionre, in Framce and Spaime.

Thirdly, in Affricke.
And(toreflectupon more Divine authorities) it feemeth that the Sermons of Cyprian and Awguftine jet extant (of Augufine it is manifeft) that they preached to the pcople in Latin. But in the Eaft parts of the Empire, as in Greece and Afia, and fo likewife in Affric.e, from the greater Syrtis Eaft-ward, it appeares not in our reading nor collection from others, that the Roman Tongue ever grew into any commonufe. And the reafon of it feemes to be, for that in thofe parts of the Empire it became moft frequent, where the moft and greateft Colonies were planted.

Now, what abfurdities are and have binufually committed upon ignorance of the Tongue, which they laboured to Tranflate, Ileave to the judicious cenfures of fuch, who are frequently verfdinfuch Subjects: where they fhall finde wholepages mif-conftrued, whole periods omitted, whereby the Author becomes miferably mangled.

Now, to returne a truc levell unto both; as the Originall expreft acts donc in that time vnto life; and, percharice, glanced at fome egregious abures of that Time, or rather difplayed them in
their deepelt colours: So is his Irangator in an apt and proper phrafe to renderhim : and if any impertinent, or (which is worfe) vicious paffages octure, widh a modelt filence to pafle over them'; rather thenhy an maneceflary inferting of them, informe the prefent age in knowladge of them.

Inoblervinuthis, their Labows lhildeferve to be inchained inc are emincutt Librarics, and retainc in them a confirmed fameswhile lighter fub. ists, whichracive their hauty from the complie of lime, or adome themfeles with the quiche-yaling t!omilles of vanity, thall incline to the perted of allalic Fate.

Bat hasute I have entred intoa Catalogue of Poericalllittorics, I will procecd further into the memonable, and no lefie ingenious Works of Hefio.b: Manh 1 camot Write of Hyltoricall matter in Mefiod ; yer what he writ of that Sub. fist, ecmipuchonded in it moreheighe and trace proprortion, lhen any loset thatever writ. With: what hazarding danger doth hee theredelineate the rime Combar herween Ceixandeycaus? Now equally poizing their valcurs (as it nature had nade them of that capail power) to the end to Ieve diceontion mecrame. Prefently (uponcecalioned advantage) hee thewes abecter and a worte : yer fo, as without the leaft inputation, or difparage to cither of rheir fipirits (making them as maradell as equall) but applises the crint on fome au?pitious
 thenwother. Straight, with a new palage,
heproceeds to the refolved exploits of Hercules ; and with an admirable facility defribes his La-. bours. Heeit was, that by the allifting hand of rupiter, of whom he defiended, flew the cleonian Lyon; the Erimanthian Buare, the Bull of Marathor, the Lernaan Hydra, and the winged Hart : Hee who purchafed no lefle memorable Trophics in Hell, than on Earth;haling the threcnecked Cerberus, and refning Proferpina (if the Supreme. Powers had not inhibited) from the tyrannick hands of infernall Pluto: Difoomfiting the Centaures, vanquining Achelous (being his corrivall in the love of faire Deianira, the Styonphalides, the Cremona Gyants, the trajow terous Nefus, Antaus, Augeas Stables; Apples of Hefperides, Gacus, Bufyris, hurling Diomedcs to his Horfes (to quithis owne tyramy) frecing $H$ Hefone from the Whale, facking Troy invevenge of the perfidious Laomedon, fubduing thofe invincible Giants, Dericlis and Albion, redeeming Orcalia, and Betricia from the captivity of Gerion: and wearing the Amsazon Baldrich, to intimate his victorics in thofe warlicke Provin? ces.

Thefe, and the like, doth Hefiod fet downe with that probablecohcrance, that ifthe materer it felfe did not imply an impollibility, one would be certainly induced to belecve fo concordant an Hiftery. Prefently he defcends to the Generationcfthe Gods, making upa Gencalogy in that difting order, as the Pargan Gods (for foone hath obferved) were much indebtedto him for
fo well deferving their pedigree, which without his invention (perhaps) had laine obfoure. Now, howfever thele Inventions may feeme improper for the ftate or fructure of an Hiforys How Tnventi-, implat ir oll may itand with the conlo rerture of an Hiftury. probability whatfecver hath hapmed either in his owne Time or any former Age:Yet are thefe, imbellifhments to Hifory ; being writ rather to beautifie thancontirme; and to checre the conccit, thanto enforce it to an improbable beliefc. Nodoubt, but many of fhofe Eminent Lieroës, whom Time either flattered, or Oracles deluded, or lonke other felfe-opinionate Conceit tranported, were incouraged to defignes of infinite diffiully, to prove themfelves defcended from a Dcity. Befides this, they imagined, being fodefended, they were invulnerate. This it was, which put them on Actions above conccit, to difperfe their Fame, and preferve that Opinion which the Age reteined of their defeent.

ExcellentEmblemes thadowed under Pocricall fhat OMs. Howfoever, excellent Eniblemes were fhrcuded under thofe Poéticall Fictions. Hirfuta nuces optimos prabent nucleos. The floll may feeme meane, but the kernoll fweete.

When Acbylles, that glory of the Gresians, had expos'd himtelfe to all dangers, that Hoftility or the force and fury of an Enemy could preffe upon him; in the end, hee was wounded in the heele; for there onely, as the Poëts feigne, he was mortall, and confequently vuinerable. This includes a darke but dainty Morall. Many, howfoever they come on bravely, and can endure
not onely the firt brunt, but expreffe a wondrous height of refolution, during all or mioft pare of the heate of the day, yet in the beele; are they wounded. They erowne not the Day of their Actions with a glorious Evening; but faile mort when the Meritof their Actions thould be moft fhining. For in this flhould every Heroick Spiritimitate the Sunne $3_{3}$ whofe property it is to thew moft beauty in the Setting: fo they, morc in their Clofe than their Beginning.

Yet, were'thefe Hiftoricall Inventions of the Poëts, touching the Ceneration of the Gods; in many refpects defective, and in fome abfird. Efpecially, in portraying of them aged, or addicted to fome viciousquality or other : whercin they feemed to confound Mortality with Immortality: a pure integrious eftate with impiety.

For the firft, it was an excellent Saying of Theocritus, who obferving that popular ftupidity of fuch as repofed their fole confidence in Idols, with the vanity of them : feeing, how even thofe Gods, whore Modells they reteined, and to whofe memories they were creded, were tranflated or removed none knew whither.; incouraged thofe who fuftered for their Contempr towards thofe Pagan Deities in this manner : " a BC "of good cosrage, when Gods dye before Mem. Againe, fpeaking ofa Muise Deity: "b Whereineas "that Goddefe availe him that worfaips her, who "cannot Jpeake to him that woribips her?

So as Twhes Hoffilins putting c Feare and Palenesse in the number of his Gods: $I t$ is

2 Bome effotcanimo, puendo Dї morimatur ante bomines. Theocritus in Cle. Alex. Prorrep. bquid prafiase volemiti po teft, que loqui non poteft ? Ladant. de falfa alles. lib.1.
Cap.Dremufa. c Pavorem PaÊorcmque.
pitty (r.ith LaElantius) that ever bis Gods foowld goe from bim.

Notuichitanding all this, in the relation of their actions and fach intervening Occurrents as hapncd in their, Oppofitions, they deferve ap. plauf, thoughnocredible approvement. And the more to be admired were their defcriptions, in regard they fixed on no other Story either Tranfribed, or any other way delivered, then what invention had firt moulded aud recommended t" pofterity. Yet cbferve what congruity thefo held, both in defribing them what they were, fiom whence they came, what exploits theydid, with the feverall Offices to which they were đeligned, or rather Origimally intereffed: and thore diftinct panfages of their lifes, with the concurrency of opinions touching their birth continuance and increafe, camet chure buabeget wonder.
varixiol
You fhall not find in any one of thefe, peculiar Officescenfounded: Libcr muft not intermeddle with the care of the $V$ ines; nor Neptune play the Mercurif. Dittinct Offices were recommended tofeverall fuppofed Deities : and this the antient Eshaicks held with fuch ceremonious reverence, as nothing could be with more folemnity oblerved.

For the larter, abfurdity; wherein' the Pagans made their Gods addicted roall vice and impiety: This might have declined them from fixh adoration; when thofe Perfons whom they fo highly 3. 1 home ured, deforved in their actions fo litule imi-
tation. But to take suyvey of thofe conteft or civill Warres aniong ft themfelves; cirther arifing from precedency: or griomided apon jcaloufy; or fome other occafionall deftafte, would beyce a deferving admiration in any judicions Reader: oblerving, what Hiftoricall Arr: iderived her light frem invention gand in whatexcelleit order difpofed, though reftrained by rules of dimention.

Lucian deferves his place, whofe otherwife ill-deferving parts, being a profett fee to all divine adorations, parthated him ancud as niferable as his prophanations merited; being devourcd by Dogges : yet in this regard wee have propounded our Opinionabout Hiftoricall fictions, I will give him his dre place: one of ancexcellent Wir, ripe Ilnderftanding, and laborious withall, to find out the ancient Manueripts, and records of authorized Hiftories: yet, forafmach as his writings are interlarded now and then with inveative fpeecties againft the Coulcifiall Powers, arguing too much of Natures power, too litrle of the Sovernigne of Nature : I would have the Generous Reader to prepare himfelfe in the pernhall of finch Difourfes, as Calipfo inftruated vhyfes againft the Sirens Inchanments, thus inviting him:

Huc ades ồingens Grecorwon gloria vlyfes, Siffe Ratem: ion.-Thus Englifhed.

Come bither Noble Ithacus, of valiant Greckes the choice, Take harbour bere, incling thine care untothe Sirens voice:

## For theren:re was any did pafe,

 fince we arrived here,: This liguid way , but wifht to fay, our warbling notes to heare. Hence pregnant wits,andripe conceits much knowledge bave conceiv'd: As for the aits you did at Troy, we neates long fince receiv'd. Aad how the Gods purfn'd the Greekes, the Trojans Greekes purfue, The Grecians bate in racking Troy, - Heavens batein mracking you.Of the fe Inchantments did Calypfo fore-warn $v$ lißes with this preparation, that hee fhould command his Affociates in his fhip, to bind him, when hee approached necre thofe fatall Harmonifts, and to ftop their eares, leaft they fhould be made a prey to their cruelty. So muft every one preparc himfelfe in fuch Siren-difcourfes. The liberty of thefe times, perfwades fome too eafily to Lucians arguments: and thofe which (in feare of divine power) dare not deny the Omnipotency of the Immortall power in word, yet their prophanc convecration implies an aboflute Apoflacy in them in their workes. I wifh thefe digrelfions were nor needfull: for then I might more dircttly procced in my difcourfe, which the depravedneffe of times will in no cafe fuffer.

But in thefe feigned Hiftories I wholly exclude fories ipprored, tending to inftruction? all ribaldry; times themfelves have inftruction fufficient for obfcene fubjects, without any further

## $A \mathcal{X}$ urfery for $G B \mathcal{X} T R T$.

ther excitements: nor cm I admit, that thofe unprofitable Stories of Primalion, Palmerin de Oliva, The $\mathbb{K}$ night of the Sanne, Gerilion, with many other fictive Difcourfes, fhe culd be entertained by Youth. Many of thefe Relations have Itrangely tranfported divers well-promifing Wits into Itrange amazements; efpecially fuch as conceive more delight in them, than more ferious ftudies. Some wee have heard, that inreading the ftrange adventures of Orlando Furiofo, and conveying the very imprelion of his amorous paffion to themelves, would prefently imitate his diftraction, run ftarke naked, make Loverongs inconmendation of their Angelica, put themfelves to into!lerable torments to gaine the affection of their fuppofed Miftreffes. (Others, in imitation of fome valiant Knights, have frequenred Defarts, and uninhabited Provinces, ecchoing in every place their owne vanities, endorfing their Names in barkes of Trees, wholly turned favage and untractable, to perfonate that Kinight more lively.

Such Hiftories I onely allow of (whether in Profe, or Verfe, for Epicks may be writ in cither) as yceld profit with delight; not fubjecting their difcourfe to obferve fome indifreet Humour of the Time, for application, but prevention. Many read, and (in the loofneffe of their owne lives) makeapplication of the wort unto themfelves; hoping with Heroftratus, to be memorable for villany : There are like Spiders, that turne the fweeteft and moft wholefome

Such Hifiorice onely mer ic that name. which yeeld profit with dslight.

Howers to ranke poyfon; the difcredit of an HiHory, and a grata ftrcugchener of vice. os. And here might I take occafion, to fall upona

He f.alle:h up. on a jult le prowie of ulico lellic lleaders of Hilloiles: wirh fuch as cull onsly ?rounds for ihemielres, to comply whoh thers owac de. lires.
The dmbutious mans (\%). ject in lius Read.ng.

Sum reluscre girivids dimue. de-mitert is ccr. wivesly lens -!. J'acis.

Tuf. lib. q.
juft reproofe of ufleffe Readers of Hiftorics; with fuct, ascull onely grounds for themfelves, to comply with their owne defires: As the $14 m$ bitions ${ }_{3}$ who reflects oncly upon high aëry Spirits: but never makes any ufe of their fall. An atpining Pbilotas is the Obje.t hee cyes, and his defigness, the Coppy after which he moulds his Actions. Oh, how highly is hee tranlported, when be fees Ambition mounted : looking ever atrer Hamons Honour, but feldome or never on his lodulere Indirectett paths are the wayes hee moft aflects :and like a yourhfull $A$ fcanius, fcorns to waike in common tracks, or to converfe withousht leffe than Empires. Hecholds Qpinion with that Univerfall Monarch, that 6 King"douses gor by defent, derive to thdir poflefions "no perfontll merit. He had racher win than inherit; atchicve by the Sword, than crijoy by fuccefhion.Suh as the diay with Tiridates in Tacitus; To reteine their owne, is in the power of every private State; but to aytme at that which is anotbers, is a Princely praife. This it was (as I have ellicwhere oblervid) that caufed I bemifocles to walke in the Night-rime in the openitrecte, becaure hee could not tiecpe 3 the Reafon whereof when seme men enquired, who were to him niore intimatelvendeered, he anfivered, that the Triunsphof miltiades would not fuffer hiin to take his refte: Su in patient of eft is Anbition, as ie
cannot endure either Competitor or Equalls but a reflexe had to them infinitely difracts tiim : B as, he cannor polfibly enjoy himfelfe, becaufe he envies theirgreatnefle, whom generall Opiniou holds either cquall or tranfendent to hionrelfé

Itisno leffe co be wondred at, with what erious attention thefe ambitious Fire.fies, who $\mathrm{C}_{-}$ ver finge their wings in the Hames of their owne afpiring, read, and difcufie cvery circumftance tending this way; with eperfonallapplication to themfelves ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ "as if they svere the men which the Hiftory aym'd at : and whofe Actions, they hope; e're long, will beget an Iliad to fucceeding times, to admire their valour ; and to erect furviping Trophies to their lurviving honour. Thirs doe they catchiat fhadows', lediving the fubftance to fuch judicious and competible Readers ; who make ufe of thofe ancient Recurds to theidbe-! nefit: incollecting what is noof ufefull; and with a difcrect averfionfleighting whatfocver might be occalionally hurtfull.

Norbe thefe High-flyers, who feldome goe gray-headed to their Gmves; onely rsprovauble in the abure of their Readings; but the wolutetsem ores too: who, when they fall upoin any palfage that complies with the lighenefle of their fancy.

The Volupruous mans Ob jet in hisReading. fo highly affect it, as nothing more delights them, than to difcourfe of fuch ayry pleastresinas prefent themfelves in $a$ curforie manner to their deluded conceits. Thelearealtogether for Sto ries of Love; ; where covery. Line oworkea fuch
moving imprelions in their unfteady fancies: as they redure every perind of Loves difcourfe, to a Sceane of Action; whercin they wifh themelves Prime-aitors, to clofe in a perfonall re-greet, with in light ard fenfuall a Relation.

Canimedes Rupe; Laïs loofe Love; white tceth, rolling Eyes, diplayed Breatts ; a winning Lrok:e, a Ccruffe Cheeke; a besutifull complexion (an cxteriour good, and if corrupted, an interiour evill) being that which Euryala fo much praifed, whenthe waflied the feet of V lijese, namely, Gentle fpech and tesderfofh: thele are proper Subicits for thefelight-fancied Amorifts.
I muft confefe, that no Hiffory can be fo ferious, but it muftupon orcafion relate fome lighter paltigiss, which equally poifed according to the time, theuld not breed rhere effeets; but rather beget in a Continent and well-compofed Reader, a deteltation of whatloever he fhall finde vicious : and an ardent defire after that which thall appeare truely generous and vertnous.

Aliaw, a man of gocid repuration, and generallobfervance in the Common-wealth, what toies wrot he of the love of yong-men, immixing Fometimes thofe lighter fancies in his ferioufeft Subjects? All the Writing: of Amacreon (as if. thofe Difcourles had gor higheft place in his Invention) were onely oflove. But moft of all others, Rbegiowe even burned with Love, as appearcth by his Writings; heing continued paffages of winning delight: and intrancing the unwary perufer of his amorous Conceits, with deceiving

## $A$ Narfery for GENTRX.

ceiving fhaddowes: Yea, even Philofophers, (and that by the Ccuncell and Aurhority of Plato, whomitherefure Dicearchoer did worthity reprehend) became the Commenders and Honourcrs of Love. For Dicrarchus, a Silicias Philofopher, and drifotles Scholler, Writing a Booke of the Spartan Coma mon-wealth, diftafted highly the opinion of fuch, who bearing the ftyle of grave and reverend Men, gave way in their Workes, that any liberty foould be introduced into a civill fate: or authorized any Labours, were they Hiftoricil, Poëticall or Mixt, tohave frecdome in corrupting youth, or depraving the prime feedes of ealie and pliable dirpofitions. Thefe, whoftand thus affected, and whoreRcadings are foly fixt upon fenfuall delights; it were fitting for them to weane their affections, at leaft, todivert their eyes from thofe fenfible Objects, which ingage reafon to the fervile Obedience of appetite, and to re-collect their Diviner perts, to patternes of continence: fuch as may informe them what to do show to remove occalions: and confequently, free their inward Manlions or Receptacles from thefe cormuptions. An excellent Patterne or incomparable Mirror in the command or Soveraignty of his affections, did that yong man Spurina in Valerius chaximes, thew himfelfe, whofe beauty did fo infinitely becomehim, as it occafioned many Women to luft afterhim: which this noble youth no foonerperceived(note this admirable act in a Pagan) thenhee wounded

Val.Max.lib. 4 c4. 9.
his tace, that by the fkarhe fattained, his beauty. might become niore blemifted and cionfequent-; Iy, all occiafion of tapting aftesnit, clearely remos ved. Diverfe inftances, though not altogecher foimpreffive, mightbe here inferted; tending to like ute; burbrevity, as it is the helpe of Memon ry, fo'my defire is to accommodate the Reader with inftances ufefull and commedious, rather then unneceffarily numerous:

The Covetulis mans Ohject in his Reading.

Nor be the Covetous, (if their defire of gathe. ring nay admit fo much time as to perufe an $H$ ifiory in a whole age ) lefle reprooveable in this kinde. For thele, if they finde one Worldly wife; no inatrer though he not onely grounded but improved his eftate by Extertion, and raifed his pofrerity to an unknowne Title of Gentry by deccit and collulion : yer multhis life and actions be the line of their directions.

They lonke not on Midas fate, buthis golden fatc. Tagus they defire, nor care they much (fo they mny purchafe it) robe drowned in ir. Thefe hold no fibitance to be purely good, unleffe it be guilded with gold. Thefe never remember the layings of that wife Simowides; who being asked once, whether $V$ ertue or Riches were of more rer putation; made anfwere, That the wertnous did more freguent ibe doorss of the Rich, then the Rach of the vertuous. Implying, that pietywas for the moft partattended on by pouerty; but feldonae whs rertik accompanied by profperity.

Now to apply an antidote to this infection, and cure in them this diftemper'd affection; as
the $P$ witrortes Horme is of fuch fovernigise sertac, as becingldipt in water, it cleares and purifies "it: fómuft theirearthy depreffed mindes be purified by fome powerfull infufion bi or thity will nover endure toditer their difpetition. To remove then thofe foales which darken their intellectuall part; their only fafe ccurfe is to withdraw themfelves a littlefrom ralking with Earth: and rofix the eye of their: Goncemplation on a diviner $O b=$ ject, the Stoiraticura df Heweng id The vanity, frailty andunuability of the one, will inhance the quality and dignity of the other. The meere nentall ebfervauce of chere; withonte any.fiurther experience; (wherein Hiftoricall exantples: witl) affoord no (imall light) camot chufe but quatitic their Tcruperandenforce thenito cryc cont with that Divine father: O how do ferable is ibe world, and how mif crable they who follene the Hyorld $1!$ fet ing, that men of this World have alwayes excluded their workes from partaking of life in the World to come.

Thut have we traced over the various paths' of tinno vicious. Readers sill sothers indy:bo in'thefe included, whamenot that benofit of ind fong, to which ic.was primarily addreffed, but by fruitleffe \&e unneceffary obfervations, dípar rage their owne judgments, in preferring thofe before parfages of mordinigh and itefull confequonce'" 'So as, I may properly refuble them to ${ }^{*}$ releffe Tra vailers; who take notice df tiallothings as are maft frivoleus, or what is worfe, vicious.

Others therc be, that tranfported oncly with

*He refembles fruateffe Readers to ufe. lefle Tinvellers, who rake notice of fuch things as are: nolt frio. lous or which いworfe, viciuns.
the delight and prefant variety of the Hiftory, make Hiltory onely (as our Gallants do their Tobacco) a (pender of Time: They apply not the fruit or ule of Hiftories, but as infome plearant or delightfull dreame, fatisfied for the prefent time ; but palt, quite razed out of Memory. In Itories of this nature, (fuch I meane as be feigned) I approve of thofe beft that refemble Truth the neereft, according to Flactus opinion:

Fiffa voluptatio canfa ant proximaveris. For the impoflibility of the Relation oftentimes makech the Subject more ridiculous: whereas the concordancy, or apt connexion of the Hiftory (though the maine plot be falfe) enforcech more attention.

And thus much of Poësicall Hiftories : I will come to the fecond Branch of my Divition of Hiftories (to wit) Moratl.

Morall hinuo. sict.

MOrsll Hiflorics be fuch, as conduce to a Civil and Morall inftitution of Life or Manners; Teaching what is to be done, and what avoided. xonophon in his Inftruction of Cyrus, propounds what reafons fhould efpecially induce a Morall Hiftorian to fpeake more of examplary Motives to Vertur, then any thing elfe; "Becaufe (faith "he) if Cyrus had not bin elected King amongtt "Shepheards, it may be, he had never reigned ": over the Perf fans: but the very Title, which was "given him by Rurall Swaines, enforced him "i to attempt furcher.

Morall Hiftories teach Men to behave themrelves in all attaires If imployed in Embaflages, Commerce; or any Negotiation whatecever, it directs them how to hazard fuirely, bedre themfelves difcreetly, and fapport the burthen impofed on them ftoutly. Thele kind of fories are the beft Nurfes, they weane us from childiffrefferninacy, and Traine us in more virile and Man-like adions: fo as Education is called by the Philofopher, a fecond Nature, habituating us to the kind of ourbreeding: Morality likewife is called, the Soveraignefle of Education, The Square of humane Altions, the beft Scboole-miftreffe for wnbridled youth, that reftraines affections raging, erects our pafions too much aflwaging, tempers our Spirits, and Reduceth wo so that perfect Symmetry, Vt ex pede Herculens, you may know Hercules by his foote, the inward habir by externall appearance.

Hence was it that Alexander gloried fo much of his Stagyrian Moralift:Achylles of his Phanix: of whom he had received fo much good, as hee ingenioully acknowledged; by Ploaxix he could both, Bene dicere, \& bene agere.
To be briefe, there is noexorbitancy in Nature, which by Morall Narrations hath not bin reformed : Seneca was naturally coverous : which difpofition, or malady rather, he fhrowds covertly in that fentence of his, jnferted in his Book, De Tranquillitate Anima. Nec agroto, nec valeo. Yet by dally conference with Niorall Hiftories, and precepts of civill Inftitution, he could maderate his defire of having, eftecming the Treafure of
his minde onely worth poffefing. Quicuncta balet, nec tamen habetar :as saluff obferveth:

The like we read of Stilpho, a Roman, whom (as Cicerofpeaketh) was of all other moft libidineus ; yet by reading of Morall Precepts, amplified with grave Examples, became moft conii:cnt.

Morall Hilto. ries, or Nariasinns in fuch Hiltorics, highly commiended; with therefferts.

Whence it is, that Morall Hintories; or Narrations in fuch Hilteries, are and wereever highdy commended, by reafon of their efleets : efpecially in Youth, whofe difpofition being aptly comparad to a cleare or pure Table, which, as yet had acrer tiaken any impreflion, receives her firt infuhons with mof retention. For the firlt Sceds take the deepent roote; the Girf Liquors fronereft tate ; the firf Colours trueft dye. There, by certaine innate frinklings of goodnofle, conferre the Lives and Actions offuch, as they read of, in an equall Diameter. Here they obiferve, how pruáently fuch perfons managed their affaires ; how difercetly they moderared their aliections :and with what facility and felicity they attained their propofedends. By which they collect, that deliberation promifeth fucceffe to cevery adtion. I mongft there, they finde a Fabiu mose profpercus by delaying; thanheady Cethegus is by attempeing.

7 his seacheth them wifely and cautic anly to prevent danger hefore it approach, left a too late biad I wift beget in them a Repentance withcuthelpe; a defperate repulfe withour hope.

It is written that the Emperour Titus (that
dainfy Darling of Mankisd) ufed to have borne before him 2 Dolphime wreathed about an Anchor, with this Impreffe : Feffina lente. Which elegant Enbleme they make excellent ufe of: They conceive by this, how nothing canbe done happily, that is done haftily: and that nothing of high importance can polibly be atchieved, being to any frict limit or compafle of time confined.

The confideration of thefe Morives holds them from ralhneffe; anerrour to which unbounded Youth is commonly moft fubject : by which meanes they avoid thofe many dangers, whereto the follies of Youth ftand too frequently ingaged.

Nor doe they onely finde Inftances worthy their Imitation in Subiects of prevention and cautious providence: (a Leffon of neceffary confequence for $Y$ ong-men; ) but in actions of $I t$ fices where that which is right and juft, fhould be fairely and frcely rendred to every man. Of this, they finde fundry fingular Examples in Ethnicke Authors. Phocion, that Honour of Grecee, will not fpeakefor Charilsw, though he be his Some in Law, but in juft Caufes oncly. Nor that Worlds Commander, the invincible Alexander, incline to his Mother, ifher Requeft tend to the thedding of innocent blood, or imbruing his imperiall hands in Murder. Nor that unhappy Mithridates fuffer (inhis refpeit of Juftice) the corruption of Acilizes to paffe unpunifhed : left his Impunity might become a Priviledge to others, to challenge thelike benefit. In thefe they V 2 obicrve
obferve of what efteeme theprofeflion of Juftice was in all Ages: and how a native Inftinct wrought fich incredible effeits on Barbarous people ; as their very Actions merited both imitation nandadmiration in their Succefours, Neither could the Philofophers of thofe times, wherein they flourithed, be more exact in defining what Jufice was, than thefe were in performing what Juftice requir'd.

For our Life, asit is a Globe of Examples; fó by collecting whatfoever wee fee imitable in others ; if we tender our owne well-being, or her brealt from whonce we had our nurfing and firft boing ; wee will take cfpeciall care to exprefie to life, whatfecver wec have at any time reid commendable in others.

In Argunients likewife of Temperance, they cull out many dainty Hiftoricall Flowers $\mathfrak{y}$ apt to fweeten the Sced-plot of their Youth with a felect varicty of Examples. Yea, even in thofe Encomuters, whercin the Conqueft appeares to be of moft difficulty; to wit, reftraint of our defires in funfuall Objects: wherein the Victory is fo much more gloricus, as the opportunity and motive of their fancylattractive or precious.

They read how Scipio, being aycung man of Twenty foure yecres of Age, in the furprizall of ${ }^{2}$ City in Spaine, repreffed his flames of luft, and confined his delires to the Rule of Reafon, when abeautifull Maid was brought him ; reftoring her untoucht with a great Reward to young Allantius, to whom fie was efpoured.

The

The like in eslexanders Continency to Darius Wife and Daughters ; whofe Princoly moderationand command over his affections, mude his Memory no leffe glorious than his Victories.

The like in Zenocrates, a right Philofipher, becaufe of himfelfe anabfolute Commander; who remaines immoveable in his refolution to Continence, amidft all thofe voluptuous inducements, fenfuall provications and enticements, lascivious dalliance and embracings of a light-licentious Lais. From the perufall of thete they conclude, "T bere is nothing comparably precions "fo a continent Soulc.

Laftly, to (excmplifie in each of our Cardinal Vcrtues, what rare effects may be derived to Youth in thefe Hiftoricall Readings) they obferve the Conftancy and Refolution of forraine Commanders; they admire their Fortitude, and braveneffe of firit. Neither can Pyrrhos Gold corrupt,nor his hideous Elephant amare a Noble Fabius.

Though an Imperious Philip threaten an $A$ abesian Legat, that hee will caufe his Head to be cut off; he has an Anfwer in ftore to vye with the 140 70 mounting Soveraignty of his State: " If thow "take this Head from me, my Countrey will give " me anot ber that foall be immorsalt.

And they finde how gratefull fome Princes were in the memory of their Subjects Loyalty; holding their fidelity and truft to be the incomparableft Treafure that any Prince could enjoy upon Earth. This they conceive by the eftimate Cambyfes; Alexander of his Parmenio, Athens uf her Draco; Epaminondas of his Pelopidas, Sparta of her Brafidas.

In thete, they exactly prize the value of true worth. Nor is it to be expreffed with what eagerneffe they purfue thofe actions, which have purchafed fich deferving fame to their perfons. It is reported, that ariftides (that memorable Mirror of luftice) dying of the hite of a Weazle, excedingly lamented that it was not a Lyon. Noble firitsembrace nothing with more cafic acceptance then an Honorable fate. To die for ones Comatry; or to be ingaged to we very wort of extreames tor the purctrafe of her liberty, deferved no folemnization in teares: This when youth ferioully furveies, he no leffe affectionately admires; and defires ne thing more then to go on fucceflively in a glorions cmulation of their astions.
The infirmitics of this time are great, and need the hand of anexpert Phyfitian s no Medicine, nor Antidote, more foveraigne to cure thefe contagious Ulicers, then Morall Phyficke, if the Difeate be greene, (I meane the difeafes of the Mind: ) Wehavchere Lenitives to mittigate, if it beold, and growne to a auxagia, a very Gangrenc, gricfesinfenfible, being moft incurable.

The praife of Motall Hifto. ry. We have Corrafives to eate away all thofe corrupt Tetecr: that hinder the Curc. This is a fingular Art, and farre furpaffing Galens, $\pm$ foulapius, or Hypocrates: Theircures were but externall,
nall, there internall: and fo much more worthy is the cure of the Minde then the Body, hy how much the one is more precious then the other.O Divine Art! O fecret Myftery! The Creeks called this Difcourfe, The life of Man : for withourit, he would degenerate from Man, and loofe the beft ornaments of Humane nature: The lighes of Reafon, The Eye of Election. 'O ots luras! gre.t indecd, in comparifon of the fmall cftecme this World makes of it:labouring of a grat burthen ef impiety, an huge freight of fin, an infupportable carriage sand fecling her owne firengh anfit for fuch a woight, yet refufech to curertaine a companion that would willingly and readily lightenher burden.

Diftempered Age, that labours of Minds phrenfic, captivated to unworthy bondage: how long will thy intellectuall eye be hut ? How long hood winckt? If thou fall with openeyes, thy Mifery is greater, feeing thy fall, yet would no prevent it, falling with blinded eyes: no marvell, that fees thine owne infirmity, and feornes the direction of others eies toconduct thee. Alas! here be many intricate Mazes, unfrequented Labyrinths, places of imminent perill, and thon art blind : no frofocit of any Stratagem or Amburh doth poffeffe thee; dhou promifent thy felfe mort fecurity, when moft beleagured with perill.

It was no marvell ifmiferable Oedipus run into Brakes and Briers, when his crring feete were guided hy two blind eyes? Here be many fedurements : and as in the Pagantime, there were

## sumlna

 plebis deduald eft glo in pia. mis.ACaution for you: Silken Gillant. -- Mijceri gunguire ReEnin Nobilc -
more Temples erected in honour to Bacchus and Venus, than to Iupiter and Apollo: So for one Example of Piety and Religion, we have ten of Vice and Licentioufinefie. Here the bait of Ambition, hung our and fwallowed, and like enough bya Gudgion ; there the pinted Flagge of vainglory, leading a Troupe of Vices in a Ringdance: Here a Silken Foole well-efteemed --- for Nascia Principibis fortuitume eft-Hee washorne rich: Thore aragged Sage defcanting on Morall Precepts, but ncither garded nor regarded. Here Rofa Mandi, the Rofe of Worlds vanity, fer on a pplay-foote, making Art acover for Na tures deformity : There a plume of Feathers dungling ona Head more light than Fearhers, to

Pinfo': Defi. nition. make Plato'snaked Defintion of Man true: Ho moeft Animal bipes, implumes : proving himfolfe by his plume to be none. No matter for Reafon: They would be loath to be indued with more than is needfull for a phantafticke head: An ordinary portion ofReafon will ferve an Ordinary. Oh that thefe poifeleffe Braines would L:ut impioy their time in Morall Difcourfes, what excellem matter might they finde out worthy the judicicus approbation of refined Wits !

It is oblerved that in Athens, and in rome alfo, young Gentlemen were to be imployed in preferring fome Law in behalfe of the people: or Patrenizing fuch as were poore, and deftitute of fuccour in themfelves: Patronizing fuch, and prototing them in publick defence of theircaufe, or the likc.

## $A \mathcal{X}$ urfery for $G E \mathcal{X} T R T$.

This was the firft ftep of preferment unto Ci . cero, defending Rofisius againft Scylla: and that with fuch vehemency, as generally hee was approved for his ferioufneffe in a poore Actors caufe. And fure, generous mindes cannot be better expreffed than in actions of this nature, whereby they may not onely fecure themfelves and their entireft affections from the frivolous affaults ofirregular perturbations; but alfo purchafe unto them the generall love and favour of fuch as obferve their difpolition, and admire it.

By Morall reading we ufe to be moft excited to thefe compaffionate effects: exampled in them whom wee defervedly thiake of, and earnefly

The frule of Morall reso ding. covet toimitate: Not taxing them unworthily, nor commenting otherwife of their Vertues, than as we receive by Tranicription from others. Former Ages (in this kind) have beene more charitable, but the apprchenfion of our owne defects makes us fufpectfull of others. As in Rome, if the Pifoes be frugall, they are cenfured Parcimonious; ifthe Meselli Religious, they are taxed Superfitious; it the Appij Popular, they are tearmed Ambitious; if the Manlij Allftere, they are ftyled Tyrannous; if the Lelij Wife, they àre Curious; the Publicole Afpiring, if Courteous. Many fuch Mamothrepts we have, that cenfure others actions to the worft, making their owne depraved yudgments Cenfors of others Vertues. But Mrrall Precepts would remedy this Obliquity, and will us firft be Mafters ofour Affcitione, $c^{\circ}$ re wee fifh in the
troubled waters of other mens errours: But this Age confirmes the Aflertion of a wife Roman Senatour: Swam cuilufis culpam Authores ad caul fam transferumt: Or, which Seneca writes in his Epiflerohis friend Lucil. CMany (faith hee) my friend Lucilins commitfaults in Rome, but will in no cafo heare that they committed them: the - Id de layes blame upon the guefor, the Quefor onthe Prator, the Pristor onthe Confal, the Comfulonthe Cenfor, the Cenfor on the Dictator.
$A_{p}$ borizing and defending Errcurs, the greatit horiber of them: For how is it polible we thoud. mend rhem, that will not confeffewe didicimunt hem? But Achnowledgnicnt is a pricedene Direftrefie to Refurmation, according to the Traged: words:

2uexy parnitet peccaffe, pence ef innocens. It is an intallible Theorm; "y Humility re the ABbnow :ne ment ufous Eitrouro whicilise it he 1:1 1.46 Di.llect \& E(orine of fipco:
 "16i ul linagy: with all.abtc. "aous labinarrimi: of uar 1.1bouls 10 dhe fice Cissliare af ueficis, si!wes.l Eilc.it nseafuse ut:o intrety il ...sf ciep 1918: ws. irlis- cullerie
 | alse ex wïst

## $\angle$ Nurfery for $G E N T R X$.

Rhemnines Palamon that arrogant Grammarian, or rather Grammatift, vainc-glorioufly boafted, that good Literature had firtlife by him, and thould after dye with him (as having the firtt beginning, and chould have a fmall end with him:) orlike Gorgias the Orator, who ever preft himfelfe forward to the firt Encounter.

But what do'es this vaine-glory beget them, bit contempt and derifion in fuch as obferve them? The Age is lubject enough to Errour, and apt enough to A pologize Vice, to give more liberty to the Offender. The way to breake this Chaine, is tolay afide our felves, and impartially to judge our felves and actions, as if they were not Ours, but Others.

For this Selfe-love makes usadmire, what in others wee abhorre.' A retyred privacy, many times, promifeth to the unwary delinquent, more freedome in offending : but vaine and fruitlefie are thele promifes. Is there any darknefle fo thicke and palpable, that the piercing Eye of Heaven, which takes a full and perfect view of the whonle Earth at once, meafures the very leaft drop of the Ocean ${ }_{3}$ and numbers the leaft portion of Sand upon the thore, cannot looke thorow it? Oh, if thouhope by funing fecretly to frime fecurely, this thy ingrounded fecurity fhall bring thee to mifery. It was a precty faying of Epicuris in Seneca; "How can Simabe fafewhen "it camnot be fecure? Or to mbat purpole is it to la"bour to lye bid, when tbat we doe cannot be hid? And therefore Prudentiss in one of his Hymns,

Labours: treither thall liuch Aurbors fiee theustelves from malicious Cenfures.
gives this goad calemorandan: "What e're it be thous do fit by Day or Night, "Thinke with thy felferh art alwayesin Gods fight. It was Sencca's Counicill to his friend Luciliwe; that whenficter he went about to doe any thing, "he fhouldimimesiac Cata or Scipiojor fome other "worthy komantobe in prefelice. And it was "othe fiying of St. Bernard, That me areeverso fet "Some good man before as, that we may live as if be " looked over mes.

The way then to cure fime, is not to fhroud it, nor with faire pretences to guild it, or by imputing the Caufe to others, to mince it ; but by a frec and ingenumes difoovery of it , to acknowledge the ground to proceed from our felves: Whichacknowledgment will bring us to rectifie what is amife: and bring that which we have fo restified, hy a proticicncy in goodneffe, to more perfection.

For what is it, with alcibiades, that beauty of Athens, to be kilfull inall Arts and Exercifes; to wiane the Palme in what enterprize wee take in hand; to be popularly affected; with Trophies and Trimmphs honcured; and to have the Whecle of Fortune fo fixt, and the Wings of Vi Aory foclipt, as the former may never have power to difeard us, nor the latter to flye from us: When our Inward lesuty, farre furpafing all thefe light Embellifhments of Art, becomes blemithed by that ftaine, which holds fodeepe a dye, as Time cannot razc it, nor ought but Infamy atcendit?

The

## $A$ Nurfery for G E.N TR $r_{\text {. }}$.

-The way then to cure Errour, is to fubmit our Judgments to others cenfure: and in a wife and caurelcus diftruft of our felves, to admit the advice and affiftance of others in any matter of ambiguity; left wee deceive our felves by being too confident of our owne ftrength.

That faying is true: "Hee that feekes to be " more wife than bee can be, halth be found lefle "rijethan be hould be.

The heft Doctrine then to initiate us how to be wife, is not to be felfe-wife; but with an humble acknowledgment of our owne deficiencies, toafrribe all praife unto Him who is folely wife.
In Morall Studies, much cxcellent matter may be chofen out of that Mirror of Morals, Phatarcli; not onely to inftruct Youth, in the Rudiments and Precepts of Vertue : As how to beare himfelfe in all occafions; how to conceale and fimother his palfions, with a wife over-maftring of his Affections; and how to redreffe the multiplicity of injuries by taking opportunity by the Fore-top. But even old men likewife, fuch as have feene many changes and alterations in their Times', and were well nigh perfwaded, that all the Volumes of the World could not fhew them more, than they in the revolution of their Times had feene : But feeing Initructions rare to them, and unaccuftomed Precepts fir for the matureft Head to plod on, they then confeffe that their old Age hath beene a Dotage, verifying, $\mathrm{X}_{3}$ Addifcen-1

Addifcendo, $f$ femper fenefcere: Reaping more profir by one Morall precept, then a whole jeares Expericnec in Worldly affaires.

Many old mon we have (thatcandifeourfe of the change of Princes ) whofe Gray haires be as fomany records of what they have feenc. But

Thefe Times old in yceres, bus young is houres. alas, conferre with them of true Morall expericure, and jou hall finde them as young in hours, as old injeares" Their knowlectgeinthe Infancy, though their one foot in the grave, ready to bid adicw to the world, when they are feare halfe crudiatod in the preventive fleights of this world. A finpleage! when we have no orher 'Tcftimony that we havelivedh ng, fave nedy our Gray-haires, nud jee thecgencral ignorance pleads pardon: none fogenercus as thot which know the leaft, none of a ranked fipirit, that will caft the eye of a judiving applauf, , upon the meriting l abours of any min.

Aremroofe us che decomher difellisming Authers: and llerghe nj $N_{1} \rightarrow L_{\text {abous. }}$ Learning, they munt not expect all 「imes nor all Eminent perfons to have Sciales in readineかe to weightheir Merits.

For the Rich, whow, thriving wayes will afford himbearce tince to converfe cither wich Wis or Learning, lefthis providence in the meane time, Mould tea wanting tohimfelfe, which he preferrestofore all the Worth; fohe finde graizes enough to weigh his loug-unfernc Goldj helitede

## A N (urfery for G ENTKI.

cares how lightly Learning weigh in the eftimate ofmen. For, good man, he makes no other ufe of Bookes, than Nurfes doc of Cridles, to rocke Babes in till they fallarleepe.

And fortour Amorous Gallant, whole Cimnamon Rinde is worthall the body belide; hec is io continually practifing in the Schocle of Complement; Firft, for accommodating himfelfe in an hand fome drefle, then how to weare it when he has crept into it ; how to rufle his lioote, and make a gingling with his Hecle, as if allhis patrimeny were behind him; how to powder his lockes, and fweeten thofe conitant Creatures which famitiarly atcurd hin) how to berprinkle his effeminate face with Lady-like Love. Sposs, which camot chnfebutbe is fo many Lures to draw the eyes of his lighteft Livia tolooke: on him, Thefe, I fay, being his dally exercife, will nor adnit himformeth time as to talke with an Atrhor: Till his long training in the Schoole of vanity hath tatight him fo much, as he needes no other Tutor the his dwhe difforent time tondmonimhim of hisatregular coutfe.

Nay, he leaves for moft pare, fo fmall a portion of fortunetohimfelfe, as the firplufage would Feare purchafe tio tothor for michoyle as night fupply his Lampe, int thecompofure of the mont illaborate or compentions Labour.

Put if at any time, his hand chance to dive into his pocker, toexpreffe his bounty to the Mufes; ir may be properly fayd of him, what was fomerimes fooken by an other in the frime fenfe:
"Optimas gaxes infimis fervavit charsis: Making oncly choice of fuch for Objects of his bounty, whore light unftudied Lines detrate from the Mufes beauty.

Nor are they to expect, that our-High-memsting Cedars; whofe Object is Honour ; which rather than they will not purchafe, they lofe thamièlves for ever: candeigue to reflect on fuch Loiv finubs. For of fall others, Subjects of Learning receive hardeft digeftion from Ambition. Lectures of Morality or Mortality can worke we.ke Impreflions upon a reftleffe alpiring fancy.

Compofed mindes, fetled thoughts, retyred Marlions are Receptacles for the Mufes.

Melima latelana proculabliot die madiar rmoinsimpar Corfici rupes Mais Urc, Sernion Oct.

> Safe lay I bid, and free from Envies (pise, While Corfick Reckswere my retired fite.

So fpake Seseca for a Seneca. Yea, I have knowne fome of thefe, never truely happy, till they becanne unhappy : receiving their moft libery from reftraint; and the beft knowledge of thenfelves from a Grate. Then, and never till then, did thefe begin to read Man; nor to conceive the fraile condition of Man; nor to converfe with thofe Dead Coancellors, which know ScoturmiNun. do, Sastotereop silentio.

## $A \mathcal{N}$ (rrery for G:EDCRT.

Honour. But Learning is not hereby to be difcouraged, becaufe fleighted or defertlenly difvalued : This hath long before thefe prefent Times, binherfate, and in all ages a common fault.

Weeread in our owne Chronicles, how one yeare all the Laurell Trees within our Iland withered, and afterwards contrary to all expectation, revived and flourifhed againe : Let Learning apply this to Herfelfe; though her bloffomes feeme dead, thee retaines fill life in the Root: Which, by propagation of her flowers and fruites, : hall revive to her Honour ; while ignorance buried inher owne athes, and incapable of light or life, thall never recover.

It is Recorded, that Licinius, Coleague in The etmre the Empire with Conffantime the Great (being why Learning uncapable of learning himfelfe) by reafon of the is contemned. flowneffe or barrenneffe of his underftanding, was wont to call Learning the very poyfon and publicke plague, that infected the Realine: The Romane Hiftorians, have applyed this vanity of his, rather tohis want of judgement, then any thing elfe, being not able to comprehend the benefir of Arts.

The like of Maximilian, who was defirous to attaine fome extraordinary height in Eloquence; which when he could not (by reafon of his nanurall dulneffe) attaine unto, hee envid and maligned others. Many have wee that fecond the'e, glorying in their owne ignorance,
$\qquad$
and onaking a ridiculous fpectacle of Learning: as a fuperficiall ornament to accommodate more the threcd-bare Sophifter, than the Generous Gallant.

I recall to minde the ancient prefage upon all Arts, and the predition concurres well with this time. Three balfe pence for a Pbilofopher, and ! Smaske for a ounsellour. It was fpoken in the dedining Age of the Roman Empire, when Vice rode in his foot-loath, and Vertue (like a poore Irimlacky) ranat his Stirrep. But Morall Learling illumines the intellecruall power with a better and clearer firc-light; fhewing the difference betweene goodneffe and appearance : for true Morals love not to garnifh their portraitures with hadows.

The beft meanes to diftinguifl betwixt the ignorant and morally infructed; is to put them into their hahilliments of Nature; fend them both forth naked into the world, and their diAtint Charaiters will appeare more manifent. Alas, the Moralift cannor diftourfe of what the World moft affecteth; he fees the ambitious man roving at unferted cnds, meaning to ingroffe the whole Werld to himfelfe ghe fmiles at his illimited defircs, and wonders wherero his fond purpofes rend: hee confiders the event, ere hee take in hand the meanes; and hates defire of porpular raife, or oftentation, left he fhould grow proud by forraigue obfervances : hec entertaines diarh with a checrefull brow. Terror of death is not terrible to one prepared for her ere fhee

## To whom

 deaih is rat carritile.Mirle ambos nudes ad isma ses, co withbis.
come; alwayes raking her, as one of the necelfities of Nature, and inevitable, meditating of her, as one-or 2uifnem vise extremum inter mazerapomit natara. Thefe confiderations ever fortife a good Morall againft the violence of all affaults inward and outward; apprehending his fubitance, and compofition, to be fuch as cannot barracadoe it felfe againft the encounter of Nature.:

Agathooles, that Tyrant of Syracufa, in all his tymany, had a good Morall Statue to reprefent to him the Idiome of his Mortality; having the upper part of his Image made of Marble, Gold, and Ivory, but the feet of Earch ; to intimate of how weake and infirme ground, he and his goodly promiling perfon frood. O! ifwe fhould but read the choyce variety of divinely-compofed Sentences, comprifed in thofe elaborate WVorks of the ancient Morall Hiftorians: they would move us to no leffe apprehenfion of our o.vne weaknicffe, , than if fome expert or curious Painter, (Apelles-like) thould portray to us every part and lineament of this little man wecarry about us. Morality (faith a good Morall) is Mans Anaromy s it thewes every part of hisbody, how compofed, how difpofed: and preferibes how this excellent compofure may be beft preferved : Ir deales not by preclominancy of Planers, (as our ponderous, burthens of Natave calculate) but by an even Symaietry of Verrues governing the inferiour Spheares, the bodies lincaments. Nor deales

## 1896 $\mathcal{A}$ Surver of HISTORY, or

it is like your Phantaffick Nufitian, that beftows more charges on the Cover of his Inftrument, than the Infrument it felfe : but by the Co vers debafement, augments the Excellency of the Infrument, the divinc faculties of the foule,

But I may feeme to run too farre in this Subject, confoumding Morall Hiftory with PhiloRophy: which though I might defend; for Morall Philofophy is nothing elfe than a Globe of Morall Prccepts drawne from Hiftoricall grounds; yet to make minc owne paffage more finooth, 1 will defecnd to the next branch of Hiftory, intituled Phyficall.

The fivirall kinds of Phyficall oblervacions.

HIttories Phyficall, be efpecially converfant in the fearch of the Natures of things: approving that Opinion of the Philofopher: Ea Phy $\delta$ scafunt, qua Naturas rerum explorare folent: whether things animate or inanimate; in living Creatures, as in the fearch of Beafts, Birds, Serpents, and the like; and of vegerive Bodies, 25 Plants: Increatures inanimate, as in the ferutiny of Mettals, the diftinct natures of Stones, \&c. With which Difcourfes the greateft Emperours havc beene delighted. Thofe adinirable Works of Plixy, Ariffote, andexlian, with manyothers, are fufficient to crudiate the noft incapible in thefe Kelations: where they doe Abdita rerum rimari. Here dofcribing the very intimate matures of Eeafts, the rare and incredible vertues

## N Narfery: for GTBNTRT.

ofPlants, and Hearbs, the virulent natures of Serpents, and the attractive powers of Stones, Mertals, and the like. The Crocodile, a moft dangerous Beaft, (frequenting the River 'Ny Ius) and a profeff foe to Man: The Ichncumon, a litile cred ture, yet powerfull inherfelfe, and in her power a profert foe to the Crocodile.

To take a more full Survey of the Natures of thefe, whofoever thall be pleifed to peruferthe Hiftory of the Weff-Indies; may find fore of Relations of all forts in this kind. As Wormes of Itrangequalities ; Serpents of wonderfull proportions and features; venemous:Vipers; of which whofoever are bitten, dye in Thort fpace: for fow live to the fourth day, except prefent Remedy be applyed ; which according to the Itrengethand conftitution of the party wounded, receives effect foomer or later: but not without danger of death to the Patient, though the Soveraignft Receipts that the fecrecy of Art may finde out, be ufed:

Of orther fortslikewife, there may be found fome of that humane and fociable Nature, as they affect nothing more than the Feature of Man: eying him with fuch a loving and friendly admiration 3 ás nothing feemingly delights them more than to betiold him'.

Others, as if they reteined the niemory of that ancient Serpentine nialice betwixt them, and the Seed of the Woman, no fooner come in the prefence of that Sexe, than they redouble their fury; and in their wounding fo

There ewo Bealts, in Nature and Feacure difticrene, by one pecullar Nation,
 qually reverenced: sp
He continues the Defeription of the $\mathrm{Na}_{2}$ ruics of divess Serpents ; extracted from the Hifloricall Defcription of Afjricli.
The Region of Congo, by the Teltimony of signór odoardo, as itis in $V$ ripers' numerous, fo are they fo venemous, that fuch as arc bitten by them doe dye within the fpace of. 24. Houres: But the Negrocs are acquainted with certainelicarbs that will ineale their wounds. chancing tobite an Imdram Maide, which ferved the Relaror, during his aboad in thofe parts; after fucha rime as he had cauled the Surgians to Minifter their ordiadry cure, being not by all the Art and experiments they could ufe, able to do her any good, naryet getone drop of blood

De Natur Cheshydri, va.Nar. lmo perij de Cungo.

The vasious venemous qualiries o! spiderscured by Mulicke,

Ercelleat Moralls. cut of her, but onely a yellow water, dyed the third day forlacke of remedy, as the like had chanced to diverfe others.' During the time of her languifling, fhee reported how the Viper which bither on the foot, was two fpannes long or littlelefle: and that the lept in the aire for the fiace of more then fixe paces (note the virulency of her nature) that fhe might with more violence affailc her.

The relarion is ftrange of the Taramdula, a kind of Spider bred in Palia ; whichrbeing of a diverfe nature, caufeth diverle cffects:cauling fome to dance, fome toling, or weep, or watch, or fweat: The curc of it is by Muficke: while the patient bydancing or fome vehement exercife of that fort repels thepoyfon.
1 are all fibliect not onely to be furprized but empayfoned by this Tarasedula, this Tetcer of our Aefh; tulcfic by fiweet Melody of the Divine firit fhebecharmed : yea, wee are fure to be difcomfitted by Sloath, if we recyre our felves from action, or give way to her effeminacy, whore only ayme it is to bring us to inevitable Milery. Exercife then mult be ued, left our baine be procured

## A Nurfery for G ENT R P.

The like Morall, without much enforcing, may be drawne from other creatures; and that with much propriety, in the Survey of Naturcs Hifrory.

The Crab-ffR, when as the oyfer doth open her felfe, calterh a ftone into her ihell; fo as, being not able to thut herfelfe againe, the becomes a prey unto the Crabse. The Fathers apply this unto the Divell; when he findeth men gaping and idlc, the cafterh into them fome ftone of Temptation, whereby he workes their over-throw. For the Sloathful man is the Divels fropsthere he works, ever bufie when menare lazie.

Many fuch fingular Motives may the piercing Eye of the Sonle extract from the natures of thefe inferiour creatures:So 2s, though the very Losulf, or Graßopper be but creatures of emptinefie, they retaine in them many wonderful occult quasities.

The meanef: Cicatures reo rcine in them many fcoret qualities. Nay, the very Hedre-bog, being a creaturi( ro ule the words of a Divine Father) not excluded from Geds providence, prefents herlelfe a fingular Embleme of pollicy and prevention, in her privacy and retiredneffe. For thisprovident Creaturehath two holes in his fiege, one towards the Sourh, an other towards the North. Now when the Southerne wind blowes, he fops up that hole, and tumes him Northward.' Againe, when the Notherne wind blowes, he foppes up thar hole likewife, and turnes him againe Southward. Such Vrebins; frict Criticifme may terme Temporizers; who are onely forcenplying with Time, feldome or nevertloling with Truth; but
equally affected Naturalifts have rather afcribed this toa provident Oeconomicall policy, than glozing flattery.

To fat downe the feverall properties of all, or of molt forts of Eeafts, would crave an ample Volume of it felfe: I will onely (as in my former difcourfe ) expreffe the ufe of Naturall HiIforics, and to what perfons moft accominodate,

We read of divers moft famous Princes and Monarchs to have applyed their mindes to the

What Princes bell affected chere Studicb. fearch of thefe Studics: Alexander (otherwife moft potent in Armes, and fole Commander of the W orld) addicted his minde to the fcrutiny of theere Rarities: as may appeare moft manifeftly by his Letter (at this day extant) to his Mafter Arifotle, containing the ftrange proportions of Beafts with their Natures; which during his Isdian Warre, hee had obferved: defcribing the ftrange and unheard-of qualities of the Indian Afpicks, Cerafts, and many other kinds of Serpents, continualiy infefting his Army s profeffing (as he himelelfe writeth) hee found more (difticulty in difoomfiting Beafts, than fubduing Men: for the one fort affiulted him, when his Troopes were well difpofed, checrefull, and full of alacrity : but the orher invaded him by Night. Itant ne in Caffris quidem misimzum ocï detur. Alwayes was this pullint Prince much given to fee the maturall qualities of Beafts, fo as no Prefent could be more gratefull, or acceptable to him, thalu lonic firangely-natured favage, making excellent ufe of this Theory, appropriated to

## $A \mathcal{A}$ Mrfery for GEDCTRT.

the natures of Men: which upon all accafions, (with fingular delight) he ufed to apply untohis Nobles difpofition, which attended him.
Thore noble and couragious Dogs, which were
Curagious Dogges. fent him by the Kings of Albasy, mutch contented him : They would not firre at linall bealts, difdaining them(as it were) in the over-flow of their courage, contemning any encounter but with Lyons, and Elephants. This Magnanimity could the valiant Emperour apply well enough to himfelfe: he faw his own nature delineated, or charactred (as it were) in their courage,Scorning to Triumph on the conquered, folacing him ever with this extreame ${ }_{j}$ yet chearefull comfort : Swpereft Sperare falutem.

The like defire of exploring the naturall properties of Bealts, poffeffed Sertorisus: One no leffe provident, to fhelter himelfc in adverfity, then in allhis actions continent, amidft his proSperity; who, after his Regiment in Spaine, erected many places for the taming of wild Beafts, delighting exceedingly to fee the aptneffe of fome joyned with a certaine naturall flexibility, and the backwardneffe of others, retaining over a certuine femblance of their firft Natnre, fodeeply imprinted, as difficulty removed. Nay, what Stratagems ufed he (by his white Hart) to fupport and governe the whole Fabricke of his declining Efrare: Implying that by his Hinde, or Hart, he received inftructions from Diasa, which the people (with fuch fuperfition) belceved, that by his glory he conquered Envy, enlarging the
bounds of his Jurifdiction, and making his exile the Symibole of his renowne, till by the bloody confpiracy of Perperse and ed ntoniw, he was deprived both of Crowne and Life.

Demetrims a worthy Souldier, and one well meriting of his Countrey, was much inclined to this Study: So as athome, if at any time fequefred from his more ferious Affaires, he conceived cyceeding pleafure and delight in the portraying of thole Beafts he had feene: Excellent hee was in the frame of any Similitude, but more divine in his owne; being of thatexat forme, elegant confteurion, and'wacely-mixr Complexion, Vt pieforibus:(culptoribufógeifrwilis non potuerit effirsgi: A rare Modell of Nature, when(by Nature) he was impurraleld.

Alcibyades, no leffe deferving, yet worfe cenfured, was well experimented in the Natures of Bealts, but morein Plants : having, an Hearbe, cventortis day (amongit our A pothecaries) callled after his Name, alcybiados, or the Wilde Buglofte.

And for Metrals, Minerais, or the like; None more aecommodated to fuch Studies than that Soveraigue of Roman Hearts, Augufius, hearing his Lapidary Diofcorides with elpcciall delight: Soas in time he was not onely able to diftinguifh of any Stone, but to deferibe their Natures: LTling likewife the Art of Alchimy, more expert in their rccalcinaticns (faith the Roman Hiftorian) than the bett Profeffurs of that Time; and confequently I may conclude than the
groffe 2uacke-falvers of our Time.
You lee it is nodifparagement for the Gene-- trpedient,nos rous, or Heroïck Spirit to be Studied in thele acceftay: Notions: Ince the peerelefie for Valour and true Refolution, have dedicated themifelves unto them : yet would I not have them fo befutted, or be wedded to thefe fudies, as to forget more important intendments. I confefle theic are rather tomake a man compleat, than exactly neceffary, and a fuperficiall knowledge is fufficient for Learning of this Nature : And well doe I approve of thar Ornament ot Learning ( the beft Luftre to the Schoole of Arts) where tee would rat er have a Gentleman fuperficially feenc in all, than profoundly lcarned in one. Too much retyring to thefe Studies, accord not with Gravity or State, but to difceurfe (by why of Reafon) without Sophifticall argumenting, well befeemes the moft Generous mindes.

It is an happy thing to keepe a meane in Wifdome not to frive in mover flow of Underflanding) ro out-Atrip Nature in the inveltigation or fearch of Naturall things: A little willf ferve us in indifferent things, and more it relifheth of Difcretion, to know when wee have enough; than, with an unbounded will ofaffecting knowledge, fupertitioufly to know more than Nature hath prefcribed.

This exfeffe indefire of knowing, hathbeene a contaging, that hath infected and poifoned the maturelt Sudies: efpcially in things fo impersinent, as when the pitch of that they expected
was attained s Their knowledge conduced no more to the profir of the Repub. than if with Endymion, they hadnept theircime, and puffed their life over in a fruirleffe filence. It pleffech the Orator to tearme fixha Study-- Inutilis mensis agitatio: Siyling in the troubled Atreame, where a minre cleare and calne paffage doth fhew her felfe. Thus I approveinthefe Naturall Difcourfer, a kiperficiall Difcurfive Knowledge, to cxilude Ignorance, but no fuch afteetive height, Ictit in fo exquifite a fearch of Natare, wee fhould theiv our felves Naturals. We fay, the Generous thould be bat mediocrite dotios $\because$ Ineed not infift upon the perfwation; wee have too many of zuvenals paintedblocks in the way of Learning, that never meme tocome nearcr. So as I may an-
--Hinc irsl) 1.s nocmime tran" (x) exbilibuir -

Fore mateind ou's fe pro--'ExI! fiwer, as an Abhenians reafoned, what the caufe flenld be why there was fuch an ebbe of good Wits in Atbens? 'Becaule (faith he) they runne ( 6 into the Sub-urts, and dwell with Laïs.

The beft and ripelt Wits are moft fubjeet to corrupting, concording well with the native depravation of thefe Times, where Medea's Rule is made an Axiome, every one with Lincius fecing the beit, beit with blind Baiard, deprived of the Eye of their Elcation.

Too much of them; our Treatife requires a better Subject, than fuch ftaines to their Countries fame, and priftine honour, making her complaine, as Rome did in time of old: Eorie vos. prodwxi? of 6 . Is this the fruit of mylong Labour, the freight of my race, and the reward of my Motherly
therlylove, to bring you up, and then (like Vi pers) to fting me that hath nourifhed ycu? Well then, my blefliags muft be tarned of necefliry unirexecrations : strd thit Breafe which firt nou. rifhed yon with the Milke of comforr, mult be the very Sepulchre to interre you that buried my honour.

Thus did Rome hollow out her complaint againft herill-niurtured iffue; and no leffe caufe 16 bion againtt her undifciplined race, that feeme as if they were, -——Fruges confamere nati.

And tiere I might preferre a jult comphaint againft fuch, who confume the Oyle of their Life, in frequenting Loofe places: and apply fonic choice foveraigne Receipes, to retitie this, to the and (than which noend nore glorious) their owne Families may become private Academies. Which r'fhall the rather labour, in regard, that the regulating of our felves to that forme, may highly conduce both to our own \& Gods honor.

How carcfull the Rooinams were in their ceffation fromarmes, to educate theiryourh ination, left too much reniffeneffe might beger in them an effeminacy of manners; and fo in time difable them' for perfonall 'employments eyther athome or a abroad, may fufficiendly appeare by all thofe ancient Annals recommended from age to age, cven to thefe our times. Whence it came, (as I haveelfe where nored upon like occalion) that there was publifhed an antient Edect amonglt the Rensans, as is recorded by cicere in his Booke of Lawes, that no Roman Z 3 ihould

A jult 63 m plent againa luch, who conCuma the Oyle of their Life, in frequenting Loore places: how to rcAlify this, that their. owne 1 amblies may becorne private Agadeinats.
thould go through the ftrect of the City, unleffe he carried with him the badge or cognizance of that Tade whereby he lived: Infomuch as, that good Emperour Marc. Auralius fpeaking of the

The Emperour Oadavian would not fuffer bis Daugh eers to be wathout lume Art, Science, or Myllery; raying: Hce mughtocone poole, \& then has 1)augheers mighe by their' honge Labour relieve both chemfelves sheit facher.

A cenipethaous Proceay in a calure nanc. dilligence of the Romans, writerh, That ill of them followed sheir labour. An excellent commendation in a civill State; to banifh that, by which the beft States through a long continued peace, or affluerce of wealth, have not only bin impeached and impaired, but rooted out and utrer! y razed.

Idleneife maketh of Men women, (fwomen beafts, of beafts Monlters. I would have then thefe Patrons of Idlenefie (whoconfume the precious lampe of their life ia a licentions liberty) ufed, as Zeno ufed his fervani Brufon; who being taken with Theft, and allcdging for himfolfe, that it was his dettiny to teale; his Maiffer anfwered, and hy defiuy tobe beaten.

It is the depraved nature of Mign, to mould
 to follow the worfis way, to make the wort ufe of that which in its owne nature is the beft. For what more precious then the palmes of Peace? Yet, what is it that fooner corrupts the freeft State: For what is the progeny that a Calme time brings forth (all which implies the vicioufneffe (ffour tature) hut a Prodigalland an $V$ furer? Where the one ingayeth his ftare for Back c and Belly; ; the other quite contrary, frands indebred both ro Back and Belly, The one playes at Ducks and Drakes with picces, till hee mult fifh for
more when all his efrate is falne in peeces; The other hoords up for his feldome thriving Heire; whomeanes, as his father was the firft, to make himfelfe the laft of his Houre.

Thar Maxim is true; Health commeth not from the Clouds withour feeking, nor Wealth from the clods withcut digging : yet, as there is required a providence in theone; fo (hould there be a confcience in the other. Lycurgue banifhed this Uffry (the canker-worme of all civill Socico Fanmesuminne. ty) out ofs parta ; Amafs punifhed it feverely in efgypt; Cato baniflied it out of Sicilia: and so[oa in At bens. How much more fhrold it be hol- ipfc re pubs den in deceftation amongt Chriftian: And for the other, who fo hec may be fiyled a ronng Mafter, will not nick to imparne the Long Acre, till hee become like a Snake who h'as calten his flough; a fqueazed fwad withour either Meanes, Manners, or Mannor: I could wifh thathe took his Spunge by the hand, and took leave of this Iland together, till ayre had changed their condition, or Grace the qnality of their Temper. - As femerimes that worlds Monarch ufed two of his Cumrt Parafites, injoy ning the one toflye, and the other to follow hinn with a whip, till they were both get out of his Kingdome, and fo his Coutewas tid of both.

And to make up aleafe in this vicious trace; it were not far amiffe for the State, that fuch, who hy petitionary waycs work thcir owne ends; and, as ifthey were prefenters of petitionshy Pattenr, make it their molt corimedions Trade, to de-

Heare this yee Parreniecs, a pecisionary Projectors. lude $\mid$
lude the poore Suppticants truft ; and to maintaync their profile courfe, fied their languifhing Clyents with unprofitable delayes, taffed of the whipafivell as thefe. So that, as Alex. Severus (agreat enemy to fuch Impoftors) caufed his corrupt Courticr Turinus in the open Marlect to be faltued to a ftake and ftifled with froake;
finmo percit. guI fumum vendidil. while the Cryer thus cryed to the people, "Let tim perifh by fnoake, who fold fmoskc. I could wilhthat fuch as thefebe (if any fuch there be) might receive the like cenfure, according to the height or micalure of their diftemper. For thefe, like Brokers of old-ftuffe, or Bartcrers of contemptible ware, make fale of that which is not vendible. Or like thore afoan Knights, make breach of eredit to difcharge their credit: who, though they haveno other vocation but boldnes and infintation, yet by thefe injurious wayes, beare themfelves in the World as if they were perfons of quality and falhion.

But to procecdin our Difcourfe : Hiftories of this Nature, are very ncedefull for profeffors of Phyficke : for how fhould they conceive the true Art of compolition, if the fimples whereof the compounds are made, and their vertues, be not perfcilly knowne unto them? Brafevolus, de examine herbarum, exemplifies this Difcourfe more filly: I will referre them to that place, not ellrertinning that Subject which is but fuperficially criduced to nic ; and I have alwayes made that (blervance (in way of Axionie) to all my Readings, which Silvies in his Booke, De Simplicib.

Medicament, injoyneth himfelfe: What Art foe-1 ver a Manknoweth, let him only excrcife and ufe it: For otherwife he fhall but defry his owne Ignorance, as I have noted in fome : 2yos cwm wefoire piguir, mestiri nos pigebat. An odious fcandall to a generous-minded Scholler, to write ther which he is ignorant ofhimfelfe; Leffe afhamed tolye, thento be defective in Knowledge. But efpecially,fome we have of this fort, that lyc upon their Knowledge : Some (as in Traians fabling Age) write Arts of Horfemanflip, that never rode otherwife then Ageflaws with his Children on Cocke-horfe. Others can exactly prefcribe Times for Planting, Sowing, Reaping, and the like ; playing the good Husband-man (I pray you marke him) that never read $\vee$ irgils Bncolicks : Thefe are ufurping wits, prefuming on the affable cenfures of there depraved times. Ignorance can Apologize herfelfe : for what Writer now a dayes weares not that Livery?

To our Hifory: Thefe naturall Difcourles of the qualities of Beafts, Birds, Serpents, andother Creatures, be likewife efpecially needefull for Divines: They may amply dilate upon the adinirable Workes of their Creator, by the Survey of his Creatures. For even all Birds and Beatts (if exactly confidered) thew the infinite power of the Almighty; not onely in Creating, but infufng fuch diverily-affected natures and difpofitions in them. The witty Emblematif alfo draines his pretty inventions from thefe refemblances; portraying the Crcature, and an-

Enblense of Birde.
The contemplstion of slas Crearure mi. nufere idan. ration in $u s$ roward our Creasne.
A a nexing thefe Verfes:

Pid.samilucuma orlcist.

Cantat Alauda Deolandes gratifima fummo,
Hinc nos ingratos gratalacefcit avis. Englithed thus.
The early Larke her gratefull minde dijplayes, Defonlting Morne hy Morse ber Makers praife: Whance fine doth taxe fuch as unthankfull be, That have more caule, yet give le fe thanks than foe.

We have many fuch witty Emblemes, well befitcing the moft Chiftian underfanding to contemphate; drawing the inferutable Wifdone of Codfrem the Exicllency of lis Crcatures: the divers furmes whereof generally varying, thei: different Natures in few things concurring, and their conrinume fo mainly difording, may minifter to the greatert A theift, no leffe caure of Admiration, thancaufe of Execration of his irrclizious and damable Opinion.

Nor can therebe any Arguments more for-

The resy Atheill condemned by 'Birds whi Ayre: and how their Mc. luad is cres nowntrigy with aciy $n$ inis to that sipicme Nuig1).
cing, than thefe, to bring a mififbeleever to the acknowledyment of his Mater. So as, the very A thei't, ithe would luffer himfelfe to be evinced by Reation, could not chufe but veile, and ingenuoully hold himelfe condenuned by Birds oth Aire: Whofe melrdy is ever mounting with airy Wings to that Supreme Majefty. LIpon which

## A $\mathcal{X}$ (urfery for G E NTR $T$.

which conlideration, would hee but reflect on himfelfe, he hould foone finde, how miferable it is formanto be filent in Gods praile, when Bords become heavenly Quirifers in lending forth fweet ayres.

I cannot chufe but wonder at Democritw, who was of fuch various, pay, Omnifarious reading, as there was nothing in the whole frame or Workmanhhip of * Nature, wherein he didnot Thew himfelfe a Writer. That Hee, who knew the Natures, differences of all Beaft, Plants, Fithes, Birds; and as fome fay, could underftand the Tunes and Voyces of them, fhould fo miferably erre in that, which hee fhould principally know. For if thefe Vifble Creatures be Laymens Bookes; wherein they may finde matter cnough to magnify the Power, Wifdome and Providence of God 3 much more thofe, who are Vers'd in Bookes, and are enabled to conferre Contemplation with Reading, merit hich reproofe : who feeing what they may worthily admire; and that the Maker of them is Hec, to whom they are oncly to adhcre; are neither wonne by the One nor Other, to acknowledge the fole Omnipotency of their Crcator.

It is faid of the وuaile, being the very fame Bird which was the Ifrälites Meate in the Wilderneffe, that as hee flyes over the Sea, fueling himfelfe to begin to be weary, he lights by the way into the Sea. Then lying at one fide, hee layes downe one Wing upon the Warer, and holds up the other Wing rowards Heaven. L.eft Aa 2 he

Huw miferable at is, for nanto beli. lent in Gods prasfe, when Birds become heavenly Quiralers in fcuding forth fweet Aytes.

* Nibilin toro Opificio Naru* de quo nos (iripfit.
hee fiould prefume to take too long a flight at the firft, he wets one wing. Left hee fhould defpaire of taking a new flight afterwards, he kceps the other wing dry.

The Morall is divine, though the Story be maturallandhumanc. Ocalus ad Colsm, manis ad Clavam. The Courfe of our perillous Navigation in this our Sea-fare, toucheth upontwo dangerous Shelves ; fuch as threaten more inevitable ruinc to the unwary Navigator, than thofe iwo Sucilian Gulfes, scylls and charybdis. Where Prefumplion, upon the confidence of her owne lirength, falls by a precinitate Courfe into the depth of all micry: and defpaire, through too much diffidence, ljes miferably groveling, ncither feeking nor hoping for Reniedy. The flight of the former is cither mort, or none at all ; hecalle Prefumption makes her thinke it needlefle to fly for that of which flee is already feazd : and Defpaire, like heavy cheffes, retardates her flighe ; fuggefting to her that it is necdleffe to fly for that whereof fhee can never polibly be feas'd.

Oris spollo writeth, that the efigytitians (amongt many other profound Hicrogly(phicks) when they would deleribe the Heart, paint that Fird, which they call Ibis: becaule they thinke no Crature, for proportion of the body, hath fo greas an Heart as the 16 is hath. If the Pagans made fuch fingular ufe in their diffection of Birds; as they cver redused whatlocver they read, or had feene in
that
that kinde, to fome excellent end : Much more wee, who know better the ufe of there Creatures, and to what proper end they were firft ordained ; not in Wantonneffe to abufe them, as thofe loofe Inperiallifts did, who affected nothing more then Rarity $;$ nor defired ought more, then to furfeit in their Exceffe and fiperfluity. Ncyther in a Superftitious ufe of them; as the Pagans did, who attributed their good or bad fortune to fuch Birds, as were eyther Aufoicious or Ominous : promifing themfelves ficceffe according to their flight; or in'pertion of their Intrals after death.

In the time of Cugnftus, an Fagle hovering over the Heads of fuch Patricians, as were then in Confultation; at laff fetled upon the name of agrippa, and juft upon the firt Letter of that name $\mathcal{1}$ _A Lightning likewife defcending downe from Heaven, ftroke the firft Letter of his owne name out, - CWhence South-fayers, by conjecturall Arguments, or Revelations from their Oracles, gathered, that Hee thould but live an hundred dijes after, and be afferwards Cannonized for a Ged : becaufe exfar, the refidue of that Name in the Tuframe Language fyguified God.

Abeit, fome even amongft themfelves, (leighted their Auguries, as might be inftanced in Clandius Pulcher; who, when in taking his Aw picia, or the predictious of his fuccefic by the infpections of Birds, before sicilie, the Aa 3 Pullets

Creatures of dayned in Sobricty and ufefull Morality.

Pullets would not feed, hee commanded they thould be plunged in the Sea, that they might drinke, fecing they would nor eate. The like did Crafus, who being willed by the Arabian Guides, at fuch time as he was Marching within the Perfo. ${ }_{a n}$ Fronticrs, to make hafte before the Moone was in Scorpio ; "but I (faid he) feare more Sa"gittary, meaning the Archers of Perfia.

Bur there is nothing in my Opinion, that thould worke more powerfill effects, or beget in men more virile fhame, than to fee them outfrript by Creatures of this kind, even in arguments of Naturall Affection and Humanity.

Bafli. Hंonil.s. (O) 9.

Ruame is plurime illis ectaddimime, ruijus tamen cos generitre monpor. sumas. Cyril.

It is a notable Obfervation, which a Divine Father fometimes culled from a Naturall Hiftorian : When the old Storke through Age becomes naked of Feathers, fluee is fed by her Brood, and carryed by them from place to place upon their Wings.

This might worthily frrike a glowing flame in the brealts of all fuch umaturall Children, who neglait their duties to their aged Parents; bringing their grey-haires with forrow to their Graves. For how fhould thefe inan equall proportion requite them from whom they had their being and breeding; admit they fhould for their relicfe, confere all their Fortunes and livelyhood uponthem?

Whit thould I ray likewife of unnaturall Mother:; who forne to impart their owne Breafts to their owne Babes? Can thefe fee the Carusa with her attendulues following, and nurfing care hatch-
hatching the Cuckowes egges, and not blufhat themfelves? Have they naked breafts to beftow on the ayre, or allure a wandring eye, and muft their owne be deprived of that liberty?

Many fuch Morall Motives as thefe, fpeake to us in the natures of Birds: but I muft not dwell on there; but haften in this my Hiforical Survey, to the native difcovery of other Creatures.

Here the Hyene (as Pling relates) can imitate the voice of any Man, and that fo neeerely, as his voyce can hardly be diftinguifhed from the voyce of him he imitateth; taking his denomination from the Greekes, according to his naturall rapine.

There the Fiber, or Bever (by what inftinct, Humane wifdome could never reach to) to fatisfie his covetous purfuer, bites off his own ftones, being the prize (he knowes) for which he is purfued.

Here fee the diffembling Sphinx, able ro perfonate any paffion, eyther of joy or forrow. There the wonderfull nature of the Rhynoceros: The Lyon fo naturally valiant, as not to be daunted; yct behold the filly Cocke can makc him tremble! Then reprefent to ybur generous reading; the naturall enmity betwixt the Hor foand the Beare, the Wolfe and the Lyom, the Fox and the Badger; fuch a native difugreeing remaines among thete Beafts, as their hatred is implacable; ever purfuing their enemly with an inveterate hate : for an enmity ingrafred by narure, cannot be fuppreffed hy leffe then narare.

Many conflicts were inftituted in Rome (at foLemuization of any Feftivall, or in remembrance of fome memorable Exploit atchieved) betwixt Beafts:whence the Romass gathered great knowledge, fecing the remifneffe of fome Natures, and the cagerneffe of others. Some of an unquailed firit, yct in Itrength unable to maintaine their (pirit : others ( like our unweldy Epicures) finewy and flefhy enough, have ftrength at will, but defect of courage fo curbes them, as the over-flow of ability waines in the rifing; not daring to encounter with one of leffe ftrength, betmore vivacity.

Vidg Inєіим Florsm a lib.de sab.Ball orpo-Beadibetlorialent. eap. 18.

Thole Times were not Enowniothis unjrichatifnventio of murd'ung Ordnance:
"tive Crome, shic (ioujpingbuke andtura. rirg Ramma "倠ire llar! lide beglecs binlentirltwas bicsur.

When Fabim CMaximas wentin Emballage to Pyrrbus, Prince of Epyre, with whom (at that time) the Romans had Warre : hee denounced open I loftility againft him and his Territories, for not performing fome conditions included in the Leanguc. Pyrrhws, to terrific Fabius, commandedliis Guard to place an Elephant behind the Arras, that at their next parley, Fabius feeing fo terrible a Bealt, might of his owne accord folicitc Pcace. But Fabias ( though one at that time unarquanted with fuch fights, for never were any relephants then feene in Rome) hearing him find out his hollow voice, replyed: The found of a Romankamme wial be moreterriblestonstbe woyce of an Epyrian Elephant. But thefe grew afcerward to publick Spcitacles: So as in any Triumph offome vítorious, or puiflant Captaine, there were many Elepbants, Owaces, Paushers, Tygers, and other favage Beafts flaine, offering

## $A \mathcal{N}$ urfery for G EXCTRT.

them (in Triumphant manner) to the Temple of the Goddeffe victeria.
Varro, a Roman Peere, one to whon the Romane Tongue was much indebred,' did illuftrate the Annals of Rome with their Ceremoniall Tri- ourimitint, umphs; fhewing allo what Beafos were wont to be facrificed to the Gods, and for what caufe that Inftitution was ebferved; If the Victory (fayth he) was purchared with the loffe of flood, they ufed to facrifice to Mars, a Cocke; but it without blood, they offered an Oxe.

Thefe naturall Defrripticns of Beafts are very delightfull to the generous Reader; they are very fit for illuftrating any Subject; making comparifon betwixt the Natures of Beafts, Rirds, or Plants, and other materiall fubjects of our Difcoure ; coimparing Luft, Inceft, and fuch lafcivious exorbitances to the Lapping, reprefentedby Tereus, the Ravifier of Pbolomel: Inferring by the Spider, Arrogancy, or Prite, that durft compare with Pallas for preëminency. By the Cormorast, grating Oppreffion, lenceleffic and remorceleffe of others Miferies. Prognéin a Swallowes habit) implying the fwifncife of revenge to Murder.

That chafte Bird Porpbyrio, who, as he is conftant inhischoice, fo it hee fee his love abufed, his neft defiled, he dyes through griefe; as one impatient of fuch difgrace. Hee is fayd likewife to bite the Water, implying, that as hee is pure of himfelfe, fo hee camot endure to partake of thofe ftreames, which Bb are
are troubled of foyled with any brackilh difemper.

Weread how Phinew that impious Areadian

Hepraceeds in applying sha Natures of le. verall other liide, in the iurdyy dinic rent qualietes, or chatilistols racha, in minn.

Prince, having by the perfwafion of his fecond witc IdaA, pur onthis Childrens eyes, which he had by his firitwite cleopatra, was for this unnaturall fait plagued of the Harpyes : three monfrrw, 19 and ravenous Birds, exilo, orypete, and Celano, hiving Maiden vifages. Long time was this umhappy King annoyed, what way foever he Travaiied : Scacould not fecurchim, nor Land privilealge lim. At his repart, his ftomack was made queatic by their fench : and on the night time, by rufur of thin noife, was he refe of felt: In which itory, fundry excellent Morals are diintily couched. Firtt, how the very Esbrizke Peérs could invent punifhments for haynous dolinquents. O quidm merisò divina sccurrit ultio cuiu/gue pescati proprio obiecto! A commanding Prince, it comicious of bood, cannet find him. felfe a heroud. No fhetreragainf Murder. Flic lictortheses, the very waves ruiled by the fury of tie winds, will be his remembrancers, retire he to the Land, the very Creatures will have him inpurfiite, till they become his Surprizers. From his Houfe he flyes unto the field, but Furice. dorge him fril!: no Covert in field can refue him trom his Fate.

By the Harpyes, may be underfood, that there is no Creature, but the Supreame power, if Hee pleafe, con make it his Avenger. But thefe kind of Bird's were hy the Poëts mof properly devi.
red to be purfuers of this bloody Prince. Their ravencus Nature agreed beft with his temper. For as their Condition is to prey upon their owne; fo did hee in his cruely feaze upon his owne: And as the Eyc is the firlt part which any ravenous Bird ufeth to pick ar: fo it was the Eyes of thefe Orphanrchildren which thcir Stcp-dame Idacaym'dat. Now, whereas thefe Birds are portrayed with Maiden-vifages; we may by that fafely conclude, Frontis mulla fides - : Amiable Features may have favage Natures. Thofe sirenshad beautifull Faces, cheerefull Voyces, hut dangerous Greetings. There is more belonging to a fincere heart than a promifing prelènce. As the ftilleft Watersare the deepeft ; fo fuireft Fices wound the deadlieft. They are apt to allure; and happy is that wife Ithasus, that can fop his Eyc and Eare.

Thefecame to Pbineur Table like beateous Guefts, but purfu'd him like hidoous Ghofts. Beaury is a taking baite, it can cover Treafon with a fmile; butbeing fwallowed, it becomes the Takers bainc. But now feehow this calamitous Prince receives reliefe, when his miferics crowded thickeft : and how the fe intrulive Guefts are expulfed, when his hopes were in defpaire, and from expectance of reliefe remoteft !

Calais, that valiant Sonne of Borear by Orithia, who with Zethes having Wings, to accelerate their journcy, flew to Colchis to helpe the Argonauts: and being in that voyage courtcoufly ufed of King Phixeus, they in recompence drave
out of his Countrey thofe ravening Birds called Harpyes.

Nor wants this Comicall paffage his Morall: for hence may we gather, what benefere redounds tofu has are holpitable. How thofe, whom they fomerimes harboured for Strangers, become intime of dunger their deliverers. This might toconimed by Holy Writ; wherc Angels were recived in habit of Stringers : and what fuccour they miniiltred to their Harbourers.

Suchas there ulefully applyed, will a fford infinite profir to the Reader: fo as, hee may delighefully enlarge himfelfe by way of Difcourfe to , iny intelligible Hearer.

Therele other Birds, who reteine in them ananciene naturall hatred to Bealts, from whom they conccive themfelves to have received wrong ; and this their hatred is implacable evento dearth.

Meafint Puësicall Figlous of the ! nunily ut Bards.

Thec Comfors or Stock-dove cannot endure the ileyfor for that old iniury thee fuffered before the changd her Ncft: fo as now with an infulting iecre, which the fill redoubles in her Note, flee focmingly challcugeth her to come unto her: being contident that her Seate is mounted farre above her hate; fo as, thee may now fecurely domincere, when her airy Ncht pleads priviledge againftall feare.
efgithes, in proportion a little Bird, yet of a ftrong and ftour fpirit; being at deadly batred with the Alfi; for that hee deftroyeth her Neft, which for the moft part flee builds among the Tbifles:
rhifles : in revenge whereof, n:ce continually vexerh him (fo apprehenfive is the leaft Creature of an injury, and fo quicke-fighted in conceiving where fhee may requite ber injury) by pecking him oil galled places of his body.

This Morall may feeme to glance at fuch ignoble fpirits, who, fo they may revenge, orexpreffe the heate of their fury; will not fticke to exercife it upon the pooreft and contemptiblent Creatures : yea, they will pick an offence before it be offered: and play upon their fimplicity, by whom they were never much injuried. Thefe will ever leape over the hedge where it is loweft, and make fuch the prey of their fury, whom they finde moft incapable of revenge, or umable to fecond what their reputation injoynes them to attempt. The like may be faid of the Apiafter or Madrall ; a Bird that beares inve. terate hate to the painefull Bee and her Labours. In whofe Nature the quality of fuch perfons is covertly fhadowed : who, Mar-gises-like, doe no good themfelves, but in a profufe Riot confume their fruitleffe Dayes, feeding their Surfeits with others imployment:

In many Frontier-bordering Tuwnes wce fhall fee this made good by wofull experience. While fuch indultrious people, who, to ufe the words of Sententions Saluft, Sedem Anima in extremis digisis balent; ; placing their Soules in their Fingers ends, ' become Bb 3 a booty
a buoty to the violence and incurfion of their Neighbouring Drolies; who leaze with ftrong hand ( under pretence of an unferled peace or expired League ) upon whatfoever their induftrious courfe of living had for divers secres defervingly gained and gathered.

There is another fiwcet-fented Bird, called the Cinnamolge; one who will build her Neft in no other Weod than Cinnamon. Her onely ambition is a dainty Seat ; very luigular in her confort with other Birds ;pleafing to few but to herelfe: and ifat any time fa e deigne the Forreft that grace as en partake of her melody, Nightingallike Dat fine mente forum --
Afweet-fented
A neare Relemblance (as if frung from one Stcimme ) may this fivect-breath'd Bird leeme to have to our Court-Popinjays whofe fenfe moft commonly confifts in fent. His Action or Gefure is nothing but Cringes; his Breath an Ayry Complement; his Rinde ( tomake this Cinna-mon-Similitude more full) worth allhis body belide.

When Jupiter and Iwwo's Wedding was rolemnized of old, to make the Solemnity more compleat ; the Gods ware all invited to the Feaft, and many Noble-men hefides. Amongft the reftame Cryfalus a Perfian Prince, bravely attended, rarely accoutred, rich in Golden Attires, in gay Kobes, with a Majefticall Prefence, a formall pofture, a portly Encounter, but otherwifean Affe. The Gods feeing him come infuch pompe and fate, rofe up to give
him place, Ex babitu bominem metientess But Iwpiter perceiving what hec was, alight, phantaAtick, idle fellow, rurned himand his proud fol18wers into Butterfies: And fo they continue ftill (for oughic I know to the contrary, if the Fiction hold with Verity) roving about in pied Coats, and are called Cbryfalides by the wifor fort of men; that is, Golden out-lides, Drones, Flics, and things ofno worth. For the truth of the Fable, we will not fand much on it; but what the Poets intended by thefe Trunsformations, may be eafily gathered.

There Silken Gulls, who are oncly to be valued by what theymeare, not what they are, in this very Morall receive their Centure. They preafe into the higheft places; converfe with Eminent'ft perfons; thruft themfelves upon greatent hufineffe: but fall offrill with fome palpable difyrace to themelves.

They are not intus fimbriati, and therefore nuuf be Deorum confliys ablegati. Thofe who had no Sage in their Pates, were not held fit to be at Councell-Table with the Gods.
There is another Moralltoo which arifech naturally from that Cinnamon-nctted Bird; and without much Criticifme might be applyed to a Pen-feathred Citizen; who having now (as hee thinks) fufficient wealth, hias thut up Shop, and bid adue to his Trade. And asone whohad takena furfeit of the $\mathrm{Ci} r y$, hoss buile himelfe a new Fifhers folly in the Ceuntrey. Nothing but Perfpective Glafle, Porphyrite Pillars, Thracian Tcuch,

A Countrey feased Cisizen properly Resembled.

Tourh, and Arabian perfumes in every roome. Nothing but Be wry reflects in every corner, except the face of the Owner. Oh, how hee is taken with the delisht of his Seate! The exqưfite device of his Building! His Nome-fuch muft be admired by fuchas fee ir, or hee holds himfelfe infiniedy wronged. So hee may have his Diwelling-houfe neately trimmed, and the houfe of his Body curioully cockred, he thinks nothing can goc amiffe, all things are well orderad.

Petrarch. de Remed.utiouf. quefurt.

Mene-time, hee little remembers Petrarchs Comelll; whondvifeth him 'not to be affraid, "the ught the Iloule of his B: dy be fhaken, fo "his Soule, the Gueft of his B' dy, Fare well. Many other cxcellent Noralls mighe be from this oncly Birdextracted, but brevity, the beft helpe to memory, makes me omit them. I couldhercinlarge my Diforme in relating
The condane Love, indataicable League of Birds aanongit ihem. relves.
the wonderfull Concord of divers Birds among themfelves; as the conftant I cague or Amity of Crowes, who are cuer oberved to take one part; the naturall love of Stares : and gencrally, how Birds of one feather flock together, and are ready to doe mutuall effices one to another. But our Naturall Hiftorians, who have amply writt of this Subject, canfutficiently fupply the Reader in this way; to whom I referre them. I will ondy here refolve one queftion which may be domanded, and it is this: What theuld the reaionte, why all Birds by an in-bred hate purfue the llawke; and though they cannot annoy him,
yet will they flicker about hims; defining nothing more, if their powers were to their wills, than to furprize him? But the Poët haas a reply ready in the perfons of thole Birds, which may fully affoil this queftion:

> Wee hate the Hawke because of all that are Expos'd toprey, bocever lives in wore.

For the owe or Bate, or all fuch Night-birds, why they are fo had in purfuit, if it chance they come abroad upond.yy-time, this reafon may be given. As they are unfociable and eftrange themelves from their company, having onely the priviledge of night, and the Ivy or forme other renired Crowd for their Sanctuary ; fo they are hooted at by other Birds for their lingua. rity, or for their neglect of civill Society.

In the Beats of the Forreft this may likewife be observed: the Lyon (a fierce beat) of an Heroïcke Nature, contemning the dejected ones, nor caring to feed on Carrion. He is of a Malefticke difpofition, and hates to be ungrateful for the leaf benefits received : If the Moufe rid him of bare Servitude, he will finds time to requite her love one way or other. This may reprefent the perron of a King (for indecde hie is the King of Beats) "who ferne to triumph over the fubjected, but to tyrannife over the proud.

The Elephant refembles a man pret downe with honour ; being once downe, he cannot rife: Cc

Why Birds of Rapine ara moa hard.

OXimes AccipiPrem, quin/ em par vive in armies.

Why Night. Birds are had in purfuite.
ic is like fome great man, whopuffedup with the pronjerous gales of his fortunes, can finde no knso of allegiance, or libuniflion to either Prince orstate; his joyints are inflexible, and the load of 1 ishoncur intupporable: once downe, impralible to rife, but by fome un-ufall occurcint.

What ftrange effects of Nature thiscreature retcincth, may be inftanced in this notable fory. It is reported by Pbilippo piga fetta, a Traveller of approved credit, that hee had feene with his whecyes a very frange and admiable thing in Connza, mancly, that a young Elcphant followinsthis 1) mmes, fell downe by chance into one of whe Pirtialls, purperelymade hy Huntere, to firprite them:and after fhe could noe with all her Iki.'. and frengeth draw him out of it, flechuried him thicrein, and covered him with earch, with branches, and with bowes, infomich as fhe filled the Pituptothe top, to the end that the Hunters thouldnot enjey her Calfe; choofing wather to kill it her fille (with this affectionate kind of in(riment) thantoleave it to the mercy of the crucll Hunt-men.

The Wolfo (a State-gormandizer)preses upon the immerent, fiches the bloed of the Orphame, impaires others memes to cularge his owne: crucley is the habiliment he beft liketh, mahing the State a wilde Forreft for every Savare tolive in, hut a Shambles for the poore filly Lambintolinfler in.

The Goate, your wanton and fenfuall Amorift, that
that thips here and there, in every brake of vanity, till foentwined, as the fale of his reputation makes him beg for a good name : bur the egen of Generall Obfervance are not fo dazelld, they have fecue his heart, and regiftred his follies.

The Beare, one that portends byhis Birth, what he will be: an unhandfome pece of the h, one that necds licking before hee be brought to fathion: Here's Natures deformity, charatring by the foulneffe of the body, the tilchincfle of his difpofition. Tyrants wece have had of this Refemblance, who came the wrong way into the world, to memate what wrongs they would doe unto the world. But now of tamer Cratures.
The Lambe cannot drink cof a tronbled Spring, no more can Innocence.

The Hare ever ilceps with open cyes: fo doth
rifor tanguam Oryus.

Severtill proprictica referanbing feverall petions. good Providence.

The coney is fruitfull and fearefull: So is Nup tiall Chaftity.

The Enwet is in Summer cuer forc-feeing a Winter: Such is good Husbandry.

Shall wee proceed in Birds likewife, and exandine their Natures?

The Turtle for Conitancy : The Crane for Vigilancy: The Relim sxprefferh his love to Man: the Nightingall to Women. None nore induftrious than the Larke, More laborious than the Wren: more odious to her felfe, and others, than the Cwokew : More Heroick than the Eagle: More bafe than the Brazard.

Then oblerve what fecret inftinds given to certaine Birds, to prognofticate the events of things.
'I he Crow, a fore-telter of what Weather will come to pafle. The Halcyon or Seamaw, remarkable in predution of Stormes: and the Swallow,
VIA. Aur.lia. Crane, and many others, exact obfervers of Scatons.

It is frange, what is obierved by the naturall Hittorian, of the Eagle and Raven; the one, hiith he, knowes whes the Carkafic or Carrion thall fall, the other bere. Which conceit, howfoever it may be many timeserring, yet we fhall

Hee iciounts iundry other Birdo, which icteciuc iuthem naw. illy, infallille Notuins of the chanye \& vanouns cify on ut Hisdier:.

Timporis ait - mism lloti.st Corribc.le ひに frnt.
rilf is a.d molein evarlat Mujecher rolorim.

Irnántor"i.... flat a fickano fiss lictus oribsem. ever find the Raves linit feazed on his prey, whenlocver any fich thalloafually fall.

W'e may oblerve likewife, diverfe Birds who change their note or voiceaccording to the difpolition of the weather. Sometimes by their hathing, billinge, or fuch like firsucs, may be nicurally gatheredinfallible notions of the change and various difpolition of weathers.

It is hajd of the Bird leferus, or as $P$ limy calls fer Galgulas, itany man that is fick of the yellow landilettall fecher, the man thall waxe whole, rcover hisforength and colour, and by degrees ugain, his fomer vigour, but the Bird thalldye. Some have holden this Bird to be one of the ecraineti diviners of Weathers, of all others; Whenceithe Poit:
sirds of the Ayre tbeir prophefies retaine, The Pick'trec boads aforme, the INerus raine. Divel fe of our Navigators likewife obferve,
when they are on Sea, fundry incident alterations by the noife of Sea-fowles: and are cautioned by them to make feed for Land, left a tempeft endanger their paffage. Of which fort, there are Some, wholeave the Sea againft a forme, and flye to Firme Land; remaining there till an Halcyon calme invite them to returne.

Thereare incredible things reported of the Spinturnix: a Bird that wont to come to the Altars, where they were facrificing, and carry away a burning coale as a token of ill lucke, or burning to the houfe where it alighted.

But there Relations are with more frength of Opinion, then probability or reafonconfirmed. Howloever, no doubt bur diverfe Pirds by a fecret inftinct of nature (the reafon whereof to us is occult) can prenuntiate the Seafons and difpofitions of weathers ; which may appcare by Holy Writ ; that Lydian-fone which can belt trie the verity of all Humane affertions.

The Swallow and Crane know their fenfons. So as, even that Propher, who fometimes adinonifhed the people, not to be aff raid for the fignes of Iereri, 10.20 Heaven, hath admitred there conjectural tokens. For the crcatures of Heaven and Farth, as they were firft ordained for our uli; fo by our righe ufe of them, we may improve our own Knowledge; by making every Creature, a judiciall Epitome of Nature: cver cloling with a free and hamble acknowledgement of his uncircumferibed Power, hy whon they were created; and of whofe goodneffe it is that they may in their feverall na-
tures red and eo our benefie, heing well imployd. When a certane roligious Brother, who had hefowed much precions time on Contenplati-

A divile Con-scaplationupon Surcey hidd on the livelt of Cus. Cic:lulcs. on ; and by menes or a retyred life, to the end focular cates might lefe intangle him, had attainal to fich a meafire of perfection that way, as he cyed nothing whercof he made not fome Divincure; profefled one day to One of the fime Convent; "That he could wever fecany Thing, "the light whereof did noe in fome mannere"difichim. Oh, fayd the other, frire alitete, "seonthrother; pray youtcll me, wherein can "the fight of a Toade edifie yout Oh very much, $\because$ guoth he ; for what have I deferved that Bod "fiould make mea Man and nota Toade? So "that, as oftem as I fee a Toade, fo oftendo I re"call this benefir to mind : rendring all duc "thankestohim, wh"according to my defert ":hath not formed me like any fuch deteftable "Cruature, but hathbeftowed on me the moft "heautifull and royall image of my Maker.

Surely, as I have formerly oblerved, is our hares were riyhtly difpofed, by making good ufe of whatueverin this inferiour Orbe wee fee here cratad, andasproper Objects to ourcies prefonced; we mould eafily confeffe, that there is no Creature fo fimall, vile or deficicalle, which mighe not be reduced to fome image or EmWeme of our Life; feeing, there is none, beit never io poore nor contemptible, which prefents not in ir felfe the goodnes of God. "And - Soby conlideration had of thefe Temporal and Extcr-

## A Nurfery forGENTRY.

6: External benefirs (to ufe the words ofa Divinc "Father) to gather the greamefe and immenfi"ty of the heaventy counfell.

Neyther are the Moral applications of Birds and the like, whereon, upon ocalfion, we have fo amply infifted, to be conceived as ufeleff. We fhall find the Store-houre of all Divine learning, that Sacred untroubled Fountaine of heavenly Knowledge, furnifhed with Morall fimilitudes andilluftrations of this kind. As the Partrich, (haych the Prophet) gathereth the young, which, fle bath not brought forth: Sobee that getreeb Riches, and not by Right falllensecthem in the midfl of bis deyes and at bis end prallofe a foole.

Somerimes we fhall find the tender-hearted Pellicasmamed; the Turtle, and her affection deferibed; the obfequious Storke commended; the Sparrow apon the houfe-top exprefficd. Sometimes Fowles addicted to prey, diflayed. From which, we may gatherexcellent matter, not only of magnifying Him by whom they were created, and to their feverall offices defigned: but even in Humane difcourfe, we fhall find many occalions of inlarging durfetes; by application of the nature and difpofition of them. So as, whofocver fhall make an ufefull oblervation of thefe feathred Fowles in the ayre, may find much more dainty Phylofophy in them, than in thefe tame Fooles who pride themfelves in thcir fearlured vanities on earth.

Other Birdsthere bethathave more humane feeling : Pliny reporss, that there bec certaine Birds

Birds which howe exceedingly at the Eclyple of the June ; as if naturally moved by forme miraculous influence or inftinct from heaven, to furfer with a Divine body, fo extreamly suffering: Let us defend to Wormes, Serpents, and Creeping things, we fall fee in them distinct qualities alto.

Natures of Serpents, and of l'agasa Ado. rations.

See the Ditcourse of isis, and affricke, entitled: The cardio of $F$ sfins.
Is Annular.

Sell. de Conromp. Mundi.

## single folstia

 fongulis malis obvesritia presparavit Dou. Aught.The Serpent Pares creepeth on his Taile, and with the fharpnefle of his Belly makes a furrow upon the ground where he crawleth.
Strange things be reported of the Serpent Serapbis, adored by the efeyptians as a Cod: Otheirs there be no leffe different in nature, forme, nourishment, and feature : Some feeding upon raw flesh, intimating their ravenous Natures: Othess on fifth (as divers Serpents) living upon the Bank of the River Nisus: Others on plants, and the fruit of Trees, which plautus expreffeth by the Vine-fretter:

Masuravitis folia Invelvolus carpus.
But othercrecping creatures there be very beneficiall to Humane fociety. The silkervorme, whofelabours make our filken Gallants. To that exceffe are we come, as our bravery mut be maintained by the diligence of the fimpleft creatures, loathing our felves with the very bowels of Wormes : Wonderfull is their Generation.
The udder in her felfe obnoxious and hurtfull, yet the cats her fine (to expreffeher good meaning to man) an excellent cure to many difeafes.

## The poore Worme, of her felfe, ueither great-

 ly harmefull nor profitable, onely (by a Synoncmy betwixt Man and Her). The is the beft Mirrour of humane Glory, an Embleme of our Mortality: and an importunate Gueft that will come to banquet on our bodies, though not invited : She is called Vermis (quafo inermais ) the can but turne againe, that's all the defenfive, or offenfive wcapon fhe hath ready.Thefe filly contemptible creatures he efpeciall The Worme Motives to a good man, of Thankfulneffic : the example we read in that devour Father $\langle n$ - rhankfulnce, Selme; who walking one day in his garden, und feeing a poore Worme crawling under his feete, prefently, applyed this Chriftian-like ufe to himrelfe.
o Lord, thou mighteft bave made mee like Diverficies of this Worme, contesaptible and bafe, to live in Vasurcian Fi. she holes and cavernes of the earth; But fuch was thy meriy, as thou mowldeft not: beffersing on me thine orone Image, that thy fimilitade might be glorified in mee. A comfortable meditation of a zealous Father, and worthy our obfervation.

We will now difcourfe of the fkaly Fifhes in their kind, that the Majefty and power of God (by giving fuch diverfity of Natures to Fithes, may appeare in the Depths, as before it was manifently expreffed upon the earth, and all dry pla. res. Here is a Tyrannicke power even in the O ccan, and anabfolute government withour re-

What rareprom pertics atc it the Ambizer mistare, or the $f i f l$ of the Ruck \& what commodious ufe the people of Gongomake of is, m.y appeate in that Difcourfe encizled , A R1pors of the 'irs dome of Congo.fw. 4

Inlis; vile l'li-
 nsecm pifiem


Conten'innamonjerfinics.
ftraint of power: Here is a Muficall concordancy likewife; a Diapifor of Sea-inhabitants. The Dolphis playing a foft ftrinine, refernbling a Mçane: the Sturgeon (fivimning againft the Streanc) flarpensher Note, more neare a Treble: the Iulis a fmooth Counter-tenor, and the rowling Porpoife the Bafe.

Here is great enmity (likewife) for predomimancy: And that amongit the greateft, the orcke: with the Whale: The Cuttell with the Thornebacke ; the Sea. horfe with the Sea-urchin: Many rare vertues inlittle crentures:with what frangenefle the Remora (a fifhof finall bignefie)holds a Shippe, when in her full Suile? How wonderfully the Torpedodclivers her-felfe, being taken by the unhappy Fifher? difgorging her owne bowels, to Itupefie the Talicr with an unfoth amazement.
The diffirsae
Againe, toubferectlerivenous dipofition of the Pike ; the fociuble condition of the Trout; the various difodouring of the Polypus a the Itrous dicrection of the porpoife: would begecine thefe curions Surveycrs of matere, much admifration. And then to compare the natures of the fe water-inh ibitants with our felves, who follow, for moft part, the beint of our deffics, as if we were efranced frem that beauty which incomparably meit adornes us; and drenched in the leas of our owne corruptions, which makes man mont unlike himfelfe; by idohatrizing that which gives the greatelt blemilh to his Excellence. limblemes aredevices no lefie wefull thendelightfill,
lightefull; to prefent Man beft to himelferand to taxe him too by way of fhadowing, what(perchance) he would be loath to endure in a fiecer manner of expreffion.

For tell me, how fhonld any of our Grand- opprefours, whomake their imferiours theirfponges : fatning themfelves with violence; and ipinning to themelves an eftate out of others bowels: how thould thefe, I lay, read of the ravenous difpofition of the Pike, and not reflect upon themfelves? They find his mature to be fuch, that all is fifh that comes to his net. He admits no difpenfation; if his power may furprize him; he becomes his prey. Affinity, Confanguinity, all refpects of civil Society mult be excluded:his wil is his Law; and he mult fuffer that dare oppofe it.

This might ftrike a glowing bluth in our hunting Ninurods; who, fo they may feaze on their prey, and makeinnocence the objeit of thcir fury; neyther care for Heaven nor Hell. Judgcments cannot fartle then; becaule they are yot infenfible of them. Compalion camot fupple. them, for that is fach a flranger, as of all other Pilgrims they ncver gave her harbour. Nay, humanity beares fo little fway with them; as they foorne to incline to ought that may civilize them.

It is fayd, that Pifurcsionvey dcepeft impreffress; and that many have blufhed in the perufall of fome Emblemes, by eying in them their owne natures. I could wilh that thefe, who have ingaged themelves to oppreffion, and made injury their Darling, to looke upon the Lwisw : who Dd 2
takes
takes his name from his quick-diferning fight; but imployes it to an indirect end. They thall finde themfelves charatired in his Life: and read furh qualitics in him, as Humanity cannot chufe but loath. That cautions Impreffe about his Emblene may ferve too for an ufefull direction:

## "I If acere lauseft, quod deces, mon quod licet.

Then to note that fociable Affability of the Trout, cannot bur beger fingular effects in fweere and well-tempered difoolitions. This may be an Fmbleme to all fuch who affect nothing more than Concord: Litigious Suiters, who cramme Seates of Judicature with fat fees: who will doe no right, nor take wrong; who fed themfelves with Contention; and have everan Oare in that Porat which is imbarked in Waters of Divifion; are all Antipodes ro this Embleme.

Marcus Calius was fand toliave a gond right hand, bue mill lefe hand, lee aufe he could plead againflamanbeter thanf: rhim. But thefeare no finh $\Lambda$ gents: Thefe wille either doc good, or der nothing. As licy aftect peace; fo every particular aition of theirs meries praife. Thefe dofire not to fivell great, by the Confumption of Others: nor difperfe their well-grounded Fame on a difadvantageous Warre: They ever receine their place, and impale it with this Impreffe of Peace: "Paxana Trimpthis innameris potior--

Then gee to your M.chiavell Statift, that changeable-colcurd polypie. Onic, whe can walke in a Clond; and dignuife danserous plots with wertuons pretences. Here you fhall. finde nothing
nothing unliker a mans felfe than himfelfe. He flies with the Lapwing, farre from his Neft, that he might be more lecure : and more eafie it were to finde that incredible Stone in the Lapwings $x$ Neft, than to retrive the fecrecy of his Aymes. Though the Polypefifl be various in Colourss and in nothing more mutable than her owne Feature : This politick Mafker can vye with him in various projeits : being fuch a faithfull Secretary to himfelfe, as he fornes to have any his Intelligencer : or to difooverhimfelfe otherwife to the World, than by pretending what is the leaft of his nieaning. And now he is come to that height of perfection, (if wce may fafely beftow fuch a Title on diffembling) as he is jealous of Others truft: nor dare fearecly belceve hinufelfe, while hee conferres privately with his owne Breaft. In a word, fo unequally paraleld is his ourward diguife, and inward conceit, as his Diflmbling has hegot in him, and deriv'd to us thisimprellive Caution:

-     - "2uodnones, ne videare cave.

Now, for the ftrong-digefting Parpoifs : that naturall Defrription (for it thadows not oncly the outward Conftitution ) implies the qunlity'of fuch perfons 3 as can comive at jujuries received: can fuffer with an equall temper, whatfiever the iniquity of. Time, or inclemency of Fare flall or may inflict. Onhers, while they cxclaimengainft Defin:ly, \& teare the Clouds with wo lute fruatefle than podlefie lappocaions:

Thefe with a refolved filence, and habituate paticuce, can digef all indignities: laugh at the Braves of Forrune: and with a compofed fipirit crowne their Sufferings with this exprefion: "Patior potiorǵg vicijfim.

The Aciperifer, or which Pliny calls, Sacer pifcis, feeds on nothing but Mans Hehh, implying a cavcat to Man: that having fomany Enemieseren on Earth, and not frec from them in the Depth, fhould not fend his time in fecurity, but prevene the enmity of all creatures by a diligent and vigilant care to himfelfe. Long could I prorract this difioure, but two materiall pars of this Relation with-hold me from inlitting longer : The firft whereof firft oftering themfelses, te Plants and Vegetative Bodies.

The wifelt of.ll Kings was much converfint

The Study of Kings in Plants, Hearbs \& Fruits, \&ce. in thefe Studies, knowing cvery Trec, every He.rbe, and every flower: a Cedro Libanon, and ad Hyfopum fupra parsesem: An excellent Commendation in a King ; nor addicting his minde to other things than the purchafe of Knowledge, c von in inferiour things : that a gencrality of knowing, might make him worthy of governing.

Probus the Noman Emperour, who facceeded $F$ lorianus in the Empire, was muchaddicted to Planting, and diltinguifhing the Natures of Flowers, the vernces of plants, with proper ohervances accommedated for the knowledge of all Seafons, apt for Grafting, Stilling, and the |like : Planting the Mountaine Almus fited neare

## diNutrfery for GE.NTR : 199

Syimisus;, and the Mount $\mathcal{L}$ ureses in $M a l i a$ the Higher, with Vines.
The liko we read of Galerius Maximinus, Surnamed Armensarias ; And many others of the romaus, whofe diligence was muchimployed in fucti pleafant affirics.

Kelemblancesin thefe vegetative Bodies, require obfervance; to fee the vine like a fruitfull Mother of many faire Children, fending, outher ripencd clufters, faire bloffoming Sprigs, and infiniteffore of pretty Slippes, imitating their Mothers fruitfulnefie, and bending with her owne Burden, as not able to fuppore her felfe without fome ftay or upholder: The pittifill Elme firetcheth her armes out to beare her up, in pure compalfion moved to helpe her, that in ther felfe ind fruitfull Iffue, was fo helpfull unto others.: Whence, fome have refembled the Vine and the Elme to the Church and Commoxmeale; whofe office it is to fupport the Cburch when diftreffed; as the Elme luicours the $V$ vine when furcharged.

The $v i n e$ fienics fometime to weepe (for tearesindeed thee fheds) as if in Throwes and paine offier Labour: Thefe teares diftilling from the Pine cure the Leprofie:So as the feemes borh Fruitfull and Soveratgut, 'yeelding nolefle comfort in herteares, than verdure intier fprayes.

Many of thefe teare-flhedding Trees there be, as the myrrh-dropping $u$ umber; and the Rofined Fyirh: There by allution may feenc to commiferate our unhappy fates, fubjected to myriads of

To what efpeciall Refemblances thefe Trees be accómodatc.

## Plinisuo

Teare-fhedding Trces.
anxieties, by the tafte of one Tree, whofe dif mall fruit made us wretched.

Some Trees we have for harbour and fhadow onely, refembling our diffembling profeflours; whofe externallappearance makes great fhow of a fruitfull infide, when nothing, fave a meere naked pretence of Piety, remaines in them.

Others for fruit, without any ftore of bloffomes ; and fuch be they as defire rather to be good, than fo accounted.

Some Trces pine away, as iffurprized with an amorous paffion,exemplified in the Boxe:Others thew by their frefhncife, to whom they are confecrate, as the Myrtle.

Some lofe not their colour in Winter, like the patient man, who beleagred with the worft of fortuncs oppofitions, never changeth countenance for the matter; but like that $V$ enetias Motto writ in Triumph : Nec fuctw mee fats movetur.

Arefentlabe of Odeurt, Flowers, and other Beanciesto the inwasd Graces Q Coriaments ofthe minde.

Hee amplihes this Difcourfe of Plants, Hearbs, and Frulces. Others not fubject to any hurt by thunder, as the Bayes: refemble the fincere confeience, not difcomfitted with any affiult, or difmayed with any terrour.

Sweet Odcurs, Flowers, and all other Beauties Arowed upon this artificiall Carpet, garnih the earth, as the intermal vermes inhabiting the mind, doc the Soule: This difourfe more concerning the Herbif, than Hiftorian, makes me more briefe in the handling hereof.

Yet in regard of that precicus refemblance which they reteine(as all our Moralifts have well oblerved) to our inward beauty, I chule the rather

## $A \mathcal{X u r}$ ery for $G E N T R X$.

toinfifa liteleampler of chem, by an apt comparifon or paralell betwixt them and fuch difpofitions as they refemble. For tbe greateft benefit that may any way redound to man, is ferioully to read man : and in the Sutvey of inferiour Creatures, to collect whercin any of thefe may feemeto read a Lecture to Man 3 wherein foever he comes either fhort or over of what is required of him. This that wife Democritus oblerved in the diffeCtion of his Anatomies: and this fhould wee in our very Walkes and Recreations abroad ufually

That Palmetree in Congo is ufefull in both: nay, plenteous in affording al cúmudities,as if it contelted inquality with practice: fo may the application of them to our felves, infinitely improve us.
In our tracing and traverfing the Forreft; wee Thall there finde fome Trces for thade, but barren of fruite : Others leffe ufefull for fhade, but plenteous in fruit.

Our Sanctimonious-fecming Nom-Conformasift reteines an apparant refemblance of the one : our Sincere Profeßoar of the other.

A goodly beauteous Shadow to delude vulgar eyes, fufficeth the former : but fhadowes are reduc'd to lubftantiall fruites by the latter.

There Hifcoricall Relatinns may (likewife) point at painted friendlhippe. Where many, in their Airy profeffrons will not frick to promife golden Mountaines : but their performance (the effentiall fruite or effect of promife) dyes alwayes in the Socket ; the fimffe of that vaporous Complement expires and dyes.

Ee
Friend-

Friend hip (layth the Stagyrian) is one fonle which ruleth two bearts; and one heart which dwelleth introbodies. Hearts then muft not be ru'ed by fhadowes. Congies, Cringes, Curtfies and Formalities may delude, and imparadize an unexperienc'd Novice: Thele, I fay, may tranfporrouryoungling, whonever knew what dificmbling meant : nor could ever yet diftinguifh horwist fruite and Thade, Elfence and Sermblance: hut thofe, whoare experimentally verfd in the World, eafily decline from fuch Suares. For Circumifpection hath taught them fuch a Leffon, as they have leamed tofeafon Amity with Salt: and introduce acquaintance by experience; leaft their toocalic intimacy beget repentance.
platarch reporteth that plato came forth of A fia into Cilicia for no other caufe but only to fee his deare friend Pbocion the Philofopher.

Such a vifit begot an amicable benefit, a Philofophicall improvenent. Thefe enterviewes were net like that of Alemasos to Crafius : his regrect was to receive gold: a fordid ayme! when Vertue is the prize which thould onely be in chace. Guilded lhadowes merit approvement, butby whom? By Fooles of the Time. Butno trueamity can bederived from thefe; nomore then fruits from fladowes. This refemblance then holds to life, both in flower and fruit.

A duniper sree maketh the horeftcoalc, and the condet inadow of any $T$ rec. The coale is fo hot, that if it be rak't up in athes of the fame; it

Fotride Naxf. 15. continucth uncetinguillied by the face of a whole yare.

Here is the Embleme of an incomparable difo pofition; here is both beate torefrefh an afllicted friend, when with adverfity benummed : and /fadow to folare hinn, when with the grandeur of bufincffe furcharged. Here is warmith to allay cold : and coolencfle too, to attemper heate.

Peter Martyr theweth, that cloathing doth kecp the body warme two wayes: by keeping in the natural heat of the body: and by kecping out the accidentall cold of the aire.
Sure $I \mathrm{~m}_{2}$ fach a friend hip as is here defcribed, and by the fweet-fented Enibleme of the Rewiper, fhadowed, may be for all, fealons equally accommodated: an excellent garment, being fitted both for Cover and Omament.

Now the sycampre is of an other nature: though it afford a freading flade, itrereines no fuch native heat: it delights the eyc, but relifheth not the tafte. And this difcovers our large profefing friends in Folio ; who are ample enoughin protefts : but all they beftow upon us in the end, are but fattred Leafes: they are rich in thade, but rarc in fruit.

Whocan paffe by the Winter-flourifhing Cyr prefe, but muft paralell that Tree with an Heroicke refemblance ,

## Cupreffus nobillis Enoblexsa nuilisis.

Fates nor Furies cannot amate him ; no enemy fo powerfull, nor danger formortall; as candetract from his.Spiritij; or weaken hiscourage He hates no Fury more then feare : ner entertaines ought with a more refolved temper, then the ex-
treament oppolitions of fortune; holding it the higheft degree of happineffe to expire with honour.

I could here inlarge this Difcourfe with fundry inflances of this thind : but I muft leape from thisbranch, and defend to a fubject lower in refpect of lite : bur nothing inferiour in delight: being commodioullyapplied, as it is compendionlly compiled.

For Stone; and all kinds of Minerals, it is a knowledge worthy Gentlemen: wherein I may liteivilecomprethend the ancient knowledge of Coines, in what Emperours time, and their feverall infriptions.
sul:un C 1111: /p: ALar girituram, Bas p.anlition pe1.106 ,

Ofpresious stuncs.
properties, being ordained as refemblances of vertues; I will not dilate of cheir values, but only of their power, more pertinent to ny Difcourle, and better according with my knowledge; who exchylus-like, have long time drawne Water out of anothers Cefterne, bur never filled mine owne Bucket.

Many excellent vertues of Stones, doth Pliny in his Naturall Hiftory fet downe unto us : As fome have power to fruftrate the effect of poifon:

The verrues of Stones deicribed.

Others very powerfull againft the operations of Magick Spels, Witch-cratt, and the like. But as a Judicious Commentary writes of him : Multa fcribit, qusimeheriule evera non exiffimanda furt: Yet to ftand in fufpence withus ( for the reverence of fuch a learned Author) becaufe their effeets have not beene as yet tryed of fos.

Many things (I confeffe) feeme by all probability like the © Analga, to have more Moone than Sunne in them: Bue the experiments which wee have in fome, makes us more credulous in others.

The Diamond (whofe Charaiter is not to bee razed) refembles the pure impreffions of vertue we have reccived, and which is traduced to us, by the intellectuall cye of the foule, which in no cafe fhould bee razed or aliolifhed in us, bur to be augmented with a greater increafe of vertues: It refembles alfo the truely. Charitable man, that to doegood to others, impaires his owne fortunes For the bet Motto that ever was made of the Dismond, was this: Dum formo,

The paticar
man like the Stone Galifiaa Hard as she': Diamond, cold like Ice, not 10 be hred.
Or. the Stone Amédprtus, once onfire will neves goc one. all flones. fect colour, till oppofed to the Sunne, and then it lofeth his colour: It alludeth to many of our painted Sepulchers, cur She-puppets: none more cleare, oramiably-coloured then they, till the Sumengliter on them, und their fighty $y$-laid-on varnilh, prefently then difolvech : 2uastuas mutatur ab illa? True Sodoms Apples, no fooner touched, then todult and corruption turned.

Topse, her oppofite (in Native vertue)fhineth molt in the thickeft darkneffe: The very Idiea of Vertue her folfe: The Clouds cannot interpofe themfelves betwixt her, and her Native lufte: The Glo-worme glifters not more by night, then it doth in ubfurity: A pretiois fone fitteft for there times, and an or anent wel-befeeming the greatef Perfonage: for the cloud of Errour flould nor be able roobfure their thoughts, ever bending their courfe to the marke ef honour.

Theprecious tone Diocleces, theugh ithave many rare and excellent foveraigntics in it, yet it loofeh them all, if it be pur inadead Mans mouth. Wherein One makies a proper refembance to Prayer; which is the only Pearle and Jewell of a Chrittian : though it have many rare andexquifite vertues in it, yer it lofeth themevery ole, if it be put into a Mans mouth, or into a Mans hcart either, that is dead in fin, and duth nor knocke with a pure hand.

What foveraisne power the erbites is fayd to retcincin ropelling the poifonand rebaiting the fting of the $v i p e r$ ! What fecret vertue lyes hid in

## A Nurfery for G E N T R $\cdot$.

the $D$ iony fass in ftaying blood; as in others cfeffufing blood!

Our naturall Hiftorians mate mention of a certaine ftone found in the Lappings neft; the incredible occult vertue whercof is tich, that the Party whobeares it about him, fhal by the power thereof make all thingsvifible to him, yer he vifible to none; difoovering all things without difcovery : difclofing others with a perfonal fecrecs.

Nodoubt but Gyges Ring had fome relation to this fone ; to whom Candaules, that doating King, thewed bis wife naked: which indiferecte part reft him of Kingdome, Wife, and Life. For the Qucene being grieved thereat, to have any Atrange Ege fofamiliarly knowne to the fecrecy of her beauty; which even innutive Modefty, cxatted a vaile to priviledge it from fuchan epen difcovery, cauled Gyges, upon the tender of her Princelyaffection, to llay the King; to taketup: n him the Kingdome, and to take her tr his wife. This Gygeshada Ring (as Divine plato reporteth) thar had vertue to make him go invifible.

They that look ed upon Syla's Ring, could not chonfe but take notice bothof Sy $\eta_{i s \prime}$ s Scale and the Treafon of rugurth, becaufe that was graven ontheScale. Excellent Morals are fhadowed in ticfe: and fuch as ufefully applied, may redound trighly te the appliers benefit.

Strange effects are reported of the Calezis(by the Teltimony, of $H$ efych.) a frone of precious verue, having in it Sotslike thto Haile. So veraigne, as may bic colle ${ }^{3}$ ed by whítur Hiftorians
rians have writ of it, to cure any burne or inflammation. So as, this might well reteine that disinc Hieroglyphick of one Cardinall Vertue, Temperance. It heate of aftection tranfport us; any unbounded paflion furpiic us; the fipirit of wine-glory inflame us, that we camot take our maturall icft with a bemiffocles, for his ambicious -mulation after Miltiades : or finde that ravenous appctite ever raging, ranging and reigning inus, which fometimes accompanied that glurtonnus Cambleres: or to fatisfie our unconfined detires with the Delicacies of Earth, as if it were on Earth to fatisfic Man, with licentious Lwallus: or on plot new devices hew to innovate in a diftemperd State with Sertorius : or to enrich cur Coffiers by others ruines, and milch the State wih our Oppreflions, like another Acilius. If dicie, or any of thefe diftempers feaze upon us, that Calazia of Temperance ( for fo is that Stone properly refembled) will moderate them in us: by reducing us to that Refemblance we had loft; and moulding in us that Effigies which we are above all others to love. For as nothing can be happily archieved, or graccfully performed; unlefte it be feafonablyated: fo no Vertue may properls reteinc that Style, unleffe it be by Temperance 'eafonced.

The Pyropes, what beauty and vertue it holds; all our Naturalifts hare amply difourfed. No Subjeot, he ir never of fo coldnor freezing a nature, canalterhistemper. This Srone ever retcines his hante; foas, it may be properly com-
pared to the temper of fuch a compored minde; whio ftands refolved againft all the affronts or infults of Fortune. No palfey fearecan amate him; no diftemper alter hin!. With the heate of his owne Nature hee knowes how to thaw all thore icy congelations, which proceed from a weake or pufillanimous fipirit. Such an Oncs blood flies not from his heart to his face; but from his face tohis heart. For theugh his outward vifible part expreffe a paltid feare; his heart fornes to give harbour to fuch a Traytor.

He findes nothing fo wcake as that defpicable minde; who Prothens-like, changeth his heart with the habit of the Time; and defires to comply with Greatneffe, and to fawne on filken Vice; vowing it, as one ftrucke amaz'd with the folendor of it, tobe all vertuous. Much otherwife affected is his fpirit, wholike the unquenchable Pyropus, fmiles at nothing more than the indignities of Fortune : and efteemes nothing leffe, than vicious Greatneffe. And ifit chance at any cime (as fuch Occurrents are cvery where obvious) that a bafe-creeping fpirit, who relyed more on the helter of Greatneffe, than Honoar of Goodne $\int_{6}$, perith inhis hopes, and dye in the ftraw: This tickleshis honeft Lungs with laughing Densocritus; clofing his Obfervation with this Poëticall $\wedge$ yre:

This'tissobwild upon a Great mans word, And foole hims?lfe with following of a Lord. The Parius lapis or Touch-ttone, Some, and that not improperly, have compared to affliction: It
is this that triech Man whether he be true-Towsb or no. This confirmes that golden Scntence of a devout Man: "We are unknowne to our Celves, "till affliftion lye us open to our felves.

We nall obferve many, whofe outward tinGure promifeth nothing-leffe then the pureft colour of Heraldry, prove Copper in the touch. All is not gold that glifters.
Outward apparances are fhady fallacics. The habit difplayes not the Heart; nor the outward Semblance the inward difp fition of the Mind.

Cicero fayd of Galbas leaden and lumpifibody : His withad an ill lodging' ; which may be truly applied to all thefe diflembling pretenders: fiuch promifing Leafes are ill beftowed on fuch barren Trecs. Shadowes, though they hold a oncomitance with Subftance ; yet are tieynnever really the fame. That man only deferves ronoble a ftyle, who imbraceth faith and fealty, intertaineth love and loyalty, improveth his courage and conftancy amidft all encounters : yea, when the extramelt beleaguers and affaults of Fortunc have done their worft, remaines ever

How Malicmer th huif delu. ded his ciedinlous pofterity, with an opinion of muizcu. luas Santity, in that very A innumene which hee had culced on bee reded in his Memory. true-souch.

In the difourfe of the Ceremonies of Mecha, we flall fiad a rare device tinere recommend d to nurvicw, in the perpendicular placing f that Sepulchre of Mabomet: Mecrely contrived by that couning Proje tor to delude the Mabometans, by making thembelceverthat to be a miran culous Obicit, which to more aprooved and refined judrements appeared only a native experinicnt.
riment. Thofe that write of that Subjec, def-1 cribe it thus: There is an $\Delta$ dimans placed in the Roofe above, and a Magnet fixed in the pavement by an equall or direct line below; now, the Sepulcbre of reaboner made of folid iron, hangs in a Diamerrall manner betwixt thefe two : without ftay or fupportance of either. This begot in thofe bewitched people a wonderfull a mazement, honouring that Monument with their yearcly Procelfionall vifits; offring rich prefents to that Maborsetan fhrine : never undertanding thofe occult vertues of the two Stones fixed abure and helow; who, by their naturall oppofition and enmity (as one maligning the others attractive quality) would not fuffer that heavy ponderous body cither to afcend or defend; buttoreteine an equall fite or locarion betwixt them both. This it was that confirmed thefe. raboriztans in the ftrength of a deluded opinion, that their 2 albomet was a great and powerful Prophet, thewing fuch high proofes and demonftrances of his extraordinary abilities living; and leaving fuch a Miracle for all pofterity to admire in his departing.

But toleave theireffetts, and returne to their Emblemes: The Adaciant is compared ro One that is truely-affectionate s ever bearing this peculiar Impreffe: "Si mie amas, milhi 1 damas.

Rare Experiments have our ancient Profeffants miade of the $A$ /pilates; Stone, according to the Teftimony of Demoerritus, of a fiery colour, | got in $A r a b i a, ~ a n d, ~ f o u n d ~ i n ~ a ~ c e r t a i n e ~ k i n d ~ o f ~$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{Ff}_{2}$ | Birds |

## 212 A Survey of HISTORY, or :

Birds Neft. He reportcth, that this Stone bethig tyed with a Camels haire to any one troubled with the Spleane, it will cure him.

Diodorus relatecth of a kind of Salt, called SAmmonick, and found in Africk under Sand, when the Moone groweth toward the full; it is like Stonc-allumic, and is medicinable in diffolving and purging of Fleagrac.

Plizy likewie reports ftrange things of the Ammoris Corme; bcing a precious Stone of the colour of Cold, reprefcuting the niape of a Rammes Horne; of a powerfull quality in caudig true Dreames. But many of thefe, I muft freely confeffe, like the Amalga, have farre more Moone than Sune in them; being many times related, rather to beget admiration, than gaine credit : Albeit, wecarenot altogether to diftruft them, walefle our owne Experience had found the contrary to evince them. Howfoever, fure Lam, their Refomblances give an excellent grace and beanty to any difcourfe, whether Morall or Divinc.

There is a Crowne, ( Gaith St. Peter) that is defiled, which wever fudeth away. The Grieke wrords, 'Amiwito, 'Auicqito, which St. Peter ufeth, arc Latine whes dsalio: and they are not onely $A p$ pellatives, bcing 'Epithetes of this Crome, buit alfo Piopers; thic onc the pioper name of a Stone, Ifitorus Temio. $\lg \operatorname{li.1.16.64.49}$ the other of Flower. For Ifidore writeth; there is aprecious Sonne called C mmiantus; which, theugh it bancver fonith foyled, yet it tannever at all be blemintied : and being calt into the Fire;

Fire, it is takenquet itill miorobrightond clagnét
 called Amarranitus, whichbeing of a long time andr. Pedahung up in the Hourey yer it is ftill, fref and greene. To both which, the Stonc and,theiFlot wer, the Apoftery as Lani perfivaded, alluderhin that place.

To recoune the vertucs of alll ; were a fuperfluous Taskerg forsfo:mould Innake Gollection meerly of what hath beenel Written beforqio: $A$ onlyfer downe with my flle, thextmathe feed cialleft, and to make refemblarkes of them with the Native proportions of fuch things as are noof ufuall objocts toouroutward fenes I with bricfly rotich the admirable devices, of Minerals, and foproceed to my intcrided Difourfe, 4. 1 ,

Mines the lower layd, the better: in then wes

 Mötheps, willingly unrips hor awne breaft, to enricth her Children; the divers veinds, add oordons whichwe ford there, like hidden or com cealdedfreames, having filted up their Tronfurct channels (hecaure folong time uncmptied) minio fter ftore of all Mettals unto their Digger.

Gafar in his Commentaries, feemes greatlys to have delighted herein, having fo quickly found out with what forts of Metrals; thefe Brittainecoafts moft abounded: Some we have of there Mineralifts that by the fuperficies of che Earth, can judge, what kinde of Mectall beforgregh with that Sayle is andio mithout? piercing


the ground (ean prettily well) prefage the event of their labour: Their Studies deferve cherifhing, being grounded on honeft foundations, and fuch as have much benefited their Countrey by their indultry.

The Noithpast famous for Copperwoske, by therr labour 'and induftry yeclding no fmall benetie en their Coun"iey.
Which wask, chough of laic yeeres difoniltrinued, are now with muchmprovement and hoaour to the under-takers, revired.

The North-part in their Copper-workes moft laborious, merit their thare of Commendations, both profiting themfelves, and yeelding an ample gaine to the Kings Revenewes out of their Labours. The moft preciou's Mines have beene ever found out in Regions leaft inhabited, and where the Inhabitants could make little or no ufe of folarge a bounty of Nature, as to this day among the Indians; men that would exchange their preciouleft things for trifles: like A. fops Cock, preferring a Barley-corne,before 2 Pearle.

Yet in thefe labours (in themfelves prayle, worthy) I altogether difillow, duch (of which our reading minifters too many examples) that have digged the Sepulchres of the dead, to find fome hiddenT reafure buried with them. Aftarpe Law was cnacted (for this end) amongft the ex. gyptians, (which Nation ufed to interre their chicfe lewels with the dead party) that whofoeverflould violate the facred rites of the dead,by digging up their Treafures inchefted with them; fhould be buried quicke.
A pretty Caution for a M1Cer.

A pretty ftory to this purpofe is recorded of Sensyramis, that valiant Qucene of Alfyria; who beforc her death, commaunded that a faire Monument fhould be ercoted overher, upon which
ffould be engraven this Inifription: Whofosver fhall digge up this Fione; vethias lut leoke under it! 10b:lanmas and be flall finde an infinite nompe of brefsere. Cyd riad heying códquéred that people, clanced tó come where that curious motument was erected; and feéing this Incription upon it's prefenty commanded the Stone to be taken up which being done accordingly, he found no Treafure, but this cation of better value then all Treafures : Noine but Fooles and Mifers would digge wh the bones of the dead. A reward well fitting the minterable defire of an infatiate Mind.

I might annexe to this Difcourfe, the excelllent fludy of Antiquities, and fpeake in part of them; But our coaft is freighted with fuch claborateAntiquaries, as the digreflion might feeme leffe neceffary. Through all the body of this Dif courfe (includinig Phyficall Relations) I thave but fladowed the chicfeft, without entention to intreate of every particular, iffing Valeriss Maxiares words: Qiifsominat avi gefa modico voluminimmaniero comprebenderit? I will defend to Mixt Hiffories, which was the laft branch of my divilion.

MIxt Hiflories are compofed, or comporinded of all thofe three, of which we have fufficiently entreated beffre. Variety of fubjects beft agree with the frame' of thefe Writings; They expreffe to the quicke, not only what was donc Difcurfively, but what fhould have beene done

Mixt Hiftorics.
compored of 211 kinds . ble caules, ariling from nature, they conclude their Difcourfe, making it Univerfallon Sqme have filed theremifcellanga, becaufe a commix: ture of allaffaires; they playing the Morall Philofopher afwell as Hiftorian ; comprehend all which the other could any way feeme to entreate of; being the abridgement of all Relations, and in themfelves fufficient to produce incredible effects: they requircelpeciall Reading, ripe Judgement, and an apt Dilpofition withall to make their members, fo diverlly hanging, unite in one maine body.

And to defend now to a conmendation of The Comerin- Mixt Hifforios; with inftances of fundry Hiftoridation ofisix, ans buth Ancient and Moderne, who have bin Hiflories; with Inllances of fundry Hillorians bothAn. clent and Aloderne, whof have beene ufotully vers'd theresil. ufefully verid therein. There be none in my opinion, whobetter deferve the Palme in Subjects of this nature, then thofe ever-living Labours of Thuano's, Surius, with that excellently compofed Hiftory of Paulus loviss. And for a contimied Allegory, never Relation de Cerved more approbation, both for Style and State, then Barclei's Argenes. An Hiftory, which puts on the face of things really done; yet mocrely thadowing Perfons of State, under borrowed nanes: Expreffing his owne aymes infuch on implicit, but pleafing mamer, that this Ifle (fince fiuch A flajes muitt of neceflity be attempted) might have eftecmed herfelfe highly happy, in affording him a deferving Tranflator; or according to his own thonghts, a faichful Interpretor. oblerved dee not onely make relation of what is actually done ; but infert fuch perfonall applicatious, mas may benefirt the underttanding Reader: by making ulc of exploits done, and applying the ufe of what was formerly done, "r fucceeding timesa, Others harmes malic us beware of incurring thelike. Whare Ryding of men, and taking a punctuall Survey Pr Examen of their athions, swe becomemany rimes; wifer; than if we hadbene wholly vers'din reading of Bookes. It was a witty faying of an outwardly-contem; plative man, Relegemtur libri s: velegaitar wiri. "Lay afide Bookes, and take your delves to rea"ding of Men. Solong as the Werld is a Thentre, sen mult needes he an Actori, The Bobke-holder ftands in tho Tyring houfe \& but -ha Action mula be prefented on the Stage. This, hofe excellent; Hiforians, fingularly expreffed, and to life portrayed 5 , when they made not onely mention of what, was dinne, , bue the natures of thofe perfons intereffed in what was done

Hecre they defrribe fiery-furious Spiritspandere ready to attempt thanadvife: Action in thefecwer: gops before refolutionos :Coner miverfes: $0-$ thers of a, Ilower but, Sefer temper, Genfider of the end and iffae, before they will atternpt. No glowing firit of ambition: \% notranfpartancy of vaine-stlory can ileffen: their difcretion. Their
 deliberatiaqare their Compelllourp of Sevecithis might be infanced ing forc-Gowing Fabiots, and Cg a for-

## forward Cethegus 3 a precipitate Cleon, and a prepared Bracidas.

A Gngular obs"
Now, in Difeourfes of this kind, there is a finCervation $8:-$ commenjad to Śentemen in their reat ding of Hifto. ry.
Plutsribs $f^{2}$ ralcling of Princes, high. ly colimen. ded. gular obfervation which I muff neceffarily recommend to all our Gentlemen who affect tie reading of Hiftory ; and rhis I have culled from that Father of all Hiftorians, Plutersh himfelfo.. Who, as he defcribes the lives of fuch Princes or eminent Perionages as he takes occafion to treat of fohe likewife paralels or compares their attions and difpofitions one with another. Here he fhewes what exploits fuch a ferfondid; how he bore himfelfe in the paffage of ehcm ; how he came off with honour; how he moderated his affictions in the atchievement of a victory; how he behaved himfelfe to thofe heconquered ; how he fpared moot, wherehe might mof have fpoyled. Here hee inftancetli fome more able to get a victory, than kilfull to ufe it : others wife enough in making ufe of it, having once obtained it. Some made happyby luffering mifery : others miferable in never partaking infelicity. Some conftant friends, but inconftant focs: others conftant foes, but uncertaine friends. Someapter to perfwade, than perfonallyto performe: Othershad all their Rhecorick placidin action : Their Oratory was a Martiall Summons: yet what they wanted in difcourfe to bring on their Souldiers ; they fupplyed in boldneffe of adventures : expofing cheir perfons to all dingers. Some ftout enough of firit, while their bodies were weake; but

## A (urfery for $G E N T R r_{\text {. }}$

weake in fpirit when theirbodics grew ftrong. To confirne this, hee reports that Antigomest had in his army a valiant Souldier, but of a fickly body: Antigonus oblerving his valour ;and grieving that fo frout a refolution thould bee feconded by fo weake a conftitution, procured his Phyfitians to take him in hand $;$ and he was healed. Now being found, he beganne to fight in fome feare; to keepe himfelfe a good difrance from danger, no more venturing into the vanne or forlorne place of the battell. Amtsgosus noting, and wondering at this alteration, afked him the caufe of this new cowardife. He anfwers, "O Amigonus, thou art the caufe. Be"fore I ventured nothing but a difeafed Corpes, " and then I choofe rather to dye quickly, then "s to live fickly:l invited death to doe me a kind"nelle. Now it is otherwife with me; for thave "fomewhat tolofe.

Such delightfull panfiges as thefe, fhall we every where finde interveined in there mixt Difcourfes.
I approve of Salufts opinion : Ex'ÿs Negoriys qua ingenib exercentur, inprimis magno ufweft memoria rerume gefarum. Yet of all thofe Records, none in themfelves more eminent, bacaufenone more elaborate than mixt Hifories : they coneract in one leafc (asit were), what a whole Thefe require Volume could fearcely comprehend. There asenerall. muft be a generall knowled ae in thefe difcourfes, kiwledge, ad making a well-compofed body of many featte- than all the red limbes, gathered from the Relickes, or allies "ff,

Gg 2
of their deceafed Authors. For ras ágaddtim? ner wil niot fee any bleriniff in his portraiture; but (erehchang it out) will defire to make every part and proportion in a kinde of corrépondenby, to move a more detpe impreflion in the beholder: So thould there be anequall correfondency in thefe kinde of Hiftories; letting no difcourfe paffe (ifof confequence) without a inixume ofboth Morall, and Phylicall reafons; left unelietle blemifti ('one onniffion of either) thoukthe a difparage to the whole. 'Here 1 in-tomedos-like, he fhould fer out vernucs Table, making his life a Globe of Precepts: There, like nucreellent Noturallift, He ftrpuld dilate upon the ciatures of things, or probatile redons (as as I raid before) derived from Nature. The ma-fter-piece (like the warpe in the webbe) is Difcourfe: for thefe Buterelfes, without a maine foundation, weuld foone decay.

Wirs compared to Soilcs: fime naturally froitfull, withour forcing: others, withourcontinual! labour and tillage, will bring forth nothing but rares(er the Hinshind-mansteares.) Some fir for Eatcy, nthers for What, Oates, or the like: and

A jadicious dillinguilhing of wits. tome moft apt for Mificllane: So in wits, fomenaturally ripe and forward; others require a more detiberate difmathene moreprefent, the 0 . ther more folld. Premant and ripe wits ate not fogeod; they are like a Rafor kecne \&o fharpe, hit his edye is focne rebated. Ont crmpared them, \& norunfirly: : ofof wood, ready to receive any impreflion from the Limuer; bat for warping, is tmable
able to keepe;and therefore not fir formy wor thy orcurious portraiture." Such witsarerfefe, which be rather apr for invention, than judicious fcanning of any Authors:they can invent, bettef than extract $\xi$ and confequently unfit for there nixied Difcourfes whereof we now entreate.

Exquifite Labour is the producer of thefe HiStories; which (for the moft part) is intollerable to your harpeft wits, heing rather for the ptefent, thanany ferious detiberation.

Sialuft in his Ingurthine Prarre, includes: a pretty commixture of iffories, as if hee hadintended to make 4 Prefident for Relations of this: kifrid, whercfe bring in micipfa ropinh his dathbed, fpaking tóhis fonnes: Equidem cigo reg: num vobistrado fremum: Si boxierstis, in mali, insbecillum. Wherein hee fo lively characters the ftate of Princes, and the morall infruction of a Father dying, to his Children, with the feverall $\mathrm{Na}_{2}$ ures and Difpofitions of them; that it feemes he purpored ro inftance this kind of writing in fo excellent a Subject. Herche fhews Diffimulathoisina Prince, even athisend : there an unt Whithyybley of an adtrpted Sonne, feeking to reigne by indirect meanes. Here atcipfa exinotts them; with, Colitesalem bawo virum, imitamini virtutem: :Yer he intimates withath, his feare of afpiring', feeting his Narane ro nowndlefle. There he defreribes the iealous doubts, and perplexed windings of $\mathcal{L}$ dberball; there the drooping fpirit of Hyempfall, and the troyall difpofition of rugurth: to as by peadng their divers naiures,

## 222

one might conje?ture for whom the government of Numidia was referved.

MixiHiftneies mol' fillisfull.

The fit Hiftories are moft fruitfull, they draw both Atention, and they comprehend in them great plenty of Inftruction. Attention by their Varicty, Infruction by their Morality; including a perfwafive kind of writing in the one, and a delightfull proceeding, or continuance in the. oner.

Some Hiftorians in this kind, and not unfitly, hay open the caufes ofdecayes in Cities, Empires, and Governments : as Rowses fall proceeding frim her imperiail Pride, Babyloms from her Kiot, the Medes from their Sccurity, the Tyrians from their funptuoufnefle in Apparrell; the Chriftians (in Eatterne parts) more to their flame, and sur griefe, from their civill difien(ion among themfelves.

Ocalion might be here taken of laying open thine cfpeciall grounds, from whence our Hiftorims have probably drawne their Reafons of enfechling the greateft and flourifhingf States; taking breath as they conceived, from thefe thrie particulars : Innovation in Government, Nanners, Habit.

Govirn. MANT.

Forthe lirft ; no Inftance more to life, than whenthe Roman Monarchybecame rint and divided to the Triumviri; The Empire begun to feele frange Scepters.

The former fate of Government, which had made it felfe fo fearefull to ber Neighbour-kingdomes, as ihcy feared nothing more than to offend
offend their Xiffreffe; (for fo might Rowe at that time be properly nyled) became more fleighted. Thofe finewes of Warre, which before thewed Atrength in her publick Treafury, becameexlaurted; Thofe Lawes, which cither the neceflity of the prefent time had enacted, or the fulneffe of their State required, through the difference of Commanders, negleited.

The faying is, Plants tranfplanted feldome thrive; No more, Empires, when their frate of Government is altered; their ancient lawes annulled ; the rule by which they were formerly directed, wholly relinquifhed. Ncw Lords will alwayes have new Lawes : and to their Examples are their Followers ever moulded. .There is nothing that befeemes our naturall complexion better than her owne colour; whatfeever it borrows of Art, rather blemifheth than befroweth any beauty onher.

I muft confeffe indeed, that in the dreffe or fafhion of our Attire, many deviecs there are (prefuppofing ever that they be not apilh nor garilh) which give a good grace to the Wearer, and doe betrer become him, in refpect of the time wherein theyare ufed, than if tha Old Wardrohes of our Anceftors were ranfacked, and thofe ancient Weares brought againe in requeft. But Antiquity ever holds beft correfpondency in Mannagements of State : the more the manner of 'their Governmens is altered ; the more their Manners are for molt part corruptcd.

This it was, that fo muchattictod solos ; after fuch time as hee had laboured to fette the State; revive her ufefill Lawes; and lay downe all grounds thar might any way improve their Government. After all this, 1 lay, to fee the people given to innovations rejccting with much feightnefle and contempt, what hee had both by travaile and comellendeayoured to eftablifh and enat. This grieved him more thau his owne Bunilhucur, or whatfocver that unthankfull Agecould ponibly inflict.

Sccondly, for channers; Thofe are belt-beComing, which are molt Nativc. Alwayes providud, that thofeplaces or Commeries be Civill, where thof Manners are ufed, or Lawes obferred. The Scythians were not to conforme ther.felves to the Mancribuor Dicipline of the aesyptians; nor the cetothe Scyihians. . The Laconians, whote itrict Difiepline both for Meate, 1 Drinke, and Apparell, made them imitahle Prewidnts to their Neighours, condrame condure thar we proud : Eabyloniax hipuld commerac with them; nor the dif-paflionate Tbeban to converfe with him; nor the covetous Tyrian to uthe or eratfick with himi buorthe ripous $S y$ dowiantetake repaft with him ; hor the forceifons Egyptian (who was no leffe blacke in fupertitiond chanhe was of complexion) to confors wihh him.

Their andient. Manners they retcined; which nop chiserod, theyever feared, that their State (as they had (xemphaty feene in others) might be entecthid.

Thirdly

Thirdly and lanly, touching Habit, (a fmal! thing may fome fuppofe to diffolue the maise $11 A B I T$. Fabricke of a mighty State 2 we mall fide what care and edality fome States haue ved in re. teining the ancient $H / a b$ bt, recomonended to them by their Ancenors.

Darins having al:cred the follion of his blade, which vied to be Perfan, into the forme of the Nacedoxian; in the yeare before he fought with Alcuander, the Chaldees or Soombilyers pro. phecied, that into what fimhon as Darius had aleaed his Sword, it would become Ruler of Perfiar. Andeheillice or conclufion feconded this prediction.

Semyramis commanded all to weare Tyars vpon their heads, and to putvponthom Womunsapparell, to cover theirefieminate parts. But this new (ffeminacy of Habit brought a ficedy fubverfion to that State: For vpon the death of their Qucene, whote imperiall mind affected nothing more then command, this their Wemanilh Habit brought them into contempt.

Thus hime the flourinhingen Commonweaks fallen to defolation and difolution, their highelt Spires ruinite, their Temples, with bleir Places of prophione adoration, deficels rothing remaining robnift of, five thit they once were happy, once vieturinns. Yea, Iwsirblhimfelfe feemes to expref fle caufe of romes nime; fle w. ing how fubjatiliy were (cuenthe purple Fathers, the reverent Denchers) to take bribes, and Hh recciuc
lanovation ln ; uvcinm:nt, ルมปルc: 112 il, ace.sliuns of cufocblang a Siase.
Cillifor precedent directors tu the creals.
recciue oynmanes, wch would clofe their mouths for fuabing in the Common-weales behalfe. For ai en lie was conplained of vnto the Senar, for the madero $H_{j}$ cmpall : and the Senat having hin exvern nent over Namida in chicfe; which R anme (as orhers) was tablatary to them, com. manded lejurthto appeare betore them ypon lucisaday; fully relolved to puainh his infolencics. He fo wrought by rewards, as their cenfure was not onely mittigated, but (as the Hiftorian rccords) Tama commutatio incelfit, vt e.s maximá mvid á in gratiam ob favorem nobilitatis Iugurtha veniret. A ftrange Metamorphofis, whenftates were fo foome chinged, which porended a fudFer change of their govermente, falling from fo grat glory, andeminence, to etcrnall obfcurity.

Miny Hinories of thefe natures there be, whichdepend yon aptallufions, equally mixt wish Difcurfiuc, Morall, and Phyficall: Dilcurfine todelight and tricke on the appetiee, by a fwect variciy; fering the change of great dates in a Lew Leaucs; being a pecela mecrely documen. tall, to better our Liuss, teach wis what fiould be dune, as weil in private as publike. Phy ficall, in the ch mace rofficerall natures, aptly accommodued to the Subject whercot we entreatc. With whet didigh do :ve reade th: divers inclinations of Pancis a Here a Catilme, doing littie, nd f peakismach: Theie a lugurlb, doing much, and tp king litelc. Lare a Pbollp drunk, and in his dimakinafl: reging agnant his tors: there an $A$. lexander,
lexander, drunke too; but in his paffion raging agrinft his beft friends. Here a Ciefar, then whom, none ever did more good to his followers: there ${ }_{2}$ Nero, then whom, none more defertlefie to his tollowers. Here a working cralty wir, Atirring up rrifling rewards, to containe him in fulp:nce; in. Atanced in Tiberize: there an aftible mind, fitour in threch-bare words, one that could never fieter; fpecified in Titus.

Thefe feverall natures we may fee, and marke what fucceffe they had: Some, the more thinking, the more not knowing what to thinke: yet to obserue the worke of Heaven, feldome ar never hane chele fufpirious heads caufe to reft ; but the more they fulpect, the more motiucs they hauc to fufpect: for this craft is alwayes hatefull, and procureth encmics : Subrill councels being odious vnte the world, and fo dif-fivoured of God, that they are alwayes waited on, ond atten. ded with moft vnprofperous ends. We flall Ice in prophane fories a maine diverfitie, even ia the fimpleft and fhalloweft vaderftandings; the fub tilleft feonfes the meanes of their owne decay; as in Scianses, who in the opinion of his owne worth grewintime, Fero. /feleris: Such afpiring fpirits be (for the molt part) vfedlike Sponges, wer with ehcir fooyles indextortions, with which being a long time foaked, they are at laft crulhed and condemned, that the ir Jong-gatheree wealth might returne to the Princes Coffers. Trajan vied to call the Treafury or Exchequer (by way of comparifon) the spleate, becaufe it

An obfervation worthy onf: nore. Subull! Councels cree produce rnproiperous ends: And in their Councellours inpular hiaee. Verrue ever ab. conded with al proljeserols chd.

Dolicy her whe suine, xcmphinced:
increalion, brings to all the other parsa pining.
Whai Variocs Occurrents, niy fearetull and
 ding 'eares of ambitious Spirits; No Hiftorie mitanberte ritne ferm fate and fecure haue annolved; Freetronferes within, and Foos with out ; Keteredfom the Concourfe of LitiSivus Plamuffs; Clamone of Cours; Heate of Contin 小: Nis, whathere clfe might breed $t^{\prime}$ :air di quint? Yutice the milcry of Ambition ! Onthey rolt, beit to their ruine. Examples they find ftore to caution them; piccepts both dewine and morill to antorme then. Yer neither can th: furmer wonke any impreffion on them; aor the latts by mure calie perfwaitons waine them.

Cormines reports, how Cbarles the third, under viom he fol negerme lerved, communicating hindelte fo frecly both in maters of ad. vice ardadion for the advancing of his fervice; whevercalting in his mind ateer bufincfic of grea eft dificulty; , Yeatuch, perhaps, faith he, 1, as exceded the abilities of man.

This was a Atrange difpofrion; And yet we Thall meet with many of this nature, both in the courle of our Rcading and Living. Wc thall obferu:fone, who, though they have a baire-ber pathtijxalke in, yet will they leane chetracke, and mate the W, Il sa fome other high Mount their Wllice. So fues it with thefe, who tares rather filh in To oubled Wiers, then when they are Cillan: No Night fodarke; no perill fo fa-
tally imminent: But with cheerctulneffe they will atempe, what their inconfiderate bolducfic pompts them to. Nor is this their furwardnelle forc'd out of want; For many of thefe abound in all fulneffe; rich in fortuncs; Strong in followers: Yet miferable in both thefe. For as their fortunes feed their followers: So doe their followers feed onthem. There Fanes are they, wha make Fooles of their Munters; And by throwing our ftrange lores, mifcrably feaze on then. The daring $D^{\prime}$ Ainbois, andthat braue Byroun were Spirits of this temper. Great enough in Princesfavour; loaden fulliciently wilh honour ; oncly vnhappy in this, in that they knew not their owne happincffe: Miferable, in that they had never tated milery.

It is well oblerved by one, inhis Difcourfe of this Subject; that of all frenzies, there is none chac madds man more then Ambition. It makes him thinke he walks altogether invifible; l.xion was never more decciu'd with a Cloud, thea he is with his difguife.

There is one thing more in it; this madding fancy, or raving fernzy is of that nature, as no friend can be lecure, fo his fall myy purchafe theiraime. clitum Confancy cannor fecure him, when Ambitious' heate mixt with Wine, egges on his Mufter to an indeliberaterevenge.

Yer. fee the juift donme of thele! Who, as they build their piotes vpon vnfure Grounds; Or, which is of all others hatefull't, beeaufe ro themfelucs iudieir paffige hence the heavieft, on $\mathrm{Hh}_{3}$
blood;

A Survey of HIS TORY, or
blood; Whichis never fhed in vaine : Suare chey to recuilue, what their deluded greatneffe made them belicue they could never luffer.
Circanseife can
Then, and nevertillthen, arethey brought (be ans Dubicr-
to acknowledge, date a greateoffe canbe no Subetfuge to guileincfle. Then mutt that veile, which had fo long florowded them from the lighe of men, be removed; their princely perfons witheheir unprincely actions difcovered and paralel'd. So poore a Support is painted Clay to build vpon.
N.erberince Ambitious Spirits ondylecre to betaxed; who, though they fall, they fly Paice: But fuch, who abure thatelace to which their Prinios favour harth taifed them; by bale meromary wayes. Thefe arcthey who play the shan les vader the hatches. Not a petition muft beprefented, bue it muft be guilded. Asfor their owne Suites, they little care how they worle yponthe Spirit of the State; how they difcourage the peoples juft indeavours; how they increafe the Widdowes teares, negravate the Orphans wrongs, and multiply their abufes comainaine their Surfers. Or if parcimonious, how they enimehtheir owne Coffers with others Cinfs. Forthe $\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{I}$ would hauc them made spanges of ; that as they fuckt nad milkt the Lowedt, fo they might be foakt nad inulde't by the lighen.

The limple ( or mocently-imagining, Statif) comes cuer so anexpeetedend in his hopes; as they arenoerereat, to not fubject of fogreat an Eclypre:

## A Nurfery for GENTRY:

Eclypfe: yea, the hopes of thefe men ateaine fometimes ends aboue expectince: Such was Helviws Pertiwa.x his fucce Re, who (neveraiming at the Tille of Emperour) was crowned when he was from thoughts of Titulury honour moft fequeftred: Repugnan/que fujcipiens, ving a kindel of withfinding cre he would entertsine fo great a weight. And inall Hittorics, if we oblerue the diversoccurrents which befoll moni in great and cmincot places, we fhall fecever the honefent parpofes leconded with the happien events, and th: difproportion of the end ever forting with the difcordance of the mind: fur the intention is difcunfed by Him that haycthethe foundation of all Empies in dultathis pleafure. breathing ever vpon the fincere purpofs of the good, and confounding the decpe defignes (vp. on what pretence foever grounded ). of the cvill.

In Mixt Hiforics (as the Scope whereat they aime ) is mixed part with profit, and part with delight, to make the Difcourfe more compleat: So flould the frioufneffe of the Subjent atract a kinde of Majefty to it; for impoffible it is, either

What Subjeat beft concoids wh mix: Hifturics. with trimatfic of words, propticey of aptlyannexed, and duly-npplied fentences, or any other elegancy whatocecr, to make a Sub). if: O (ofit filte light and trivolous) beate the portray of Seate: Fur words (if wellapplyced) illuftrate anci adde a beauty, but not any way better the weight of che maticr.

Ther be three things which be cipecially re.

Thectin: wis ily " wr.dull. ne: ofela 1.nem.
quired in Hiftorics of this nature, to make theon Pafect: fif Truth, in fincercly relating, without Iowing any thing (is Tactus obferveth) banfom c. rando, toy fed in by our owne invention, to Imooththe palizge of our ftory.
Secondly, an Explanation in difcovering, not oncly the favels of things, but alfo the candes and reafons crawing to the ennclufions.

Thirdly, Ludgenaent in diftinguifhingthings by approvig the beit, and ditallowng the conil.7!\%
ilamics liven d lie a: inc

Forthe firf, Stories hould be truc, or at leald relimble truth, becaute by fo much, they are morepleifing, by how much they refcmble eruitithencesr; and fo much more gracefull, by lew much eare probable and lafe doubrful! We hase many Hinories (even of this kind) misel, that comprchend in them nothing leffe thenenth: yee betheir fmooth carriage, and theirpoper circuinftances with fuch apeneffe drainct and difpofed, they hauc becne taken for truth, and regifted amongit Workes of more ferious confequence.

Such were thofe Apologe Fabula(whercof we hate in part fooker betore) which contrined in them many pithy and gatue fentecces, and worlay obicivation in the excellente't Morall thefe
 tirnis of simners, and Images of thitw. Their neac whembance of thath, made the Reader morentanime, Fmbictinghisearero Difomhis probable, more then to things furpafing the
sounds and limits of beliete; as producing vnneard of miracles ( mecre conceptions of the braine) phanaticke Chymeras: A Gyant immured inaRocke, yet able to pierce it througi, winne a whole Monarchy with his ciwne fingle hands, leade a mulritude of Kings captiues, and returne home withour a wound. Here Atrange Inchaunted Caflics, Ladies and Knights detained in moft bafe feruiade by an Airy Monerer : there admirable vien nics purchafed vpon incredible oddes: and the rather to be belie ved, becaufe it plealeth the paititer fo to de. liniate their vertucs.
Thefe rclations, as they procecd for mon pant from a conccipt, whofe wits are long lince gone a Wool-gathering; io to any ferious jurgencent they become fo meerely ridiculous, as they arehiffed at by the peruler, howfoever they feeme to recciue entertainement by the valgar. For I haue fomarly obferved, to defcribe tim winning of a Fort, before the appoach of: Foe; Orthe razing of a Citty, withour difeevery of any apparane Encmy, petplexth the vaderfanding: and leancs the Concoipt in. rangled. An ordely procecding inargum $n$ :of this name, deerve befappovimen: low the ignornce or want of observance of Orde diftraets the Conceiprs, mad makes whe foeve :c read, ectious to the Keader.

Inchis, vatruvius merits high paice. His writing are faine and form.ll, H : hate lich sicdere; then he proceds to Occationall Tra
tics: next, helyes downe the realons either of accepting or rejecting what is propounded. Not animprobability will he admit of, leaft it fhould impaire the credi: of his HiAtory.

In thofe Warres betwixt old A Piages and his Grand-child Cyrus; wherein much Civill blood wis fled, before the Empire of the Medes was reduced to a Perfian State ; Such principall Allyes as cume on in detence of afiages, after their defeate, becume ingiged to the like hazard. Afiages did not oncly fufter, but thofe alfo who came to his fuccour. H: then, that fhould in any weake hiftoricall rilution, avere, that the fole ground of Cyrus his incurfion into Lydia, was the defire he had to teaz: vpon Crafiss treafure, rather then any proceciting dipleafure, foould fayle much in the truft of a Relater.

For our anticne iliftorians defcribing the firt occainoall grounds of all thofe ficall differences; report, how that Lydian King, vpona long !agye of amity contiaued betwixsthom, or fome other propoficions of reward for fo necelfiated a curtio: addreffed himfelfe with a frong Army for his defence. Yct, by the marciall and experienced power of the Perfisns, who were capert Slingers, and of frong tem. pirs, able to cndure any labour; Cyres became vitorious, his Enemics, Subjects of hisTriumph. Whicir exploit hee had no booner athieved, then he turned his Sword vpor. fuch as had beone Ameans to the advertepurt. Wherein, as Chaf:rshad flowne himfelfe molt forward,
fo he was one of the firt that he affiulted. Then, and never till then, and for no other was this aeted then; came the trealures of that rich Prince to befurprized; his princely Pallaec to be ranfacked; his fumptuous Wardioabedif. roabed: and he himfelle expofed to the extrea. inct Cenfure of a commanding Conquerour. Though Cyrus Clemency, vpon that ferious confideration of humane inconftuncy, pardond him his life, and made him his Homager in his owne Kingdome.

The like might be infanced in thofe Civill Wirres betwixt Ca/ar and Pompey. Though the vicorrious Cafar hadgot the day, and made himfelfe happy in the acquifition of a doubefull viCory; his ambition became not fo confin'd; nor his hate fo attemper'd; as to ftay there, Such, whohad viedtheir beft endeavours in defence of his Enemy, muft fecle the heavie hand of his Soveraignty. Though fome, who were nearclyallyed to his difcomfited Foe, or held integrious Members of the Romane State, were reccived witha gracefull Countenance: Yea, and advancid to vnexpeacd honours, vpon their fubmiffion to his innovated Government.

Great was the delight which that E'niverfall Sonarch of the World conccived in the brach. mans: highly likewife was he taken with the an. fivers of thole Indian Oracles; the Arangeneffe whercof mighe be got an Improbability, were not the Surveyer his owne Relator: but difcoulfing of cuery Circumftance that might any way
enliven the Survey of thofe parts: He expref. fech in a modest Majefticke Stile what he had feneor heard:not deriving thefe from others report, but from his owne perfonall knowledge.

This may appeare in thofe dilcoveries which he of frecly communicates in a Letter to Arifotle his Mifter: where, among? other memorable Sights, he tells him how he had leene thofe two Trees confecrated to the Sunze and Moone, with their Oracular difornule to him.

The fist Repart of the ftrangenefle of thefe, no doubt, mad: ham retire a little from Matiall affaires; and to take breath a while, that he might more fully Oblerue thcir Occult natures and efietts. For ar fuch time, as this Spreading commander canc into thole parts, the Inhabitanes there $r$ lated to him the incredible power of thofe Trees in this manner. "Thou malt fee D( faid chey) what King fecver thou bee, two "Trees of the Samme and Moose, Speaking both "the Indan and Greeke tongues; The one ,2 whereo being a Mifculine Oake, is confecra", ted to the Sunne : The other Feminine, is dedi"Cated to the Moone : and by thefe fhale thou nnow whar good or evill focver fhall betall thee. This faid, the Priff, to whom, any one that inended to enter that Sacred Caue, as they efteem'd ir, were to repaire, told him; That if he were irced from the $P$ fe or knowledge of Women, he might enter that holy place. And fayes calexander, , Iobyct the man in all thiggs, as was fit, tillg to contornemy felfeto religious Ob .

## A Nurfery for $G E N T R$.

1, fervation. Which done, the Priefle expocted ,, when the Sume would fer. In which atten,, dince, I carried along with mee my three faithfull fricnds, Perdiccas, Clites, and Philotas. Now in this Hiftoricall Progrefion, you thall heare what Alexander, by way of confultation "demands of the Oracle, ,I thoughe in my mind ", (faith he ) to inquire whether having conque„, red the whole World, I might in triumply re„turne into my Countrey, tomy Mothero lympia and my loving Sifters? Then fuddenly in the Indian Tongue, and in a fmall voyce the Trce anfwered: "Invincible in Warre fhatechou be, ,Alexander; according to thy demand, the Sole ,,Lord of the whole world, but returge aliue "thou Thale nor into thine owne Cuuntrcy. Su ", haue the Deftinies Decreed touching thy life.

After this, Ale.xander defcends to fpeake of the Tree facred to the Moose. Which ( laith he) at the very firt rifing of the casoone being fummoned by anhorne, having received her full light, anfwered in the Greeke rongue after this „fort. Alexander ( faid it) as yet thou haft not "approcked the full end of thine age, but the next "y yare in the Monerh of extay thou hale dye in "Babylon. By bim thalt thou be dccciv. d, whom ,thou lcaft fufpected.

After all this ( though little befeeming fo virile a spirit ) he fpeakes of thofe reares he flhed, af. ter thefe Oracular Trees had divined thefe things.
"Then I wept (faith he ) and my friends who I i 3 ftood
"Aond about me ; wept with me, without guile "or fubtilty, being ready to dye for my ratety. But little moved thefe gentle teares, thole Gentile Gods: "for the Prief: faithhe) advifedus to "dipurthence, becaure (quoth lae) you offend "thefe Holy Trees with your weeping and how, ling

Thefe relations hauc we inferted, that it may appeare how thofe things which of themfelves mily otherwite fecme improbable, being onely reported from the mouth of others; receiue fufficicut anthority by fo princely a Tcftimony; being confirmed by his owne Eycs and Eares, and committed to menioty for authentick and vndoub. tederuth.

Whereas, others there be of a different mature; who make the whole body of their difcourfe an indifpoled heape of rubbith, or immateriall mat. ter : with a pupofeto vend fuch vnauthoriz'd Itufic to delude a weake conceipt; who ufially reades what is done, but never deliburately collects how this may be probably or poffibly done. We tead of a people called Acephaloi, and thefe haue no heads :and of this caufe are all there innprobabie Relacers. Who, as ih:y are Acephalifs, and without a founder : So are chey Apories, and withonta Supporer,
Theleac not much velite to indiferect Actors, whonole valeafonably thenimproperty, make chonce bothat that time and o that place to prefent the irmerriments, when and where ragick palluges thould be par fonatcu. Or like our too fe-
cure Architedifs, who contriving how to make their houle molt for ftrength, to barre all hope of ener?nce to their Foes, build on ftill, but forget to make a doote to giue admitrance to their friends. But of the fe crronious ftories there be fome ob. ferve no method planting an Arcadie in Brittany. as if by fome foper-narurall accident there were a tranflıntatio of Regions, or Iome Earth-quake in the Authors braine, whence this im mane Coloffe of an irregular Difcour!c proceeded. Which Atrange reprefentatiós be not vnlike to your Lanskip; where vpon the fea, whatfocver we fee by land, feemes in our faile to go with us: Even fo do thefe vain Hiftorians make ftrange obje ets vno us of places impoffible, tranfiting whole Countrics to make an impolified ftraine of partoral mufick ( one good Bell-weather would make as perfect harenony) found well in a Clownes care.
To be fhort,my opinion pofitiuely is this :That Hiftorian w ${ }^{\text {ch }}$ call joyne profit with a modeft de-; light together in one body or frame of ore vnitsd difcourle, grounding his \{tory vpon an effential! truch, deferves the firlt \& principall place: and he who(vpon a feined difcourfe)can proportivi it to a likenefle of truth, merits if next. As for him that (like one of Duke Humplareyes Knights) obferves neither meane nor meafure, but gorge their owne infatiate appectites with full meffes of vneruths (without probability) hould be dealt withall, as that wandring 2 atian Squire was vled, for his monftrous lying: Toft in a Blanker, till his crring fpirit by fuffumigutions, or fome fuch like means, waic canvared out of taim.

Grent blemifhes the fe beto foreputed a Profellion, aiming neither at profite nor moft de. light, but imitating yourMerienary Actors,fpurt out fome oblcane jeaft to makea prophane Roguc applaud him: and fure if the etrict- doome and cenfure of banifhment, were to be infiated vp.many kinde of learning, iather thould it be pronounced agningt fuch is thefe then any. The $P_{\text {a }}$ jans linue abhoned them, and much more o. dious Thould they bec in a Chriftian Commonweath, where vertue thould be the fcope of all ourations.

They are like fome Comodies wee read now a daycs; The firt Act whereof is in A/in, the next in sffrich, the third in Etropa, the tourth in America: and if Poolometes, or Cerarcus Paulus had found out a fiflh pare of the world, no queftion but it had becre erprefented on their vinuerfall Stage: Such as t:icle oughtewhaue fome diftinct languase, $V^{\prime}$ opiaw, or tome othergrunting tongue cugrofed to themflues: For they fould profite more, by being leffe vaderfood. Much they fowake of valour, and many imaginary Heroes are pichingtheir Pavilliens; But I will rake my Lauc oithem withmy French Proverbe: Beas. cosp th: brait, é pea de frutit: Much bruite, but litdeftuite: Berels mone fierce (by report) then Alcazors: That was ber Kings, their's Giants: mdone ofthe Gimes asaldeto vanquifh all thote Kines, as for Mela tocury his Bull on his handicis.

> Fath: ficond: Thac mouldbe an explinat-

## A Nurfery for GENTR Y.

on in difenvery of the caufes, with a direct and graduall procecding to the fequels: As thus, in defcription of a folemne luft, or Tournament; it is neceffary for the Hiftorinn to how the caufe why fuch Solemnities were inftituted. I doe know many things there be in Difcourles, which may be as well implyed as inferted, But in Feftivals, folcmine Games, events of Daello's, or publicke Trials: The caufes forcing fhould and ought to be as well decyphered, as che ends fucceeding. How mould we haue knowne of the vniting of the Sabises with the Romanes, or the occafion of their Marrying together, but by thofe difembled Feafts ordalred by Rorrulus, to bring his purpore to effect The circuminances of which feaft (are with a certaine conicordancy) amongt moft of the Romane Writers agreed on ftanding (though with too nice precifeneffe, I confefle) vpon the place, occafion, and houre of the day, with lichaliucly Tranfeription, as if the Sabine Rape had beene committed in their time.

The like we reade of the deftruction and viter fubverfion of the Gabians, in the timcof Targuin Superbus: The gencrall vnion of Hiforians, about the time, place, and occafion, foconcordant! jumping, as ifall thofe procecdin:s (as well in the Stratagems by Tarquins youngef Sonne, as the very Coneens of that Letter writ by the Father to his S man: for the management of this exploit) had bence fet downe by one penne.

The like harmay of Hitorians in their Rela-

Iexplanation
indifiovery of cinlis.

The hasmuny tions, though writ in feverall ages; may be ga. fflitonninis a their Rcla :uns; theusith vashaleresall 1\%ss. theredfrom the Annals both of antientand our more moderne Authors.

Thofe long continucd Warres betwixt the $A$ thenians and Lacedemonians, with what agrece ment and concordancy even in every Circum. Par:ce, are they delivered ? No Land-exploit but exprefled to life as it was acted; and fo fully prefented, as Succeeding times received them for infallible Records.

That tenne yeares Siege of Troy; where fo many defigues were attempted; fo many bloody Siratagems devifed; where farength and policy cqually contended: while nothing was unafliyed, whereby fo deepe a bteminh or Qaine of difhonour done to a warlike Nation might be revenged : what iaynt union or harmony holds it amongt mont Authors, who bave enlarged themfelves upon that Subject?
This mighe be infanced in Dares Pbrygiws himfolfe; onc perfonilly imployed in that Service, ant writ atecrwards what'ocver had hapaed du: ring that heavie fatall Siege.
Nor was ithid fufficient to there, oncly to defcribe the fearefull Everts of thofe calamitous Warres: 1 athe Grounds and Origenes of them. How thicis hit hate begun; how increafed; and by whe (eftices made impiacable. Hecre is pa. pu po:crayed; how he bicame enamoured; how in his wantontuite enterained; how after Helens confent to a licontious alfuit, her conveyance is pratifed; the voyare accommodated; and the
very Ship, wherein thefe two lunfull Lovers were imbarked, defcribed. Whare you fhall find Phereclas, that curious Carpenter of Troy, prepsring that fatall Ship, wherein Helen was ftolne a. way by Paris.

Then, you fhill heare whatentertaincment old Priam giucs to the fe two youthfull Saylers afeer. their arrivall. What Feafts are folemnized; what Sumptuous Triumphs prepared; andito what a wofull Cataftrophe all thefe goodly Solemnitics are converted. Then, what Embaffics are fent (before cver Warre was proclaimed) to re-demand Helen. Their peremptory anfwer to fo juft a demand.

Then, thofe fearefull predictions of Troges deatruction. Yet behold the incvitable Fate of a declining State!

Neither could the jufterfe of their requert; northole Ominous fore-runners of theirirreparable fall, divert them from an vnexpected ruine. Vnexpected indeed, for glorying in their owne ftrength, and inclining to the importunacy of a Lalcivious youth; they denied to reftore a light commodity, to faue their Sate from in enfuing mifery.

Yet in thefe, thall you find the Citty divided in opinipn. Some held it fitting to reftore, what they in Iuttice did require. Others, and thofe of the inconfiderateft ranke, fide with Paris: perfwadiog him to enjoy his folne Frwite : to keepeher in defpight of Greece : K k 2 and
and to triumph in fuck a booty, as furpaffed na. cure in attractive beauty.
Then, their recourse to the Oracle ; the answers they received: Yet mut Helen be fill detained; that lust may be revenged: and a perifhing beauty with the lofic of a perifhing City, unwillingby reftored.

All thetic are with fo harmonious a content feconsed, as if they had writ in one time; or one had dictated to another, what forever in that Theaere of furrow had ben Acted.

The like in that Combe, or bloody Banket, rather, of Thomyrus her cleft fane, and the Perfian Cymru, with fuck native defcriptions of every circumantance; the River Crasis, the place of their paffage, the melons which moved thomyristo fifer their pillage, and the very plot where their Tents were pitcher, their danny viands left for the Scythian furfer, ia what fort prepared, and how infatiably defied by the Scythian Army, coming tatact:o teat thento fight: And then their deflate, being there vanquished, where they were mont confident of victory.

In thefe explanations, the Reader flould not be delayed, or frustrated too much in his hopes, by vance clary ambages: We could not trifle out the time in valine and impertinent repetitions, it closes and faints the appetite too much : not valise to your great feats, reserving the chop. fill diataics for the end, when the appetites of the Gueftsare frisfied before they come. It is agood frugally course, and includes an Oecono. mick e
micke pollicy, their bift dilhes may be.preferved for another time. He that difcovers events and fequels without their preceedent caufes, is as one that would draw a River dry, without knowing whence the Spring is derived: applying the conclufions of things, as it pleafed the Eibnickesin ancient time, to referre them to the arbiterment of Furtune; making ever this wo. manifh arguncent: Thecvent wras $f 0$, becaule it wors So; and it was ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{O}$, becaunfe Fate mould bauc it $f 0$ : antfwering Titus opinion, l'ote Batesfato dari. But thefe which thes apply the courle of all conclufionsto Fortune, be as blind as Fortunc: Nay, fare more; for theught Fortune be blind, yet the is not invifible: But thefenca are not oncly blind in the cyc of common ínce, but invifible in the compofure of their owne Arguments; theirConclufions being as blind as them'tucs.

In making likewile our judgement of Hinorics, and confiderately applyingit to our prefent inecrefts, we muft fecially regardthedifpofitions of the Agents, and diligently remarke how they are affected in mind; this is the leaft deceiving ground of forming opinion. By the nature of the Agent, conjccturall events or reaCons of events may bedrawne: As if an ambitious man be imployedin Embaffage twixt Prince and Prince, he is to be fufpected that his Trcaty will beleffe happy, in that his illimited paffions off-times, ratlier aggravate thenallay caufes of civill difeord. Men of moderate chifpofitions, purchafe peace withleffe adoe, \& more fuccentiK k 3

Fortunc is blind, how mu:h note blind is hechat will be c'ane by lone ahat cannus les.

The ovene gahered by fore. ;ong caules.
raticfle ex ercilain quatil yonperstorem L'di 1 lor. 2 hi .
full; Fur Princes (ballancing their owne wrongs, to their apprehen fion inlupportable ) eannot endurebraving, but will ratherery the extreamert of lortune, then be vaworthy of themfelves, by hearing and bearing aftionts with patience.

The lile we haue oblerved in the fucceffe of Warre; a wife and experienc't Leader, to haue accomplithed great mateces with a handfull of men; and that Aphorifine to be very true : Better is an Urmy of Harts, witha Lyontotícir Leader, thenan Army of Lyoks, bazing an Hars totbeir Leader: And contratiwife, the vahappic events of mont flumifing Eapires, the milerable flaughters ot mon puifine Armies, by the vand. vifed govermment of their Agents, or tyranny of their Renents, whole improvidence made much people vifortunate: To fee Hammiball once a Conquerour, becaufe his hopes were not fea. ted on in direct meancs; and afterwards by his

The indsersi. lan of Cum. inanders. the frier Subverfoall of shest d . bines. owne truculent difpofition, to b:come a prey to the conquered, makes this Alfertion good.

Nodoubt, buttie indifarction of Commanders, becomes the veter fubverfion of their defignes. Where, we flull finde fome more apt for command, then to be commanded; Oehers fieter to be commanded, then command. There may be alledged divers reafons for this. Such, whole vibounded Spinits are cvartaken with high exploits, many times more boldly then wifely, will not ttick toexpofe their perions to all perils; fothey miy hac the honour of the day; and beget a

## A Nurjery for GBNTRX.

revernce in their Souldiers. Such as thefe, as I conceive, are fitter to recciue command from another, then to be Commanders of others. For a dicreet Commander (as I hauc formerly obferved) is not to ingage his perfon in too defperate attempts.

That commanding Regent of the World, was fomerimes highly cenfured for this : when in fealing of a Citty, hee would be fo venteroufly bold as to mount frift the Walls; but rather to haue the paflage prepared, before he af. cended.

Bifides all this, divers Commanders there hauc beene, who eying their owne power, and tranfported with their fucceffe; from Commanders of an Army, haue ftruck at a chonarchy. Syla's perperuall Dicatorfhip implyed nolefle ambition : nor Sertorius his keeping himfelfe aloofe from the State, leffe afpiring. High Spirits, puffed vp with the glory of their victories, areformoft part fo inclined. Thofe tyes, whercin they ftand ingaged to their Prince and Ceuntrey, are fisghted; the bafenefic of ingratitude they have no mind to thinke on. Ever are they expontalating with themfclues, what it is to be feazed of an abfolute Soveragnty, to be fubj. cat to none; to command all; to hue theirW:ll their Law. To infranchife fricikis; confine Foes; To beftow a new face on the State. Thefe are the flourines, which to delude them, as ncither the obedience they owe the State, nor the fafery of their owne parfons may prevaile
withthem: Suchas thefe, are vnliappy agents for themlelues: for howloever thicy feeme to gather hoad, and with fatious Male-contents to fucll their vaprofperous Atrength; they ever come home reward according to their defres. Fuice pretences, as vindicating cither publique or privite wrongs, freeing the oppreffed State fromexactions, cafing the injuried, and punibing the infolent, receiue at firftancafie impreftion; but no fooner nall their Complyes oble ree the indircetne ffe of theirends, then they fall fiom them, Icait by cleaving too long to them, theirgreatnoffe faile them.
Thede flases pete nded that haire brain'd ca. tiline; whothe betere to bring them on, whom hefoughe to joyne to him, by divising them from the State, ard anking them with his owne; tills shemon with Gire promifes of New Tables, proficiptions of the rich, m.agthracies, pricf hoods, rappes, andrich bootics, with allother things, that
 rember. Bate ofits, it they viere his to giue; b.it how forme dil tha: Sunte which io faircly femider thine, te ina Clyn! to his theme?
There is nownemoroo ince ne toa Com.
 miline with his Souldicr. Theiewes, daing lithes hisabode in Iudes, in peristing that debigne which his buther had began, hetd that Princes midatie to beth thenderfe; his chemeney, a cmiff: farity. Whereshereut of hisprince. ly hamanery, piationamphatanery. But
this conccipt they retayned of Titus, (as may bee probably gath cred) by rcafon of the fambaritie hee uled to his Souldicrs. Truth is, Af. fabilitie begers in Commanders a Reverence, but flamiliaritic Contempt : for an affable compaffion leaves many times a deeper impreffion in a Souldiers heart, then any other booty or bencfit.

Alexander, when hee had his Head-pirce of water miniftred unto him, would not drinke himfelfe, but offered it to his Souldiers; which could not chufe but worke a Atrange etfect in them; when thirft (held the extreamelt Suffering in Narure) could not fo annoy him, but that the affection hec barc to his Souldiers wrought fuch compaffionate Effects in him, as he niglected himfelfe to refrefh them.

Cowardife likewife in a Commander clips his wings, that hee can never mount to a Conquerour. There is ever (faith fententious $S$ alwh ) moft danger accompanying his fight, whofe heare is moft furpriz'd with feare. Whereas, Courage is a Countermure againft all Affailants. Neither Place nor Friexd can afford a Sbrowd, where Armes cannot prefent a shield.

Lafly (to runne over all thefe curforily) that pernicious baine to all humane brood, filthy Avarice, many times noleffe prejudiceth the Regiment hee commands, then it ruines himfelfe, and brings a Chametull Defeate to L1 his

The rare im. prefion of a compantionate difpolition.
semper in praliomaximam efs perioulums, qui maxime timer. Audacia pro muso
babetur. Noque lecus, neque amitcus quif. quam tegis, quesm Arma non texerinfo: Salurt in Con. jur. Cat.

## 250

A Survey of HISTORYor,
his Defignes: This felt CManiws Aciliws from the hand of Mithridates; when by receiving Bribes, hee lay a difionour on his Countrey, diath to hinfelfe, and to his dying Name a living Infamy.

Many Examples wec have of the like, where the nature of the Agent ill offected, croffed not onely the fuccelfe of hopefull defignes, but buried their Names in oblivion; of fuch I fpeake, as have beencinterefted in the like adventures.

As fometimes where the Agents have beene neglectull of Religion; depending more upon their owne proper refolutions, then the power of Heaven directing all humane affliires to their appointed ends: As wee may reade in that meriorable difater of the Romames at Canna, where the Confull Varro, with a populous Army of experienc'd Souldiers, wats utterly dilcomfted; and that (as the Romame Hiftorimen have oberved) becaule of lunoes wrath conecived againft $V$ arre, for crecting (in derifion of Iapiters Tumple) a Mimick-boy to keepe waech, as the folemne order was.

The like of Potitius, decraAing from the ho. nour of Hercules: The like revenge inflicted on virilius by effcalapins: By lano Lacinian, on Q. Fulv : By Prolerpine, on Plenimiws: By lw. piter, on thar facriligious Tyrant Dionyfiws: On Alexsnder, by Ceres: But wifely prevenced with the prelenting of a golden Goblet to Apolio, by the Pirate-Prince Thymafithius.

## A Nurfery for $G E N T R Y$.

Somerimes by the libidinous difpofition of the Governour, other fometimes by his Avarice : now and then by his Impatience, and mon of all by his recklefneffe, have the fequels of things proved leffe fortunate; becaufe the precedent motives, or inftruments direating to the end, had no better llkely hoods in them.

Wee wonder not at all, to fee troubled wa. ter come from an unclecre Spring: Nor at tares growing in the fluggards ficld; but wec admire fucceflive ends, drawne from improbable cau. fcs. Many times there bee (I confcffe) intrin. fecall motives, which like, as that Beauty is the beft which cannot bee exprefied by the Painter, fo arrogates it the chicfeft place (that inwardly moving caufe, I meane) becaufe, the efficient caufe of caufes, more fure, more infallible then the evidentert demonfration : And I have(formy part)ever fuperftitioully feared to bring fuch caules in Queftion:fince fuch Arguments have miniftred no lmall occafion to the prophaner wits, both of Ancient and Moderne times, to boulfer their infufficient opinions: As toargue thus: Hecre we fee a flourinhing Common-weale, fupporting her felfe by no other meanes then Iuftice; reiching to as higha perfection in every degree, of as cxact Government, as the blindneffe of the time would permit: Yct this State (fo flouri. ning) layd waft by a people expofed to all Impicties: Hecre the end can hardly bee col. lected by the fore-geing Caufe. Equity was in

Such shings 38 bee abouc us, benot io bee argued of as.

## 252 <br> A Survey of HISTORY, or

the conquered, Tyrannic in the Conquerour: Herc is a maine difcrepancy in the beginning, \& conclufion; and the a cive caufes ordinarily moving feeme (Cardine Ferfo) to oppofe themfelves. It is true; Buttettme (wholoever thou art) that Lucian.like comporef this Argument: Is hee that fets, and confounds, what Empircs as beft pleafeth him, tyed to meanes, or fecondary caules? There is no Realme which for fome abufe or other, hath not deferved to loofe her glory; and hercin doth the Majeftick power of Heaven flew aboundant merey, to tome Kingdomes in chaftifing them before they come to the heighth of fiane, that there eclypfe of glory, might bee an increafe anto them of vertue; their ebbe of Honour, an occalion of acknowledgenent of their Crea. tor.

Kingdomes brought 10 ace knowledgemene by the ealke of mile. rics.

For even in the beft Common-weales, wee reade, that the experiment of fome externall mifery or difafter, hath reduced them to more ripe confideration of themiclves, and an exact learch in themfelves, difcuffing the caules of the Gods indignation againtt thera. Prefent extremitics arc of that force to Humane bodics, that the prefent appretrenfion of their woe, remes in fome fort to extenuate their pride, inhanceth Religion, excircth men to undertake a labour for the benefit of their Countrey (with the loffe of themfelves) to appeafe the wrath of the Gods. This was the caufe why the Roo

## A Nurfery for GENTR Y.

mans ufed to have the gate of the Temple sanus open in Warre, but Chut in Peace: For Neceffity (as well in thefe times as in Pagan times) ufeth to be the motiue of devotion.

To inlarge which point, we may fafely avouch, becaufe it agrees with the doctrine of the tinfe; that Sancluaries are never well frequented, but when danger approcheth. Calme Seas beget in the eMariner quiet fleepes, fiffic knees, deepe healths. The Husbandman flyss to devotion in a drought; that he may recciue Showers: Againe, after too much raine hee prayes for drought. But where's his Oblation, after he his reccived the benefit of his petition? Heefeedes on the Acorne, but never lookes to that Tree from whence it falls.

In a great Plague or Mortality, what divine Lcaures, devous Prayers, religious Faftsare every where commanded, and with what feemely obedience objerved. But when the raine is paft, the plague ceas't, God appeas't; we clofe the Bleffing witha prayer or two of Thank fiving, and then returne to our former courle of Living.

Sanctuaries are not to be fo frequented; we are not onely to offer up our prayers in the time of danger, thate we may be delivered; but continue our Thankfgivings after our delivery, that we may be hercafter peceerved.

Feare will fupple the moft infenfible Atheiff, and enforce him to prayer. If Effucheare but

Sinituaries never well frequented, bue when dangers approached.

## 294

## A Surrocy of HIS T OR Y, or

Fiac will lup. ple ale molt mirnlible aBbajf. lad cal-
 rajer.
of judgement ; he will eremble; if callgula heare but the noife of Thunder; he will niud: der: Or crecpe under his bed (poore imperiall duft ) to finde a helter.
Wherein are we better, if onely feare of Gods judgements force us to prayer?

When Delinquents are had in purfuit, they nlye (if opportunity be offered them) to the Temple; not to pray, but leaft they fhould become aprey to their purfuers: So it fares with moft of us, when thefe Pur (ivants of The Great Kixgs (Imeanc his Iudgements) follow us at the hecles; how gladly would we hane the Temple open to receiucus; to avoide thofe judgonents that purfue us? Bue that Delinquent is never truly penitent, who takes Sanctuarie onely for feare of puniflment.

The Antients had their Afyla; their pla. ees of refuge to flye to in thejr diftreffe. Sanctuarics (as they ftyled them) thefe had; while one flyes to Navos, another to Lemmos, this to Paphos, that to Lefbos. And high impiety was ir held to hale any with violene hand from thole Sacred places. Though thele Sametua. rics by the policy of after-times, were held ficting to be fupprefled, that the abule of thofe immunities mighe be removed. Now to requite their Gods for their fuppofed delivery; there was no $T$ criple to which they retired, but they off.sed lome Prefent or other to that God, where.

## A Nurfery for G E NTRX.

whereco that Temple was dedicated. Nay, the very high-way-man, who made Pillage his vocation, Rapine his calling, would not be behind with his Offering, Laverna mult haue his Sagrifice; hoping, if his actions fhould come to the tefh, that thofe thankfull Prefents would not be forgoten, but render him fuccour in the time of danger.

Thefe may feeme to out-Arip us, though in tivine knowledge Sphear'd below us. Thefe prayed and offered before they neededs Wee nevertill then when danger is vifibly imminent. Bee it our conhant refolve, whenthe doores of our materiall Temples are flout, to haue the doores of ourSpirituallTemples open. Bee it our highelt prize to offer up unto him the Sacrifice of a contrite heart, and diftreaming Eyes; To whom both before and after our delivery, is to beafcribed all praife.

Explanation of Caulcs, is an elucidary or exemplifying, as it were, of the matter whereon we entreate: Happy ( faith the Poet) is bee, that bath knowne, or doth know, the pris. cipallicaufes of things, as well preccedent as Jub Cequent: Events may be knowne (I canfeffe) withour their caufes, but fo defegine is that knowledge, as the Countrey Shep heards prediction is of weather : His oblervances are Caufeleffe, becaufe Artleffe; judging of the Cloud(by vfuall approbation) \& m king experiment his ground, without recourice had

Caufer direstories of events.

## 256 A Strroy of HISTORY, or

to Nuturall caules : To fiew the deftruction of Trog by Alcydes, without explaining the perfidious dealing of Laomedon: or of Troyes fecond fubverfion, without the rape of Hel. len : or of Romes tranflated Ariftocracy, without relation made of thofe civill Warres, planting Cafar in his Monarchy; or of that ample and porent Empirc of Media tranflated to the Per/jans, without the preceedent caufes arifing from the glory, and cternall renowne, of Cyrus; would makea confuled Hiftory, as

A dipofition, yet not limired, an order yet no: mand. ed, jnucanes yer mot enforced: gaienima (sivoluir) ownisfine me. discrearepo. puitica ctisma fine Melijs (si voluis) /er. varcpotuis.

Many King. domes inuih ienuwned, by thatmesines, whith makis chem imath de. barid: selje. coancis. if the former Chass were reduced to her firt indigetion: Caulcs are the Springs of E vents.

If we hhould reade the divers effects of glo. ry, the fundry moving caufes of perpetuall honour, amongft the Romanes, we would ad. mire them : Some having raifed themfelves to an exceeding eminent pitch of greatneffe, and that by as vniccuitomed meanes, Selfe-affiance, or Confidence of their owne valour, inIt.nnced in One Scipio: publaquely proclaiming : That, Notbing wis more generousit ben this Confdence, more infallible then Predition, svore poner. full then celerity in difpatch, or more eminsent then the diguity of the Perfon: The like of Scipio efrailianus, Scipio Nafica, Farius Phylus, Luc. Crasjus, cin. Scaurus. And many orhers, whole greareft fame was purchafed by that mean:, which ufeth ro be the greate et crour in humane focicty; Solfe-conceit of a mans owne defer-

## A Nurfery for GENTRY.

defervings: Which, likewife, hath beene ruine to many populous and moft puiffant Empires. Then to divert our eye to an oppofite of Conceit, and that is Modefty, or a filent fhidowing of their owne demerits : Excellent and memorable Examples whereof may bec produ. ced out of Valerias Maximus in his $4^{\text {th }}$ Booke, entreating of Modefty: Where hee obferves (by way of explanation) the meriting parts of many, whofe refolutions fhadowed, made the luftre of their Countrcy more emineat. Thefe were fuch, who cared litele for divulging their owne fame, fo they might by their Actions gaine their countrey renowne.

Likewife to defcribe, the frange, and unexpected rifing of Come, Qui poficris faere Nobi. lisatis initiam, virtatis exsmplum: Borne of nothing; yet by fome private endorments, either of infinuating, as the ignoble wits : or of Statc-obferving, as thoie elated Narures, grieved (as it were) with the obfeurity of their Birth, in feeing others leffe (it may bee) meritorious, afcend the Throne of higheft ho. nours; poffeffe the eminenteft places; in contempt and defpite of Fortune, arid humblenelle of Birth, croivde in the preffe of the Honoured, if but for enobling thair Countrey by their peculiar deferts. This was objected againat Cicero, which he as fufficiently anfwered : Satius eft me meis rebus geflis florere, gràm majorum opinioni niti. Dependence of Anceftors conterre fmall or no glory to us, if our Mm

Hanour the beft, when it is deriued from our felues.
iucceeding worth fiew not a correfpondency to our. Predeceffours glory. Twllus Hoßilias, Tarquinius Prifcus, Twlias Servius, Potperna, and Terentius Varre, and that mirror of Countrics loue, CH. Porticus Cato : Their Births ignoble, yerthey made their Cradles noble by their many decerving parts; Characters of properiNobility, not derived from their fathers greaneffe, but from their owae eminence. Norhuce there wanted others who degenerated from their Anceftors well-deferved Liucs:Scipio Affrican, his Countrcyes hon. our, leaucsa Scipro the Monument of his owne difhenour: Fabius Maxinums, a Sonne, for wortheffe refpect, delerving the nane of $F$ abirss Minimuss: Clasdrus Fulcher beautified with ornaments of mind, as well as body, makcs his Countrey no leffe hopileffe by his birth, then renowned by hiulelfc. The like of Hortemises his Nepherw, one lealt equalling fo many deferved parts of his thrice glorious Anceftour: The one a prefelled proltitute to all licentious places; an arch-protcitor of Sin'mality, having no other Clients, but noeed Strumpets: The other a fupporter of Equity, a refifter of indirect proccedings, a misror of centinence in his time; and one, fecond to none, fiuc Cicere, in promptneffe of Speechand a preicnt modettly-compoled Eloquence. The like of Cboranius a Romian Pretor, onc of confiriand gravity and approved converfition; yer left he a Sonne expoled to a prodi-

## A Nurfery for Q E NTRY.

gall courfe, and of an unnaturall difpofition.
For Excellencics in this kinde, as many, no queftion, have beene by the injurie of timeob'cured, whofe Names deferved much honour: So fome haue bene fo highly beholden to the Commendation of time, as they received as much honour to the full, as they deferved. For it were a rare and unexiemplary Age, to finde all mens demerits equally ballanced.

Some have found fame broathing from thofe Actions, which never expreft worth : whileft others, from exploits of higher worth, ne ver received fame.
But to defcend to the praife of fuch who raife 2 Family by their owne demerits: The Ground of this advaneement arifeth generally frö thefe three degrees: The Cowne, the Swerd, or fome Lechanick Art. For the firlt, becaufe that Prince of Oratory giucs it priority, wee will fpcake of Gowne : And of fuch, as haue raifed their Houfes from nothing, by excelling in Elegancy of Speech, mannging of judiciall. Caufes, and ftecring State-affaircs; being hild fic for their knowne abilitics to be imployed that way.
Of this fort, mongit the Ab bentans we finde Demoglisenes, exjcobenes, Ifocrates and Lyfias. Amonget the Romans, Carbo, Letus, Scipio Africanus, Galba, Servins, Sulpitios, Cotta, Gracchus, M. Antorius, Crafire, Cicero, Salußius.

Amongt which there mas ever fome private Emulation: For Fame can endure no Corrivals. So as, their very publique plea-
$\mathrm{Mm}_{2}$

The praife of inch, who raife a Family by their owne demerits.
M. Cicere. GOWNE

I:mulation a mongf men of note.
dings were not freed from their Chidings. Desoplbenes a plaufive and powerfull orator, having beene tivitred and bitterly reproved by effcbines for delivering in his Orations cereaine unufuall words, anfwered him; The fortunes of Groese depesaded not apon tbem. One taxed another of Effersinacy; in other, his Oppofite of too much singularity ; The third,
sive preferti.s cjus simens, fou irà comma. tus. his Corrivall of Popularity. Immoderate was the hate, unexinguifhible the heate betwixt Ciceroand Salyfl : So as, he one could not come into the prefence of the other without parfion. For as they were uncquall in their defeents, fowere they equally addreft to entertaine all occafions of difafi.

Whence we may conclude, that Wits bearing one levell, doc feldome agree in the maine building. So as, that may ferue for a Maxim, what the merry Critick fometimes Spake in sailt: "A Cat witha cmones, Two Cocks to"gether in one houfe, and ewo sifer-imlates "together divalling, can aever liue without ", diffention. No more, two Eminene wits in one place; but chey mutt thew their Spirits either vpon the $B y$ or Maine. But to our former propoficion; if we fhall but perufe the Lives of many of thofe cminent Or artors, athemian \& Roman pleaders ; wee flall find their b:ginnings oblcure; their Meanes of rifing fmall; and for their outward parts weakely promifing : yer, by their in ward abilities they be. came a glory to their Countrey; a renowne
to themfelves and their furviving pofterity. This it was, that made Arifotle, that ho. nour of Stagyra, fo gracefull in the fight of Alexander: who, as he had Hooser in all reverence for his heroicall Compofitions; So had he this Siagyrian for Pbilofophicall Speci. lation. This it was, that made Socrotes fo deare to calcibiades. This it was, that made the workes of Zenoploen fo familiar to Affri6an. Asbinedorus his Annals to ociavian. Io. Cephas his incomparable Relations to Consans. tine.

Bur toadde one atesibute more to the glo. ry of thofe famous Oraters before expreflied: their Atrengh and deferving height of Spirit merited no leffe approvement; when, in their Oppofition to the greateft Enemies of State, they food conftant for the liberty of their Countrey, and fupproffing all fuch (were they never fo poweifull) as fifhed in trenbled waters, or inclined to muriny. So resdy were their Tongues to defend by pleading ; So ftout were their Spitits to repreffe Commotion : that as they delivered their minds by the one, Sothey were refolved to Sacrifice their Lives, to manifeft to the W orld that they were not defectiuc in the other. In thefe times pleaded Merit in the Court of Iuttice. Corruption was a ftranger to the hand or heart

An Excraplary Leffon for all Ambiodexters.

Sowne of chefr, chough shey ivere not $600^{-}$ puneans with thefe Primces, ia living with dhom: yce were their workes, after their de. ceale, high!y endeared and honound by chem. of a Countellour. Hee would not be fecne in a Caule that would not beare weight; Nor inMm 3 tercffe
eereffe himfelfe in ought that mighe not cenduce to the benefit of the Seate. Their juft defignes aymod neither st publique fame, nor privarefafery; directing the whole bent of their Councels to the improvement and fecurity of their Countrey.

Inchat Epirome of L. Florms collected from Tiluo Liviom, we flall reade whar natiue Enmity was ever conceived agsind fuch as corruped jullic: by people of all qualities: and this we mal find cxemplifid inan Act of Tragicall nature. Bloody (layesthe Epitomizer of that no. ble lliftory ) was the Alughter which was made by the Cermans upon tacil revole from the Rewan Empire, through the Gady Woods and phathy maifines; nothing more intolcrable then the infultings of the Barbarous, feccially aganit the pleaters at the Barre, pluching our the eycs of fome, and lopping off the hands of ofler fome; One had his mourh Aticche up, after his tongue was filt cut oll, which the Sazage Actor grapping in his minni, fayd to ir: Ibouviper, at lafgewe over hif. jong. Sodid M. Aitories wifente Intlies tonoac atcer his dath, for pleacing to boldly, and inveysing fo frecly aganim her Husband in his life.

But ehte cauclices mey be properly extered (o) the Swise difpotion of an infulting people: Which, haviog or an ufurped Authority inenthe ir ewne hand, ranne in a licentious libery, tocommitali $B$ arbarifane: pumifhing the


## A Nurfery for GENTRY.

## But to difcourfe of the Civill government

 of the Romans, during their Democracy, as they were then Cominanders of all ncighbouring Nations: So they deligheed in nothing more then advancing fuch, who employcel their tongues or penns in defence of the publique liberty: beftowirg not oncly Titles on them, wall futing their demerits; but pre ferments too, to accompence their Service. This might be infanced in the Emineneft fomilies that flourined amorght them in thore times. For fo thankfull was that victorious State to deferving men, as they hald it not fufficient to beftow on them aricefull trophics \&e triumphe to honour them, living : but to creat Monuments in their Stinuaries and Pulvinars, to their memory, dying.Thelik honour conferred the $\operatorname{Ab}$ benians upna their Confuls, Orators and Philofophers.

So the Ephori among the Spartans (being the fanc that the Tribucs wereamong the Remans ) were cleded not in refpect of theirder cent but of their defert : which madeafloulifling Seate; fecing, there was nore, were he acever foignoble by birth, but he received grace, if his intward abilitics delerved fuch reipect.

Nor were thefe meanes of advancement onely conferred on the Gowae; The Marti allef had his place as well as the mercorifh Were hee never for meane a blibein, if hee deferved honour ; he was fure to haue it. If

## 264 <br> A Survey of HISTORY, or

he were the filk that mounted the Wall, he had a Coronet relerved for him. Were he the firgt that prefented himfelfe in the Siege; orina fingle Combat diarmed, and to furprized any Eneny; or cnecid firft the Enemies Tent; or in any Sea fighe enter'd his Ship; hee was fure to receine lis Guerdon. And if the homour of his Actions deferved any fuch eminent reward, he was to come bome in Tri. umply, for the repueation !a! bad done unto his countrey. Wherc it w 15 ufual fer thofe Per. tons whe ware mont enanger in the cye of the State to mect him in the way, and in all folemene and eriumphant manner to conduct him to the Citty, withan ample relution of his fame, to beget a glorious couy or cmulation in his pofte. ry.

Miny of meanctranke, by the nsblencfic of their Spirits attained this honour. The State made no irquiry after their defcents. Thofectey lold worthicet of honour, who acquired it by Learning or Valour.

Menorable is the refolution of thofe Myfian Captaics, whon fepping out before the Ro. mi: Armie, pras dalence, and faid; who are yee? Anfwer was made; W'ee are Lords of the World. They p plid,; ree may neell day fo, if you Compuer us. What rewatis were beftowe.d on the te for their approved Valour, :ve reade not in the Hiftory; but no doubr fuch derwing Spiriss could not in a Civill S:areline ungratifice, nor dye unrecorded.

## A Xurfery for G ENTR $r$.

Hence it was, that Hiero that flout Syracurain, would have dysd inxhe a/hes of his Country:fo well deferved he of it. it fo well of him. Death was accounted a light fuffering, to improveher her honour, from whom they had theirbeing. They conceited of what weake Supporters, poore man ftood; his breath, how foene vading; his glory, how foone declining: The whole Fabricke of his Fortunes, how foone thaking and thrinking. But Fame gain'd by gloricus actions, they found to bee of more perpetuity. Nor could they efteeme any action more truely deferving, than that which requited her love, from whom themifelves and predecefors had received life. Ye., they confidered what advancement they had received from an obfcure Family; how fhould they then doe leffe than embarke themrelves for all cxtreames, to requite the love of fo endeared a Countrey?

Laftly, many Families have raifed their beginnings from Mecbanick Arts, Sciences, and Myferies. This may be quickly gathered by the names of fome Romans afwel as other Nations; who reteine to this day their appellations from their former Manuall profeffions. As the Family of the Pictors, from Painters; of the Piftors, from Bakers ; of the Figuli, from Potters : with many others. And thefe in continuance of time, came to be eminent Families, drowning their firt beginnings in the depth of their greatneffe.

Yet in all thofe Liberall, with thefe crechani$\mathrm{N} n$

6ald Sciences ; as there were thriving difpofitions to advance Families forth of duft, So there were others, who even eo duft reduced oticir adevanced Families. Some apt toimprove themYelvos forth of nothing;' others no leffeready to bring their Fachers improvements to nothing.

In the infcriptions of their Natures we include thacaules of their ends; vertuebeing (as we faid before) ever feconded with event anfwerable to her intent, eitherin the begimning, middle, or cad. And certainly, whofoever fhould but read the deiolations of the mighticf Empires, or their rifing, fhall fee fome appearance of caufes procceding from their government, occafions of their glory, or rainc. Nor man we (without caufe) admire the erection and eftaThe wonder- blithing of the Turkifh Empire, her many dilafull cn.blinat ing of the TurkJj Enpurc. ted Piovinces,extended Confine ${ }^{\text {a }}$ and almoft Soveraignocommand in the Eafterne parts. Let ushutconfider their politick government; fubjecting all Lawes of Confience, or Religion, to the furthering of their delignes; planting their feat (maugre the fury of falloppenents) in thofe Houryand pacious territories, where once the francitied feete of thei facred Apoftles ufed to tread. Yet in their policies (becaufe nor proportonate to vertue) thall they bee fubverted. They have ereited themfelves to an exceeding height, (with the Gyants menacing the fabricke of heaven; , but their fall will be more miferable, by how micli they be of mileries more incapable.

## $A \mathcal{A}$ urfery for $G E \mathcal{X} C R T_{\text {. }}$

pable, For that Kingdome which is not eltabli- Arguments of fhed tin peace, fhatllbe ruitied by witre;and where the approavertue had not ther predominance, 'there lhall fion of the theillimited rage of vice take her refidence: and Tatikith State. Where fhee is an trhabitant, there is imminent defolation methacedr Tomake explantation of caufes in this," were needlefe, beedufe the" Seate of fuch a government is the occafion of her fall; For ruine and extirpation have ever followed Impious Goveriours at the heeles: Yet in making ufe of this efpeciall Brunch of Hiftory: Explanation of the difcovery of canjes, I will limit and reftraine it to an affertaine boutid.". We mute not fearch caufes above their Naturess there be many hidden and concealcd reafons, which to enquire after were unlawfitl ; much leffe to wade into the feeret conventions of that facred Power, from whom all vifible and apparant caufes borrow their light.?

What we maygather by authentiek relation, or probable imagination, may without prejudice, or errour, be produced. "A's for fuperiaturall caufes, the more we found them, the more we found into the fhallowneffe of our owne judgements; never farther from apprehending therm, than when we feeme to apprehend them.

This infcrutable depth He well obferved, who being demaunded what Golwas, required fome time to refolve that queftion. And fill the longer he thought of it, the farther he was from it. So as, in theend he affoiled this demund with a
$\mathrm{Nn}_{2} \quad \mathrm{ncw}$

Concealedt: reafonis nos to be rextrched.

We are not to rry too cuaoully inte she fealed Cabinet of Geds Coungill.
new queftion. "Eriend; you;hayeinupofedme "a caske, and I have fudied how to refolvejt: "And noy defire is to injoyne youan other, : 1

Apud Poeras Deorunn Yibs. petra Operci. lum isaluers, lumntis' on Hen.li.H.in Orit.

That Sacred. Secret Con. fillery is noe in lielieatched
becaare lat. led)with 600 much curiola. sy. "pray you affoile it. Whar is it, fayd he: how "long would it becre you fhould draine the $\mathrm{O}_{7}$ "coandry withas Sinc? Wby? mever, ( Caydhe.) ¿Nor lhall I vever (roplied he) returne an an(wer "to youlr queftion, I demaunded of you fome "time, but an Eecrnity of time will never refolve "it aboing farther of in this time, then when! "firfitequircd time :

- Our ulefullat andben knowledge in thefe Diviuc Secrecies, confifts in the acknowledgment of our owne weaknefle. .We have many of our Artifts fome-thing too fantiliar wirh thefe prit vacies : prying too coriouny ento the Sealed Cabinet of Gods Comacell. Sublunary things are toolow Objects for theirknowledge. They muft thine in an higher Spheare.

The ef can poritively feake eas ifinfuired with fome extraodimary illumination) when the World hall be difflued. Norground they their affertions on conjectures (if you may beleeve them) atl is apparent to them, as if they were prefensed in a perfpective glaffe.

Genmerricians and Ailtrologers affirme, as thofe whohinve incafure: Hell, Earsh, and Hesven whth thí Dimenfions, Proportions, Poizes, and Atrotabes; that Hell containes in Compafe feiven thoufand, cight houdred and fixty five thoufand Miles: In depeth or Latitude, two thoufind, five Irundred and five Miles: Indiftance

## A Nurery for G ENTR R.

fromins', three thoufand, fixehundred and fifty elght miles: Wut the World; which we inhabit, that is, the ivhole Earth, they fay it containes in greatneffe thirty thoufand, and a thoufand five hundred Miles: and in Latitude or profundity, that is, from the 1 ntipodes unto us', ten thoufand and tuventy two Miles. Then, that the Empyrean Heaver, which is the place of the Bleffed, they fay it containes in compaffe (ôimmenfity!) ten thoufand, thired hundred and foureteenc Millions, eighty five theurand, and fixe hundred ren miles:in depth or latitude, three the urand fixe hundred Millions of Miles. And berwixt us and this Heaven, in dittance one thoufand fixe hundred ninty Milli.nn; , nine hundred tweary five thoufind, and five hundied Milcs.
But this may be fuppofed far abrive de con panf: of their Jacobs- $\beta$ affe Theircye;, Iconceive, tobo too weate to pierecinto the ivanfions of Licaven.

Lower Dimentions are fiteer for the ftair circumference of their underfanding.
The way to meafure Heaven, is to decline from Earth ; and to clevate our thoughts to that C.erleftiall Splieare, where we may glorioully fhine and Fternally reft.
He is the bift Aftrologer, who converfeth more with Heaven inSpirituallatfections, then infrumentall dimenfions: who becomes more familiar with Heaven, by his elevation of piercing thoughts, then prying eyes. This that leamed Euclid well obferved, when heing afkeda finmy queftion touching the Divine Pretence, by too $\mathrm{Na}_{3} \quad$ curioni
curious or inquifitive a Queftionif, modenty anfiwered: "For other tbings Iknow but little, shwor " much I know, that the Gods bate thofe that are "enrious.

This thar Divine Father (the glory of the Eat fterne Church) with mach (pirituisll zeale expref red, when being on a time asked; "What God "did before be made the world, anfwered him home: "He was preparing Hell for fuch as Hee, "who 600 curioufly pricd into hic secrets.
Theonly way ro reatifie this Errour, is for man An ercellene to de cend into himefle. For then upon acknowreceips for all
fuch at 1 abour of tno muc. firgularity.

Dijudication of H ifories. ledgement of his owne vileneffe, he will letfall his Traine : humble himfelfe in the confideration of hisowne wants: and clofe his refolves widl thisconclufion: "Thus much I know, that I "know ne thing: how then fhould I dare to af"pirc with toocurious an eye, tolooke into his "Sccrets, who made all things of nothing :

Now th the third, that is, judgement in diftinguilhing things, hy approving the beft, and difallowing the contrary.

1) judication of Hifories, or judgement in diftinguifhing the approvedeft, prcceedes from a mature underftanding.

In this Hiftoricall Scale we muft banifh all lacivious and perulant wits, converfant about froathy and licentious obfeenities. The Workes of an Hiltorian fhould be Monuments of Antiquitx, true lleralds of Acts; either profperoufy, or infuccefively atchi ved: and not fonients to luft, induccments to fenfuality. Two forts there be which
which eclyplean Hiftorians glory:from the one we reape the harveft of ihame, where characters of $M$ yurab, and $V$ enus (the wantons votaries) are deblazoned in their colours : yet in thcir deferiptions more pernitious to eafily-inclined youth, than ever Archilocbas was to the Spartan dames. Poore Albion hath laboured toolong of this im1poftume; fuch Hiftoriansmuft cither be exiled, or the Common-wealth mult of acceflity bee depraved. Vicehath too many fupporters, without the furtherance of Authors. From the other, there red cunds no other benefi, than impertinent inquifitions of itrangely-fought out Antiquities; fo precife in defeription, to curious in foundation, and fo felfe-opinionate of their uwne writings, as they oft-times doe onely ( Ha reve in verbis) omitting the Subftance to fer out (with Phydias) the fhidow: fearch of a fruitleffe Antiquity, occafioning a contemprin the body of the Hiftory: Asinthe foundation of a Ciry, negle iting the materialleft parts of the difecurfe; as upon what oceafion the City was rather creCted there, than in another place; by what meanes it was angmented; how conrinued $;$ nd orher neceffiry circumfances omitted ; they infift upon affaires ofleffe confcquence:finding out where the firf ftone was laid, when the found ation of fuch a City was digged. This caufes oftentimes great Volumes, with fmall benefit to the Reader; and indeede rather implies an affertingopinion in the Author, of pleafing himfelfe, than others.

Difiourfes eclipling the plory of an Hilturian.

1. Senfuality.

## 2. Impertianency.

Ancient Records are neceffarily inferted in Hiftories; but fuch are to be fupported by truth, including a neceffary relation to the Subject whereot he intreats. Otherwife, fuch Antiquities(as for felfc-pleafing) are produced, expreffe nothing. Prater plebciam of isutilem quendam opinionis fucrums. Thefe be rather opinionitts than Hiftorians.

Thefe two kindes (like Ianus face) ftand con-trary-waies: the one fort (to wit the firf) are Cbarons beft Fałors, they trafficke for a Ladies bonvoyage tohell; theres not a linc in all their writings, that talfes of modefty, or relifh of vertue: If plutond his Angels had not one the-Prophet, nor State-moppet within all his dominions, to make his Enipire Noble : yet thefe BrothellAuthors(forbetter I cannot name them) would by their Lime-twigges, furnith his (Nelafperan2a) with a full faile. My Lady here firs and reads wonders at the ingenuity of the man, (a pregnant youth doubtleffe, ) and will make her pregnant too, ifflice have any moving faculty in her; his beft charaiter is the Schoole-mafter of folly, the introducer of fenfuall liberty, extinguifher of pure love, experienced inftructer toluft, harbourer of illimited defires $s$ and confequently harbenger to the Divell. As the Martin will not build, but in faire houfes, fothis man will not live, but in the ruines of honourthe is too converfant in the Court, too familiar in the City, and fometimes too willingly entertained in the Countrey. His Penne, as it is mercinary, fo his
labours

Iabours pernitious; his ftate labours of penury (and he would reife it) his foule of a Lethargy, but feckes not to redeeme it. To be briefe (for fuch a Subject is not worthy dilating on;)As $A u$ guffas banithed Nafo to Naxos, and his depraved workes to the darkeft corner of his fuldy: fo thotuld thefe pctulant Wits be expulled every well-governed, Common-weale, and their profitute Labours fuftaine Eupolis: cen- $x$ fure.

How highly other States have fuffered in gi- Light $\boldsymbol{z}^{\prime}$ wan ving too much liberty to thefe unfeafoned wits, 'ron work ar might be amply enlarged, if our prefent diff to be exiledi courfe requir'd it. :No doubt but Rome, even in Stare. her higheft glory, when nothing but Succeffe breathed on her attempts abroad, and private affaires, at home: Then, and never more than at that time, werelight and wanton workes, which a civill Eftate hould have profcribed, highly ho: noured, the Authors of thofe Motives to effeminacy advanced; whereas, if their Cenfors had ducly intended their charge, they would have held them fitting to have beene exiled, their workes to fire committed. So might that corruption of manners, which proceedes oftimes from fuch vicious Pamphletters, have beene prevented : and Morality better obferved.

But why fhould we looke fo farre backe, when we labour of the like malady at home what high Patrons have prefent ages found for lighteft Labours? where fiuch as corrupted Oo youth,
youth, received more approvement, then thole who corrected the lovieneffe of affectans.
It was a good Cuftome, when fuck Authors a spublifhed any Works, had them not onely cenforioully perused andfcanned 3 but if it appared, that they contayned in them more occafions of prejudice to the State then bensfit; there Works were not onely to be fuppreffed, but the Compofers of them duly censured.
Their manner of proceeding was thus: Such

## 

 paflages as were ufffull, or any way beneficiall, wore in papers piece-meale, lay upon one pile: Thole which were noxious or malignant, beflowed on an other pile : and both there put in two Scales: where if thole of the right handpile (whichever conduced to the improvement of the State) weighed dowse thole papers which were on the left-hand pile, their Labours were permitted to paffe, and their Authess, according to the quality of that Subject, whereof they wrote, amply rewarded: If otherwife, their Works were fuppreffed, and their Authors chaftifed. In which Scrutine, no queAton, but many Authors had Batillus fate; they received more fillips then Crowns; more cenfures then rewards.The opinion of a ferrous and difcreete judgementeverclofeth in this: Learning never but then deferves the Laurell, when it is vertuoufly fruitfull. A tight Dreffe, be it never fo neatly
neatly fuited, carryes ever lightneffe with it. And the more it takes a deluded eye, though it pleafe it felfe, the more it detracts from it אelfe. The like we may fay of there Venders, or bold adventurers of loofe Labours. Be they never fo trimly decked, nor artfully polifhed; Laïs will be Laisistill. The trimming will notalter the property of the ftuffe. Nor can lightneffe, bee it never fo fmoothly carricdsneatly varnifhed ; nor cunningly palliated; keepe her Vizard ftill on. There will be fome piercing judgement or other to bring to difcovery a throuded errour. Nor deferve thofe Workes onely reproofe, who treat of light love; (though they be dangerous Familiars to haunt Ladies) but fuch who are tuned to an higher key, and either unprofitably, or which is worfe, prophanely abufe their captiv'd Hearers. Amongft thefe, may be numbred our Chymick Profeffors: whoholdit not fufficient (by ftrange Elixirs) to reduce their owne fortunes tono-
thing; unleffe they with their miferable conclufions, perplexe their fimple admirers. Where, if a cleare-diferning judgement fhould take a more exact view of their ungrounded reafons, they would foone conclude, that thofe arguments which they offer, not unlike their adulterate Mettals, are foulder'd with © malga, and have more $2400 n e$ than Summe in them. Thefe have got a tricke to llight all miracles of Divine Writte: holding with Albumasar, that mofes his leading the Children of Ifrael over the Red-Sa, was no more but obferving the influence of the

Starres, and waining feafon of the Moone that withdraweth the Tides.

Thefe are Subjeets fo incapable of priviledge, as they deferve the higheft cenfure. I pare to fpeakc of our Stutining Pamphletters, who fhadowingly (to free themfelves fromState-feandall)deblaz'n fome cminent Families by their Armes, Coate, or Fields: for which, fome both Ancient and Moderne Hiftorians have beene highly taxed. Aslikewife of fuch, who under borrowed names have fruckeathigh Perfondges : which might be aptly compared to cowardly Curres, who ufe to bite Paffengers by the hecles, whom they darenot lookeupon in the fice.

Ssate Stigma nills.

Fartious Que. Dionilts. Nonbates cbarseasemgapi non arald unisatem.

Aug.

As fuch who delight to ungorge their paffionate fpleanc upon Recreations of indifferency, for no other caule, but becaufe they are countenanc'd by cadjefly. The laft, being not the lealt, Iaccomnt fuch, who fpend much precious Oyle to cowreath and enwarpe the time in their Fopperics. Thefe are Controvergall Men, who rather than they will fuffer the Church to be at Peace ; will fudy new donbes todilturbe her quiet. Thefe will rather ftirre than ftay auarrels: for, howfocver they feeme to pretend Unity; their affection tends to diffention : being of the nimy nature of fuch Fifhes, as camor live but in muddy and troubled waters.

That word Nifin this fentence, xifi mandwisveritis carnerm, fet all the Counfell of Bafil in an uprore.

## A Nurfery for G ENTK $r_{.}$.

uprore. That word Donec, as lofeph non agno. wit Vxorean fuam Dones, caufed the Antidicomaritans and Elufaas to deny the perpernall Virginity of the Virgin Mary.

Thus quicke-ficry wits, carrycd away with the Spirit of Contradiction, preferring Singularity before Confience, Errour before Truth, fo they may finde Shadowesto follow them, will finde cumbultible matter cough to the havocke both of Church and Commonweale : Not onely our Humane but Ecclefiafticall Hiftories are ftored with various inftances of this kinde. The Sope we aimeat, is this : that fuch Workes, whether they he H1foricall, Morall or Divine, are onely, upon Cenfure to be approved, by which the State may be ufefully improved : all others to be rejected, becaule they are cither by Scurrilous or Factious Braine-wormes hatched.

For the other, as none yeeld or afford more benefit to their Countrey, than laborious and judicions Antiquaries: fo tritling and opinionate-ly-conceited Hiftorians may benefir themrelves, lut hardly can communicare the beft of their knowledge unto others. Opinion is a maine Opponent to Judgment : the one gided (or rather drawne) by a precipitate will, the other difpofed by the directing eye of Reafon. Qpinion (Lesbian-like) frames their Line hy their worke, and not their worke by their line : but Judgment hath ever (Cleanthes-like) a Table cqually mixed or furnilhed with fervices of Arete of Pomosa, Nid. Hefod. in Die.

Vertue and Pleafure: the one to profir, the other to delight :Which equally-mixed Judgment frould le eipecially converfant in Cenfurces of Hifteries, they muft not doe, as it is reported of Valerius Maximes, inhibite many things in the Evening, which hee would approve of in the Morning, and command that to be enacted one houre, which he wi uld he aflamied to confirme the next houre. A fetled and wel-feafoned judgment will with Circumfpection, not fo much confure a modert digreflion in a Hiftery, as the we which may be made of that digreflion ; nor taxe any thing in a faithfull Hiftorian, though he neadow at the corruptions of the Age with bitrerncfie : for cyly and temporizing tongues, are

Srue Beficia in L'remoo, if/Gen.' piles in mundo. Ciree.irmornt. 2. C'Ap.18. nourithers of thefe vicious and irregular times; where, as Bcafts in the Defart, fo men live in the World: nor be Cenfurers to taxe fuch things for impoflibilitics, becaure they have not heard of the like ; nor fuch Relations as falfe, which have not occurred to their readings. For how fhould wee give credit to thofe incredible attempts of formertimes, where Victories were atchieved with leffe adoe, than May-games in thefe times? To fee Anthaw rencwing his fticugth, and doubling this force by falling : thofe magnanimous Romans crecting their fpirits moft when they were neareft declining. I have ever obferved thele times, as they fecond the firft in gradation, fit they fand inferiour to the firf in exploits and mangements of refolution. Cenfures thould be ballances equally and evenly difpofed;
neither
neither inclining to partiall affectation of perfon or ftate ; but ready to give approbation where the verity of Difcourfe, and fincerity of the Author gives his Pen free fcope to curbe Errour, and attribute to Vertue her merited Titles. Alas, that Cenfurers fhould be either fo engaged to the fervile command of popular glory, or tyed to great mens fleeves, that the Hiftorians Labours nult be razed, which Truth would have riifed! Vertue hath in her felfe a foveraigne end, to which all Liberall Arts and Sciences (in themfelves truely noble, and meriting honour ) have their aime and recourle.

This occafions Learning to be neglected, and the exact frutinie of ancient Records (than the which nothing more beneficiall ) to be fuppreffed, or at leaft, not a little darkned: when a Rbadamanth, or Critick Cenfurer mult have the corrections of our induftrious Labours, and judicious Volumes: which ( to feed his owne indigefted humour ) muft be fubject to many frivolous interlacings. But Patience (which is Comes $\int$ apientić, non famula concapi(centia) muft he the rite, fomes in. poodre Hiftorians fîpporter, making ufe of times juire 3 famula ubufe, and applying this falve to his mifery, fume, funafowhe, and applyng this falve to his mifery, milhe. which the Poër mferred, as caufe of Romes fubverfion and calamity:
primaperegrinos ob foanapecunia mores intulit -..-
That Critick Menippus, who was cver fo definite in his owne oprinion, as the whole courfe of his difeomre relifhed nothing better then oppofition. And to affront the Time wherein hee

## 280 A.SurDey of HIS TOR Y, or

lived, with more boldneffe, forning tocomMerippus his ply eyther with Time or Perfon for his $\Omega$ wne ad-
ieproute ufri. gide enfuress; vantage, wifhed, like an indifereet Malecontent, whofe jud, w, that his Pen were a Needle, and his Paper a Netmene oncty conlith III $r_{2}$. zun; bimurs, throw more poyfon on the face of immerited and dinicar honour : and confequently, leave to pofterity temu; Audinos: while ther minueite fometimes ufe, amongft other fubjects of his difl.mes are oft milonotheusd; here fence corruped profe of rizid cenfers: whof judgement (es proof of rigid cenfurers: whofe judgement (as his mif-guided opinion furgefted) only confifted in razing Labours, and dithearming Authors: while theirimocentet lines were oft mif-conltrucd, their fenfe corrupted.
But this wafpifh Author by ufing his too much frectome of cenfurc to his Cenfurer, who had wherity to perufe and fupprefie, where hee finudenute, perceiving himfelfe eraduced, detervingly reftrain'd what ellic might have beene publithed: with filencing only, chaftifing his Errour, to beget in hima more temperate cenfure. Truth is, it were prepoftrous for an axthor, th antime to himelfe fo much boldneffe, as to take upe $n$ himithe place of a Moderator to his Cenfirrer. The affimption ofleffe liberty will fuite hetter with his Diferetion and Medefty:and purthate him a dencrited efteeme with fich grave and conforious Authority: whofe place is fo much mere to be honoured, in regard they are deputed by the State as Survegers and Difrufers of our Labours: Perufing with a judicious eye, and correcting
recting with a diferecte Perine; to the end, no exception might be taken by the State, no prejudice redound to the Author, no corruption of manners to the Reader, nor opinion of neglect to the Cenfor.

Which courfe, were it not ducly and exactly obferved, what inconvenience might probably follow, there is none of a cleare and equall judgement but may eafly perceive. For if freedome were givento wanton and luxurious Wittes to write what they would, Aresines Tables would receive from every light eyc moreadmiration for true attractive beauty, than the noff Serious Piece that ever was writ either in Philofophy, Occononicall policy, or Hiftory. No ; we theuld have our Stationers fralls covered with Libells: where the moft integious Spirit might become no leffe fubjeft to a Calumnicur Penne, than He , whofe rifing growth hath expreft it felfe in nothing noore from his infancy, than in the increale ofvice, and practice of villany.

It is the Authority then of a Cenfurer, that many times deterres a wandring Penue from his freedone of crrour. So as, by being regulated by fuch Licence, he becomes leffe-licentious in the courfe and current of his Writing.
Nay, there is one thing more, which I fhall mely glanceat, purpofely to induce the ingenuous Uuthor, as he values the eftimate of his owne honour, to fubmithimfelfe to the candid cenfure of his Licencer. And it is this; no doabr, but the too opinionate conceite of evcry Author

## 282 $\mathcal{A}$ Surpey of H IS T OR Y, or

complies with the pofitive judgement of the O rator: "Writers doe ever doate mof of their awne. How reedefull then is it, for them to have more indifferent eyes than the ir owne, left they delude themfelves mott, by being tooaffectionately taken with their owne? The Beare is as much enamoured of her Cubbe, though of all others, the roughelf; as the Bever is of his, being of all others, the fmootheft. And thus much in vindication of the honour of a jult Cenfor. And how an impartiall cye may five the Author from much difhonour. Yet to peake a word or two, fo ir trench not toomth upon their power, I hold it not amiffe. The benefit may redound no douht, heing reccived as it is intended, both to the Writer and Cenfurer.

Many (which lhave formerly rouched and taxed) like fome of our German Authors, fer forth huge Coloflim Pulkes, fadomatefic volumes (and if fatherleffe too, more credit to their fethers)but they have Bodies withont Spirite, Videntur Libri donec inspexeris. "They licare the Cover and "Senthance w Borikes on them, till youlooke "in them. Then, and never till then, they fhew what metrall they are made of. Leane Labours, from fat Authors.

It is commonly faid, that Law, Logick and the Switzers maybee hired to fight for any onc. Whatfeever they may bee, apparent it is, by
 will enter lifts with any Cantagonift, upon the leaft occation. No Subjer bur multhave thicir
paines and pennes beftowed on it. Huge intricate Cnmmentaries, to make the Text more difficult. With fome of thefe I have encounter'd, and for ounght I could perceive by the Genuine Sence of their interpretation, they were fo farre from the maderftanding of the Author they wrote on, as they might be fent to fohoole againe, tolearne to confter him, before they commented on him.

The like exuberance is many times fhowne by many of thefe, in their lighter compofures: wherein, for moft part, they offend leaft. For weake wits beftowed on weighty Subjects, erre noft. Thave heard of a trifling pamphletter of this kinde, who after fuch time, as he had fpent much wafte Paper inventing fome weake vapours of his owne; wherein he was ever no leffe conftant in the choyce of his Patron to whom he Dedicated them, than he was in compiling thofe corky Subjects which hee addrefied to him : prefenting one day another light toy ${ }_{3}$ his Patron having perufed the Title, and divers pafinges in it, requited his Dedication with this witty Jecre: " T Truely friend, quoth hee, you "have writ many foolifh toycs in your time, but " of all that ever you yet writ, this pafferh them "call. The poore Author highlyitaken with this commendation, not without great joy, reported the worthy entertainment he received from his Patron : and how highly to his honour, he had commended his Labour.

Now to our Cenfurer; as his place inferres a Pp 2 priority to diltinguifh of the utility of Labours. Thefe, who fend time, oyle and paper to purchafe them the Title of Authors : let them be privatly reprov'd, in daring to prefent fuch pooreftuffe before the face of a publicke State. The common? Englinh Proverbe is; "Better it is to fit idle, than worke idle. This may be properlyapplyed to them. Their fruitlefie expence of Time and Pa per nuikes them farre more ufleffle to the State, than if they wholly retired themfelves from Labour. Truthis, thefe deferve nocenfure; they are placed in too low a Siege. A milde reprofe will better befeeme them; telling them, how by all likely-hood, if any fuch fhould be fuffer'd to goe abroad, or receive priviledge by authority, the next time that either he or any of his family thould goc to the Grocer for their ficicery, little doubt but fome of his thaken leaves would bee return'd him, with fweeter contents than ever he beftowed on them.

Whereas SUCH, whore earcly and late Studics have highly improved their knowledge, and whofe, diferetion (a fmallgraine whereof would be very ufefull to many of our Schollers) hath fufficiently inform'd them what is fit or accommodare for the time; be the Suhjects they tre, ate of Hiltory, Antiquity, or other Divincr Elements : thefe, I fay, well deferve the encouragement of a judicious Cenfor. For to ufe the words of our Modernc. Denocritus: "I thinke:all the "Anticyra will not reftore them to thacir Wits,
"解 thefe men now; that have Zenodorws Heart;' $x$ "Crates Liver, Epicfetus'Lanthorne, be fo fot"tifh, and have no morebraines than fo many "s Beetles, what thall we think of the Commonal"ty? what of the reft? you may give that Cenfure ${ }^{\text {sf }}$ of themingenerall, which Sr.Thomas Meore "conce did of Germanus Brexius Poëms in par${ }^{6}$ ticular:

## -Vebuntur

In rate foultitia, Sylvam habitant Furia.'
If Learning and Difcretion be not fufficient to makeup an Author ; what may wce expect from him that ha's neither?

Some of our cen/urers have heretofore bcene notunlike to fome of ouractive Lawyers; who in perufing of their Clients pleadings, ufually razed out what was moft pertinent : bur afterwards upon a more fetled judgement, wrote $S T E T$ in the Margent, to all that which they had formerly razed.

Multi dumacaftigant, cafturnt; dum mutant, muti. lant: Many, too many, while they fecme to correct, they diftract; while they alter, they torture.

But approved Cenfors. are of anothernature: (of which we were never better farnificat in a competent number:) for the fe are of that trua touch, as neither gaine may corrupt them:, nor the Authors perfon worke tipon them, but the, worth of the worke: this oncly hath power to procure a priviledge from them.

But let meftay a litale, that I may make an end the fooner; ere I proceed to the true diftingui-
ther of Hiftories，I muft caution two forts of Men，which（in their Reading）pervert theufe and foope of Hiftory，by a malevolent difposi－ tion，either bred in them by nature，or ingen－ dred by cuftome，a fecond nature ：the one foo lithly precife，whofe behaviour（as one obler－ veth）is like a verfe，wherein every fillable is meafiurcd；or like your $S$ paniards a \｛pect，who wil not finile beyond a point；for feare to unftarch his looke．

Thefe cannot tafte any thing well，that is not abfolute；yer for their judgementa $V$ enetias Affe may out－flip them ：He is（unnmeafurably proud） wife in his owne conceite，hathan Orbe in his braine，which ever turning round，makes his judgement braine－ficke．

The other，farre more intollerable，becaufe more troubled with the rifing of Spleene ：hee derratieth from the beft，and finds Scruples in infallible truths ；his owne judgemene，as it is de－ fective，fo it envies others，maturer in the height of undertanding，and more exact in the ancient Surveies of Truth．But as Fortitude of body derives her Effence from the imbecility of the Minde，and the ability of the Minde from the debility of the body ：So the Authors glory is oft－times revived，and augmented by the fting of Detraction，as the Detractors infamy by the Authors glory：Vertue alone is crowned，Vertue Heces qua inher felfe，is of all pofieffed：Sheit is alone by ficii bomizem Peum，飞r，Se－山くci． which Man is Eternized．This is She chat feeeres the poore Hiftorians Barke againft all oppofiti－，

## ' $A$ Nurcty for GENTRX.

ons. In this Harbour therefore may I repofe, leaving the depraved Reader to the diftemprature of his owne humor, and beraking my felfc to my propounded Tafke.

We mult walke in a more modet path for judgment in the relation of every act that is dorie; we ought to ufe a kind ofdeliberation,confulting with our owne intimate utderftandings, and aske them whether fúch an Act is worthy memcry, or no: for many things wee fee and read, which Difcretion would rather have omitted, than to Writing committed. Wei have occarion Pomerimes to unrip the tyrannick lives of Princes; and their illimited affections; of diffolute governments, and to what peculiar vices moft engaged; yet in the fummary rechearfall of thefe vices, we dee ofr-times (asan excellent Fiftorian hatli wellobferved) tharwiere malos, teach menn to be cvill, inftruating thein in the exercife of thipe impieties, with which before they werc frarce acquainted.
 ture, as rio infection can more dangervidy or fatelly rage in any populous City, than her con. tugion in the flourifhing City of the Soutce And Te proclive is bar Nature to the wort ;as wiseceive it with farremore eafie imprefliofi, charithat which relifheth e fine bett.

That Italian Lover, whes fotid his Aliftrefic formutable, could in the extreminy, offinispalfion (as what paffion more videder or more pet manent) cryout:" Our ztaliam Dames had ne-

## Difcovery of.

 Vices abroad, miany cimes inarrectus in the very fame at home.$$
{ }^{66} \text { ver }
$$

Deliberation needful! in Hiltorses of maine confe quesc.
"ver becne acquainted with fuch difdaine, nor "entertained their Servants with fuch con"tempt, nor rejeeted them with fuch Selfe-con"rent, had they not beene inftructed by incon"frant Caffandra to love in juaft and loath in "carneft.

Which implied thus much : That nothing could inoro prejudice either publique or private Eft tres, then to be fraughted with Forraine vices.

Many States are belt fecured by intelligence;

Many mea of masurea cxperienie, have and doe give inay to ferniual ubedi nees

## $A \mathcal{X}$ urfery for $G B \mathcal{D} C R T$.

med to fee Sylais cruelty, being ignorant after what fort to behave himfelfe in the dignity hee had 3 he lcryes out amaine, forth of the confideration he had to an ulürped Tyrannys, with a a ferious reflexe had to humane mifery: "O perill " and danger never like to have end!

But anconfsed Spirits, whofe thoughts are folely fixt on aeiry ftructures; will nor fuffer their afpirings to be fo bounded: nor the voluptwows his fenfiall affections to be fo couped : nor the poore Grosndling to have his Earthy-tafting appetite folated. Thefe, as they perufe the Mappe of the World s they cull our whar may pleald them beft ; though the iffue afflict them molt. As roinftance in each of there; The high-minded Man loves to informe himfelfe in the Progrefle of fuch 'Mens actions ;' whofe aimes have beene nolowerthen Empires. They conceive their fupportance tebe as great; their Meanes as direit; thcir wayes asfmooth. Flattering and deceiving hopes lull them atleepe; they will not fo much as fuffer their thoughts to converfe with Feare, or labour prevention of a fell, before

I holdhim for llupid, who for feare of Death,dyes all his life-long: Aud him for wicked, who lives wirhoue feare of it, as if chere were 'none at all. their practife faile. Then, and never till then, they exercife the true knowledye of Man. Then they lament, what they cannor recall; to precipitare is that cliffy tracke, where unhounided height walkes.

Now obferve a litrle, whence the Occafion fprings, which with winged fpeed brings on there inevitable miferies! I confeffe, though many difpofitions be naturally inclined to the fe in-

## 290 <br> $A$ Sunves of HISTORY, on

difcrecte aimes: yet are they quickned much with Examples of others.

This moved a neighbouring Prince; (one, whole perfonall prowefle hath worthily inrolled him in the Booke of Fame) fometime to (end a Noble and Eminent Perfonage hither ; whofe many arguments of Valour had gain'd him efrecme enough with his Prince (had his loyall thoughts fo well deferved it) onely to fee and obferve the cenfure and cloze of an high Spirit. Hoping, that fich ocular objects would worke Itrongly upon his deluded thoughts : and bring him tp a confideration of himfede by prefentments of feare, what his illimited height would inctfufferhim to thinks upon, with all thofeample gratifications of love.

Moft certaine it is, that the Survey of others ations produce wonderfull effeots' according to the difpofition of the Perufer or Spectator.Fer, asill-affected foirits, who alwayes plant their hopes on minuft grounds; and bring their indirect aymes to unh.ppy cuds : are ever dreaming of ftirring heads, whofe conftanift endeavour it was ever to difquict the peace of the State: and craving no better $M$ edal's about them, then thore of Befou and Nabarraxes. mold their defignes by fuch pernitious Patterns. So well-affected difpofitions never eye ought with more attention, nor reteine ought with moreconftancy than the Loialty of fuch as preferred thicir Comitries Fame before their owne Life :dening rather to dye than it hould perilh.

## $A \mathcal{X}$ urfery for $G E N T: R$.

A conflant Curtions; a refolute Roratias is an affeCtionate Zopyrus ; a couragious Codrus are thefe mens Objects. Their Vertues they unfainedly with may be their Patterns. Thefe cry out ivith the Tragedian :

## "No power fo pure, as fiedfaft Piety.

Nutha vis major Pierate vea
Againe, toa youchfullaffection, therecin be raefo. Sen. in no fight, in the perufall of all Plutarch, like Alcibiades wantoning in Timamira'slappe. Nor in all Suetonins, like thofe uncomely lafcivious prefentments before Nero: a thought whercof could nor chule but beget a Vermillion-bluh, a glowing thamein any modeft eare. Which, to omir the reft, in my Judgment, were not fitting to bs fuffer'd to paffe in any freeftate. Paffages there are (as I have elfe-wherenoted) full of Obfcenity: and lyes open an entrance for unftay'd Youth to feed too liberally upon fuch inhibited delights. Such therefore, were much better to be fhadowed, than fo freely difovered: Seeing, "Difcovery of vices "abroad, many times infltuif ws in the very fanse "at home.

Should two Embaffidours come hither; one from Sidos, another from Tyre (as one wittily obferveth) and fhould vye in Vanity, as they fometimes envied one anothers glory; we fhould collect, that no State-affaires drew them hither, but rather to fhew the vanity of one Countrey to the other: Which if we our felves fhould admire, in very truth we were madder than either.
Trueit is, there is nothing either in matter of Difcourre, Employmenr, Reading ; or what ReQq 2 creati-

## 292 A.Surdey of H ISTOR Y, or

creation focver, but that foly wotkès upon us', which futes with our humour", or delights us.

Alexander boing much in love with Apellis, as one highly rapt with the exquifiteneffo of his Art', propored him thit Modell for aTafke, which he of all others affected moft; commanding him on a time to paint Campa/pe, a bsautifull Woman, nakod: Which spelles having done, fuch im:preflionwrought the Picture (aninimitable Piece in fo ncarly tracing Nature) on the affection of the Artift, as Apelles fell in love with her, which Alexander porcciving, gave him her.

Thore is nothing which wee intentively cye, and by the Crany of the cye convey to our heart, but our Fancy like another Apelles, cafily findes a Table for that Portraiture. Let Vertue then te our Campafpe; othcrwife, that Table which thould be referved for the pureft Deity, will be taken up with the impreffion of fome lighter Fancs.

Lattly, the Earth.taken Soule, who conftant( (ty holds Cevicens Aphorifine, "that Gold is the "beft Reftorative; admires Achans Wedge; Alcmeons Store, huges them in the happy fruition of their ftate: menne time, holds anacharfes Temperance ; Anacreons Moderation fitter for the Wilderneffe than the world. Thefereadnothing in this kind, but they make ufe ofit : but the ufe is cver perverted. Examples they finde to aurhmize their bafenefic : thefe they reteine: but little care take they how to cure them, by apply-
applying ufefull Receipts to remove thofe freading evills.

A Mafiers vicecorrupts his Family. So fayes the Roët. No vice more retentive than vicious Writing : it corrupts the Judgment by Apologizing Vice with a forraigne Prefident.

That was an excellent Rule of Direction to regulate cur forme of Speech : "If thy Speecb " may improve others, whopy art thou filent? If it nei"sher be bove thy folfe nor ot hers, why art thou not fio "lens? The fanic ceurfe is to be obferved in our "forme of writing: "If fhy our Pen we miay profit "our felves, it is well; iffome few others as well as "oar felves, it is better; if all, it is the beft; "ifnone, Silence enjoynes the Workman to take "his reff. In one werd, as force things are neceffarily to be remembred, fo. otbers no leffe neceflairily to be omitted. And with farre more Difcretion may they in their Embrio be filenc'd by the Author; then after fuch time as they are publifhed, to be fuppreft by Cenfure.

That merriorable Law-giver being demanded what punifhment was to be inflicted on him, who ficuld chance to flay his Father or Mother : hee anfwered then with, Hand equidems puta, çc. I dre not thinke there can be any of fo unnaturall difpofitico.

Achs filenced fometimes doe better than if cx preffed : for the Curtaine of vices drawne, moves Imitation rather than Evimation.

Qq 3

Corrumpuns vificruin exempla domefls. ci-tior.

Quò races,mode praficias? poinonraces, fimintis prefio chas?

Hoc rempe ab - bounire exigitur, ut profit bominibus fifo cri pote/f, moulis; fi minus, paucis; fominis proximis; fo minuis, Sibi.scaec. dc vilà beata.

Indiftinguifhing alfo of things good and neceffary from their contraries, wee fhould not mixe triviall Difcourfes in our maine Relation: they nuch impaire and difparage the weight of an Hiftory, diftracting the Readers minde with inipertinencies, where the Subject might of it felfe be better profecuted; nor can any thing flew more indiferetion in an Author, than there vagaries, where attention can no way be moved, the expectances of men fatisfied, or a reall delight with profit apprchended. Attention (as that eloquent Oratornoteth) is there the quickeft, where wee promife to fpeake of things, great, new, un-uluall; or fuch affaires as may conduce to the benefit of the Common-weale, to the eftablifhing, ofReligion, Piety, or the like.

Now fuch frious Difooures (in themfelves grave and ponder.ous) are not to be mixed with cvery frivolous digreflion ; the Body of the Hiftory being folid, thould not depend of weake and infirme nembers: which might feeme to refemblethe Romas Coloffe, of an huge proportioninbody, butfeeble feet; foas one day the trame of the whole was demolifhed by the debility of onc part. Yet in this grave and firme Cempolition, there muft be one neceffary Caveat inferted: that whenfoever we draine the approbarion ofour Difourfe (as from many, and thofe to cur Judgment of the feleated Authors ) we reconcile their Opinions, and make one united Body of fo many difperfed parts. This I thought te caution (as well the Hiftories per-
ufers,

## A Nurfery for G.E NTRX.

ufers, as the generalleft Collectors of) becaufe Ihave obferved this foule e rrour (and that in both Ancient and Moderne Relations) where Opinions divers Authors were cited, and their feverall O - dirawne from pinions marfhalled ona row: bue as in a batrell, hould be ree: when the wingsbe broken, there enfuech nonghr conciled, .... 4 but an univerfall confulion; fo without recon-: cilcment in the conclufion, He leaves the Reader in furpence, whofe opinion to entertiline; biccaure not directed by the Author.

This implics a double defect; either from ftupidity, nocable ro dilinguif) : ct froma pertina- and ignorant. cy, not willing to communicate his Judgment to others. The latteris more intollerable than the firft ; for the one includes a native defect, (which hee would remedy if his Apprehenfion could hetter it.): The ether a malicious defite of ingroffing knowledge to himfelfe; though both unworthy of an Hiffericall place : fro Ignorance delerves friall entertainment in fo judicious an Argument : and a perverfe difpofition much leffe, concealing his knowledge from his Countrey, which by his Subject (it feemes) he intended ta benefit. In dittinguifhing likewife, we fhruld cver obferve to cull our füch perficitous Sentences as compretiend moft, yet leaft in affectation: for fuch tafte ever of fingularity. Vid. Aul. Gol. Hortenfius was called by Pytbices (for his too in Nof.attic. nuchigeffuring) a profert Mimick, a Dionyfan: the fame Title may be given cur cirious: Relators: they binde.thcir Subject to their words, efteaning no difcourfe in it felfe worth judicious

Words thould be accommodate to the maticr, 110 t the matror 10 obfervilm the words.
obfervation, but what is replenilhed and full fraughted with polite fentences, making the matecr indebted to the fuperficiall Art of the Conipofer.

You flall read in many Hiftorians a fingular

What cratic, both for choife of Words, and difpoliniono of Phraze, beit becomes an Hifory. kinde of flate, the forme and order of their Relations, obferved : Neither thellyou finde in that Style any fuch a ffected State, as with large Parenthefes to intangle the undertanding, or too muchenlarge the Subject, by challenging too neareaffinity with Art. The felfe tame forme which fometimes that richly-enobled Mirandwia commended to his, I thould beft approve of in thefe. "As I do not(faith he)require from you "a forme of Spech to trimnee, fo I would ': not have it traih; as I would not have it too "ncate, fo I would not have it too rough; as "not too choice, fo not too courfe.

That unkembid and incompt Anciquity, he

What?ocrer eaftes of aff:s.aaıü, digief fech from this Difoolicioa. could not cudure. He would have Lines fo tafte of the Lampe, as to have aftronger relith of labeur, than affeitation from any other. As firf, for tle choice of Words, Noman, unleffe he have already vow'd to converfe onely with Aire, can be of fo diftemper'd a judgement, as to preferre a fluperficiall dreffe of Words, before the maine subied where of hee meanes to intreare. This were like one, that thould addreffehimfelfe for fome farre journey, and accommodate himfelfe with all neccflinies fitting for fuch a journall : hurneglects wholly, orknowes not the bent of his Travaile whereto he goes, nor for
for mhat and, And foolifh were he, who, upon perüfll of fuch an Airy Auchor, that decks his Workes meerely with an outward luftre, thould fall into a veine of applauding or commending him Nar could he well have leffe reafon to approve fach Encomions (but rather hold them for Paredoxes) thain fuch, who have beene fomecimes plealed to beftow their derifory praifes upon the wery worft or contemptibleft Subjects: After this forr, was Polycrates that famous Nithenian Rhetorician pleafed tofall intothe praife of the Tyrant Bufyris, Scneca of Claudius, Favorinus of Therites, Maro of his Gnat, Luscianus of his Flye, Apuleius of his Afe: Againe, Favorinus of a Quartane Fever, Glaucus of Injuftice, Symefurs of Baldneffe, Lwciamis of Parafiticall Flattery, Erafonus of Folly. atque etham But truth is, praife may reflect upon the Subject afpiter: that is unworthy of fuch praife, by way of dif- Nemox inncugrace. Tocommend a parcimonious man for ribi conmifss his bounty or liberality; or a fevere Judge for pudorem. his clemency, layes him open to the World; which makes his Commender a Satyricall Difplayer $1:$ in extolling him in that refpeit onely, which hath begothin, to fuch as trucly know him, a marke of ignotniny. Flattery, faith one, is not alwayes to praife in prefence, for ingage our felves wee may to that hatefull brand, by praifing in abfence, that is, when either the vertue, for which he is praifed, is abfent, or the occafion: as for Vertue, as the is her owne praife, her owne Princely Precident ; fo is her owne torick of any arective Parafite.

Such words then beferme an Hiftorian beft, "hichare proper and native. Such as' wereobfolcte or ont of ufe were much diftafted of our Hiftorians of ancient time : fo as; howfoever fome abfrufe words may fall out now and then in the Relations of Iranquillus, which tafted too much of Calepine: no doubt, but they were in thofe times received for Native. Howbeit, fometimes they mainly obfcure the mind of the Auhor. Some Arguments likewifecanot be expreffied in ufuall Words: unleffe the Word by which fuch a thing thould be rendred, were dilated to a whole fentence. In fuch cafe, the Hiftorian is to bc excufed; bccaufe the eafineffe of this errour, is rather to the Subject than Author to be imputed. In briefe, I will concludethis with that fententious faying of the Pcert:

## Words follow matter of their onne accord, Natter gives life and effence to the Word.

Now, for the P/braze; as I have formerly propofed the beft direction, that fuch, who have already writ of that Subject, have recommended; all the better, to imprint this in your memory; it is to be underfood, that no Phraze of Speech better becomes thefe. Relations, than fuch as are. bricfe and fententious. I have knowne fome, in their Additions to certaine pleafing Inventions of our ownc; by labouring to furpaffe their Coppy
(left
(leftimperfect, and falling into their nice hands to make compleate) through an affired Elegancy of phraze, to have darkned the meaning of the Author: by furnifhing the Story with an Ocean of Wress, but fcarce onedrcppe of Reafon. The Pbraze then muft be fo difpofed, that the matter whereof wee treate, muft not through affectationbecome intangled, nor any way obfcured. Wherein a great meafure of difcretion is required : Yea, and in one and the fame Hiftory, the forme of the Phraze may be changed. Light Subjects are ever properly fuited with light Lines. But when we addreffe our Difcourfe to defrribe the Subverfion of a State; the depopulation of any flourifhing City : ftill from the Tragickeathes of fuch a Story, may our Penns bee taught to droppe Teares. There is noreprefentment of Sorrow that fuites well in the fame Habit or Colours, that Subjects of delightare to beattiredin. When that Nation, our Hiftorian hath occafion to write of, fhall be cloathed in mourning garments; when fire and fury attend them withour, feare and famine within:

## When their weake $V$ valls are foinclos'd about, That feare gets in, but not hing canget out.

Then muft his Pbraxe of Speech put on an heavy dreffe. Elegancy never leffe befeemes him thanat that time. Paffinnate Enter-breathes; Treaties of Sorrow; Eare-moving expoftulations
from thole difconfolate Agents of mifery ${ }_{2}^{\prime \prime}$ are fitting Dishes for fuck a bloody banquet.

This might bee amply olelustrated by thole moue mane cruckclos direly coo. mussed by the Groats \& Gur high in Cicero wanly,

## Benzoin $H \cdot \beta \cdot$ ind. ind. $Y$

 Benz in his Indian Story expreffeth a Singular Art in his difcovery of Paflion in this kine'; who relating the cruelty of the Spanifh Nation practised upon the Weft Indies (if the Hiftory hold concurrence with truth) collects a Summary of all in this one prefidentall report: In one of their lands called $H i$ Ppaniola, of twenty hundred thoufands, when the people food untouche (which had they remained fo fill, wight have redounded more to the honour of that Nation) the Author was verily perfwaded ar the penling of his History, that there were farce a hundred and fifty fowles left; whence he exclaimed, o quot Neroncs, quot Domitiani, quot Commodi, grot Balliani,' quot inmates Dionifij ens serrasperagravere?Helix's int tore a Catetcgue of unexemplary Tyrants, for fun unexemplary mifthietes. Pavilion in Difonurles of this nature (which is farce better cxpreft in abrupt fights, than polifh'd freech; ) will become well the penne of an Hifto ran. Another Style is to bee used in peaceable Treaties, Nuptial Solemnities, or Orations by way of Embalfie and the like.

In the diffinguithing then of there, as have formerly noted; is much difcretion required. For to ute any Style that may not flite with she Subjeff whereof he creates, argues a want of difpofitionin the Author: refombling foch ridiculous Actors, who, whether they Spake of Heaven or

Earth,fixe their eyes alwayes on one place : or whecther they fpeake of warre or peace, cyer reteine one rune in their ill-difpofed voyce. Shatl we thena'litele longer infift upon fuch particalars, for matter of Sryle, as either impaires cr improves the beauty of an Hiftory? Heare what my opinion, derived in part from others, is in'this.

Thefe befeeme not a Hiftory'; dilated circumfances; in? ances too much food upon, anambiguous leaving of forrething undeterpined: They leve the underfatidng in dont what to refolve,' the judgement what to thinke, the thoughts what to deliberate' : So as cur readind conferres no other profit, fave an intricate winding or weathing of mang andeties tupto. gethor : Giving the Minde free Ycope to imagine the civent, being implyed by the Author.

An Hittorian in his writing fould have a kinde of foeming fecurity for his style and ofder ofSpectreyetnor fat, (as toomiranexite or witrily compofed jeft) to relifh the Readers dif- $\begin{aligned} & \text { Non ubt veant } \\ & \text { tivita }\end{aligned}$ tafte: Such was Tacitus ufe, by entcrlacing the proprid esdit. Ferioufincfe of fhis Tale, with forme judiciall (but frangely briefo) enterices; aninexing tome pleafant Araive, either of meere purpofe invented, or from the cccafion of his Subject derived, to fweeten the heavier part of his difcourfe: which fhould not be too long infifted on, for that were trifling ; but fhadowingly touched, for that implies plenty of Suhject; not flying to triviall relations, to make upagreater Volume, but
K.r. 3.
for the delight of the judicioully affected: Mif cemdoutile dulci.
But alas, wherc this diftinguifhment of jodgoment of Hiftories requires grear labour, it otttimes obtaines as little favour: The prefent' age cannot admit of fuch difcourfes, they be too ferious: So that whofoever fhould compile a Vo lume of Judiciall extractions, or approved Obr fervances, hould hardly have as many Readers, as Perfiusconjectured for his Labours; Veldwo,vel nemo: Oill difpoted Times! when judgement

Nomina, Men crals, C'bariorum $\int$ cribuntur areni, Pieridü geledis inclyra Scripes rom gisill.

Worlde Anatomy.
goes a Wool-gathering. Augufus had two which he efpecially refpected above the reft of his Nobles, and the one of whem was a Checanas, a Patron of learning, and a grace to the facred influence of Poëfic: But where fhould we finde an Atlas for Parnalfus in thefe dayes? where Noble (yet degenerate Spirits) efteeme him that will be Pandor to his Punke, above him that will bee Patron to a Pcem? It feemes frrange that in beft cxpericuc't tines, where knowledge fhould bee hightned, the foggy vapours of ignorance difpelled: Nay, where thefe times have refpite from warlike Alarums, and therefore may fecurely fecde at Minerva's Table, fhould be fodelighted with fuperficiall feadowes, contemning the perfect effence and luftre of Man, (to wit) how to know himfelfe. Here the Mifer digges (and with the Dormonfe) Alcepes out his tine in a fruittefie fraping; There the Prodigall (careleffe oftimes expence ) baffardizeth his Fathers providence, lcaving no more to himfelfe, than that
he could not take from himfelfe, poore Grave: Here the Ambitious man; difplaying his pie-coloured flags of vanity (in the elation of his Spirit) contemnes the inferiour ranke of men, ever aiming at an higher Spheare than popular preffe, till his afpiring produce his falling, and the honour which hee purchaft without merit, forfakes him not without fhame : But which of thefe will take paines to fechimfelfe reprefented in Exemplary Hiftories? If the Picture of old Orenedemus were hung upin the eye of the Mifer (he would I doubt it not) gaze with his foure eyes on the Picture, but make little or no ufe on the Patterne: The Ambitious man, if hee faw the Character of himfelfe in that vaft and undetermined minde of Catiline, in that ambitioufly infinuating fpirit of Seian, I feare me hee would rather make ufe of the meanes of his rifing; t than caution himelfe by his untimely declining : The Prodigall (expreffirg his owne Mirrour, by $T$ beotimus crrour ) who preferred luftibefore his eyes, would ( much I feare ir)rather darken the eye of his Soule, to fatisfie the eye of his'Body, thian moderate his paffions on Earth, to reape the fruit of his Moderation in Heaven. O that thefe Times would fo diftinguifh of their abufes, as being difcovered, they may be cenfured'; for where abures are concealed, they feeme afrefh to be renewed, and (with Authority) confirmed, butbeing openly ript, they may be whipt and ftript : firft difplayed to the eye of the World, then fummoned before the T brone of Iufice!

It was a conftant Guifome; as hath Leepe obSenced, "For the Rdmans Staveis and that when "fhe was in her prime Monardtioll betuay, fire all. Arrificers to carry about then the badges of cheirTrades; the Signals dif theil Gindicions. And this every Mechanick widfingly kiteyeds fo as, it was not permitted therw to whlle abrod through the Streets of the City, without this Cognizance of their quality : While one mare precife than wife, fanding one day frth in the prefie ef the people; "Sirs, quoth he, we are in"joyned to gee with the feverall Badqes of cur "poore profeffions, and as meeteis, we obferve "the Cuftome. Neane time, how fixd we know "what Trade our perfumed Silken Courtiers are "of;our puirple Confuls, or our Scarlet C:tizens? "Where be the Armes they beare? The Cogni"zants they carry?

The Specch of this Critick Arxizan came ftecight to the Emperoturseare; who liling well of hisblunt queftion, injoiyned all fuch as reteined to his Court, or beare Magifteriall: plaess in his Courss of Juftice, orbore high Offices in the City, to od berve the like courie which thofe inferiour Mechanicks obferved. This was enjoyned, and their obfervance expected. Many Devices and Impreffa's were contrived; but few or none pleafed. 'It was thought fit by the' Emr percur, thit fuch devices and noother fhould act commodate themt, as that very Artift fhould invent, who firft propofed this Obfervation to them. He ready to embrace fuch a Tafke, and

## $A \mathcal{X}$ (urfery for $G B \mathcal{X}\left(T R r_{0}:\right.$

obey fo juft a command, fers his Invention forthwith on worke, which he difcovers in this fort: For the Coursier, he gave him a Sweet Glove with this Impreffe: Eius ero; quame gero.

For the Confal, a Wedge of Gold with this Mott : Illi bareo, guod fero:

To the city officiall, a Lampe in she Snuffe, with thefe words: Ferveo; at fateo.

Howfoever the device might feeme bitter, this invention was not onely approved, but rewarded by the Emperour.
$\because \because$ It is a true faying, "There is nothing that gives more nourilhment to Vice than want of imployment: by doing nothing, wee fhall foone learne to doe worfe than nothing.

Action is the life of $\mathrm{Man}_{8}$ and when the Fancy is not well imployed, it will affay fomething that may wieneffe to the World, it had better farre beene reftrained.

For my part, I cannot chufe but wonder (with that Divinc Cynick) how Man bred amongt Men fhould fo foone forget the prime beauty of Man; as to fuffer it to be drenched in the Lees of loofe affections. How a living Subltance, and thatSubitance.endowed with Reafon, fhould fo faune on a Shadow. Or hold himfelfe imparadized with the poore conceit of a fmile from one lighter than Vanity: What an incomparable Favour is one ravifid Feather from her Fanne, whofe verylevity is the Embleme of thatFavour? Are thefe manly motions? What a tricking, trimming, poudring and purfing this poore S!

Rinde ceit of a bold Artizan.

A moder difcovery of the sbules of the time : how they are to be cearchedjhow cured.

Rinde muft haver: what a varnifh muft Art bd:
flow on it? Meane time, what Diogenes fomen frow on it Meane time, what Diogenes fomen
times faid toa youth too curioully and effeminately dreft, way be truely. fiid to this paintedpiece:' If thougoeft tomen, all this is bue in "vaine, if unto wonen, it is wicked: . Now, as the Lure of a light Curtezan is Lqcre; her aime mult confequently be the ruine of her Lovions. Soas, her fpeech to her poore Suiteris' the very fame, which that old Strumpet ufed to a worne:our Cuftomer of hers, who asked daies of payment for his pleafure, Oculata nofira funt manus, credunt quod vident. If unguided youth would have his delights fenfible, her receipts mult be palpable.

Lecfc occafion of gricfe it cannot be to any

Vid.Mariams in 1 rcad. Priuc. one who affects Piery, ore fuffers with a juft man iuhis wrongs : To fee an honeft and integrious caute fall light in the Scale, becaufe his gold wants weight. To fee juftice weighed by graines: Or Scarlet attended by vices in the fame Livery.

Or a rich Chuffe, whofe ill-thriving providence his pofterity taftes of ; to fqueaze the weake ones with his unconfcionable bargaines; to treafire to himfelfe what will fticke byhim, when poore duft (the remainder of all his care) thall reccive him: Many a dry cye attend him: and hishungry Executors (as Ravens greedy ofter prey, and impatient of too long delay) fhall imbrue his corple with their blood before they bury him.

## A X (arfery for G ENT वर $X$.

Let thefe reflect upon themrelves and their owne follies; and fee themfelves perfonated in divers inflances in all our Hiftories: and whien they have takena full view of thcir owne enormities ; which cannot be of fuch frall proportion, but they will appeare vifible enough to their recollected fancies, let me afke them in the fame tearmes that the young Gallant in $E$ rafrsises, afked his wanton Miftreffe: "Arc "cyee not afhamed to doe that in the fight of "God and teftimony of his Angels, which yee are ${ }^{6}$ a afhamed to do in the fight of Men, inferiour to "Angels? Sores cannot be cured, till they be difcovered and fearched : a Morall Story has in readineffe a Probat to fearch them, and Balme enough, if ufefully applide, to heale them.
$\because$ Olet Hiftories, as they be Records of what were done, whether good or evill; excite us to be good, and deterre us from being evill : Stories are replenifhed with examples of both forts, for they beStore-houfes of precedent events, and confequently fo to be obferved and digefted, as the Judicious Reader may "better difpofe of his events. I have noted in Difcourfes of this kind, the obfervance of that Generally Indicious cienthersan, and the beft advancer of depreffed L.earning, where he faith : Sorme Bookes aretobets. $\operatorname{Sir} F . B$.

A Three-fold Difcourfe fed, fonse to be fwallowed, ferw to be cherved and digefied. Such as are to be tafted I comprehend, in Stories of modeft accomplement, fuperficiall brandied inco a hhree-fold Otferrance. flourifhes, garnifhing our Difcourfe modeftly without vaine oftentation or bravery: Such are Sr 2

## 308 $\mathcal{A}$ Survey of HISTOR $Y_{3}$ or

to be fwallowed, as thore Amorous, and fruitleffe labours of braine-ficke Authors, freighted with continuall Hyperbolees comely in nothing but love : Such are to be chewed and digefted; as include difcourle tending both to inftruation and delight, \&ic.

So then, here we may come to our judiciall point; we fee and read Hiftories, fome onely to the anted, others fwallowed, fome few chewed, as Bealts were in the old Law. Hiftories being ruminated and chewed, yeeld a continuall profit, and rhe more meditared, the more bencficiall; which feenied well approved (and no leffe worthy our obfervance) by his inflitution, that wilhed cvery Reader to take the fe three remembrances in his way to reade : Libenter, Diligen. ser, and Intellizenter; The fyift yeelds a prefent delight, becaute it includes a willingneffe; the ncxt a diligent Attention, implying a ferioufneffe; the laft an ule of both, entolding an underftandingneffe: Thefe thrce atrend a judicious diftinguifhing'of Hiftories, Judgement in difcerning what is belt, and thele to apprehend the belt: Thefe fonre commixed refenble twinnes at two burthens, all direftours one to another: for without judgement, we may chufe the worft as foone as beft, taking our aime onely at delight, without recourle to profit, belt agrecing with the outward fence ; here is a want int the Election: without willingnelie, cur reading brecds almthing; withour diligence, our difecuife is fruitlefle; and without underfanding, our minds be

# A Nurfery for GENTRX. 

erring. And thus much for dijudicating of Hiftories, an effentiall part of this Booke:I have but fummarily fet down my Opinion (grounded on the collections of others) herein, that I might profeciute the former parts of my Divifion in the Method of this Hiftory, contracting inuch intoa little Body.

(20)He Method which I propounded to my felfe in the beginning, was firf to defribe the Scope of Hiftories: Secondly, the ufe, fruit, and effect of Hiftories in generall: and the third extracted from the fecond, that the particular Profit which redounded eyther to a Family in private, or adminiftration of States in publicke by thefe Hiftories: For the firft, being the original whence the twoothers are drained, I have fonken fufficiently: Longer (I confeffe) was I enforced toinfift upon then, then my Volume (which I prefcribed my felfe) would admit : But the many Vfes, Suthdivffions,' and groundo maturally arifing from them, enforced me to profecute the Argument more fully : I intend now thandle the focond part, to wit, the Fruite and $V$ fe of itiflory, the feciall'ft Motive inducing reading.

THegreateft and movingft argument of perIwafion to the undertaking of this or that, is the benefir we expect redounding from our en:torprife : I will fuccindty expreffe the fevcrally-:

The Method profecuted.

Vie ofilinory.
moving effeats of profit (the worldly mans Adimant) from Hiftory, Naturally and Eflentially derived: which being laid open, I hope the Mifer (who as Seneca notech, is good to none, but worlt to himielfe) will be protitable both to him. felfe and others: My Exordium thall be drawne from him, becaufe I take him to be one of the divils chicfeft Futors, and more benefit flould I yceld my Country in bringing fuch an one, than in taking an Arcli-pirate: Fromhim defending to every vitious proffiour (binding my felfeever to my tackling) the fruis of Hiftory, in it felfeable to reclaime the depravedft from their habituated enomitios. $\mathrm{Mi} / \mathrm{F}$.

## Lingacite

Primope, 101.1 $\cdots$ lichersmas rfolutude flt Cri114: succumblivise ammis: cu!cts fomalixe patiunt surOrgima.

A Alifir and Mifery werecver held Correlatives. And le is thateruc Mifer, who, like the blind Mole, receives al his nutriment from Mold. It is ftrange that any Creature endued with Reafon, fhould fo meth tlave rhe freedom of fo righe a Soveraigneffe to the chraldome of Semfe. When the Prince or Princefie falls fick, the whole Court mouncs, fayes that incomparible Morall. Apply this to thy owne Condition, miferable Wormeling; thy Princefie is morrally licke; thy Soule whol.nguifhed irrecoverably; how can all her ficulties doe lefic than fulfer?

Shoe over hated converfing with Earth : her Contemphationwas inamhigher Spheare. And as a llant removed fiom that Soile whereit liked, and broughit to a plotee of ground from hee Nature thanged ; thec hias o flate quite loft hor Verdure and Vigour. Thus haft thou fuf-

## A Nursery forGIEN:T.R r.

fer td thy Divine pair t to be drowned and def chad in the contemptiblett refuse and rabbin on Earth.

On that thou knew's but what final!! fontling or portion of this Earth which thou fo much affecteft, muff ferve thy taurine: and what a final measure in the Interim (if thy defircs would reft fo fatisfide) will afford thee a Compercale! There thy unbounded and Hydropick affections would confine themfelves to a Itraiter Circumference.

Truth is, there is nothing which this Earthworme enjoyes, that he can properly entitle his owns. For as thole Temporary bleflings which thee has received, are eftranged from his ute: to the very thoughts of his heart are not his. owed, becalife they are tver fixing on another Fame. He e fees nothing lowish in another Pafture; but the Object of it begets his diftem. per. Others fitneffo makes him leans. 'jo gamine himaneftate, he cares not how he mace rachis Body. If farech with foch monas the fe, as it doth with the Ses-Eagle, who, when Rice cannot te de upon his prey, he throws himedfe head-Iong into the Gulfs.

Now, whereto extends this immoderate Corpus cxiteru. ats. wt lucrulu extendat.
faun fare quod apis, nequcal, - g surgircm do. $^{-}$ mirgisur. Care? he will tell you, for himflfe and his poItcrity. Let as then divide there parcels of his Care, and collect what ut hae makes of it either in reflect of himfelfe, or his Salethrift Hire.

It is good providence (for fo hoe guilds his

Avarice.) which hath brought him to this mace. rating Carc. He cannotendure to fee the Creatures of God, fo lavifhly nor carelefly fcattered. He h'as refolv'd to hold an hanke: Though itbe now Summer with him!, hee knows not how foone Winter may come. He h'as refolv'd therefore to play the provident Ant; to have his Granars full; Vinc-prefles flow; to have a Friend in a corner to revenge him of his Foe, and doe his Fricnd apleafure.

Theteare fare flourifics ; but looke what precious fruits thele glorious Refolves produce! What bencfit brimgs all this hoording, to himsfolfer Or what utility to the publick State: To himfelfe, I dare fay, neither living or dying. For obierve him while he is living; and you fhall find him the pooreft and leaneft Soule in all his Menicy.
Yca, he could be well contented, of all Sects, to he a rythagorean; wifhing with all his heart (fo it might ftand with the confervarion of Nature) neither to eate nor drinke all his life-time: but he intends not this abfinence to increafe his Knowladge, but toimprove his Fortunes by an abficmiousprovidence. So as, that Cynick tooke nor his marke amife, when refolving one day to diftinguifh a Land-bujer from a Scller ; a miforable Chuffe from a fociable G cod-fellow; tooke his ayme hy their Phyfncmics. If hee faw one plunipe-ficid, ruddy-complexion'd, cheerefully countenancd, quick-cy'd, hee would accoaft him with this Salute:"Sir, are not you a Seller?

But when he faw one of a leane meagre Countnance, chop-falne, earthy complexion'd, he would prefently alter his conjecture upon fight of his Feature, and greete him thus : "In "good fadneffe, grave Sir, are not youa Purcha"fer? Whence we may fafely condude:That be ba's the befif part inthe World, that his leaft part in it. tem is mundo baber, qui mi-
Nor can this unprofitable care of a wretched Worlding, become any way ulefull to him in his dying. His Teftament is made ; and he leaves in it what he is unwilling to leave. And to whom he leaves it, he knowes not ; bur enjoy muft others, what he could not. A Grave-ftone, perchance, may diftinguifh him from the poor ones of the Parifh. But for an Infription, either his memory merits none, or his mindleffe Executor beftowes none; or the difeetceme of his Survivers will not deagne him one.

Nor can this penurious providence ofhis, afford much good to his fucceeding Scatter-good. Who cries out with that Chort-mourning Gallant; fo foone as he h'as earth'd the Foxe.

Away with Sable, Bugle, Cyprefe-black, For now mine"hsmour is so mourne in Sack.
ire proculyeBespulpe, virraque ciupref'fi, 1 xpedier

Thus have you penfil'd out the Portrature of valfo merro. a Mifer. His infatiate defire of cncrealing his State;his ufeleffe end in difpofing his Store : all which by a right ufe of Hiftoricall Obfervations, may receive a fpeedycure. thory. belly, fo engaged to the World, as he muft have his houfhold-God of the World, ever harboured in his bofome, or made his pillow to llecpe on, the key of his ruft : Hee that never ted Nature in all his dayes with comperency; ordurf recreate himielfe, for feareleaft his rereation thould play cheater, and coufen him of his providence : being the moath of the vernous, the harbour of the vitious : carrying a condience more infectious than Pats-bane ever about him: if everlie have grace to aft his eye into an Hilhoricall Difoourfe (next to the Sicred Writ) he hall finde as Soveraigne Antidotes for his malady, as in any place. I will Anatomife the Mifers corruptions, and likeanartificiall pratitioner firftopen his woflizds, and then intue Balme into thengultioh Unction if it will not teres Ithall thenaplynotreromband tharp plaitlers.

Nuw Mafter Mifer, that is, meere wretched man; thon haft futficient, and more rhan is competent formature yet thou are not fatisfied: A rery, very litele will ferve tace for thy ufe, for thou never hadte the Grace to know what an honcit expencenkent : Theti Tantalizeft thy GIfe; amidef of plenty, famifned; Thouhart a good mind tobe rich, but that's impoffible: Semnuabe rich.

## A P (urfery for $G E N T: R$.

upon carch ; yer thy chaines are of gold, thou art sub te omnias, a gorgeous prifoner ; Thou art fubjected tol pue exira te. more hazards than a Merchant Venturer; to te, que exira more nightly opprefling, and fur-charching cares, tr.Tcrram Su. than an Emperour ; to more hourely diftra- preses.b. ctions, and terrible apparitions, than a Murtherer : Thou wouldft tleepe if thou couldft, but thy difturbed thoughts deprive thee of that comfort: To be briefe, as thou art in Image the beft, foin difpofition the worft of all creatures, being thine owne Timon, thine owne hangman, that macerates thy felfe, and makes thy appetite cver infariate.
I will lead thee into a fpacious field of Hiftories, where thou fralt fee thy immerited mind deblazoned in her colours ; not a memorable inftruction for Liberality (thy abfolute Opponent ) but fhall be produced for thy ufe : that feeing the eminence of thy Adverfary, thou maift hate thy felfe, and bee reconciled at laft to thy Foc,

The Liberall-hearted man is as much Mafter to himfelfe, as thou art thine owne Slave : he furpaffeth thee in ufe of his owne, and can direct himfelfe by an equall proportion, limited ever to a generally approved end. Hee hates to draw in the Sailes of his Bounty, in the prefence of defert; and makes no more account of his own, than to diftribute to others wants a fhare of his fortunes; nor efteemes he that his owne, of which he hath not power, and inhis power can freely give : hee verefies the Vcrfe (approving a

$$
\text { Tt } 2 \text { liberall }
$$

## 316

The Litherall mans Aphoritme.

The CharaAces of a Libe rall man.
liberall mind: Guod nanqwam dederit, non habuife pusat: He never was fo farre ingaged, or enthraled ro any earthy fubftance, as to make it chiefetaine over his intellectuall part : he makes this his Pofition, and fornes it thould be controuled by any inficriour fubject:Togive, and to delight in giving: And that day wherein ( to the moity of his fortuncs) he hath not demonftrated the rare Character of his Bounty, hecryes out with Titus, A mici, perdidimes diem! This day hath beene an abridgement of my generous intentions, a retraint to my extended mind ! I did never flew my felfe, leffe tobee my felfe, than in this dayes exigent! This is He who meafures Vertuc for his mecre peace and contentment, and notaccording to fucceffe; hee fhewes not his liberality for obfervance, but peculiar fatiffaction; for he imagines no greater infelicity, than to be miferable; His promifes are ever relatives with his performances: He fornes to diffemble with the World, he never annoynted his tongue to enrich his fortunes. The perfect Idiome and Character of his Native Properties is already depictured; I will illuitrate this Mirrour of Vertues with Exemplary Mirrours, Profeffours of this Vertue : Reade but the ancient Romaze Aunals you fhall fee many renowned for Liberality, and inSyrasufa too, for her Eminence and exquifite Government no leffe glorious. In Reme a Liberali y. Patrimony, to preferve his Countries repuration : Scenim Patrimoony, quàm patriam fide;
inopem effomaluit. Bufa noleffe renowned, and inthis more to be oblerved, becaufe a Woman, whofe fexe implies a parfimony, relieving the poore diftreflid Romans (ccupt up in the Walls of Canna) making her felfe poor, to adde power (by her bounty) to the afflicted.
In thefe examples and expreffions of Liberality, let this our Warke for that Pious Office which we defire to performe, returne teher former Method; addreffing it felfe to a conmemoration of fo faire a Subject: with which, Pincely and Noble Difpofitions are molt taken; and by which, thofe who depend on others bounty, are feafonably relicved.

Now, this excellent Vertue, or if you will, Ornament of Majefty, derives her - Originall (as maybe probably gathered) from two efpccial Fountaines: trwe Iudgement in diferning; and charitable benevolence in commiferating. For whenfoeverit fprings from thefe, Bounty may ever give a reafon of what irgives, and to whom it imparts it felfe. For though the greatneffe of the gift winne grace and love to the giver; yet the feafon or opportunity of giving makes it more effectuall to the receiver.

That Fabisu, whom we formerly remembred, thewed fingular argumenes of this bounty; whore example we the rather preffe afrech, becaufe the opportunity of his bounty added to the eftimate of it : The gift beftowed was but finall, but che feafon made it great. A little fumme of money inlarged the continuance of hismemory. For

The bounteous difpositioons of many nuble Perfoanges Hiflo rically amplfide.

## 318 A Surbey of HISTOR Y, or

having redcem'd at Hannibals hand, the liberty of fuch'prifoners as had beene taken by him, in thofe Warres. When the City of Rome would not difcharge that fumme, for which he had articulated : he fent his owne Sonne to Rome, purpoifly to fet at fale the whole Farme he had from his Ancefters. He valued little his owne Patrimony, in regard of the redemption of a Prifoners liberty ; and fo free his Conntrey, whofe fame he prized above Life, from breach of promife, and fo deepe a brand of infamy.

Now, if we rhouldaccount the price of what he gave, it was but fimall. This Hepeditary Farme comilited bur of feaven Acres, and thofe lying in Papinia: but when we confider the mind of the Giver, we fhall find no mafie of nioncy fo great, but it appeares greater. The Inheritance of his Predecefiours mult befer at fale, rather than his indeared Countrey fuffer the leaft faine. He had rather lofe his Farme, than fhee fhould lofe her Fame. Wherein he feemes by his noble endedvours to deferve greater commendation, thewing himfelfe of willing to extend his bounty (inanaft of fuch neceffity) even to the utmoft of his ability; firre out-Atripping fuch, who give farre within their power, or from their fuperfluity : for whereas the One beftoweth what he may, the Other more thanhe may.
No Lines, were they never foffull of Life and Memory, can fulficientlyadvance that afpiring Spirit of Roman Liberality; when after the over-

## A Nurfery forl G.ENTRT:

throw of Philip King of Macedon, allGreece affembled together to be witnelfes of firch a Spectacle; Quintus Flaminius (of whom I fhall occafionally fpeake herenfter) commanding filence by the found of a'Trumper, commanded thefe words to be publifhed by the Cryer: "The Senat, Peo".ple, Queftors of Rome, and 2 quintus Flaminitrs "her Generall, command thar all thofe Cities " of Greece, which were under the late dominion " of Philip thall enjoy all freedome and infran"chifenient. Which wordswere no fooner heard, then thofe ponple eaken with agreat and unexpeited joy, at firt, as if theythad nor belcev'd their owne eares, they bept filence. But when the fame words were re-delivered by the Cryer, to anforce more credit in the Hearer, they deafned the Aire with fuch a florill flour; as for certainc the very Birds which flew above them, amaacd and ravilhed with the found,' fell from the Aire.

Surely, it was an argument of a nobly-difpored mind ro frec fo many Captives from reftraint, and toteftow the fame liberty upon then, which the people of Rome, glorious by her many victories, had fometimes beftowed on their richeft Ci ties. .r. And to adde a greater !uftre or majefty to that worke of bpunty; itcenduceth much to commemorate not onely the liberality of the Giver, but the free affent or approbation of the people to that Gift $:$ for as there is a Conmendation due to the act recorded, fo likewife to the prife it felfe defervingly rendred.

## 320 A Survey of HISTOR Y, or

But while Rome fends forth fuch noble Branches, who on fo flourifhing and fruitfula Mother beftowed all honour, her owne Munificence fhould not beburied infilence. And redound it will highly to her praife, to recount what a brave bounteous mind the fhewed to Kings, Cities and Countries: fecing, the honour of every deferving astion, the more it is revived, the more it fpreadeth in beaty.

W'hen Rome inad taken all $\mathcal{L}$ Fia, fhe beftow'd it as a gift upon King Attalus, to poffefé $;$ imagining , that the Soveraignty of her Inaperiall City would appare fo much more glorious and fpecious, if flie beftowed the richeftand pleafanteft part of the World for a benefit to another, rather thankecpe it as a Store-houfe for her felfe. Fifecially, where the victory it felfe is the happi-

It clofeth with more Maprity to make Kings, than ta be a Kı!。
Val. Alax. lib. tocap.s. cft gift: becaufe, as to poffeffe much begetect'icnvy, fo togive of that we poffeffe, cannot want glors.

That bounteous and royall expreffion of viCtorious Cyrus tohis fucceffive Allies, deferves a due micmory. Who, at fuch a time as he was to try Malteries for a Kingdome with his Grandfire Afiages, exhorted fuch as were his Affittants in that Warre, that they fhould with all alacrity goonin that Service: for if he profperounly fucceeded in that fight, as the jufneffe of his caufe, the cquity of the quarrell, and hopefull predi(tions by howing Augurs affured nothing leffe: he would mate Foote-men, Horfe-men; and of Horle-men, Charrioters. Great mindes are not for
forfmall gifts. Emineut Perfonages muft ever fecond their quality with rich Prefencs.

The like difpofition fhewed Lacullas in his Princely entertainment to all fuch Perfons of quality as repaired to him. Beautifull walkes he had to receive them; bountifull Tables to Fealt them; choiceft Conforts to converfe with them; Melodious ayres to delight them ; curious Pictures to entertaine them. Nothing fo much difrelifh'd him as to feehis Hofpitality want a Subject; or his defire to exrend his bounty, an occafion to expreffe it.Strangers could not there want for repofe. A free walcomethey receiv'd withour being ever queftion'd from whence they came, or when they would goe. This differd far from that Adage:

Guefts of one Night fay may be kindly welcome, Guefs of a wext night are not held fo tooth fome, Cuefis of athird nighs are reputed noiforme To the Receiver.

This was that L. Lkcullur, of whom Cicero reporteth, that when hee went from Rome to make Warre upón Mitbridates, he was altogether unfkilfull of Military affaires: yet in the time of his Navigation hec fo experienc'd himfelfe, as by the confeflion of the King, he was preferred aboue all others for judgement in Martiall fervice.

That bounteous mind of Ensrapelus, of whom that incomparable Lyrick makes fich a free and

Unizr noflt peramicus Hof. pes,
Proxime gretus minu's oft Amicis,
Tcrrie viltus patitur bof is Dirc minantis.

Hor.
genuine
gemuine montion; deferves all efreeme. Thore things, which our Age moft fooles herelefe in, he with much fleightneffe gave away to his foes. A curicus neatdreffc could not fo take him : nor the falhions of the time fodelude him, but hee could with all indifferency forgo them: Itripping himfelfe of all ocalfonot being proud, to infathatchis profert foes with his pride.

But no bounty ever powrdit felfe forih more fiedy, nor heftow'd it filfe more defervingly, than of that hrave Millanoife; who profering himelie ever a confant Patron to the Mufes; and falling citally into diformfe with a Seranger, wholerichexpactions (as he conceiv'd) difcoverd him to be a Scholler:he defired much to heare the courfe of his Travaic: Whe, to fatifo fie fo jufta demaund, related to him, amonget other pafages, what cold entertannsent hee had reccived, amonget mange whoprofelthemfilves Fivorites of I cathing: :hut ofione Grande whove ill the reft, where he no foomer tepaired, thenthe was mhor pitab!'s difmiffed. Leave hee tonke of him, and leavehoe guchly gave him: whide to 'et forth the beter on life hereturned abricfe of his contertainmantin the estanza's: Cood leave Ib.id, fer none did me importune Totake my late repofo, io as I forred Men flapidtheir lookes according to my fortune, which forced meso tra crefing my ground To find fome place with miy cond uon forting, Wheretoretire but not 10 feekereliefe, Ithoughtrit fivi'f so defcant on try griefe.

And caufe I bad to grieve so fee the time somuch deprav'd, as I perceived than None could to Greatmeffe but by Fortune clime, And that it was the meanes that made the man, Which I applide unto that Fate of mine; Devifing how to palfethe night away, (day. Till th Morning Star fhowld guide thi approaching

Thefe Lines wrought fo ftrongly upon that bounteourly-difyofed Millanoife, as commifer.ting the Condition of a contetmed Scholler, he returned him this Regreet. "It is true, Sir, Dc"fert receives not alwayes entertainment; for as "c you fhall encomter with foanc who cannot diciftinguifh of worth; fo you thall meete with o"c thers who will nor acknowledge Worth, pur"pofely to fare their wealth. You fhall nor finde "call hearts fo affected, nor all mens Judguents «So filmed. Remaine with me , Sir, and wel"come; Be a Commander, while you are hecrea "Sojcurner. Ihave a Wardroabe hecere for the "Minfes, if they be maked; and a Place richly "endowed too, if for retirement they 1 e difpo"fed. Nothimg fhall be awanting to tl cm , fo "they be nor awanting to themfelves. It ha's ©: beene and ever fhallbe held mine highelt Ho"nour, to beefteened worthy the entertainment " of a Scholler.

But we proceed in this Branch of our Hiftory, to other remarkable Inftances for Liberality.

Quintus Coxpidises (of all moft memorable)
ver found his Countrics Fricnd.

An Vfurce bouncifull agunll his will. ver rarer: the Pigm Ulurer (it femes) had a confience, which our Chriftim Ulfurer wants: for in thar bloody, and inhumane Confpiracy of Castime, fecond to none, our Modernc Comterbuffe, our Powder-treafon excepted : hee remitted all his Debtors, laying his Bills and Bonds upon one pile, making a Bone-fire with them: where I make no queftion, but the Iffurers contimuall Cuftomers, the Poët Archias, and his Eccho, the Actor Rof sius had reafon to fiveare : Ruod nunquano ignens vidifent chariorem: That they never faw a clearer or more comfortable fire in all their dayes. It may be Confidius did this, becaufe he raw the difability of his Debtors ( for thofe Civill Commotions had much empoverilhed all Eiftates ) and therefore in policy, once to expreffe his bounty, thought it fitteft to forgive them that, which they were not able to give. More wherthy is the momory of Duintins flaminise, who in an Ifmian Triumph, in the prefence of his Countrics foe, the diring Pbilip of Macedon, redeemed fuith as were Philips Captives at his owne charge: Worthy our obfervation it is, willing to anfwer fo publick Solemnity, with an u-niverfall-concording harmony, making fuch free Spictators, that were before in fervitude.

Examples of Eounty amonyif she Sjo racu/sws.

The modert Prince Hiero of Syracwfa, who in muere compallion of che flaughter of the Romans, at the Lake $T$ lirafimenus, fent to the afficted remnunt of that wothll Army, three hundred Thoufand Bulhels of Wheate, two hundred of Bar.
ley, and two hundred and forty pound weight of Gold ta relieve their wants nind manifett his royall bounty. I may annexd the memorable ex. ample of Gillia of 1 grigentum, who was rich in Mines, but much more rich in minde, alwayes rather inclined to diftribute than ferape : © a as his hoofe (and that not undefervedly) was cilled officina Munificentia, a Ware-houfe of Bounty; erecting Monuments for publick ufe, that the eyes of the people might be delighted with fo gratefull pectacles: Here were prepared fumptuous Feafts, yeelding and miniftring food, and all otherneceflaries for the fuftaining Nature, to all way-faring men, beftowing dowers upon Maids, and reliefe to the poore, minitring plenty of comfort (out ofhis Royall Exchequer) to fuch as had fuftained any detriment, or damage. Tobe briefe, hee kept open Hofpitality, receiving five hundred Celemfian Gentlemenat one time, by occafion of Tempeft driven upon his Coaft, which he fed ar his owne Table; and at their departure royally adorned them with fumptnous Garments. To be fhore, thou wouldft not (faith our Hiftery) have taken him for any Mortall, for hewas too liberall, but the very Bounties-bofome of propitious Fortune.

Thou haft feene thefe Examples.of Liberality; I will now unrip thy owne Calket; and fee what worthy Pictures thou haft dectr up in it. - I fee many bagges of mould, but nor one ragge of Confcience: great Chefts ramm'd up with inexorable barres, crammed with Avarice, Famine,

Planted is shis City Agrigen. tum, on that flowry Mound tame Agragost

A Memorable Inltance of Horpitality.
and Opprelion. Lacifer is thy Treafurer, pro ving a faithfullfervant : for hee will not cheate thee for a World, left hee thould lofe his part of thee in the World to come. . Thou committeft to him the Keyes of thy Confcience; which opens and thurs upon all occafions: Hee being one of thy Family, trow canft thouchure bur be profperous? Yetbelecve ine (diy end willbe poore and mifcrable) not one of thofe many Angels thou poffeffict, like a good Angell, will guard, or give the fomuch as the leaft tafte of Comfort. I come not to inftruct thes, like a Divine, but to illultrate my Affertions by Hiftoricall Examples, which I havehere placed before thee, to deterre thee from their life, that thou mayeft avoid their death.

Avarice, or (which is extended further) Mifery, was befexemplified in Hermon; who to deccive his owne friends, and deprive them of that which he made his God; at his Death, made himfelfe his owne Exccutor: This man would be loath to lofe fo precious a Friend; Leathmulenotpurthim and his Riches. No queftion bur his Opinion was, hee might purchate himfelfe a Tabernacle of reft with his ruft: and tranflared from the vale of Earth, might $e$ rect himfelfox Manlion of pure Gold, for hee carryed the fluffe with him. I could heere prodace infinite other Exainples, which, to avoid redionineffe, I omit, and returne to our Difcourfe.

Hiltory inay yeeld no lefie profit to the Pro-
digall, who makes himfelfe the laftrof his name; whono focitier (yed oft-tims fooner) than he hath thut his Fathers eyes; operis his Fathers Cheft, and wipes a way the remembrance of his Fathers Death, with the Evidence and Broad seale of his Fattiers love : he had need of fome direction.

Many of thefe are no fooner cone to their Liands, than they run out of their Witts. They were ficke of a Father whild fectived; and now they live to become a prey to others, by whom they are more uffally jecred thim loved. N'ow, to difplay this brave Prodigalls humour, and renderhiminhistrue Colours; Lhatl put noed. robeltow, mach paines tion hitai, feedusthesatyreh'as already, focxactly donc it forlum:

Sadsots tre robic Fathers Grave, But ghat do es bereturne.
 Doebidh himiceafe to mourne:

Thefecatic Obfequics once done he mun of neceffity fill juro acquantane with alle hofe Orficious Creatures, whoferabiliticsernduce nuch to themaking up of a Gentlemm. Te, whonow Itand's'refolvid'ncyor ro menture his owne expence, 'muttbeneafurdby his Taylor ;acommodated by his fivect-fented Milliner.s.Beverd by hisHaberdafher; ftand nearcly indeared to his amorous Sempfter. Having thens thrownei awhy lis Sitle drefte, and furedhinifelfo cip a pe
to the falhion of the Time : He muft have Faunes
llis Fannce or Followers, his Srounges. or Followers to fpunge him. Such, in one word, as never knew what reputation meant ; nor were ever acquainted with what credit meant, farther than rumning on fcore. And thefe mult be the Carvers out of his eftate. Excellent Stewards to manage a fortune!

Now, ift this Gentele Gallant fet his reft for the City, the height of his ambition is to receivcinitrution from Corranto's and Play-bills. Thefe Notions muft regulate the whole courfe of his Living. Acquaintance he has got him; and fuch as meanc to guld him and gaeld him of that wherewith his Facher did zuild him. For fuch is the mifery ofman, as he cannot endure to he feene in that place, where he is not beft himfolfe. Affociates he h'as from all quarters of the World, and of all qualities, fave good, .. Some Bilhow Blades he meetes withall, and thofe either for feare of anaffront, or purpofely to make them his Champions upon occafions of quarrell, he makies Guard le Corefe. And thefe can humour him to an haire; call him their Anmibal : and that Title payes for all. If hee fall into acquaintance with a decayed Artift ; whofe prodigallcourfe has brought him to partake of Cheate. He will not fticke upon the very firf + S.lute tobecomehis Ingle. And this Honeyfickle muft broake for him (being that where"ith hech'as beene from his Infancy vers'd) in cominterli it Jewels:and thefe muft bee return'd to himfor rich ones. For the graimes of his diferning

## A X Curfery for G BNT.RT.

difcerning judgement were long fince feattered: foas, he may reft fecure for difoovery.

To fatisfie his Senfes one Night, it muft coft himas muchas bis Fathers care gathered in a whole yeare. But now after many unrighteous Bills difcharg'd; the Moone beginnes to be i'th waine with him. His Exchequer in the Country, affords him no fuch frefh nor frequent fupply for his Port, fport and fupport in the City, as it ufed todoe. For want then ofother profits and emolluments, he mult be forced totake up Comsmodities. Daimty trafh to maintaine his traine! But nothing violent can be permanent: that Conduit is foone dryed up. Ina word, hee never takes up with himfelfe, tillhe be takenup by others. He was drunke all this time, and now refrainth'as broughthim tohimelfe, and made him fuffer.

But if the Prodigalls humourbe fuch, as it confines him to the Countrey, without any farther afpiring either to Court or City ; becaufe hee's no Letterd man, he hos chofen to beftow his meanes upon the pleafures of $H$ which is no Letter. His onely Difcourfe is in commendation of his Hound, from whom he diffirs oncly in Sent, for coupled they might bee well together for Sesse. His Horle cannot gallop fafter in Chace, than hee out of his eftate. His Hakke flics to high, as the leffens her felfe; which may ferve for his Embleme : having flowne folong a flight, as he hath leffen'd himfelfe both in crcdit and fortune : both which aftera long monXx ting
ting, fatter abroad like Feathers in the Aire. His Courtexan'(to clofe his illiterate Alphaber in one ) h'as left him ; and vowes fhe cannot love him, becaufe he has loft his wits : but indeed, the loffe of hisctate is the reafon. Shee bids him for want of bettermaintenance, goe toan Ho(pital!; and the at lealure will follow after : and no fooner than neede requires; for as hee ftands in neede of reliefe, fo the of a Plaifter.

Whence we may collect ( though there be no neceflary inference of any fuch Collection; arifing rather from the cormption of a youthfull vicious difpofition) that a Fathers injurious

His Fathers iiljurious doings, his uindning : his raiting, his ruiar.

The young mans inaze.

Our predecesrors vereues, motives of imualin. doing, becomes ofcimes his Heires undoing ; the Fathers raifing, the Sonnes ruine.

Oh let thefe young Lapwings, who leave their neft before they can finde wing, and make theirplcafure a Labyrinth of Labour, looke homeward!

There be many nazes for the young man : I have knowne many expofed to all delights, and (as it were) fold under the gage of proftitution, who by Hiftoricall obfervations have not enely rechimed their former errour, but grew fingular mirrours of purity. No quction, if Catiline, whofe mind was ever fubjected toillimited affections, had but perufed the excellent relations of his noble Predeceffors, he had not benconelyable to extinguif that commonand univerfallcumbuftion, which his afpiring firit raifed toconfume his wh-le Countrey ; but had becne memorable for his owne atthicvements:

## $A \mathcal{X}$ (urfery for $G E N T T\{$.

for the belt of Roman Hiftorians (that I mayl ufe the Words of the beft Commenter upon *Crifpus Saluftas)faw thus much into his difpofition, that fo long as he recired himfelfe from thofe factious and mutinous firits, Cethegus, Lentelus, with others of that hatefull conlort, none fhewed himfelfe a more profirable member to the Common-weale, or more ready to endanger himfelfe for her availe ; imploying his time in ferious difcourfes; which not onely moderated his affections, but poifed him to the equall ballance of a vertuous Difcourfe : which afterwards perverted by the depraved fuggeftions of thofe Ruffins, reduced thofe faire beginnings to nothing, and him to a miferable death, and perpetuall infamy.

The very famie effect we fee in all other Vices (which would be well extenuated) if vitious mindes would apply themfelves to thefe, and the like Difcourfes : we fhould have ourdrunkards

Hiftories bent difcoverers of ers ours. fee into their owne fhame, deblazoned by the Epirotes; our Epicures by the ravenous Vitellij; fpending their fortunes in pamp ring their wort houfhold fervant ; our carnall Brothelifts, by thofe impudent proftitutes in Neroes time, who were never weary of their thame, till their publicke filthineffe ingendred a loathiug in the profeffours themfelves:looke to thefe mens ends! Oh, how loag might I profecute this argument without want of copious Difcourfe! Here producing an Heliogalilus, generally hated for his infatiate Luft, and leaft pittied in that ebbe of

Infunies of famous de. linguenes.

* (2) uem pro
prictatisfervantiffimem. vocat Gellius.
his fmilty (his miferable death) when men ufe
moft to be pittied, being attended at his funerals with Military reproaches: "Here gef we to "burya Dogge of diftempered lufts: there, a wanton alefalina, rewarded with a death befeeming, her. Here, an afpiring Sejanus, thaken with an unexpected end, and innde inifcrable in his beft fortunes, interred with dry eyes: For who willpitty the fall of Ambition? There an Herofratus (memorable for nothing but villany) purchafing by his fame aniafamousend. Here, a bloody Perilles, expert in the invention of crucll Projects, punilhed with the Tarture of his owne Invention : There, aflecring Parafite, who circumvents himfelfe with his owne policy.
Such exemplary morives be frequent in Hi itories, and able in themielves (iffuly pondered) oo contore Natire from her felfe, and reduce Man, primarily additedrochis or that Vice, to a confideration of his owne eftate, wifoly foreleeng his owne danger by othors milery; wifely; Camtioniny the young man to levell his affections ar another fiope, than the depraved intendments of the time wherein he liveth; making diference betwixr fence and reafon:the one common to Bealts with men : the other a dif-juntr propricty oncly moman from beafts: For reafon, the direfreffe (four underfanding, the limiter of cur afteitions widhin honeft bounds, the Touch-ftone to dibudicate what is good, from what is ill, the intellefmillionion of the foule, flould

Should be ever the conducter of our fancies; How to bee which is bert mown, when (Antomedon-like) we Matters over can delineate Vertus in no better Shadow, than the Tablet of our owne Hearts; expreffing our felves the belt by that, which makes our Selves the belt, to wit, in profecuting Vertus with an earneftneffe, that in the end we nay become Matters of our elves, governours of our affactions, and right Siegniors cover our in-difpofed Fancies.

What admirable Effects have bin and may be drawne from Hifory, to fubdue and regulate our affections, who is he knowerh not, prefuppofing hims onverfant in fuck generous ftudies? This may be eafily gathered by that very heat or vertuousemulation we fall find even in our Selves, upon perufal of others commendable actions. For as we are allured by the beauty of goodneffe, to define nothing more then to be poffeffed of it: knowing, no outward beauty comparable to it; fo are we deterred from chewing any affection to vice, for the deformity of it: and the fe odious fruits which bergen fromit.
Lass, though of all Greek Curtezans, none more comely, came far hort of vertus for true beauty: and Nair, though none more ougly, came nothing neare vice for her deformity.

When the Carthage Queen heard the fad Re- so lotion of that amorous Trojan, touching all tho fe Tragicke paffages during the fere and deftruction of Troy, flecould net take a Survey of foch a difourtewithour the attendance of forme Prince-

$$
x \times 3
$$

ly compaffionate teares. Such ftrong imprefions beare others actions in the Thearrall Act of this

No Malady tut may finde a reccipe $s o$ curcher, of allay her diAlemper by the bolpe of $\mathrm{HI}_{1}$ noly.

Diog. Lacit.

Ascrand,
But to apply receipts to every diftinct malady ; and by Hiftoricall helpes minifter to every feverall fore a fovernigne remedy; tell me, you Iudicious Readers of Hiforie, is there any diftemper whercof you tabour, which you fhall not find chaced and chafticed by fome Hiftoricall Example! Yca, anfwere me inall or any of there, ifat any time you find your relves peftred with any of there, if Reccipts (according to the quality of thofe diftempers) may not be found out for a feafomable cure of thefe!

Doth vaine glory tranfport you; that Spirit of Pride which makes man forgetfull of himfelfe? you fhall fud in Hiffory, many Examples to deterre you from ir. You fhall there, as in a tranfparent Mirror, behold the Lydian Crafus fitting inhis chaire of State, beautifid with the exquiliteft accomplements that the Majefty of a King could put ons, and Him you fhall heare thusEnthroned, thus adorice, asking a wife Sage(to difcover his folly the more ) if cver he beheld a more beautefull or gracefull Spectacle: And you thall heare this vaine piece of Princely Pompe jecred to hisface. "Yes, fayes he, Dunghill "Cockes, Phefants, Peacockes: for thefe are "cloathed with a native beauty, whereas yours " is but a borrowed glory. Whence, you fhall find that Sentcnce of crenander rightly verified: ${ }^{\text {"E }}$ Evcry foole is carried away with arroganceand "applaufe.

You

You fhall tikewife heare dntiochws (to illuftrate more fully the mifery of vaine-glory) at one time faluted a glorious Prince, and a furious Tyrant.

Againe, are you naturally addicted to that Groundling vice of Avarice? you fhall find what brave contempt of riches appeared in Ethnick: Breafts. This you may find portraide to life in a Pbocion, Solon, Crates, Anacharfés, Cimon, Timon, Fabritius. Nothing held Thefe to be more contemptible, then what true wifedome moft contemined.
Or ftand you enthralled to Paffion, which makes the wifert man a Bedlamer for the inftant? You thall find excellent meanes to attemper this conrmotion. Leffons given by Pagans unto Pagans, and worthy to be left for golden Legacies by Chriftians unto Chriftians.

That wife Atbenodorus, departing from $A \omega-$ suffus, and taking his leave, to expreffe a Philolophers love, left :this, Leffon with him, deferving well to be imptinted by him; That when be was angry, or intended to pronounce any fenrence upon a delinguent; be fhould repeate she foure and twenty Greeke letters:; Which leffoncafar received as an ornamentiun value more precious then a Diadem.

You fhall likewife find an UAxchitor no lefcc commended; hearing liim leaft exprefle it, when moftincenfed. If he frid his Hindeidling, he can kecp his patience, and difcreetly admonill him: O how soulld l bave beaten shee, had I nor bin angry with thee!

## 336 A Survey of H ISTOR X, or

Or dort that rankling vice, Emvy, eating up the heart and marrow of her Mafter, feaze on you? you thall heare what a brave Platonicke Common-weale 'fometimes flourihed, when that Law of Nature, holding poficfion of all things in common, was in requeft.

Before Carthage was deftroyed, Rome both quietly and modectly govern'd her affaires. There was no contending nor contefting for glory nor commaund amongt her Citizens; they guided all things peaceably, and fucceeded inall things profperoully. That antient Kings evill, defire of raigning and invading had not as then infected them. Whence you may truly collett, by application had to thefe prefent times, what that glorious Divine out of his owne Experience

Si duo ifa aro: nomina Nleum Or Tulun cifo farent, non $f f^{-}$fert tor difcordisin mundo. Siell. de conrempi. Ajurd. fonctinies (bferved, "If thefetwo Pronouns Mine and Thine would butceafe, there would not arif. fuch differences in the world.

Or if a Liquorifh apperite captivate reafon youthall read in' Laconias, what moderation? would fuite well with a chrifitian. Here younny find a whole Pythagorean tate : nothing moreaffekted then Moderation; nothing lefie relifhing then licentious furfecting.

Or if unbounded Senfuality wanton in you: younball fund what you want, exemplifide in a zeno, Z Zenocrates; and not only in Philofophers, but vittoricus Princes. Where youthall fee brave Cleopatra' (me who fometimes bare a Majefticall Soveragne inhercye ; and could infult over a Prince with a foorncfull looke, and make hini her
her (lave with a fmile) kneeling ät the feet of Cefur, laying baits for his eyes; bur in vaine : her beauties were beneath that Princes chafticy.

Or defire you to be retir'd, or to feed your rein miffe Spirits with Sloth o Oh what fpurs you thall find to quicken your dalled and rebaited courage? what animofity in thofe who were mannagers of Martiall affaires'? what induftry in all Arts and Sciences? what deliberation in undertaking, What refolution in executing:

Luballus cannot enjoy himelfe in his owne Tent. A noble Spirit ever finds it felfe active for cmployment.
Thus fhall youtind prefented before you, whatfoever may in the homely habit of $V$ ertwe allure you: or whatfoever cloathed with the odious vifage of vice may deterre you. Nor is it pofible to find out any Morall way better to regulate or marhhall youraffections, than by a ferious Survey had, and ufefull application made of thefe Hiftoricall relations.

But to come more neare thee in this fecond part of my Divifion, we muft diftinguifh of the feverall frusits and effects of Hiftory, directed to peculiar ends: As firlt, art thou a Lover, and defireft tocomplement with thy beloved? Thou att ina dangerous way, land if thou wifely felect not fuch Hiftories, as may (like foveraignes) rather allay and moterate thy braine-fick paffion, than kindle the fire of thy: fenfelefle reafon; be lulled with nightly: apparitions of thy beloved faire one, to what exorbitances 'halt thou be
imade fubject? But I know the Nature of thy fickneffe: thou art like one who hath taken poyfon ; and though Drinke be mortall to him, yet the longeth out of all meafure for it. There is no Subject fo firting thy humour, as amorous Sonnets, Huturicall Relations, carolling out the difoontents of unfatisfied love.

Leander fwinming over Helle/pont, to crop

Palfions prom secdug fiom brame-fiche Lovers, Rit. a bloffome already cropped. Achylles retiring difiontented for the lofle of his Brifeis, Agasanemnon forthis Chryfeis: thefe are Subjects for thy Lowe-fck Fancy; whereas oppolites to Love, ( ) Morall Relations, inftuting thee in a more (quall and reafonable path) wewld better cure thy ditale, and bring thee to an underftanding ofthy filfe. Abience (wee fay) from our Miitrefic, makes us moft forgetfill of her; and leaft we thinke of her what wee difeouffe of Aenitarentshaticacerning her ; whilf reading Idle Pamphlets, the very bane and camer of Youth, inad dipe ton: for Age is as fubject to Dotage, as Yourh to Fancy; purting us in mind of our f r neer diftratting paffions, crying: Nec me mimon urget Amor: with hard-harred Miftreffe, inconftame Dane, fickle in affection, inconfiant in thy Refohtion! modding as many teares as would drowne his Miftrefie, if the werenot fo light, as the is able to beare herefle above water. Alas poore lover! and whereco fo many fruitlefie wi? es, foclifomfortablelamentz, fodif. cordant Fecho's of redrubled lighes, Aye me unhappy ; Thou knoweft nor how thefo reafonlefte perturba-
perturbations make thee more loathed than loved, more intranced than fancied; and more beleagred with paffions anew, than to falve thofe paffions wherewith thou wer't tormented of old.

Read the continent Life of $Z$ enocrates, dedicated wholly to Chaftity ; not a Laïs (though never fo motive) caninduce him to gage his reputation to a Harlor. Read me the noble difpolition of Ssigio 1 ffrican, who forind to make himfelfe a Slave to his fancy : the royall mind of that porent Alexander, who would not captive his affection to his Captive: the und ctained Refolutionof the Matron Astonia, Wife tn Drufur : that chaft Tragedian Sophocles, who being demanded, whether hee ever applyed his mind to fenfuall affections, replyed; Dij meliora : "Heaven forefend, a Strumper fhould pur on 2 "Tragick Bufkin. Thefe continent Relations will reduce thy ftragling motions to a more fetled and rerired harbour.
And furely, did we but know what :Honour takes her repofe in fo fweer an Harbour ; wee would foone Atrike Ancher. Firt then, wee will here thew to you what Henour is to be afcribed to Continence. How much the very Pagans (whofe defires onely clos'd in Morall Honefty) valued this precious Jemme. How votive Virgins chu. fed rather to be deprived of Life, than of their Honour. And how thofe who violated that religious Vow's fuffer'd the very extreamef kind of Cenfure: Whereof Campus Charsino was ever

Here he thews what honout is to be afcri bedio Contio nerice.

Vid. var. Val. made the Tragicke Theatre, I leave to thofe who Max. Gell. Strab.\&s. have writ amply of that Snbject.

Memorable is the Story of that noble Lady. Armenia; whobeing bidden to King Cyrm Wedding, went thither with her Hufband: at Night when they were returned home, her Hufband afked her, how the liked the Bridegroome; whether fle thought him to be a faire and beautifull Prince or no? ' In truth, faid flie, I know not: "for"all the while I was forth, I calt mine eyes "upon nonc other $\mathfrak{b u t}$ upon'thy felfe.
Onc of Hiëro's Finemies reproaching him with a ftinking breath, went home and queltioned his Wife why thee told him nothing thereof: but what washer Reply? "I thought, quoth the, all "men had the fame favour.

Tocontinue the Memory of their Conjugall Conltancy and Nuptiall Continence, you thall cuer in thele Creatures of the weaker Sexe, finde admirable Motives both for Inftruction and Imit.ation.

Canuia, Wife to Synattur, whom one Synoris, a man of greater Authority than he, loved; and making, no fimall meanes hy prayer, price, and power to obtaine her love, yet all in vaine; fuppored the readieft way for the effecting his defires tobe the murd'ring of her Hufband: which he performed: and no fooner execured, than liee renewed his Suite, to which the feemed to affient. But being folemnely come into the Temple of Diana for the celebrating thofe Nuptiall Rites, the hada fwect potion ready which the drunke to

## $A \mathcal{A}$ (urfery for $G \in B T R 1$.

synoris : wherewith they both were poifonedito revenge her Hurbands death.

The like admirable Conftancy mew'd Theoge${ }_{n a}$ Wife to Agathooles, in her Hulbands greateft mifery; approving her felfe mof his owne, when hee was relinquilh't and forfaken of his owne: promifing him, that fte would not partake with him onely in profperity, but in what fortunc foever fhould befall him.
That conftaut Loialty, and royall Continency of the incomparable Zenobia to her Hufband 0 donatus (though a Barbarian Qucenc) cannot be too much admired; her Zeale fhee expreft not onely to himliving, but dying. No Monument The held fit tocontaine his Corpfe but her owne body; that carsying his fhrine itill about her (being what fhe could not remove from her) thee might ever reteine him in her memory. But no queftion, her princely affection to Hifory lad highly increafed in her this Loialty. For by her reading of others what appeared in others fo truely commendable, with a pious ambition thee afpired to an imitation thercof in her felfe.

The Women of India (whether wonne with ftrength of Cufome, or Conjugall Devotion) when any of their Hufbands dyeth, are wont to fall into Contention through the vehemency of their affection, which of them ( for they are perruitted to have many Wives) hee loved beft in his life : Shee that winneth, being very joyfull (a great Company of her Friends and Kinsfolke following her, to celebrate her finerall honour)

## A Surney of HISTORY, or

is calt into the fire with her dead Hulbind.
But every Crates mult not looh e to be Polycrates : lich Cognizants mult not be for cvery mans fleeve. That Sentence cuer deferves approvement: "As there is a pleafiure in loving thofe to ${ }^{6}$ whom weare efpouied, living; fo it is an of"fice of piety to honour then dying. Their life injoynes us to be true to their Bed, their Death exants nolefe to their mem ry.
Nor is this Continence held onely in efteeme with thofe who parake of feafon: for even fuch Creatures as are led by Senfe, are no leffe jealous of their Love, no reff fpeedy in revenging Luft: which may be conffinacd by this Fxample.

The Hiftry calls himi cira. this, f:om the River (as miy be ruppefed) neare which he inhabies.

A certaine libidinous Citizen dwelling in the Tawne of sybaris, bounding upon the River Crathis, fomontrucully and unaturally raged in the heate efiminoderate Luft, as on a time, neglecting all humanity, to excinguifh the violent flames of his heftiall affection, came to a Shee-goat and coupled with her; which the High-gnat, as rine fecing, yet referving revenge for a firter time, he feund thi: sybariter one day falt aneepe; wherefore toredrefie the iniury of his corrupted Love, and revenge the l:orrour of his detefted Luft, he prefently fet uponhim, and nall'd him to death with his horncs. Bat todofeall in one; what Honoar the Ancient Romans with other Fthnicks, afribed to Continence : and how much they forined that the leart blemifh fhould be afperfed on thcir Houfe in that kind, may be made as cleare as light by

## ANarfery for GENTRT.

that memorable Example of Virginius. The Story is thus. Virginime one of a Plebeiandefeent, but of a Patritian ؟pirit, left his Houfe fhould be difhenoured, fared not his owne blriod. For when appius clandius, one of the Decens-vivi, fouglye with ftrong hand to deflower his Daughter, being a Virgin, Virginiw brought her into the Market-place, and there kill'd her, chuning rather to be her Murtherer, undefiled, than her Farter, deflowred.

Now, laving howneyou the Honour due to Continence; I would have yon in the ferond place toconlider, how foonc a precious Name is loft: and with what difficulty regand. It is not fufficient for you to refraine onely from doing ill, but from doing ought that may be fupected for ill. Variety of Examples you thall finde every where in this kind. A Name highly priz'd, and quickly!oft: and being lof, not the wealth of the Indiescould redeeme.

Thirdly, refleitupen the pleafurehow fhore it is: and of the purchafe, what Shame it is. Demofthenes could anfwer Laïs deare demmind for fo fhort a pleafure, "I will wot buy Repentance at fo "deare a rate. And a farre more precious gage he had tolore, if an Ethnick light could have mounted fo high. With the like Anfwer feight every light C-urtezans proffer; afcribing to that ineftimable Jewell of Cont inesce all due Honour.

But yet I muft proceed firther , art thou dimbitions, and haft both wings alid will toflye? Thumart fiaring wich Icarms, and thy waxen

How fonac a precious qaane is lott 3 with what diffieulsy $\operatorname{co}-\mathrm{g} 311^{\circ} \mathrm{d}$.

The pleafure duortithe purchale thatione.
V.l. Max.blu. 6 rip. 1.
wings (no quettion) mutt be diffolved with Ics. rus : he gave a Sea aname; but thou haft a Sea in thine owne braine; thou art floting, and (Came-lios-like) feedeft upon the aire of thine owne fancy: Thou ari now for building a fecond Pyramidesin the aire s and no doubt but thou wouldnt perfent thy intentions, ifdeath prevent thee not.

Thou art a vaine Foole, thou feef many worthy honouring, daily declining, merits undeferving, railed to height above themfelves: not a Senator, or fage Purple Father, bur fubjected to an mudelerving cenfure: and what is the caufe? Why, honour procureth cenfure; and yet thou art wells ferved well, fafely retired, not envied, nor maligned by the oppolites of greatneffe; and yet thou defireft (like another Phabus) to thine in the eye of the Court, to thew thine owne admiration by a vaine flourifh, commenting on thine owne perfections, which need fome Expofition: for they cannot demonfrate themfetves. Alas, how frangcly art thou tranfported above thy filfe! not apprehending how the meanes of rifing oft-times procure an uncepected fall. Confider thy owne unbridled defires, and feeke to repreffe them, I pray thee doe; and take this obfervance with thee: Never looke into cither moderne Hiftories or Ancient, for the projects, how they grounded the foundation of their plots; but aime at the end and event of their delighes, what iffuc they had : there thou niale fee a Ca ar reignc long, and attaine the very height of his hopes; yet his contimance abridged, and his
his new-eftablifhed Monarchy (in himfelfe) quite ruinate in . ftabbe. Here a Sejanus (who was Ferox (celeris.) a greathunter after cruelty, become the laft of bis afpiring defires, and the foonge (as Tacitus ob(êrvert) whobeing fquized, only enriched his Emperours fortunes, and made himcelfe miferable by his owne fall: for Ambitious men, who leap to greatneffe, for the moft part, boppe without heads, and too late repent their madnefie.

Q O run over every Vice particularly, would (2) Require a Treatife ampler of themfelves, ©ose then I have allotted my fulfe. Proceed I muft to my third branch, T be particular profit which redounds to every private flate or family, from difcour fes of this nature. I know that the nitural depravation of Man is fuch, as that he fixerh his mind upon that; which (for the moft part) conferres leaft profir, and moft delight : this is lively exemplified even in Hiftorical Difcourfes; where we fhall fee men(for the moll part) rather addicted to fabulous Travailes, the Survey of Itrange and never-heardof Ilands, predisious lights, Moniters, Chymera's, and mecere imaginary fancies, then to fuch marrations as might minifter inftruttion and bencfit to cvery particular Reader. Some we fee delighted with the Itrange and incredible miracles of Mandevill: others with the victorious combats of our Bevis of Southampton: others, more converfant with

ThirdBranch; Particular profit drawne from Hillory to particular perions.

What f.abulous Hiftories. more fuflered shan approved.
the Tragick Hiftories of our time (prodigies in part meerely invented.) And laft of all(which in iny judgement is worft of all) others with the phantaftick writings of fome fuppofed Knighes; (Don Quixorte Trimsformed into a Knight with the Golden Pefle ) with many other fruitleffe inventions, monlded only for delight withour prolit. Thefe Hiftorics I altogecher exclude my occonomy, or private Family; I have culd out more heneficiall Difourfes for youth to employ themfelves withall sproducing a fubject from the pure Cabinet of Truth:nut from the braine of every (Lunck-falver, that runs our his inventions by felling lyes at groffe-fale.

TOexprefe our Latine Auhons I neednor, fo muchis our Cumnry henctited by Tramlarows, as the Neat-heard in his Hovoll may difcomete as well of Cornclias :acisus if he know



 bit.in an: $\therefore$ rori. mingly frelexed)then any orler nowans a whor?


Trandullus writes tree, tut he unrips the im-mondui- or the tane with ton long dicourfe



 opi-

## $A \mathcal{Z}$ (ur) ery for GENT:K工.

opinion $_{3}$ the fingularity of his phrafe was(which nay feeme frange) without affectation: fo vaw lims Gellime (a very carifarchous for the fearch of Antiquitics) teflifieth of him. Neither Fabius affraid to entitle him, The chiefe of the Roman Hijforians, as Thucidides the Prince of the Grecians. Yet in thefe Hifteries there is an exactncfic of underftanding required; and more doe their writings conduce to State-affaires, then private and Domeftick employment.

Now, to deliver our judgement of divers approved Hiftorians: extracted from the beft Authors: Titses Livius, by the teftimony of Pbil. Commines, as he is to this day had ingrear honour by the Italians, who retaine fillia forme of tire Antient Roman Government, and that in fonie Mis judgeinent of divers approved Hi-noslians;cxtracted from the poynts mof exactly; defribes in a fivecte and well. compofed Style, how that flourithing Empire (which aft erwards fwallowed up many cminent States) fprugg up at firft, how it increafed, what was donecommendably, what vicioufly, diring the whole progreffe of herrifing; till labouring of her owne weight, and preft downe with her owne Crandeure, her full lighe fell to be eclyps'd, her height to a declining. Of this Hiftorian, I have fooke in many places; yet me thinkes there is ftill fomething omitted that might bee properly anmexed for an additamente to lis praife.

Right well $I$ know (toclofe in opinion with Erafmus) "that there is no reading more accom"modate, no Difcourfe better fuiting men of

$$
\text { Zz. } 2 \text { ci quality }
$$

## $34^{8}$ ASuivey of HISTORY, or

"quality than that of Hiffory; amongt which "Titus Livitu holds the prime phace(I preake of "Latine Hiforians onely efpecially, feeing nd "thitgs is exranc of Salufts, but oncly two frag" mients.
Inhis judgement, then, as no Difcourfe is more requilitely faniliar than with Hiftorians; fo he hode Livie to be the Prince of all Latine Hiftorians:and fittét to be a Gentlemans acquaintance. Great, no queftion, was his modefty ; his owne Workes may confirme it:" Whether (faith he) "I thall performe that Tafke which may leeme "c worthy my Laboir, if I relate whatfoever hath "hacne done by the people of Rcme from the "firft foundation of that City, ncither doe "I fufficiontly know, neinher it I did know, durft "I attempt fich an enterprife.

And yer he proceeded in that Kabour, and peifeited it with great honour: albeir, his picus teate expreft the fiveeneffe of his temper. Neithe fell he fhort in Sincerity, though be feemingIy pretendeda feare, which implide his modetiy. For what is rare in Hiftorians, (efpecially, writing of Prinees and their Actions, in their owne times) !ece was nevertused f partiality, ner mincing truth : were tie 1 fonges of whomhewretenever fo grat, for authority in office hish.

A Subite indecd, never wert? the pene of offodefervingen Hifterian ;no e culd polibly thave : nor more vaticty of witions both in a Galme and troubled State. And thogh Authors
in theirarguments of Difcourfe and Hiftoricall Relation finde ever the largett fields: to walke in, rabefieldsof blood: where riod day can patfe without fome notable action deferving the memory of a fucceeding age ; yet in that time and frate wherein he beftowed his paines, the retiredithoures from imployment afforded him ati occafion of delivering fome Obfervation or other worthy the approvement of a judicions Eye.
For his Style (as I have elfe-where noted) it was nothing fodarke nor concife as that of Ta: citus. The former more dilated; the latter more contracted. Both ferious; the latter more fententious. Thefeground the firft face or foundation of a State upon Lawes ;and they fhew with what obedience thofe were obferved in their infancy. Romulus and Remus were both builders; the one materiall, the othermentall. Numa begot in His both love and loyalty, by bringing: His tounderftand themfelves legally. Now, no fooner have they planted a State, then they beginne roftrengthen it with Actions. Defire of Command calls them.briad: TheirPowers muft belevied, Comminders ele?ted, and thofe Wars'made finniewy and ftrong, that fome exploit worthy the name of fuct a Narion may beperformed.

And having now prefented the body of: a State in her full growth, they fhew what is donc, not without dne attributes to them, by whom thofe actions were done. They runne into com-
mendation of thore Agents of Valour, and they conclude ; "Such as the Captaine is, fuch is the "Souldier. They bring in Scipio, who ufed to have this Sentence in his mouth: "That eafie, "favourable \& affable Captaines were profitable "t to the enemy, which though they were beloved "of their Souldiers, yet they fet lietle by them. This, fo wife and experienft a Commander could not chufe but make goodure of : for the obedience of Scipio's Souldiars towards their Generall is confirmed by his owne atteftation: "So "obfervant were nine of whatfoever I com"manded them, that if I bad them clime to the "roppe ofa Tower, and from thence throw "rhemelves head-long into the Sa , there "was not one of them but would obey me.

There is no paflage to culiven the Spirit of a Souldier, which thefe omit : and all thefe couched in fo Princely a Style, as withour affectation, it comprehends much State. In a word, time thall foonerceale to breath, than pofrerity to breath their fame.

For the Epitomes of thefe, as Lac. Florus and others; mexthinkes they may bee compared to thort Commons. They doe well fo farre as they goe ; but they leave the Reader ftill with a frong Apperite. Something is ever omitred, which leaves the Stomacke craving and unfatisfide.

It is true indeede, that fuch Collections are wefull for memory:like bricfe Notes or Diaries, which we carry about with us: And for ordinanary
nary Difoourfe, will ferve well enough. Bur a Schollers Hiftoricall Taskeis of more difficuliy, than to receive life and firit froman Epitome.
The judicioufert and moft compendions Epitomizer breathing, Thould he Analice an entire Hiftory; and after many fericus re-views and recollections, contract the whole bady thercof into a briefe Methodicall Compendiary: So farre thort fhould hefind himfelfe fall from the mind of the Author:as upon the next re-view, heweuld ingenuoully confelife, that he had rather ruate over him, than converfed with him.

For Gollius, his Difoourfe mather falls upon Philofophicall argunentation, than any Hirtoricall relarion. Winter Nights you fhall finde there well befowed. And be Styles rhem Athesian Nights, to expreffe how thofe Siudics with which athens molt tloutinned s! were there fociably debated, Scholantionlly argued, and judiciouft ly compofed: Some Pieces of Naturall Hiftory are hecre and there interveined, whiclt may minifter oceation both of profit and delighe to fuch as fhall feriounly perufe diem.

Touching Valerius Maximius, his writings ftand more upon eapothergmes ibunilifiory. He takes Survey of fixch cipuctall Vertues and Vees as preffed moft upon thofe times, wiverem, he recommends to pofterity wach manerabitelestfons as were Mirrours for be pabife of the One; and rigid Coners in patitiog the oher. Hedifovers nothing hur by examperaneving
kinde of perfwafion for imitarion ofgoadnelfe; and averfion fiom whatfoever is evill.

Quintus Curtiut, his Sceanc is fingle: his whole Dilcourfe conifits mainly upon the attions of one Prince ; yet many pleafantand remarkable paffages flall you finde in the Princely progreffe of his life. A brave firit difplayed in every action. Onc, who knew how to vanquilh; and how to moderate his felicity. One, who ifhe were not whathe was, could chufe with all his heart to he a poor Philofopher. One, whoamidft his Military affaires, and managements of State, would dengne to talke with learning: purpofely to improve himfelfe as wellin Arts as Armes. Never Prince by his power could doe more, and by a liweet attemprature of his command, revengeleffe.

Megabizes eftecmed Alexander as a Prince whilt he ftood in his Schoole and faid nothing, but when hee began totalke of things which he know not: he faid unto him, that "Even his little "Children would laugh him to fcorne. This affront could that great Commander beare with a Princelypatience : and labour by his owne endeavour, and the inftruction of an incomparable Mafter, to redceme his ignorance.

Though a Cynick teach him mortality in an homely manner: and encounter him with mouldred Sculls in his trimmph to his Countrey; he will farcely reprove him for it, but ufefully apply it, and benefit more by it, than by all thofe Nations he had conquered.

3i. Yet mult his Errours be touched, that the fincerity of an Hiftorian may become approved. His cafie indining to Lais lay no frall taint nortinCure on bis honour, that the counfll of a Wanton hould get the Conqueft of fuch a Conquerour. .

Velleisu Paterculus, as he was no leffe elegant in his Style, than finnowey and fubftantial in that Subject whercof he treated ; may be juftly bemoaned, that the injury of time thould leave fuch maimes in his Workes: as no mention at all is made of all thofe glorious attions and memorable exploits of the Romans, frome the very prime foundation of the City, till the ruine of the Nacedosian Kingdome, by Emilius, during the fpace of five hundred ye ares or more. So as, what now remaines extant of him, newes him not fo full, as to the balfe Body: nor that neither in his owne native luftre and beaury. In a word, unhappy was he in his mutilation, more unhappy in his Tranflation.

For rofephas, that fincererelater of the Jewifh Warres, I fhall take occation prefently to peake of him ; give mec leave oncly to render him that commendation which confantine the Emperour was fometimes pleafed to beftow on fonoble and faithfullan Hiftorian: "As his life "deferved perpetuall praife, fo his death eternall "honour.

Touching Appianus calixasdrinus in his Difcourfe of the Romane affaires, in my judgenent he fhewes both wit and ftrength in his Lines. Aaa Nor

Not a platant paflage but merits approvement from his Pen. None more ferious, when he defires tobe weighty : none more delightfull, when the Subject admits a freedome to be witty.
for our Grecke Ethnick Hiftorians (for of thole Eislefiafticall Writers, we.flall fpeake of thicm in their due place;') none comparable to Platarch for Hiftoricall Morality; nor to TherCudides, for Stareand Majelty inor to Herodotus, for Mlethed and Perfipecuity; nor to Herodian, for a quick and active Difiovery, nor to Zenophon, for a rich Philofophicall Delivery. Where every Sentence workes fronn!y on the Sence, and begets fome new Primciple of Experiencic.

But thefe, as I wberved, wrote ancly upon the Aftions of thofe times, with the quality of the Perfonsintereffedin thofe Actions: being both formatter of Difcipline and fervice eftranged fiomus, andconfequently reteine lefle affinity withus. Yet of fingular ue (if difcretionbe had for fevering the ciaffe from the puregraine) I ohforinllacution and exemplary direction to thef rimes.

I will retire my fette to fuch as may yeeld the Readernolittle profit by confideration bad to the judgments of Ged; modertly nixing Morill inltruitions with a fiveet variety of Divine difcourfe: amater which may feeme direaly onpefite tomy firftintention, bat is not foz for there Hiftorics which I meanero produce, are fo greunded upon infallible truths, as in that rerpeit

## $A \mathcal{X} \times x f e r y$ for $G: B \mathcal{X} T R r$.

feet they may feeme to morit a morally-Divine Title. yofephos works I efpecially entertaine intomy Family, as beft defribers of the judgements of God, expreffers to the life, of an obdurate and ftiffe-necked generation. Here to bchold the incomparable beauty of that gloricus Temple (the type of the Coelchtiall Tcmple) frunded by that wifeft of men, and that peace of Princes, salomon, defaced, and that City which was unce called, The City of the great King, demolilhed, and layd levell with the ground.- Then to direct mar Eye to the wonderfull judgments of God in raifing civill difcords, and mutinies amongrt the leroes themfelves, the greateft meanes of their fubverfion, the maine predictions of their ruine and utter deftruction, before thefe warres came upon them s yet theirimpieries not a whit leffened, theirarme of finne fhormed, nor remorfe of confcience excited : no refuge to the Religious, bur defence to the wicked in cvery place of the City miniftred. Then Survey the pollution of that Sacred Temple, where Altars were once Erected, Peace-offering facrificed, and the Prayers of the holy Confecrated to God; there nought but effafion of bloud, llaughters among thenifelves (an Occurrent remarkeable) committing no leffe Maffacres upon themfelves in the ceafing of Warre, then the Romans did in the heat of warre: being wholly expofed to Tyrannicall Factions in the City; to expofe themfelves to Romas fervinudemore eafily. Thefe cxamples of Godi Jaftice, are worthy our ObfervaAala
tion,

Pócpher cot mended.

Circumfanc in the cowi Warre gives excellét beal cy to the Di courde. Vifpatian is faid to hat his Tence shere bret pil ched whire our Saviour was taken.

In Montem C livaruin cia firametans, $0^{\prime} c_{0}$

## 396 <br> I Survey of HIS TORY, or

Thesemignens tion, to admonith us of our peculiar duties, of Ciod in that fliflory mote owninable. carcfull how we offerd, ferious in the adminifratien of Juftice: For how flould we think he will fpare the widde Vine, thar hath thus dealt, with his owne naturall Vine? Wl:enhehath deale thus with the Grecne Tree, what will he do with the 1.ry Tree? That Vine was phated with his owne Hand, watered with the dew of his efpecialle it tavours from Heaven, dreffed and pruned, set behold the wilde Boare hath rootedit up: Et Siges eft ubi Troud fuit.

The truth of that Hiftory is foundoubted, as befideshs owne concordance in relating, there is nonc that ever made queftion of the Truth and Vcrity thereof, compoling what he wrote, not by report of Others, who feake(for moft part as they are affected, but by the approbation of his owne Eyes, the belt outward directriffs to inward knowledge.

To this Noble! liftorian (for he was Nobly Difiended) I may adde thofe cxiellent Grecke Viriters, worthy and nemorable: as Nicephorm, Divinc Hiffo- Evagoras, Socrates, ớc. For their Divine Examplesplentifull, the diccefie of the Chriftians amidft the tyrannies of the cruelleft Emperours wonderfull : the diverfe forts of torments by thofe Tyrantsinvented, pittifull; and the difmall and terrible end of thofe Blood-fuckers, farcfult. Here theuflale fee an $H$ eroltranfporinfulency pu
nined. ted above himelfe, with the acclamation ot his pe ple: Nos the rigre of $M a n$, but of: God: And precently tehold his pompe converted into loath -
loathromneffe, his preceedent joy to a fubfequent penliveneffe, and the excellency of admiration to a fiddaine amazedrefie get thit feenied bikfore a God, and no Mandilnow by God mide the niferableft of Man; forlorne aind dejected: nay, if we would obferve the whole carrent of their Hiftories, we fhall fee in them that God ever-u: fod to recompence the Offendour with a punithment of the like nature: Nicephorus reports; how Heredias danghter having begged the head of Iohan $\overline{d p t i f t}$, chanced on a time to go over $\$$ main river, frozen over with Iee, where the, Ice prefent-P Punihment ly parting received her, and mecting agaitic cut alludiag to the off her head; a true and evident Ticftimony of the fint. Goils judgment.
 fealet mouth:d detractof fren the glory of God: who on a time mocked a Chriftian for talking reverently of the bowels of Chritstricompaffions : But what end came of this miferable Athe- Blafphemy por ift ? Hissowels fell oirt of his belly,being diruft ninacd. through with a Javeling, confetling the power of God with a regreate, faying: Viciffic o Galilee! ©̛́c. yet vouchiafing to beftow no better name on him, then Galileas; a fearefullend of a mont prophane Blifphemer:

The like of Diocle fian that cruell Emperour (and a great perfecutor of the Chriftians) who, whilft he raignedfeerned little or nothing to feare the Divine power of Heaven; yer the Hiltory tecords, that Feare was the greateft occalion of his death silo, that he died by a voluntary fedre,
very jealous of the Aire, left it hould pieree his Braine.

Thelike of craximimers, whoat that time

The like ex. emplaty pu. niftamenes in. Hict.d on 0 ther Deliagu.nis.

Vid.fufle. lib. 8. $\operatorname{cap}, 17,10$. raged in the Ealt, as Maxemtius did in the Wert. Ot shofe Crivelties to returne a full Catalogue, would require an anpler Difcourfe than I have referved forhith. Hee, I \& $y_{3}$ who accamulated uponhimfelfe thefe Tides: ${ }_{66} 6$ Emperour Cainar, "s anaximinus, puiffant, magnificent, Chiefe "Lord, Lord of Thebsis, Lord of Sarmatix, "five times Conquerour of Per fas, Lord of ${ }^{\text {«c }}$ Gcrusisny, Lord of efesypt, ewice Conqueror "s of the Carpians, fixe times Conqueror of the "Cermenians, Lord of the Medes, Lord of the "Cdiaberi, Twenty times Tribune," Nine"tecric times generall, Coptrinte Eight tlines "Conful; Father of the Countross" Procon "rul, 8.c.

This matehleffe Tyrant, thus frolne up with Titles, after fuch timeas he had plenteoufly rioted in the blood of the Saints and aleighte. the power of Heaven : feafted in nothing more than the bloody Bankets of dillaughter'd Chriftians. "Wherefore a Plague from above lighted on "him, firftaking roote in his flefh, and after"wards procecding even unto his Soule. For "chere arofe fuxddenly in the fecrer parts of his "body (rochaftife him for his licentions impu"rity) an Impofthume or running Sore, afrer"wards in the lower parts of his privicics a bom "chy corrupt Bile, with a Fiftula; whence iffu"cd outiorrupe matter, eating tup the inward bowels,

## ANarcery for G F NTR

" $h a w e l l$ s; and an unfpeakable multitude of Lice "fwarming out, añd breathing a deadly ftinch, "when as the Corpulency of the whole body "throughabundance of meate before thedifeale "came, was turned intaruperfluous grofneffe; "and then being growne to matter, yeelded an "intollerable and horrible Spectacle to the be"holders.: Wherefore of the Phyfitiang, fonie "s not able to digeft that woinderfits nayfowe "ftinch, werethine: fome other (when there "remained no hepe of Recovery, by peafon cf "thefivelling throughout the whole bedy") be"ing nor able to helpe at all with rheir Phyícle, "ware cruelly executed thenselves.

But letus (if you pleare) take a Summary or bricfe Survey (the benefit will anfiver the purfuit) how thofe Emperours which were Ethuicks and Panims, maineainers of Idohtry and Pagas nifme ; and how of the contrary, fuch as cleaved untu the Chriftian Faith, and held it there royall't Prerogative to be Defenders of it, ended their Reigne:
Was norcaius 'alinue Cafar the firt Emperor, flaine by Confpiracy? Did not cerraine. Souldicrs with naked Swords diparch Caiwe the Nephew of Tiberius? Was net Nera murdered by me of his Eamiliar and deare. Friends? Had not Galba the like end, asho and Vitellites who all three reigncd onely fixrecne Moneths? What Thall I peake of Titus, whom Domitianus poifoned, although he was his owne Bresther? What fay ycucf Commodus, did not Narsiffus difpatch

The Corruption of his body feconds the Tyranis Cruclty: difparchingluch with his flinch, who he: had referved for that Dealh in his be.lithfull. cfatc. timax, and what of Iulian, "enjoyed not botis they one kind of Dearh? Wintr, did nor Sintonius the Sonne of Severas murther his Brother Geta: 'And did not Martialis requirehim' with the lite? What fhall I fay of Macrisus ? did not the Souldiers ufe him like a Caprive about Eizantium, and cruclly put him to death? Was not Aurelius Antonius of Emeffa inurthred together with his Mother? Was not Alexander immediatyafter him, together with his Morher likewife put to death? What nallI fay of maximinus (whom we formerly mentioned) whom his owne Araly d fpatched? Orot Gordianar, who through the Treafon of Philip was in like fort by his owne Souldiers put to death? Tell me, I pray thee thy felfe O zofimus, what happened unto Philip, and after unto Decius, were they not flane hy the Enemy: Take Callus and volufianus with them, were they not murchered by their owne Armies? What of efmilismes, had not he the like miferable end! What Valeriasus, was nothe takenby the Perfions in Batell, and led about of them in Triumph: What Galienus? was he not thine through Treafon, and Carizus heheaded when Dioslefian came to be Emperor; whom Diocle fiancur off left they fhould Reigne with him? After whom Herculius Maximiazus, his fome Maxentius, and Liciniws dycd with contuncly and flanie enough.

But lince the rime molt noble Emperor Confantine hegan to reigne, fince hee confecrated
unto God the City he had built, and called it afterhis ownename, looke about I pray you, and ipeake indiffercutly, was there any one Emperourin that City (Ialian, whofe Apoftacy expofed him to an imperious Tyranny, onely excepted) that was murthered, cither by his owne Subject, or by the Enemy : or any other Tyrant vanquifhed the Emperour, Baflifous excepted: who, although he thruft $\mathcal{Z}$ cno heide tl:: Imperial Scepter, he was overcome of him againe, and lolt his head.

There Examples extracted from infallible gromens, may feeme the judicinus undertanding of the Gravelt, and fittelt for Private Families, where order is beft attained by Eximples: We ufe moft to be moved, when we fee the end of fuch a Man, to caution us; whohaving led his life fecurely, concludes the period of his dayes as miferably: And fome have I knowne cvenof the difcreeteft and moft vertuous parents, who, to deterre their children from Drumkenneff, ufed (like as the Epiretes did with their children) 10
hang the pieture of a Hog wallowing in a filthy puddle, with this Infeription on it:

## Nunc Ebrius affes,

 Mequé Suem famplife fuam formam Drunkard, if thou wouldffee this forme of thine, Come here and Sec't depictur'd in a Swine.The Lafivious and fenfuall worldling, decy-

meancs of reclaiminedrun kuds from rheir beaftiall hlthinefle. shite Sjnipofin, dijtrabisis nesotiaib.
I umerrum Libir quantum fity $i$ cif: Homo liver
 Вbb

2

Evely vice bricll; decyphorid.

Arerp fiden! fa:s tar thas. \%un lill finawis. the dumbentiar 8 is.

Oeconomicald
 chang Pravate ramilis how tole dirpoisd. itruftons for all Pitrate Eitares.
a chane of gold about her fither Cyneras bed ${ }^{\text {s }}$ with this $\operatorname{mpref}$ fia.

Hine Amor ut senuis, froperdet.
The mifernte wreth that makes his gold his Gid, boft exprefed by Menedemus, with his Spade, delving and digging for life, with this Motro:

## Sic mihi divitiad Famulióspati.

Truct decspherring of all ices,ppoceeding froni the exmplay evears of Delinquents, commit(ime what the: like, and at laf fecling what they litenot:Thi lietrgermment in private, procods from Hifteries, and the ferious reading thereof: the vertuous Matron fquaring liet courfe, by that modefteft of Romane D.) mes Lucretia, making her (colum her thorusw) her Difate, herbeft companion in herbed, when her husband was abfent : no vicious mind ande-
 Patlionc, whilit Colatine her husband fights in the Ifidhagnuthis Combries onemy: But yowhall lie Lentulus and diuns, their wives rioting, and ace:ling intheir hushands abfence.

You thall finde fundry lultruftions highly conducing to all Private Eitates, in thele Surveys of Hifories. Directions for thofe are marricd; How to demeane themfelves in their feverall mank or cunditinus. How the Roman Dames, alter bey had tak on them to Humbads, were to bidalas topublione concourfe: hy breaking of

 (imp)ying,
(implying, that they were thenceforch to keepe within doores, and never to goe abroad.) What Inftructions likewife were given then, to prepare them before they tooke themfelves to a marricd ftate; which (to omit others leffe pertinent)werc digefted in this fort:

Love all, but referve your peculiar affection to One.
Hate whatfoever deferves your pious neglect:

1. and entertaine that Subject, as one worthy your trueft tender, who would rather dye than afperfe the leaft blemith on your honour.

Hold him dearer than your life, who knows the effence of Love: who fornes to make a Semblance of that in Act or Tongue, which his inrimateft thoughts confirme not for a truth.
Piety fhould be your Diary : Sanctity your Deity.

Earth your contempt: Elyjow your content. Let this be your Object, that your Subject: I bas your Inne, this your Manfion.
You are yet but one felfe, one Soule: if cver you live to unite it 3 let it be linked to fuch a Love, as may effentially delight it: ever checre it, nevercl. yit.

The mifery of an enforced Marriage, what Tragick effects it h'as wrought, the World can witneffe :where joyning of hands comming from dif-joyned hearts, hath made many a Nuptiall, an heavy Funerall.

Portion is a Worldings Object : Beauty the amorous Fooles Darling. Whereas, Vertue, be Bbb 2

## 364 A Survey of HIS TOR Y, or

the never fo poore, nor to the ourward eye never fo meme; reteines in her what may rrucly enrich thofe that thallhwe her : and expreffe that hemuty in Age , which farre furpanferthall others in their Prims.

You, whof happinefe it hath ever beene to gnine repures crowne thofe rayes of your Mor- $^{\text {g }}$ nings, "ithaglorions livaning. And to ripen thofenative feeds of goomenefle in you, make hoive of fiwh an one for your Mare, whofe knowledge may improve yon ; that Art and Na ture may make you fuch anabolute Creature, as whofocver eyes you, may admire you: and drav one line from your acomplishment, whereby theymay imitate yon.

Though youbeilete, while others are chofen, hold nor this your Contempthut Honour. Hiearonstave retervidyrufor he hat Dith, to feafon the palate of a felcit cinef. Thofe Jewells are not in valueleaft that are vended latt.

Yourathetiontheth becte fong in planting; the fe are the hef Fomadarions.

That madding Fancy is a Frency, where Deliteration makesnocatry.
Youhave ohferved atherschoice: yot youpreferred your Madden-ftute be fore any change. A Marriage- day could not fofirc your aftiction; as roheget in you one itraying thought of altering yourcondition. Whar a fixt Refolve was this in Youth: youwere noenvieu: Corivall in others Rites, bur were plenfed to fee others fid, with what gennever talte!! bamlefly jojing to heare
others joy in that you never enjoyed.
But being ro well read in Man, yet never knowne to Man, make ufe of your Leeture; and in a lawfull embrace give way to Nature.
Let your Pofterity make you a Mother ; your
14.
15. breeding beget anew life in thofe who fhall be got of you: that like sender Ofiers twifted about you, they may become melodious Inftruments to thofe Superiour Powers that made you. To whole aufpicious proteition in the choice of your affection, that you may n. ver ftand in need of Viri-plaia's Mediation, we rccommend your.
The like Dientions you thallinde forVirgins, and fuch as cinbraced a fingle life : with fundry Morall Motives roexhort Widdows to Continence. Inftrutions likewife for (Occonoricall Diltipline : Expcrimentallgrounds or Obfervations for Hufbandry; all which for Previry fake I palfe over, referring youto fiech whe have co- val.sax.s smio pioully inlarged theinlelves in Subjects of his ha, Marriv. nature.

Zud.viv.trc.
If our Hiftorians, now a drics, would employ their lampes and ()yle in the delivery of aprotitable Hiftory fuch as might mather end to the cheribling of the uiripenedblotiones of vertue, then the nipping of them: How happy members were they? Yea, that I may ufe Saliugts words, though they retired themelves from publick afadires, yet; Majus comimedumex en otio, quitmex Hiforians mon profita. alionsm negosüs Reipub. acnturum: Yer fachhave ble tu the jin the depraved hamours of former times, that ane belt Obfervers and Rechators, have parchafed Commonweile.

Enmity $2-$ mong rt Hifto riant the arclues.

Hesiod. 1. lib.

Pros. Pomp.
little, fave Envy, for their Labours: no, the very chicfeit Hiltorians have opposed themfelves one against another.

Titus Livius was fo violent against more SaInfo (as Seneca obierverin) as he objected that sertaine things, Transcribed by Saluft out of Thocidides, though elegantly applyed, yet by him depraved and c erupted; which Aurelius Fuscous alto, notech to be done, as it were, of let parpole by saluft, to derogate from the excellency of Thucidides writings: A meeredetraction to fuck a worthy Author: But what works meriting Emulation, have not ever had Envy for their attendants? I conceive the reafon to proceded from that of Hefiod, who inferreth in Pro. feffions, none to be more apt to envy one nothar, then fuck as be of one Trade: Figulusfogulas adit: True, for where cypher fingulurity is required, or here of gamine, there Envy is ever hooting her impoifoned Arrows: And/for the mont part) Envy raigneth there mont, where our Labours deferve mont: The low Mufhrome is fecdone touched by the violence of any Tempest, but the peering Cedar is ever expofed to all vchemencies.

For the particular use of Histories, and their fruit, I have gathered thee Observances, extrafeted from ia judicious Writer: Expert he was in all Hiftoriall Relations, as his apt fimilitudes more fully demonftrate : what they are I have here fee downs, and as contractedly (as I could itraginc) for the benefit of every understanding Reader.

3sifftifory cohaptehend inn it any cercaine dob
 pore it dxpedient fob all nens as well to klect aidd inake ufe of it, as to rufh tiolently into fich inioft plentifall and fivitfull fields of Hiftory, wheréall exemplary grounds afe in ample fort propounded. For what can be nore plealant, or more piofitable, then in the Thentre of Mans life; fo, tö be made wary and wife by other mens harimes (and that without harme) as to fit in fafety', and yet to be intructed inall parts withour jebpardy: chufing out Examples of all kind, which thou maift apply unto thy owne peculiar ufe, uponall occalions? And whereas Hiftory, is'converfant oftentimes in the fecreteft counfels, importing the weightieft affaires of the greateft Peifons: we that are men do with greateft appetite covet them, as likewife to be interreffed in theirrevents, becaufe it is impofible (through the ftortneffe of mans life) otherwife to abridge the fucceffions of times, by the limit of our forgetfull memory: or to fee the profperous Fortunce, Succeffes; and Ends of Empires, or manifefly to conceive the. Caufes of evils, eyther private or publicke; or in every hard and difficult affay, to have a prefident before our eyes, of fuch things as were tryed before us, or which were in hazard befure they were attempted by us: and that I may feake all in one word; to jadge of things prefent, by things palt, which is the property of a wife man, and difereetly to forefee of what is to cone by allfucceeding evorts.

A compendious difcourfe of the generall profit of Hitory.

But it hecommethus, to come fo much the betrer furnifhed, by how much our Hiftory is with all fruits better fraught and replenimed : And whereas there is the very fame difficuley in judging rightly, as well of our owne, as anothers lifes there is none that canduly (how piercingcy'd loever) judge of anothers life, that hath not meafured his owne: Of both fides it is to be im. pljed, that not onely a maine difficulty is here placed, but alfobefore webe to this Hiftory addrefled, it is required neceflirily, that we be not onlyendued with a certaine Civill Wirdome and Moderation, butalfo to have our lives grounded ona ferled intention, unlefle we will be miferaily, and that perpernally, deluded with the

Anapt fimilitude. vaine illulions of rhis life.

For even as it fares in a moft fumptuous and royall Binket, replenifhed with all forts of dainties, one thing feemes delightfull to one which is diftanfull to another; few things are liked of all, every one being beft pleafed with his owne, though all dimes be alike to the Glutton : and as cvery one's appetite is, fo is he affectcolfyet there is a meane (which Nature hath ordrined) and a certaine kind of nowrifhment, which in it felfe is mecrely fimple and uncorrupred, and beit agrecing with our bodies: From which, whofoever departeth fo, as he crammath himfelfe aboere thebounds or determination of Nature, wil! find more inconveniency then protit in it. So in this diverlity of Mans life, though there be a thouland formes, and a thoufand purpore,

## 

 judgment; : ahe judgeth ph his: awne and arior chers life, yet there is onopnly pathi of ventues, which whifgever kecpeth and oblarveth wifely; hopplympeth ufe of his life really Others a as ina doubtuull fupper, when they invite chem relves - to all pleafures, can neyther find dutin themfelues or others what mighe deferve imite: tifn, or wharetoghey, make mightrecource:But if therehe any thing giventominn byNaturo, which is in his power to ufe well or ill, it behoveth him toufe great circumfpection in the ufe thereof: But what is he I pray thee, that wil ufe more ezact confideration inall his words and workes(by the dired line of verme) then in the afe of fuchumeats as are fer hefore him? And who thinkes nothimrelfe Tafficiently infruated hercine In which how wonderfullyare mendeceived? Suppoing that Difcourfe to be Hiftory, which teacheth the Reader, miniftring to him matter of Learning (yet $\int 0$ ) as a Banket miniftrech ufe and appetite toevery one as he is affected.
This is the reafon that we fee fome fo delighted with the fweetneffe of Reading, as nbeying their owne plearure they loofe the inértimable fruits thereof. Such have no other Ccope in all Hifories i then with which our Generpus Mafitians, ufe to paffe time away, upon their, Infruments: employed in reading only, to fend their weary houres, which be prefendy encamored with more wearifomneffe; For shere in noplenfur ipuit, wbigh:

begharyand abitione extiethotherty'andethat which mewes) a fletibility of infind in atpother things, vainely tranfports them to everybrave \&x chitient image, forgetful how therious and tech markable ex mples are produced by Wiftersinot onlylou follow vertue, and condethite hidnotr ofi fered us ; bur if a Competitor wete'admittedius tocoumtermaund the authority of idap honout, tocudute him with pariente; yety? hougtribile burfocles will purpole to arpite tol fach ydetied exidllence; without the like meriting vertue: we fie many men, by the very reading of excetIont phitigs, to talle inthem (elvers a cerzain kind
 and reicimbling thofe Trated dians, whe inieate the Siate of lich pertons they feprefented; after they havd pas off their Habits.

 (menof vulgar apprelicnfion') whe hiearing the Stacof Fullpermiry, for the moff pare, noree

Rui fuper in risulis or ima pinitus. ftecme the Purple thenehe Man, the Pieture then the Work: Scemettualla forde dowh Hiftorylexercife," and imprint in the Mind of the Keader.

Now it is the foope, and dradght of oll Hifto res toexcitemans floarh, and to atrie-him againftill dmpers's and wherens the foree be ex moles" (thecir whith nothing can be imagined anore powerfill to perfwade) tend efpecially to chateind is if commeth ropaffe that by the fetuNhademem (who thinke other mens harmes fir ther noxhing to enterne them) frotil things ats
is themiflyes are memorable iandworthy ofictvacion) bereadand heard wirth dedeiff aind :care-

 would hardly chinke) offend nia more fevere, and Gricictec , kind of jeading o as If eviings inouild
 ouiche to horachedmedogo VWhe hore, ofardy
 very furfeit of iconfured and rum reading) it coinh mech topaffe (asixabodyypented whin cortups humors) that a certaine xexufid, or ill difpofficot - of jud ponearand opinioh gitwhich bad de effecially to be foundand fincererin the courfe of our dife, and a curupaga, pribad température, converxing all riodintoill humours? ? feth be be id-
 ftempened; nothing; fo mo profitatall by thefe seanes is minifred to warreading.
I fuppofe:choureeftiouthé ivery fame rearon is in reading Hifoorys andidifpotrig the codre of thy life: but this is cerrainly the gecateft difficalvy (toowit) the perverfenefe of our jodgment, which is the fiecoidllt canfor that we que not mot?
 our miods are inclined ind affeered nfoft: "nind this difficuly is no leffe then the other forato much as Writers do défrtibe thindst done, as they

 theinow poculiar judg mentes for theirotwhe a cord)praifing fome thingss, though tot praite:

Arificium bo nevolentic ons $\mathrm{Ccc}_{2}$
worthy) ligenda baben- imaginc it warthy approbation: which (furely) if they did fimply, it were cafic to confentior diffont nutp, hemb But evenisCookes for the ino ft part) do more relpect their Maifters Palate then

Guten Sapius 4xilix cromonodü itri fpeclare. his Proft : Evenfoan Hiftorian (Icould wifh the mof did not (o) applies himfelfe:to the appectite of the R caders whe are oft-cimes therefore dcluided bs thefe two nicanes, our owne Judgement, and the prejudice of the Author, not laying things open and naked; as they were done.

Anhinerian is che beit intetpreter of Acts atchicued; whore judgment, if it chance to be corrupt, it commeth to pafie, as when Wine (of it Selfe ncate and generous) taketh either fone walt of the Caske, or is corrupted by fome other diftalt, which either proceeds from an impofture, or folly great \& inrollerable. We may fee in one cally cxample, the judgment of the Writer; The prophane Hiftotianafcribeth the cvents of ferious and weighty affaires, to the councell and induftry of men; al-be-it he hath fulficiently tried, how fowly thofe men were deccived in the events. "Hence it is that men bedrawne to great folly, that they, whof knowicdge was fiarce fufficient for the ' confideration of things fubjected before tlieircies; anid whofe force and ftrength not much cuceeded little Wormes, thould by one firajl haceeft arrogate the government of the whole world unto them. But a good Hiftorian teachach thus: Thimgs. (faith he) are purpofed by

Mam, bat difpofed, and sniderated by God; 3 whereby he riddeth the frrupulous. Reader both of folly and fuperfition (a milchiefe no leffe than che o(her, ) and iniall other proprieries, good Hiftorians (whofe ftudies are only confecrated to holineffe) ought not sobe ignorant of the Agent and Inftrument wherein they differ, and what be their feverall Effets: the one moving, and the or ther moved. Butefpecially I admonifh thee to this end; that whereas I obferve many Authors of that kind, who for their exceeding force of innumerable examples, deferve to be read iI could with that the Novice-readeridifufle with himfelfe as circumfectly and ferioully as he can, by propoling to himelfe both the fruits which might redound, and the dangers which might oceurre him in his reading: for to one that runneth overall Hiftories curforily, or who rafhly and unadvifedly fpends his time without any: exact cbrervance of private or publickeduties, it commethito paffeas to Country Clownes, who in facking of'a neighbour City, take fpoile of fome sposbecariss hop well furnifhed with all receipts; where, provoked with the fiweetneffe of fome junkets or fpices, being the firft that came to their hands, and imagining the reft to be of the fame fort, they fwallow, fup up, devoure, and gormandize all before them; whereby prefently fome are taken with a frange difeale, others, with ${ }^{2}$ 'Phrenfie, moft are bereft of life; none but ftrangely diftempered, which eccafions laughter through all the Army: For as Manslife,( $/$ o Hifory
the Image of wams life ; bath her commodities and difcommodities: for the Governosens of Misns life confifteth onely in the afe of bis life:

- In thefe Collections as in a moftcleare Mirrot, may our young Gallane fee into his errours : he thall be of necelfity foroed to diftafte himelfe, till he have relinquilhed his mid-nighe revels; furceafed from his licentious mectings $\mathrm{s}^{\circ}$ and res duced his difconforting Paffions unto a calme and retired harbour ; here the publicke Magiflrate hall beable to difpofe of himfelfe, and Office deputed unto him; fecing matters worthy innitation, and Precepts worthy the Gravent and Ripelt Confideration: one to inltrur, others ro Correft, and ath to make perfect this whole module of Man.

A review of rtholi former Collettions, lapplying them to our prefen: ociafions.

Now, to take a review of thote former: ColleAtions, and apply them to our prefent occafions; Hiltories you have heard illulttated bydivers proper Similitudes, to reprefent unzous the benefit thereof, trath in respeat of their delighr, being modeftly and difrectly feafoned ; as likewife, the ocrafional profir we may make therof; in the par. fages of this life.

Firlt then, he compares Hifory to a Feaft or Banket, where Difhes of all forts are provided and orderly difpofed; implying, what Method is tobe obferved in the forme or digeftion of an Hifory. Nither, indeed, could any Viands bce more orderly difpofed, nor decenty difhed, thin hath beene oblerved by our Hiftoriograplers in the comely difpofition of their Writings :
tinge: : So well hath the Divine providence ordered, that whatfoever properly coriduced either to the knowledge or practife of this life, mighoto Pofterity bee fucceflively recommendect.

Forfirf, todefeend to the Order and Continamee of rimes ag reeable to the Ecclefiafticall Hiftory, wehave at this day compendioufly delivered unto as by the Workeg of fuich fautmas Hiftoriograpticis' as have written the faid Hi ftory unto the pofterity following. For Eufebisis Pampbilue hath writeen from the birch of
 mad : Socrates, Theodoret, and Zozomienhave continned the cimes from conflantine, unto Theodofus Tmnior, of which Eiflperours doings zuigrias hath formewhat diffourfed. As for the Divine arid Prophane Hiftories from the beginning 'of the World unto this 'day', they are orderly continued by painfull Writers. And firte of all, Mopes beganne to Write (as is decthred of them which compuled there thingy tiokecher $)$ of the things that were dore froti the Creation of the World, tven as beliad truely learned of Ged in Mount Sina". Againc, ofther followed hirn 3 . hewed the ready way eonars Religion, and commited to' Wriding the Acts tone fince his rina. Moreover (to defrend asitra building from Story to Story) Iofephim wrove a very large Srory, full of every kinde of ond matter.

What fabalors things foever thate beene re-1
ported to have beene done eicher by the Gued, ant or Barbarians ofold time, whoeither were at Civill Warres within themfelves, or waged battell with forraine enemies, or if any other thing can be remembred fince the firft mould of man was caft, all I fay, befides fundry other Writers, is haid downe by Characes, Theopompues and Ephorus. As for the Roman Hiftory, comprizing in manner the Acts of the whole World, or if any other thing fell out by reafon of their Civill diford or of quarrels rifen betereene them and forraine Nations, it is exquifitely handled by Dionyfus Halicarnafare, who begunne his Story from the time of the People called A60rizenes, and continued is to the reigne of Pyrrhaw King of Epirns. From thence unto the overthrow of Carthage, Polybius enegapolitawus hath excellently difoourfed: all which Tresrifes though occalioned at divers and fundry timcs, Appianus with grave judgement hath contrived into (Odder, and compacted together ; adding thercunto ot his owne, fuch things as were worthy of memory after their dayes unto his time. Diodorus Siculus wrote unto the time of Inlites Ca/ar, Dion Cafsims likewife continued his Story unto the reigne of Ansomier of Emefa. The like mateer and order hath Herodias in manner followed, ending with the death of Mraximus. Nicofiratusalio, a Rhetorician of Trapefus, heganne with the reigne of Philipthe Sucicifour of Gordianus, and wrote unto odonasas of Palmyra, and the ignominioas expedi-
tion of Valerianues againft tleperfians. Ofthe fance thing intreated Dexippus at large, beginning with the reigne of the cuacedonians, and ending with the Empire of Claudius, the Succeffor of Galienws. 'The faid Author laid downe the Warres of the Carpians, and ofother Barbarians in Hellada, Thracia and Ionia. Eufebius continued his Story from Offavianus the Emrours reigne, unto the time of Traian, Marcus, and the death of Carus. Arianusand edfiniws 2uadratses, wrote fomewhatallo of thofe times. The times following, reaching unto the reigne of Arcadius and Hosorius the Empcrors, Zofimes hath profecuted : and of the things which happencd fince their times, Prifour Rhetor with others hath difcourfed. All which Hiftories Eufathius of Epiphania hath briefly runne over, but very excellent!y, and devided the whole into two Volumes : The firft containeth the Acts from the beginning of the World unto the defruction of Troy and the Pallace of Priamus : the fecond continueth the Story from that time unto the twelfth yeare of canaftafies the Emperours reigne. Therebeganne Procopius Rbetor, and cuded with the dayes of Iuftinian. What happened fince unto thefe our daycs (faith Evagrius Scolaficus, a ferious Difcourfer and Difcuffer of Antiquities)although Agathius Rhetor, and Yolm, both my fellow Citizen and Kinfman, have orderly written of, unto the time when chofroes the younger both fled unto the Romans, and alfo was reltored to his Kingdomeloy chawricises, Ddd
(who went not therein faintly to worke, but couragioully as it hecame an Fomperour) and brought Chofroes into his Kingdome with great Treature and Armed Sculdiers) 'yet have they not as yet publifhed their Hiftorics.

Whence youmay colle? how orderly Hiftories have hecne difoofed, how fuccelfively continued, and with what coherence fuited, as hath formery heene obferved. The chiefert of them, to reccine them better in memory (and right wiffull is fuch Hiftoricall retention) havebeene ingeniouly dofed in this metricall Dimenfion.

> Baionias, Iovius, Polydorms,

Dodonalls, Diodorus,
Dorotheus or EuFebius,
Polomaus of Polybius.
Ames.ung to there:
Caliur, Lelius, \&' Valerius,
Cincas, Plinius, ó Pcrerius.
Now, (to tye curfelves to that propriety of that Similitude ufed in our formor Collections; as in :" banket there be feverall Dainties orderly dithed. fobe there pperites as diverfly affealed. What one diftafteth, another relifheth; what one relifbech, another diftafterh.Soit fireth with our Readers of Hifory. Some are for Salidnanatc : Serions Difourles, fit oncly for ftrong Senmacks. Others are for moares ofeafic and light digeftion. What may relifh with the Palat, though it affords lefie nouilhment, delights
delights them beft. -Here a Conffit, there a Succot; onely Kix-flhowes are for thefe lighter Guefts.

And many fhall we encounter withall of this fort: who, fh yuld you queftion them, what they have rad in fuch an Hiftory, or what ufefill Obfervance fit upon occafion, to be reduced to practife, thay have gathered; it were to bee doubted, if they returne not the fane a:ifwer, which that ycuthfull Reader of Homers Workes rendred as one newly come out of an Euphus golden flumber) to one queftioninghim in the like manner. "I find not a more pleafing Piece "than Helem, nor difpleafing than Therfites. Many fuch thereare, who take a perfeiter view of the picture, than oiche sabftance Poore mouldred earth, which fometimes (if Hiftories enlarge not themelves too farre) retcined a gracefull prefence ; and wrou ht fuch ftrong impreffions in frrange eycs, as they ingaged both their owne and Countries liberty, to become pofleffors of fuch a beauty, are attractiveft Ob jeets of their eyes, the retentivelt Subjects for their memorics. Thefe come for company, amongit the more knowing and deferving Gucfts; to partake of this Banket ; but they preferre fuch fweete Meares, which corruperather than nourih, before thofe which may not onely clofe the Appetite, but fupply for nourifhment.

Others, more ferioully affected, hold to that which may moft nourifh. Thefe be our ju-
dicous Readers, who collect what may profit them in private Difourfe, or affaires Domeftick or Publick.
To fec an Eminenr Perfonage beare himfelfe to his ranke, we commend him; we fay, hee does not deqencrate from thofe he came from : his difpolition proves his defeent ; his Education, the worthineffe of thofe that bred him. Obferve chis in your peruflll of Hifory; when you finde a perfon nobly aceompliih'd; One, who values honom befureany worldly tender: youcolleat, he was not obrurely bred; his demerits pleade forhim. No Herald an find for him a beter Conte, than his owneperfonall worth. Now, rufleat, Gintlemen, upon your felves. Doe you thew your Celves abroad? Ate you invited topubliche Feats or other re.greets of friends? Tillme then, is not the Veffell to be knowae by the bound Our vaporcus Callane, whor momate acquintance is his Tinder-bose and a Pipe, akes in Snuffen ferious Difecurfe. His contire Study io seduced intu a firall Volume; cidning his Luprefle with, Pulvis ơ umbra fumus.

And thefe Fimblemes of his. Mortality thengh he carry ftill about himi, he as caniiy forgers what they fignifie, as if they had no rel. ti $)$ n to Moriality. Por fecred things! Can you fee thefe, and not pitty them: Picces made up in the fhape of inen, but fo farre citranged from fo Princely Ifyle, as, their feature cxiepted, they reprefent nothing lefie. Difiourfe, witheur that weatic manmall inftrument, the:r Pifc, thy wamer:

## A $\mathcal{N}$ urfery for $G E N T R r_{\text {. }}$

and when they utter what fmoak gives them power to deliver:they reteine fill that Embleme in their Dialect, which they evaporated from their Pipe, Smoake. The Judicious, I am fare, blufh at this, and by a reflex of conceipt ( to ufe the Philof eppers words) are more afthamed of them, than they of themiflves. For thefe conceive what a difhonour it were to them to nlew themfelves fo childiflly in a publicke Society.

It is true, all difpofitions are not alike affeAted; Secing, as Plato Gaith, rumning Wits are delighted with Poërry, as Arifotle writeth, efienimate perfons are ravifhed with Mu'ick, and as Sorrates telleth as, Hiftories agree beft with frayed heads. This indurcd Alfonfus to have piffory to a alwaies in his bofome the Commentaries of diferesel Eatight Cafar: being alfo fo much delighted with the full harmoHiltory of Titus Livius, thit onatimehecom- ny. manded certaine Mufitians (though very exat in their Art) todepart, faying: "Heheard a " more pleafant harmony out of Livius.

When you come then to this Muficall Feaft; where you fhill heare pleafing Aires mixcd with dolecul Lashryma's; brinz difiction along with you to rectifie your diftempered appetites. Leave light notes to perfons of light note.Stronyer meares are prepared for your well-concreting Stomacks: fuch as may nourifh you, and beget thofe manly abilitics, that may fit and accommodate youfor the kne wing'f prefence.

this Kingdome (whore Workes expreffe him a ferious reader of Men as well as sookes) that he: would have a gentleman rather fuperficially feene in all Learnings, than exact in One And his renfonis, that one who reteines the Elements of all Knowledges, though they bebutin a weak meafure, yet hee can deliver himfelfe by way of Diforurfe in what Subject foever fhall be miniItred : whereas Hce, who hath confin'd himelfe to anexuigt fight of one K nowledge, and no more, being out of that Element, wherein hee is folely exquifite, he muft veile to other mens Difcourfe, and keepe confort with Silence.

Now, to inable you for all Companies, no ftudy may better accommodate, nay accomplifh you, than the knowledge of Hifory. So as Califthenes faid to alexander, that he had rather caroufe old Graines with Diogenes in " his Dilh, than new Grapes with ealixander in his Cup; "Fcrof all the Gods (quoth he) I löve" not effoulapins: preferring conference with a Philofopher, before the fociety of a Scepter: and imbracing an abffemious courfe of moderation, bcfore Feftivall and Epicureall meexings. Even fo hoould I in my choif of acquaintance, defire more to enjoy his company ; who hatl bcencurefully vers'd on the Theatre of Hi-

An erat Hiltorian, a fele Companion. ftory; than any other, whofe affected drefle, or airy complement gives onely a found to the Eare, butleaves no impreffion in the Conceipt.

In our clecion then of Company (as I have many times oblerved) let it be our care ever to
make

## $A \mathcal{X}$ urfery for $G B \mathcal{X} T R T$.

make choife of fuch, ${ }^{6}$ of whom wee may bee "ronfident cither to better them, or be bettered "by them. And to chufe him for our Mafter "(toufe Seneca's counfèll) whom wee may more "cadmire when we fechim, than when we heare "him.

For the habit of the mind is beft difcovered by the Action, Station and Difpofition of the body. So as, he deferves not the ftyle of a Mafter, who feconds not that title in his out ward gefture.

Thus youhave heard this \$imilitude explained, in this refemblance of an Hifory to a Feaft: whereto ifyou come with taftes or appetites diitempered; thofe various diflhes, be they never fodelicions, canaford you fmall delight : begetting rather in you a loathing than a longing. So, in this incomparable Feant of Hittory; where Difies fored with all varicty of difeoureare ferved up, if you come, with diftempered judgements, not diftinguifhing what is wholefome from what is noyfome, that which might have redounded to your infinite profit, by inverlion of the right ufe, returncs to your detriment. Great preparation than' is to behad in the folennizing of fo Princelya Banket.
Secondly, heecompares it to a Field. : Where we may prombulate and folace our felves after more ferious ftudies. Neither; fiall you finde more varicty of flowers in the Fiekd; than you may of excellent inftructions, powerfull examples, with other perfwafive Motives in our Hiftories. Y ou fhall finde Princes by taking

Eum eligas in Socium, de guo sibi Sosesfo ane meliorena redderdi,ved meliorem abco redeundi.

Eum eligasma. gifirum, qucm ing is admire. ris cumvideas, '7nrm cum tadias Sencta.

## A Surbey of HIS TORY, or

Facilisa in acce $\int \frac{1}{n}$, benis. niles in afpein $u$ affiabilitas in aptalu.
Optimi funt foo cy, qul frrid face is. - uid sudifli, quo misgis profuifio
In quo ancliop difce [lefi i, quain cum fo ciospcrij/fi?
their levell from thefe directions, entertaining a facility of acceffe, a benignity in Countnance, an affability in difcourfe. Others, though their Educaticn had highly enabled them, their affiduate conference withlearned Philofophers improved them: yer this their improvenient extended but oncly to knowledge : They were contemplatively Proficients, hut practically Deficients. The Wolfe would not change his heart, though he had chang'd his haire.

Againe, as ina Field, you fhall encounter with many kindes of fruites, which, howfoever they appeare delightfull to the eye, are dif-relithing to the tafte. So fha! ycuin thofe facious flourifhing berders of Hiffory ;oblerve fome Emineut Perfons, whofe faire Semblances promife nothing more than the practife of every Verme : Their Countenancecheerefull, thit Difcourfe delightfull, their Service to their Countrey fecmingly faithfull; yet fhall you finde them true Tiberians, glorying in nothing iomuch as cunningly and covertly cloathme their purpofes with faire pretences, going invilible, and deluding their profeffed'it friends expectations with a feeming good. Others, like low-growing Phants, or earth-kifing Violets, though to the Eje of the World, they feeme contemprible : yet try them, and you fhall finde them fiwet and comfortable Conforts; though fleighty obferved, defervingly approved,

Yru flall find how thofe men, who, as cofme faith, carry their heart in their mouth, are more

## A X (urlery for G BNTKr.

to bee pittied than feared. But contrarywife, thofe who carry their mouth in their heart, more to be feared than pittied. You fhall hearc Scipio defrribed by cicero to bee the moft cunning Searcher of Mens Minds, and Sylla by Saling. Thus may you fore your felves with flowers and fruits of all forts in this Poly-carpian Field of Hipory. And feele fuch freth wholefome aire tocheere you, as nodiftemper (unleffe your owne difpofitions feedeit) can poftibly furprize you.

Thirdly, He compares fome of our Hifloriass to Busilders; interpofing their owne particular judgements, and imping their owne conceipes, by which they many times divert the Scope of their Hiftory. Teaching the Generall of whom they write, what he fhould doe : negledting in the meane time his owne Office, of recording what was done. And this errour falls many times upon a prefuming Reader, as well as the originall Author. Formany of our Criticks, who: hold ulinerva's Anvill to bee in their Braine' cannot reada Line without a Cenfure: and thefe for moft part delight in nothing more than catching and carping at' ant etrour. This confirmes Salufts Pofition:"To repre"hend others Actions and Speeches each mans " min in is frongly affected.

But if you meane to build wifely upon there Stories, you mutt leave behinde you all prejudicate conceipts. Read Actions as they were done; imitate whatfoever you finde commendably

Ad reprelenem-
denda aliena fafia atque dit Ara ardef omnis cnimw Saluf. Eee done:
done : Efchew what focver you finde igno minioully donc. Examples are ufefull for you in both kindes: Thefe to decerre i thole to allure.

Fourthly, he compares thefe glozing-fugred Hiforians to Cookes; who(for the moft part) ufe toprefire their Mafters Palat before his profiti Such as thele delude their Cuefte swith gruided Plares, and indented Paftes; Burguidded meares will never allay hunger. Profic and pleafure mixr together make the beft muficke.The fmell of ineatican no morefeed the belly, than the found of money fill the Purle. "Thicrethe fome " wholefone things indeed (faith that finnowy Sen. derrarq. "s Seneia) which without either touch or tafe, anim. "prolit much with thair finell. But by thefe, the Norell meant no materiall Efowers: : Thofe internall graces or benuties of the mind, which had reccived fweenclic from Philofophicall inftrutions, were thofe fiveete fragrant Odours he meant by. Eue to prefic this Comparifon a lir te furcher: Our Hijforiwisa hooald nor he fach Cookes, as onely to intend a pleafing of the Seufe: Thure is more in Hiffory, than detighting 2 ycuthfull appetire. He then that defires to have his Wortce live to pontexity : or mafter Ages to rereine liis Mentory; mult difcfleme thefe pleafing humours of complying eithcr with Time, or with any One , high in fivcur with Tinue. It was the Puéts refor lution:

As in my choy e of meates, $S_{0}$ in my Sooke, r'drather pleafe my Guefts,than pleafe my cooke.
He Writes the ben, who humours leaft. Nor cain he expreffè him ielefe better, than in compo-

- Cance funt fercula noftres NallemConelvis quasm placuige Cocis.
frig his Style to the flate of that Subject whereof he Writes: : Aiming more at publick profit, than any mans private refpect or favour : for Partiality', ofallothers' layes the greatelt alperfion uporian Hiftoricall Labour.

Fiftly, Hee compares the judgement of an Hiftorian, when it becomes corrupte t, to Winc; (which of it felfe neat and generous) takcth either fome waft or unfavoury tafte from the Cafke, or is corrupted by fome other accidenr. Mixtures of Hiftories may bee not improperty refembled to our mixtures of Wines. They make themlofe their'flivour and visour. Innreffe they be fodifcreetly mixed, that the frength of the Hiftory be not weakned; nor thofe principill paffages whereof he takes occation to reate difordered or onitted. Wine muddy or troubled we cannot endure; it mult be fined and cleared from the Lees. And fo muft Hiftory. Purged and refired it fhould be ftomat! Lees; or incredible Lies. From all impertinences, ufeleffe digreffions, artlefe independencies. Otherwife it will tafte flat 3 and beget a diftafte to any diferning judgement.

Laftly, He compares unadvifed Readers of Hifory'to Eountrey Clonviks, who in the fpoyle of a City, breake into fome Apothecarics fhoppe,
well tirninied with all receipts:but not diftinguilhing what is Soveraigne from what is Poyions offering to their Senfe for for good whatfoever feemes pleafing : They fall into Phrenfies, Plurifics, and all Diftempers. Oblerve this Gentlemecis, and make ufe of it. The Deare, if hee be wounded, can flye to Ditany, to cure him; The Eeare when he feeles himelfe ficke, feekes for Emmets, aud eates them, and theferecoverhim. The Bee, ifhe be diftemper'd, hyes him to Balme mint, and that checeres him.

Is it fo, that thefe irrationall Creatures know how to cure their gricfes; and will you neglect what may cheere your minds? You may finde in Hiffory, as in a Confolionary, foveraigne Rcceipts, choice Electuaries to cureall maladies. Whatfoever is defective in you, may be heere fupplyed; and whatfoever is in fonse fmal! meafure perfected, may be more fully accomplifhed.

Nothing, whether it conduce to Difourfe or Action, Warre or Pcace, Arts or Armes, but may by Hiftoricall Helpes bee highly advanced.

The Philofophers Axiome is: omne guod non ens eff, malum eff. And worfe then no being (have they) who meafure cut their lives without a due proportion drawne from others, and applied to themfelves. Infruction is the light of Being, the direitreffe of Living, and the beft Schoole-mifreffe that difciplines us dying: States publicke are managed by her, Offices private adminiftred
by her, and the wifeft men have defired to poffeffe her. No Beauty more permanent, Jemme more eminent, or Treafure more Excellent ; it beautifies itfelfe, and no Pbidjose: could ever portray any pichure fo well as it portrayes it'eelfe. And what inftruction better then that which comes from Hiftory, where the true Image of our life is delineated, Vertue in her beft colours expreffed, and Vice (without either fhadow or pretence) layd open and naked? The Prodigall reads, and feeshimfelfereprefented in another Perfon; he fees the miferable end of others, which (unleffe

Hißorier,mis. rors for all Staces. he will fall with open eyes) muft needs caution himflfe: he fees haire-brain'd courfes, leave both Patrimony and reputation behind them : Pemelo. pecs Woers, ever woing, never winning. 'The miferable wretch, that pincheth himfelfe to enrich his unthankfull Rofterity, may fee the fruir of gathering Perdition to himfelfe, and oft-times occafion of ruine and fpeedy defolation to his furfeiting Heire, Here the brave Souldier fees his owne tame; Acts duly and fully expreffed; not a famous Exploit (deferving memory) muft be filenced, but the very name of the Agent, (to excite others the more) muft be Recorded. Here the effeminate Milke-\{op, that fights, bex under his Ladies flagge, firft man that will come to a la fic vious Banker, but 12 of that will come to a pitched field : Hee (I fay) mult fhew himfelfe, though y yortieumun fmally to his credit: yea, Alcybiades (though on not parializr. therwife well deferving of his Country) mull be, fet out inhis ignomimous death; afwell as his Eee 3 memc-
memorable life igiving up the Ghof th the lappe of his Concubine Tymandra.

He defined Hifiory to life, though confined to a fhore line, who calld detsA Theatre of foble " $\Lambda$ 'ctions', begetting' in the Spectatorsalauda"ble Envy, a glorions Emulation. i

Nor flall we find in the whole paffage of our life, fo truea Horrald for deblazoning Vertue or
 though many unbefeeming Act be by het prefented, with the quality of the Perfon by whom it was acted : yer like a faithfull undaunted Record, it recommends with a compoled and cenforious countenance, hew it was done and by whom, withour glozing with Perfon or Time. Such Regifters cannot perifh: whereas others', who are wome by Greatneffe, or corrupted with bafe I acre; (of all ochers the bafef) dr oute'of private difontent (an Errour'roo commonily taking at mongf inany Hiftorians') appere difhonour on any Perfon or State (of allothers the hatefulleft) cannot prontife any perpetuity, becaure they frile in their foundation, being not grounded on Principles of Verity. Oh what a gracefull beatry beftowes our Hiftorian on Vertue; when exprofed indny Eminent Perfon! How it wooes Followers, and wing thein to be Imitators of fuch goodneffe! The Members cannot be diftemperd, when the Head is healchfull. When the Prince turries Philofopher, the whole Court bed comes an Academy.

Hiftory then, as it may be properly itiled, The

## rof $\mathcal{P}$ (urfety fair $\sigma$ ENTCR

Noble-muns Lecture': Sotheir Actions; Ledures to the inferiour. Nothing commendable in the great, which brings not with it an Additarnent; being cloathed with grearnoffo! i. Forgtdat Per' funs, be their lifes remarkable eyther for fome e minent Vertucs, oregregious Vices, they become prelidents to their fhadowes.

Threce efeciall commendable quatities have bin thoughe everfiting Conforts to decshbniny Perfoins of quality but thef have bin civer ob: ferved moft eftranged from theirfociety.' 1. Patience in fuffering Adverifiy: 2: Moderation in bearing Profpericy : 3. Hhuflity fin hetempring Soveraignty.

That wife Chylo, when his brother took it diftaffully, that he himielfe fhould not be made Ephorus, when Chilowas s made ham this anfwere to allay his Chollci: "Content your telfe "Brother, Iknow how to fuffer injuries, rödo 's not you. Implying, that fione Twas'fit for place of Authority, but cond patiently endure affronts, " or furfer andin) whe. This it was whicti's truly recorded Camillus name in the Annals of Honour : whom neither his Dittarorthip could toomuch raife, nothisexte from his Country, too much ideject.

This, thofo pratifeworthy romanes bravely frewed in theircompant and unamated refolutionafer their difinterat Canme (as bath beene obferved) where at fuch time as hearing of nothing

Threeefpeciall qualitics Cuiting well with the' condision of any Eninent l'erfon.
deferving noleffe honour in bearing their loffe, then their enemies in obtaining the prize. But for one prefident of patient-fuffering in this kind; we fhall meet with many oppofite examples, inclining to a contrary bent. Yea fuch; whohad bin fufficiently fchooled in Philofophy, and had read what weake trult was to be repofed in profperity. Amongft thefe, you fhall find fome overcome with griefo upon innovation of government, to lay violent hands upon themfelves. Poniards and poyfons their familiar receipts to cure alldifontents. Thefe could not endure to fee the face of a State altered, their Confull-authority dif-valued; their antient Lawes dif-annulled s but they muft witnefle their griefe with a fatall fabbe ; though fuch a defperate aci conferre nobenefit to the State.

No leffe rarchave our Hiftorians held Moderation in bearing Proßperity, with perfons of Command and Soveraignty.

Alexander in the height of his fucceffe, was fo farre tranfported with the fuppofitious title of a Deity, as he began to forget Mortality: yet one wound received can make him retract that Errour; and confeffe himfelfe a mortal man, though the worlds Commander. What would hethave fayd, if he had feene himfelfe remaine thirty dayes without buriall ; but Diogenes (poore contemprible Diogenes) rolemnized with a glorious Buriall.

How farre Tyrrlus, the victorious Cefar, experienft Himnibal, imperious, but afterwards cala-
mitous SAntiochus, Majeftick Mithridates, Martiall Milt iades fell mort of this Moderation, their owne actións (deblazoned tolife hy our Hiftoricall Heralds) will fufficiently demonfrate.

Thefe wanted simonides to fing unto them, as he did fometines to Parydiniess or as that Pageevery morning did to Philip of Maccion: "Pbilip remember that thow art a Man. Or the spartans fpeech to the samnites: "We have for"got onr beginning, we have not underftood "our ending, becaufe wehave not remembred ${ }^{6}$ our beginning.

Whereas in others we fhall finde an abfolute Moderation in the height of their Properity s and fuch a Princelycommaund of themfelves, as their very minds declared them worthy of nothing leffe then Soveraignty.

This appenred in the Moderation of noble Affrican, mild Marcelltss, Prict Sevirus; who with aneafie contempt Ilighted the honour they enjoyed, and could Philofophically digeft the loffe of fortunes, if they perifhed: whence we cloze, Honout can be no attrative Lure, to the cenppofed firit of a true Heröick Lover. Laifty, with whata Princely beauty Divine Humility thewes herfelfe in the bofome of Nobility, may appeare in that modeft reply of that vitorious Godfrey, to fuch, as afrerhis glarious Conqueft of Hierrufalem, to the honour of Chriftendoine, offer'd to fer a Crowne of gold upon his head, but he refured it, faying "Goil forbid ibitt "the Servants head flowld be mith Gold crowned, Fff nhere

Ropicice pof ter boninem mementote. Tercul. Apol.c. $33{ }^{\circ}$ Mífumor un. PPanco civ. Prima /umma obliti, pogeremia non intelleximus, quis prima non meminimus.
where bis Mafters bead wows with Thormes piefced. Now the rarity of this Verrué or rather tie repofitory of all vertues is re ommended to us by Venerable bede in this memorable fory: "Aidinn a religious Bifhoppe, weeping for King "Ofuinus, and demaunded by the Kings Chap" laine why he wept? I know, fayd he, that the "King flall nor live long: for uever before this "time have I feene an humble King. Which hap"ned accordingly, for he was cruelly murdred by of win. Howfoever, ifinany of the le, fuct Perfonm ages as the Hiftorian makes mention of, fal hore, the ugh corruption of difipline, he thould not be faring in his modeft difoovery, fo it import the fubjest of his Hiftory: wherc it, is expected all things fhould be delivered impartially.

Absolute Hiftories will not admit of the leaft concalcment, bur reprefeuting cvery Act, Perfon, and Event, ule to illuatrate what is worch infitting upon, omitting (or at leaft curforily paffing over) more fruiteffe Subjects: and how delightfull may it feeme to every judicious man, when in reading of ancient Records, he conferres the Stratagems of Warre thenufed, with the prefent obfervance of this Time : fees (and feeing) notes the fundry difpofitions of men, how noble in themiflves, and how generally citcemed invincible, ty a fudden converfion laid low, beneath the ftirrop of Fortune, and made a feetacle of Farc! Then to obferve States, better governed in theirdecline than in their height; and farre more able in power, when in the cye of the world

## ANkrery for GENTRX.

World lealt powerfull. The Romans, when they had attyined the very height of Felicity, that all Governments were their Tributaries, then they began to ftoop mof under theirburdenjand preffed with their ownegtandeure, feemed to imitate the phomix:s whoweary of her felfe, defired to have hor a hees reneyed ; bur her felfe extinguifhed, What ambitious Tyrants proud of their owne ftreingth, and fecure of Divine power, are ded to the layd flat in the height of their expectancies: foas Phenlx. where they: planted the fcundation of their hopes, there they were molt defcated'; to expreffe the providence, \& all-working Majefty of God, whodifpofech of all governments, pulling down' A Chrinian the tyrannicall Empires, and retting wife and difereet Princes in their place! And no motive(of prophane writings) more effectuall then Hiftcconlideration of the power and Maselly of ries, todraw us to a confideration of our felves, and the Majefty of God, whofe excellency beautifies this Univerfe, teaching us to admire; and (in our admiration) to tremble and feare, having recoure to the incomprehenfible judyments, and fecret counfels of the Almighty.

> Gaguery private Family may draine hence ur선 peakable profit, obferving the divers cafu- zunsalties, \& mutabilities fubject to cvery one that is interefied efpecially in matters of ftate 3 preferring their own private and free Life, before popular admiration, fo intangled with continuall incertainties. Here may the poore Husbandman, athis leafure, receive tidings from For-

Profir derived fromH:llorics zo privese F゙a. milles.
raigne Coures:here he may learne what difference there is betwixe the Coulter and the Sceptep the Shareand the Shield. Here may the Marctianes

Merces domefics in confu•| gio, lorginqua, in navtigio fira cfo. wife pitry her poore husband, tofied with $f 6$ many adverfe winds, invironed with fo fundry dangers, and expored to fo miferable adventures; fre cannot chufe but play true athome, the bath a husband fo faithfull abroad, who endargers himfelfe to make her fecure : why thould any come into his hazard, that like a Tenis. ball cafts himfelfe into every hazard? Here the wife of the valiant Souldier may fee whar difficulties her difrefled husband is expofed unto, hear, cold, watching, hunger, thirft,all inconveniences, to propagate the glory of his Country, \& purchare himifelfe a name crernally memorable. His poor family liath reafon to powre out their prayers for his deliverance, and thank fully afcribe all glory to the power of Heaven for his /afe returne. To be briefe, what particular eftate not engaged to Re-

The defrriptiin of a Mariners danger. Jations of this mature? The Mariner feeth his dangers : and feeing them, chferveth the influence of the Stars, and Planets, the crion and the Pleiades; yer in all rhefoblervances, 'he gathers there is a Power above, whem the Sea and winds obey gio him thereforc, as (the experteft Pilore)he fliestor fircour, finding no harbormore ferure, no repofe The Souldiar morefafe. The Sculdier fees into the Difipline difecplane by Hiltofses. handfull of Men have oft-times conquered an Army, to the judgment of Man invincible: he fees intoit, and admires the wonderfull power of

God; whomerkethof-thars direatly againftall
 norlimited to meanes $;$ but can effect? withdiua the lean infrumentsy whr in hlesfacted Sýnode lre hith ordaineds! E Nore dre Marchant fees into the riches of the whole EEAthystow at pleãeth God to fubject all things to the ferviceion? What, to the end Natitigheorlyreforve himfolfe for the fervice of God the obferves the exceeding'favours of Heavent thewne apon Earth ${ }_{2}$, and the colle trs hence, that thofejoyes, whire dediforts and exceeding treafures which he kocpeth for the Elect in Heaven, mult needs be great above all comparifon. sitanta folitiaind dic lachrymarium, quanta-conferet in dice nuptiatunis Thefe confiderations muft of necenity niovehim ro play the good Marchant, who finding one Jem of price, will rell all and buy it.

Yet fee the mifery of Mant That he whohath received all things from that inficedre Foturane of Divine Bounty; thould preferre the fruits of Mifery, before the promifes of Sods Mercy!

Thofe erring Philofopletrs, when they conceived thofe fweet-relifliing comforts they enjoyed by' the Miniftry of tie foutc Elements", they could nor (poore deluded Soules! a arribe leffe than the Title of a Deiry to every diftint Element. Zeho makes Fire s Zcnophanes Earth SA. mixiwemes Ayre wintippeas Water, to be meir Gods. Yet, when all thefe Elements joyne in one voyce and vote, crying, "WVee arc not youir Gods,


Aus.Solllog. Oaps . $2 \times 10$
$A$ Motive 10 thankfulneffe, derived from a Conmema. ration of mans irreparable mifery, without Gods ineffable mercy.

Foure Severall Philorophers aferibed dio Sina Deitice so the foure Elements.

$$
\text { Fff 3: } \quad \text { God }
$$

al God who made ligth yon and ins; We become leile. thank full to oun true Gadis 女han, theys to cheir
 A Motive, then; to Thankfulnefie, migho be worthily hence derived from a Commemoratio? on of Mans irceparable. Mifery; without Gods in-


Glorious is the Ingelhee bis imprinted in him; various and beante ous be thole graces hee has beftowed on him; a more precious prize is referved forbint: and are not all the ef of power: to wooe and whne him? Againe, thould he reflect upon himelelfe, and confider how by finfull deelining, he is dayly defeending to a miferable condition, from which, withour Gods great mercy there is no redemption: the would turne, nodoubtall Niobe: and with pious teares, holy vowes, religious purpofes; vertuous actions, labour his freedome from captivity 2 to re-porfefie him of his primitave liberty; Hifories are plenteous in examples', relating the miferics of Eninent States $;$ and how foone thofe, who to the eye of the World, appeared moft happy; clofed lo cheerefull a Day with an Eve. ning Summons of irreparable mifery. And the greatefr ground of thcir unhappineffe, tooke life generally from their owne felfe-cenfidence. It was the Saying of that Noble Theraifocles: "I buedperiffecd bidel \& not perifleced. And it is the generallcondition of all Man-kinde : Men are never farther from happineffe, than when they fecme to beimmofthappineffe.. For what is this Theatre

Theatre of T pagick enzounters, ishthere weatt thes cealamitous Sceapciof our lifay but, ever frung about with mourning ? Trcithn was held more; happy than Pripulss thecuuferdee dyed youngér, and therefore his teares feyverestian Priamus. sithridates hid beene more happy; ifhe had dyed fooner befoferth faw this mife. ry. $\therefore$ Durius, while viftorious. mighthaneedyed gloriouly; a fow, tonger dayes eclypadithis glory Hee, who fomgtimes ehirfted afternor veraignty, and failed in that which ike; moft foughe, when in his flighe he drouke muddy and ftinking water's faid :"Tbat be ncwar dibnike a "fineeter diarggtos
Contrarics by oppolition receivelbeft illuttration. Les useye the: condition of thore States which many yeares have preseeded as, and collect our oevaehanpinefoby: theirdifquiets i S weet is Wiatre to then that have not trydejce: Rutf fuch ag righely:waigh its with the inconveniences that accompany: it o widl render all thanks to that pringeof rese, , by, whorepleafing they enjoy it.

Thele, dy dayly exparience canidiftinguith of tho Lritives berwixt Fcace and Warp. They obferve, how in Peace; Sannes burie their Fathers: but in $V_{\text {arms; }}$ Fathers burie their Sonnes: how in Feace, the fick arehoaled, butf intwarre, the whole are wounded Whare it is donterfill; whether the Agent or patient be more niferable. It is an exiellent Rulc, which is comhionded to us, in the nfe of 1 atre. : "Ncither, to provgke taking: np
 "occalion
 mandum, pre pravormidism. Plin Parickt
riajing.
"occafion offered. Bluhow happy we; when in this ourl Inetlofed Garden, our owne olioe may Feed us,' omr owne 'vine cheere dys, our owne Figgeitree thadow us !'This, other NeighbourStates are farre from injoying ; yea, fuch; as fo nearely bound us, that;
 A'fmal cut divides us; but agreat difference of con dition betwixt us. This, in the remembrance of others tuhbippines, flold induce us to thank fulnes.

God hath inftore Judgement as well as Mercy; of the firft Cuppe others, and thofe our Neighbours, have deepely tafted; of the latter, our Cuppes have beene plenteoufly fweetned.

God hatly powred downe the Viols of his Wrath upon other Nations, in rending out thofe three fearefull Meffengers, and in flido-ting thofe three fatall Arrowes; Famine; Sword and Peftilence; We onely who deferve leaft, liave thared in the laft, and have for a feafon moitrned, yet are not wee converted : our griefe being for moft part rather for decreafe of our Trade', or Traffick, or the decay of our Worldly oftate in fome meafure, than hedrty forrow for incurring Gods difpleafure.

The onely ufefull way for us in this Review of Gads Mercies to as, and his Judgements upon others'; is to retreeve our thoughes from earth;
rune verd 18quie cor affisi ini qzando in Celeftilimanat ce figitur. to fixe cur affections where we have ftored our divineft Treafures. "And as Heaven h'as fhut her windowes of Judgements to us, and hath opened them upon others: And h's opened the win-
dowes of Mis Mercy to us', which He ha s inut fromothers: let it be ciur efpeciallcare to ramme :Lum ad up our windowes, I meane our outward senSes, that Death enter not in by them ; and Tarpeia-like', 'Eetray our chiefeft Cittadell' unto them.

The Poët in the perfon of rome Vertuous Ones, expreffed nearly the Soveraigne effect of chis receipt in thefe Words:

Within their Lodges they their eyes reftrained, That Lures of light love might be filll refrained, Whence the rich prizes of pure minds they gained With peäce adorned.
-Thus ifourlaffections were erected, our actions directed, and our waies corre?ted, we fhould foone(to ufe' seneca's words) "Gather our Vef. ${ }^{6}$ fels in the Haven fafely, and after along perillous voyage, arrive with Glory.
Every private houfhold is a little Kingdome within it felfe, aud needec inftructions, (though not fo confequently ferious ) as the greateft palace, and royalleft Empire : order muft be obferved in the one, as well as in the other; a Principality in both, and a fubjection to both. VVhat fitter for the houfholder to traine his children, fervants, and attendants in(next Diuine VVrit) than the reading of profitable Stories, fuch as excite to Vertue, and firre up their mindes to the undertaking of foniething tworthy a refolved $\begin{array}{r}\text { fpirit ?: I know the bale minded Groome hea- } \\ G \mathrm{Gg} \\ \hline\end{array}$

All Arss may be reduced to nobleatempu and condigne fortuncs by their owne profelions.
ring the profperous fuccefie of Luciuraquintins, who was chofen one of the Patricij from his Plow filt, and afterwards by his valour and mag. nanimity, refervech the name to this day of Triumphalis Agricola; a poore Husband-man (itting in his Chaire of Triumph, will defire by all meanes to imitate fo notable a prefident sforning to rippe up the bofome of the earth, when he may purchare himelfe more fame by the deblazing his honour upon earch. The homefpunne Shepheard, hearing the renowned Acts of 12 omulus, fedand brought upamong Shepheards: and of Cirus, who barehimfelfe a Prince among Shephicards, will caftaway Scrippe and Shecpe-crooke, and behave himfelfe a worthy fucceffour in their profeffion. The Gardiner hath an Empcrour of his profeffion, to imir tate, " and anhonett one too, as his name implycs, to wit, frobus. The Wood-man or Forrefter, a Pompilius. The Diviner, a Zoradferes: and the Philofopher, an Aptawius. But many have ive, that we may better imitate than Prixces : is their flate was eminent, fo were their
Royal Errors. natures depraved. 'We fhall read chatmany, of them were as good Law-breakers, as Lawrtiakers; and the greateft Vices appeared leaft, (though mof approved) in greateft men. They hadever vertuous pretences to fhadow vice : fin became cloathed in Tiffue. We fhall fee impu. nity of offinces to he a grear fupportreffe of them" "prefuming fill on the Kings mercy and Squaring their courfe to his Diffipline : for Sub-

Subjeas love to imitate their Prince ; either in Vice or Vertue ; butmore are there inclined to the worft than the bef?; making this conclufion $_{3}$, through long and inveterate cuftome of finne; which Medea in that cunning and quaint Difcourfe feemed to compafe, with this fubrile preparation, hying this grand-hold of proceeding; Frudus ef fcelerum, nuilums tibi fcelus patare: A pofition of Machiavel: YVherein every judicious Reader may gather the admirable and infcrutable wifedome of God, fruAtrating their devices, annihilating their purpar res, never bringing their defignes to effect: yea; which is more worthy our obfervation, making there the mort fooles, where they thought themfelves to be moft wife. For thicirpolicies either in governing; or eftablifhing. Empires; How farre horr have their purpoles ever come to effect : Examples I could produce many of this nature, as well Divine as Morall.

It is a fafe, becaufe a Divine Conclufion; No Eftate fecure without the protection of a Supreme Power. Take a Survey of all conditions;' and ygu Shall finde Frailty the Foundation they. ftand on. Cares and Feares, Shadows they cannot fly from. No Guard foftrong, as to fecure from Feare a Princes ftate; yen, he Thall finde his very Kingdome to behig Prifon while he is in ir, and ro be anothers, when he is removed from ic Yea, he fhall linde nothing to be more profitable. No eftre "re cure without the protection of a Supreme Power. for a King than fometimes nor to play the King.

Omue regmin /wo princty) carcer $f / h, f$ cxeat, allenem:

Machlavels Po Gation

Ggg 2
Yca, dinloyall hearts to undermine him, yet would he encounter wit's jealous and furpicious feares wihinhimfelfe to furprife him. This Potion wrought ftrongly with Diony fies, that Tyrant of Syracufe, who (as upon the: like occalion hath beenc formerly obferved) became fo fufpicious, as hee would not truft his Barber to Thavehim, caufing his Danghters to fupply the Office of Barbers. Pocre Majefty! What pleafure could this Tyrant take in having a Kingdome; when his Crowne could not fit more clofe to his head, than thofe individuall Cares to a Crowne clung neare to hishoart? This caufed Seleuchus fo accuftomathly to fay, "That if a Man knew with "what Cares a Diaden was clogged; how very "few houres he were from difquiets freed; hee "would not take ir up, though it lay in the ftreet.

Yea, fhould neither Enmiry affaile him, nor infirmity invide him, nor cares feaze on him, nor fare; furprize him ; yet would he find within him, theugh he had no affailants withour him, that would daily amate hin!, nightly awake him. And now, when he has fumm'd up all his care: ;and funmon'dall his feares; he findsall his feeming glory, thas mighty maffe of Majefty, confinced to a very ftraite period.

Though Zerxes march along with a populous Arny, drinkina dry whole Rivers as they goc. Though Alexan ler intend to reduce Mount A $^{\text {- }}$ thos to the proportion of a Man ; a fmall Molehill in comparifon of a Mountaine will ferve to
cover him. Itis not in the power of a Monare chy to plead her prerogative againft Mormality.

Let .egif ws 'hrowd himfelfe with fhame under Clitenmiftra's fhelter; Let Achyll's expore himfelfe withglory to all danger; an inevitable fateattends on both:Though Fame folcmaize the Funerall of the one; bur lifamy the obits of the other.

Continent Cormelianfwell as Senfall Scriboni ; vertuous Lelia afivell as vicious Semphronic; modeft Flavia afivell as wanton F.usfinia; confant odfavia afwell as incontinent ato $/$ dima muft fhare ftakes equally with Exte: only they ditier in the eftimate of Fwie: In qu les nifcimur, equales morimur. Unequall in B:rh, eciull in Deith. An equality of condition exaits auecqua! necellity of ourdiffolution. Neither be the Low wholy more fecure chen the High ; which is no leffe fententioully than truely verifide:

> Winds upon Cedars with moft fury llow, Whoje fall maft ruine thofe that grow bclow.

O how dearely have many or our fhady Followers of Greatneffe bought this Experiment! when their dependence upon fuch as were addisted to Ambition, brought them along with their unhappy Mafters, to a fpeedy ruine. No Eftate thencan be fecured: fo long as we are Pilgrims, we muft be inclofed with perils. For as Simple men are catched by others, fo are Polititians catcht commonly by themfelves.

- For tellme, thou Leprous Timin, who infecteft the Aire by which thou breathent, makeft the Earth barraine whereon thou treadelt, makelt every creature thy enemy which thou enjoyelt ; what will it availe thee to be a profeft Nemter, to make Religiona politick end, tobe cver refolving, and never refolved; ever doubtfill, and never fetled; to be a Toppe which alt wayes runnes round; or a Whecle ever holding a circular Motion without progreffion? To have thy Religion cbbing and flowing; thy Profeflion like the Soule of Hermotimss in Plutarch, and of Epemenicles in Heljchius, comming and going: little caring whether Religion finke or fwimme, whether thy Profelfion ftand or fall; or like to Met ius Suffictius in Livie, who would frike or fpeake for ncither fide, untill one fide goe downe, and then joyne to that which is belt for Commodity?

What will this availe thee, thou temporizing changeling! Thou canft not fhrowde thy felfe, nor actions from his eyes, who feeth all things, alwayes, at once. He, who hias not God pleared, thal never cfape his fury unappeafed. There was never fince the begiming of the world :ocautious a Delinquent, that could find an Appeale from Gods judgment.

Let the IIfurous wretch ferape never fo care-: fully; contrast never fo cautcloully; hoord up never fo plentuoully ; and gull the world never fofubtilely: all chis will not fecure him; he has Serjemts withinhim to attach him; befides his
prodigall child, whofe forlome bojes daily and nightly fartle him.

Gnipho the Ulfurer (as Lucian faigneth) lyeth in Hel lamenting is miferable eftate, that ene $R_{c}$ dochures an incef uous prodigall didion earth confumehis goods waltfully, which he with care and unjult meanes had ferap'd and rack'd together.

- This Fiction begers a reprefentive action : we fhall find few frraping Cuipho's; but they ever leave behind them their feattring Rodochares. Be it every mans care fo to regulate his providence: that his fortunes may appeare to be the Revenues of a good Confcience: and his Seed firceed in the poffeflion of their inheritance. In the enjoyment of which happineffe, let none of us labourrof fach an Atroplije, as to wantan healthful and thankfull digeftion of Gods gracious benefits.
The Higheft Prince then, be he never fo ftrongly guardeds nor with forraigne Allyes powerfully friended; nor with Treafures; warres finnews, enriched; nor with Ammunition furnifhed; cannot promife himfelfe to be fecure, without the protection and affiftance of a Supreame power.

How fafe thought Cirus himfelfe eftablifhed in his new Tranflated Monarchy? whenbehold hisfecurity ends as miferably, as his beginnings had a flourith of feeming happineffe : Unfortunate he was for to be deprived of his hoped-
for Greatneffe, by a Sexe fo weakly effeminare: Soucing that Head ( which was Head to a powerfull government ) in a Tunnell of blood, with this bitter inveition : Satia te fanguine quem diu fitÿfti, cwjufque :injatiabilis femper fuijlti.

The like of his fucceffor Canbyyes, who hoping to plant himfelfe in a royall Throne by blood, miferably ended his owne life by his owne blood. An excellent and notable example of a facrilegicus and blood-thirfty Prince, who fought to eftablifh himelfe by indirect
spfe enizs sla. dus Sponte fuà "a iginato, I' jellare gravifor vulwirsiks, osculuis. ib. mancs, (to wit) by the marther of his owne Naturall Brother catergis. I infittlonger upon examples, tecaufe. I have ofr-times found rhat Scutence of Demolthenes to bee moft true:
 Aalsoís zzrootai.
Thefe ex:mples being beft motives unto Piety, and, indeed, more forcible, in that we have two occaions in exemplary Prefidents of imitation; the one to' caution us not to doe this or that, lcalt we fall into the like punifhment, being attended on by the like meanes: The other(like a (weer lenitive) inducing us by reafons drawne from profit, which wee conceive may redound aany way by the like examples; which the Poët fecmes to illuftrate when he faith:
Excmploalterius qui sipit, ille sipit.
The greatelt bencfit in private, I imagine to bedrawne likewife, from the right and exatt ufe
ure of Hiftory! which parcicular good I have ranked in the fecond place and that is this: In: private to Hehold the fiundry dijpofitions of Priwce surd credple: Reafons whereof cannor be given; : but onely from the temperature of the Region wherein they live:Which reafons drawne from conjecturall grounds, are oftentimes deceived in themidlyes; is in in fopofing or ordering of Stares to thetquare of wifedomie.

This benefir I have gathered, and placed in the Rereward: Laft Obfervances (I know) take greatelt Imprefion; and none more needfull than this: when wee Chall have conmerce with any people, than to call to mind their difpolition, left wee incurre a greater mifchicfe through our ignorance. Strangely jealous are fome Nations, mey have Adfeons Eyes, , perchance his Eares: Wee mult fhew our felves modeftly baifhfull toward fuch; every lafcivious looke is as good as a Comment for fuch men, taking our Eye to be the Directreffe of our Heart : Others more prodigall of their Wives reputation, feeme refpectleffe of theirfhame, or the hoftage of honour, fo they may increafe their Eftate, and raife their Forrunes out of Honours ruines. Other peopla we, know to be of a furly, proud, and intraitable, nature, living more by their owne will (man king it their Law) than the fquare of Reafon. Others feemingly humble, more; dangeroun farre than the other z under pretences religioufly honeft, miafking treacherous and dinoyall projects: Never lefle your Fritnd, than when fee-

[^1]face, fleeke tongue; can oblerve times, and for private advantage (like a fecond sinon) unbotome himfelfe unto you: There be no windows in his heart, therefore belceve him nor's if by the tranfarancy of thy eye thou couldft fee into that rotten Sepulchre of his fugred-poifoned heart, thou wouldfe admire fo faire and beautifull an out-fide, to have fo loathfome and hideous an in-lide : Better charactred thou canft not have him than by Hiftory, it is the beft Image of thy Life, and canheft fer out in their owne native colvurs fuch deformed Images.

Nor is there any Modell drawne fo neare to life, as Hiftory is to the Image of Mans life. There is no affiction fo ftrongly predominant in any perfon now living; which he may nor find reprefented in lively colours, in the lifes and actions of others. And nodoubt, but this affinity or refemblance of manners begor in Pithagoras that opinion of his Metemp $\int$ ychoofis or tranfmigration of Soules: for foncarely found he the difpofition of One refembling an Other; as he verily thought the Soule of that perfon endewed with fuch affettions, paffed into an others body: for otherwife they could not polibly fo nearely agree in the cemper or quality of their humours.

And hould man take a due pervfall of him. felfe; what he is naturaily moft affected too; what paffion moft rageth or raigneth in him; what hopes and feares accompany him ; upon what grounds thofe receive life in him. Againe; what
what receipts he finds moft Soreraigne toattemper thofe Motions in him : no doubr, buthe thall upon reading of Hiftory, meete with fome One or Other, fo nearely refembling himp, andinwardly like him; as he cannot chufe buthugge the Story for the Statue fake. Seeing himfelfe fo nearely moulded, as himfelfe cannot be more like himfelfe, then he fiuds his mentall part refembled, So as, he might well avouch, upon the prefentment of an other ro like himfelfe : vel meipfum nefcio, vel inalio meipfunn Sentio: I eyther know not my felfe, or in another I feemy celfe.
Might we affume that freedome which Flutarch enjoyed, in a Paralell of preceeding with fucceeding times; the perfons and actions prefent with thofe that went before us 3 we fhould returne as neare a refemblance in ours, as ever he did in the Symbolizing of his Princes.
$T$ hemiftocles found Miltiades Spirit in himfelfe. Suchlike noble minded Perfons fhould we finde in ours. Others, like Palinurus, or a love-ficke Faris, more apt toencounter with love, thento ingage themfelves in any other Lift. And neare refemblances might we cull out afwell for thefe as thofe : both for Campe Honour and a Carpet Lover. Which night prove a fingular motive to excite Valour, even in thofe, whofe remiffer fipirit: ftood before fo rebaited, as they might take a perfect draught of their owne Phyfnomics by that white-liver'd Captaine, wholooking himfelfe inaGlaffe when he was angry, was affrighted Hhh 2
with his owne countenance. Whereas, contrariwife, true Heröick Spirits', who never tooke acquaintance of one unmanly feare, might find others fo lively refembling them, as if they lineally defrended from them.

Such a Survey of Honour might rightly merit the Title of the Noble-mans Leclure: Laying downe fuch deferving grounds of Courtiers integrity, Martiall proweffe and Chriftian pollicy, as might attract unto them an cagre defire of imitation.
Nor in this Nursery Of Gentry thould the quick-lighted Reader find only'difourfe for Noble Perfonages to regulate themelves by in the view of others actions and difpofitions, with the refemblance they find in themfelves both of their actions and difpofitions: But even fuch; who have beftowed much precious time in a sedutury: life, flall obferuc orhers noleffe affected that way, then themfelves. That neare refemblance, nodoubt, which Divine Flatogath'red from the remort of phocions dilpofition, and his, (confirmed by intermillive Letters and other motives) drow him forth of Afra into Cilicia, for no orther caufe hut enely to fee rhocion, fo much endeared to him by the report of his verues, and ne are refenblance inconverfation.

In this refpect, our Hiftory may well deferve the Serle of the Mulfes Wardroable. Orbyreafin of the Continuation of her MixtuDifcourfi, fored, ror the Readers more delight, withall varicts, be properly entided, The schol-
leris Medley. But, our care is not to inifitt on style, butprofit of the State: making this our principallayme, that as in favour and feature you reSemble others, you may by a Divine emulation, retaine likewifea refemblance of the vertues of others.

Nor is it to be queftioned, butas wee fee faces in their favour fo nearely refembling one another (though they have no relationto one an other in blood) as they can hardly be difcerned one from the other: Solikewife, in the inward favour or feature of the Mind, there is fuch an harmony or Divine Symmetry, as there can be no nearer refcmblance to the Eye, in thore parts or lineaments of the body.

How much then, Gintlemen, may Hiftory feene to deferve your Love; when you may fee in it as in a Mirror, the Image of your whole Life? This is no fuch deceiving artificial Glaffe, that by the remoteneffe of yourObject, makes little things feem great, and great little: for this renders a true proportion to the face ofevery action. Befides this, Hiftory directs Man in the progreffe of this Life. It never deblazons Honour in the ficld, but as a branch derived from the firlt

Hiflorydiret man in the proarcefic of: his Liff, houfe. Whatfoever declines or degenerates from her, mult heare no Armes withone a diftincti$\mathrm{nn}_{3}$, when Goodneffe fulfers a deficience, it muft carry no Coar withour a difference. And finch Corralives bring many times vicious habirs both to a fecling and a cure. No matter, though ill-affer ed mindes accompt fuch Monitors ar the Hhh 3
firft

## 414 <br> $\mathcal{A}$ Survey of HISTOK $Y_{3}$ or

firlt for their Foes; they will hold them, when they have try'd them, for their trueft friends;

I'cleplows, when hee could finde none amongft his Friends on curc his wound, permitred his E.nemy to doe it. And hee, who purpofed to kill Irometheus the Thefidiun, opened this Impoftume with his Sword. Corralives are ever held more Soveraigne than Cordials for old Sores. Nay, in thefe Treafinies of Time, you fhall finde Directions from one Stare or Story toanother, to prepare man both for his prefent and future conditinil.

Stirres are direfling Emblemes unto Rings, Kings to their Peeves, Peeres to injeriour things.

Nor ftayech our Hiftoricall Direction hecre: for it prepares Man as well in his paffage from life, as Pilgrimage of this life: newing, what diverlity of infirmities accompanyus ; how they are the Suburbs of Dearh : and how every yeere, nay, cucry Moonth bringeth fome one or new malady, as a Meffenger of Mans mortality.

He will tell youtoo, how bitter Death is unto fuch, whonever thinke of it before they grapple with it: and this our Hiftorian points out to life in that fole-affectionate or Soule-pulfionate Dialoguc of that expiring Emperour, in his pirtiful-ly-perplexed farewell to his beft-beloved, his dearct Darling.

Thus may you finde in Hiftory, the Image and Life of Man, his Image afrer he furceafech to be Man. Directions for his Life ${ }_{3}$ Provifions againft
gainft Death : effectuall Confiderations for both. Upon a review of the Premiffes, we may fately draw up this Conclufion : Thy whole Life wrapt up in Experiments either athome or abroad, cannot teach thee fo much, as a ferious difcourfe taking breath from one integrious Hiftory, will teach thee in one yeere.

## Lucil.

scriptis afpiret metr, qui favet votis.

> Laus ei foli tribuatur omnis,
> Cujus afflatu Labor extat omnis,
> FruQus ut vite referancur omacs Orbis in aris.

Imprimatur Tho. Wykes R: $P$. Epifco. 'Lond. Capell. Domeft. March 26. 1638.

## FINIS.


$\cdots 3$

University of<br>Connecticut Libraries


[^0]:    $\mathrm{O}_{3}$

[^1]:    Hhh
    ming

